

### Navajo Unit Operations Coordination Meeting

August 23, 2022 1:00 PM

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### Agenda

- Introductions
- Weather Summary and Outlook- Aldis Strautins, NWS
- Streamflow Summary and Outlook Ashley Nielson, CBRFC
- Review of operations to date WY 2022
- WY 2023 planned operations
- Comments and Reports



# Navajo Operations Meeting August 23rd, 2022

Water Year 2022 Runoff Review

Ashley Nielson
Senior Hydrologist
Colorado Basin River Forecast Center
National Weather Service/NOAA



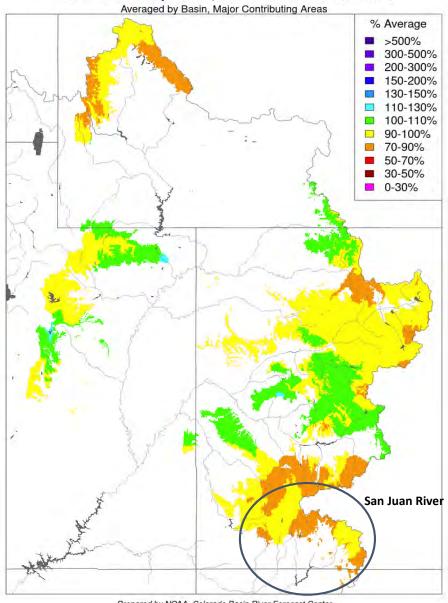


### Outline

- Water Year 2022 Conditions Summary
  - Precipitation
  - Snow
  - Streamflow
- 2022 April-July Observed Volumes
- 2022 Water Supply Forecast Performance
- Current conditions and outlooks
  - Soil Moisture
  - Streamflow
- Summary

### Precipitation: October-March

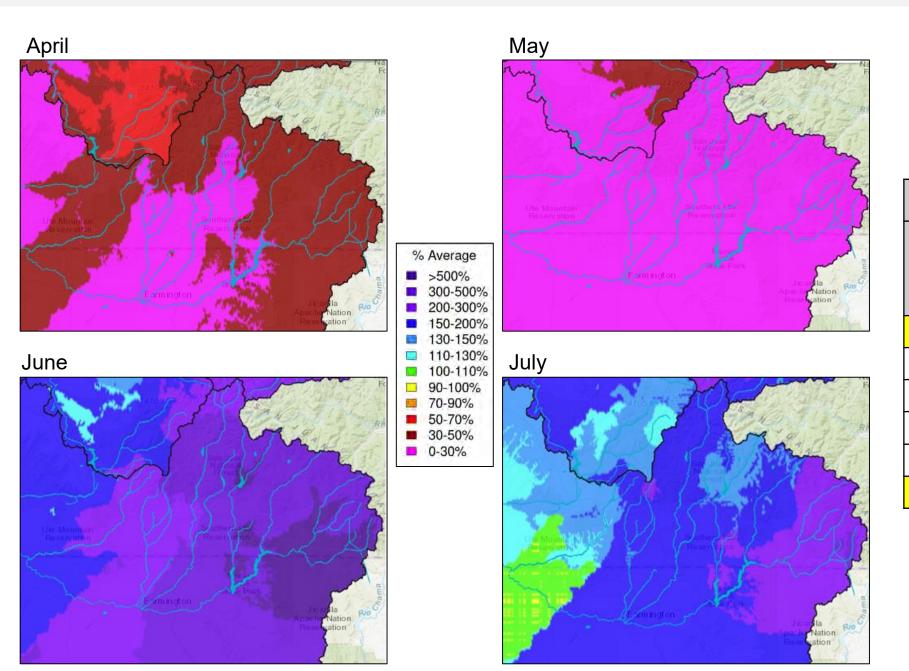




Prepared by NOAA,	Colorado	Basin Rive	er Forecast (	Center
Salt Lake C	ity I Itah	www.chrfc	noaa gov	

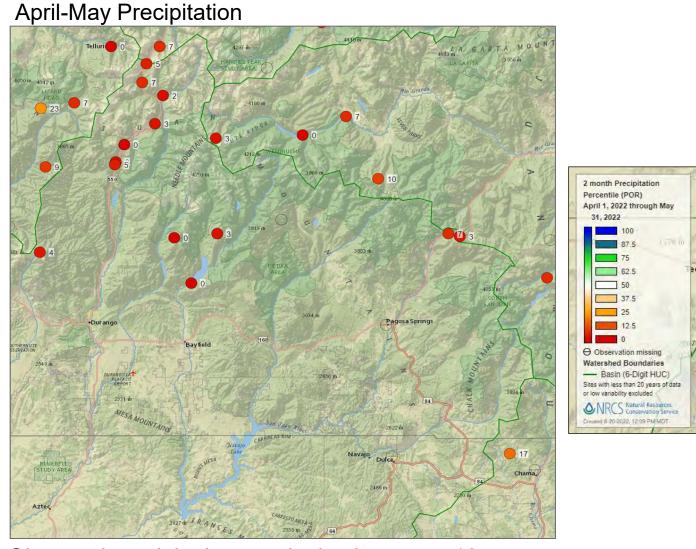
Basin Mean Precipitation as a % of Average					
	San Juan River above Navajo Reservoir	Animas River			
Oct-Mar	90	90			
October	100	105			
November	10	20			
December	230	235			
January	25	15			
February	95	90			
March	80	90			

### Precipitation: April-July



Basin Mean Precipitation as a % of Average					
	San Juan River above Navajo Reservoir	Animas River			
Oct-Mar	90	90			
April	40	35			
May	15	8			
June	450	370			
July	220	165			
Oct-Jul	105	100			

### Precipitation Percentile Rankings: NRCS SNOTEL

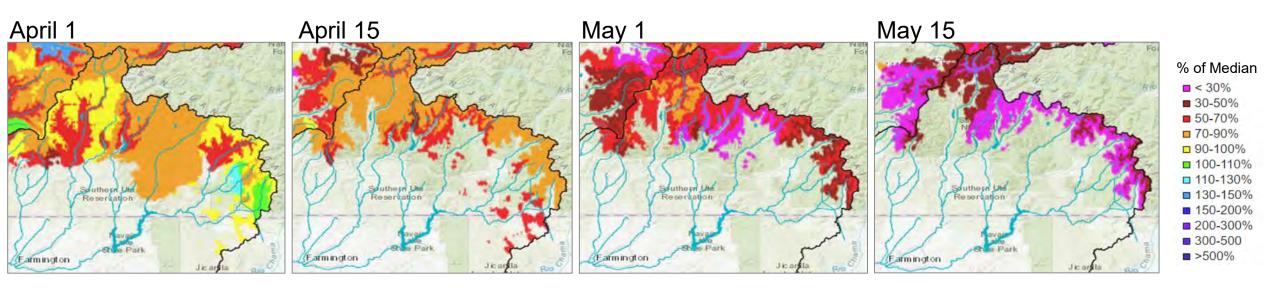


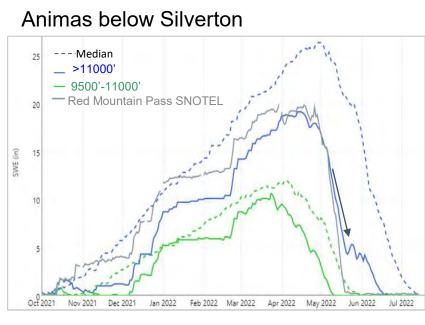
June-July Precipitation

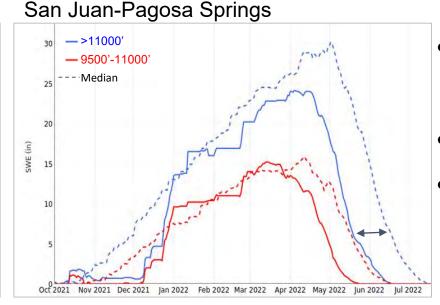
Observed precipitation was in the **bottom** 5-10 years on record with a few locations having record dry conditions.

Observed precipitation was in the *top* 5 years on record with many locations having record wet conditions.

### Snow Conditions: CBRFC Model Snow Water Equivalent







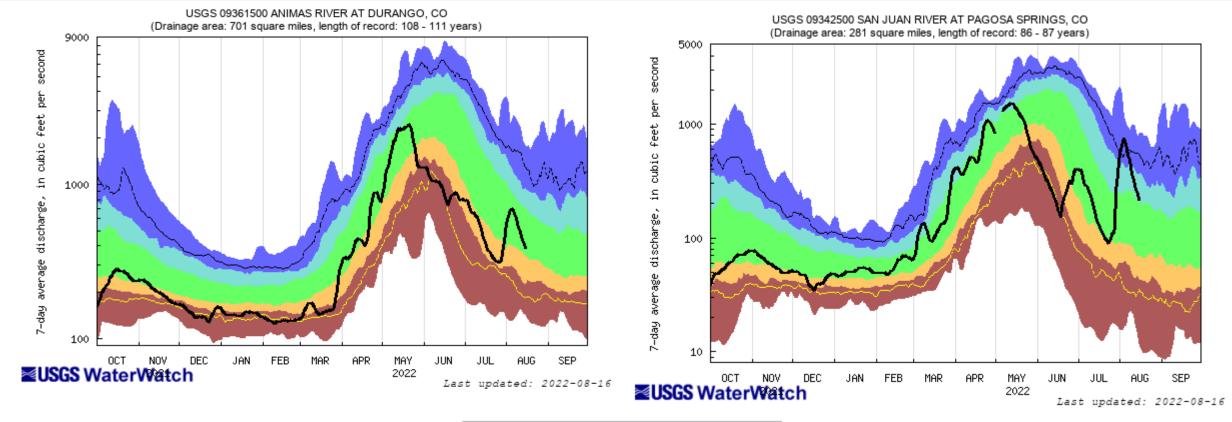
#### Peak SWE

- Below normal over the majority of the basin
- Near normal conditions above Navajo Reservoir

#### Peak SWE Timing

- Early
- Melt Out
  - Accelerated melt rates due to warm temperatures, minimal precipitation, and above normal dust
  - Very early; 3-4 weeks

### 2022 Observed Streamflow: San Juan River Basin



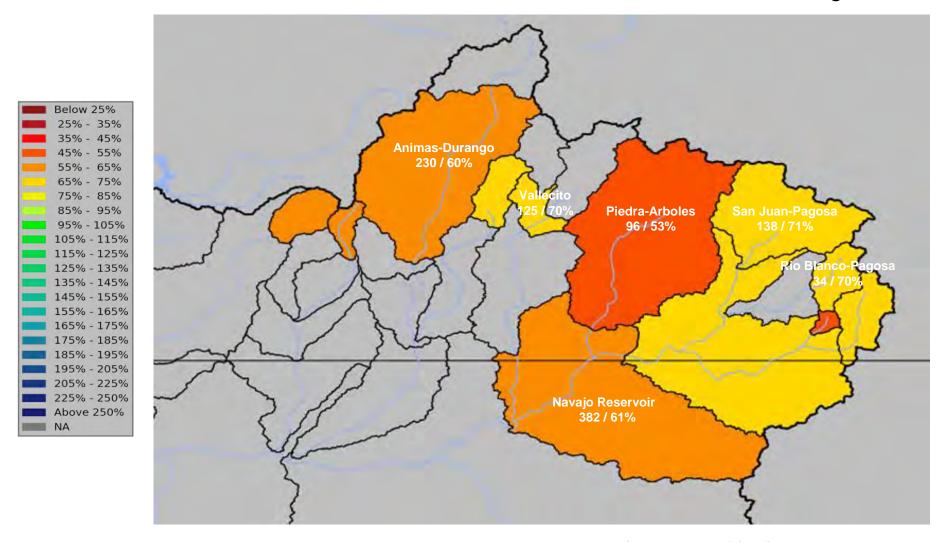
Explanation - Percentile classes							
							_
lowest- 10th percentile	5	10-24	25-75	76-90	95	90th percentile -highest	Flow
Much below	Normal	Below normal	Normal	Above normal	Much a	bove normal	

#### Spring and Summer Highlights:

- Below normal to normal baseflow conditions prior to Spring runoff.
- Snowmelt runoff peak flows were significantly earlier than normal and below normal in magnitude.
- Rapid decline to much below normal flows during the normal time of peak/high flows.
- June and July and rain increased flows to near or above normal.

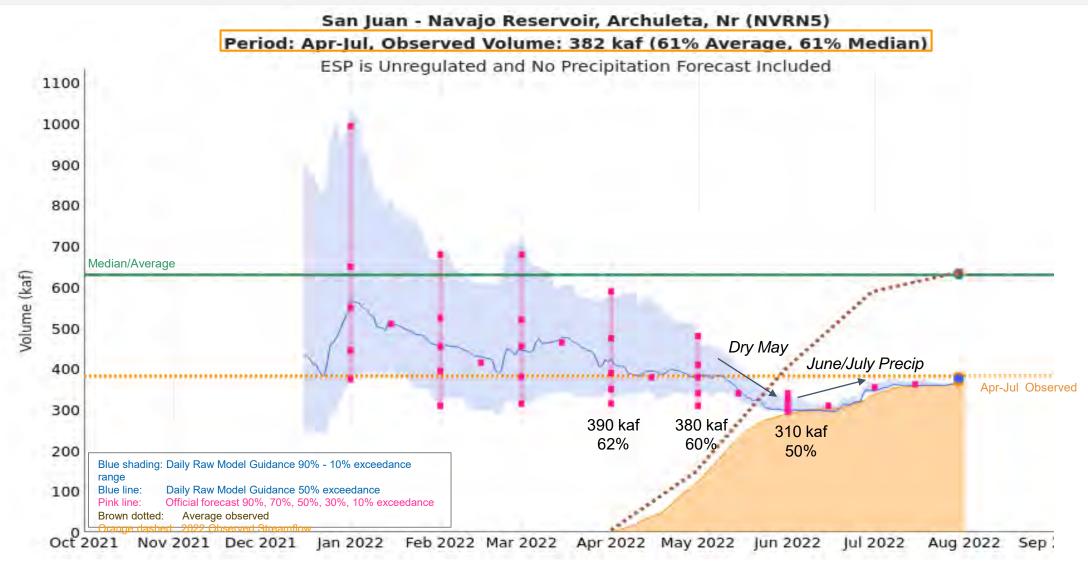
### San Juan River Basin: April-July Observed Volumes

April-July Unregulated Observed Volumes Volume in 1000's acre-feet / Percent of 1991-2020 average



• April-July observed volumes ranged from 50-70% of average.

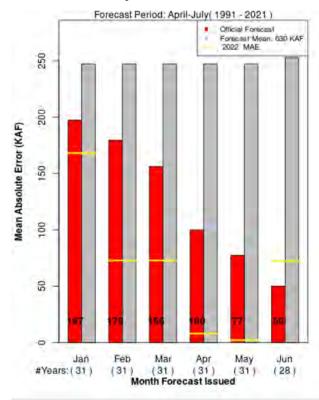
### Water Supply Forecast Evolution: Navajo Reservoir Inflow



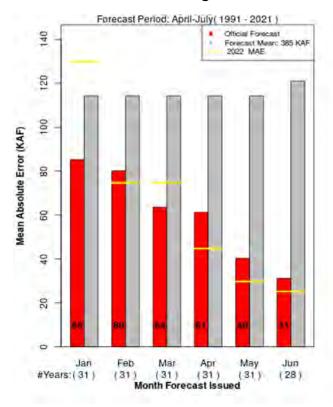
Forecasts decreased from May through June due to much below normal precipitation. Above normal June and July precipitation resulted in an increase to the forecast. The wet conditions in June and July helped to avoid what could have a been a much worse water supply outcome given another warm and dry spring with significant dust conditions.

#### **Forecast Performance**

#### Navajo Reservoir Inflow



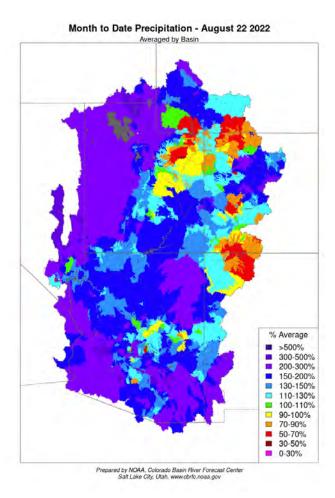
#### Animas-Durango



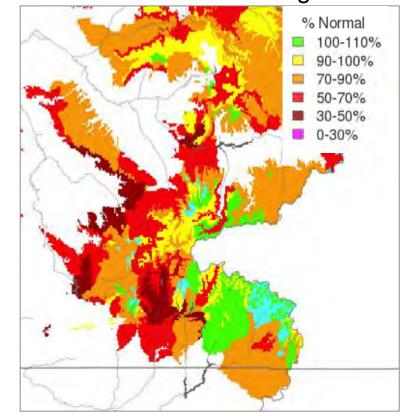
#### **2022 Forecast Errors:**

- Forecast errors fell into the normal range of errors for January-May forecasts for San Juan River Basin.
  - Exceptions include: Animas-Durango
     (January-March forecasts outside of normal error)
- June forecast error was higher than normal due to the above normal precipitation.
- Observed April-July volumes would most likely have been near or below the 90% forecast if June and July precipitation had been near normal.
- Model soil moisture and snow states seemed to be well representative.
- Model handled the above average dust conditions reasonably well with forecaster modifications.

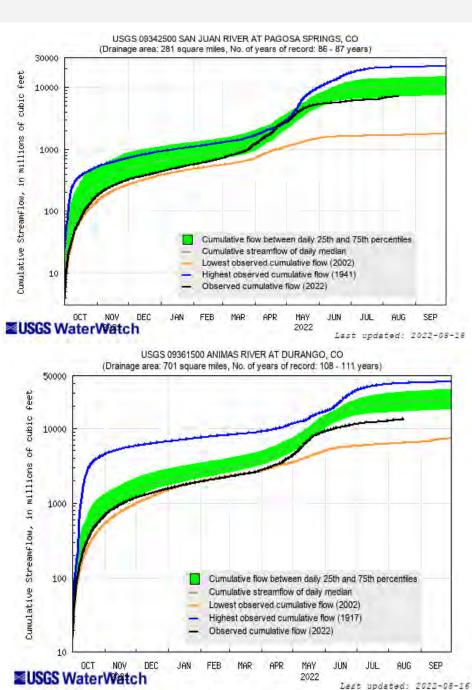
### **Late August Conditions**



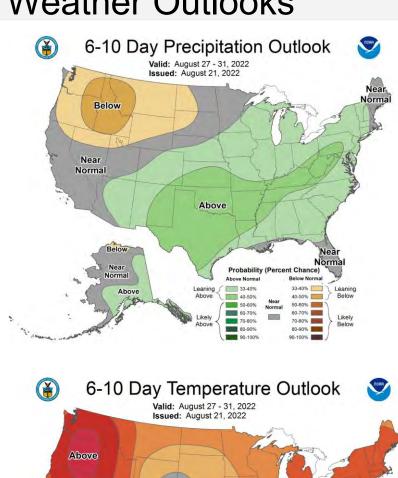
Modeled Soil Moisture: Aug 16 2022

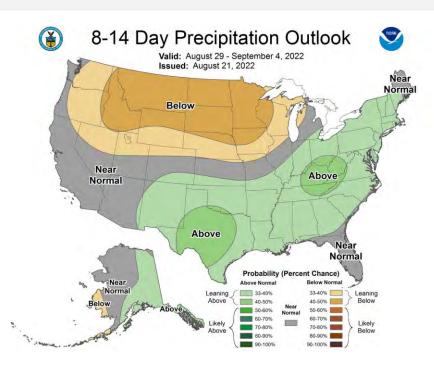


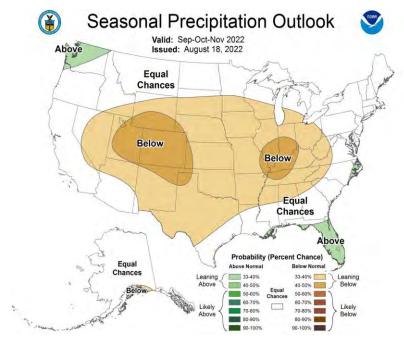
\*Model snapshot. Provisional data that will change\*

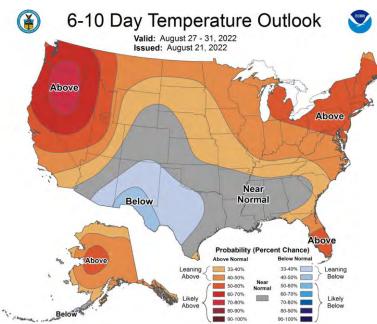


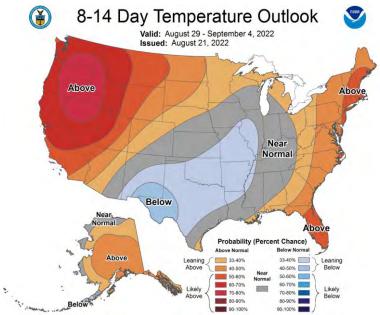
### Weather Outlooks

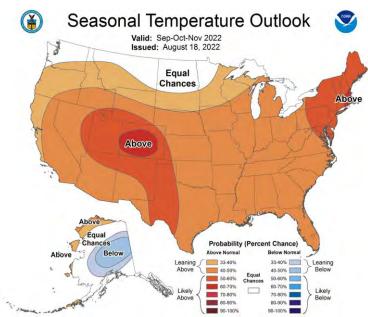












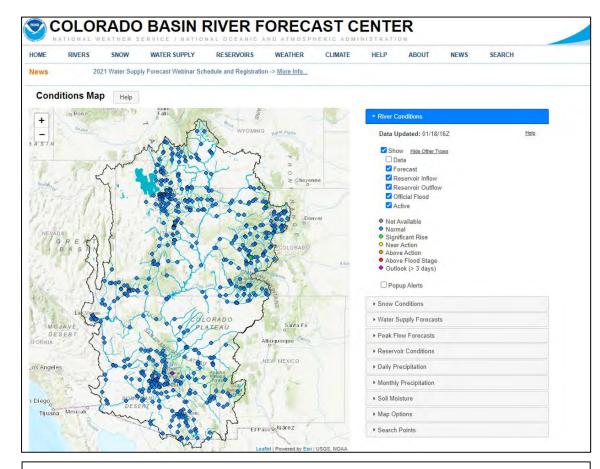
### Summary:

- Water Supply Conditions:
  - Below normal soil moisture conditions entering the 2022 spring runoff season
  - April -July observed unregulated runoff volumes ranged from 50-70% of average.
    - Below normal snow conditions and very early melt
    - Warm and near record dry April and early May
    - Record wet June and July precipitation helped improve water supply conditions.
    - Spring weather has a significant impact on water supply conditions
  - Current conditions
    - Improved baseflow and soil moisture conditions
      - Eastern headwaters above Navajo have better conditions than the Animas.
      - Aug-Oct weather will determine final conditions prior to winter.
- Water Supply Forecasts
  - Forecasts decreased from May-June due record/near record May precipitation.
  - Forecasts increased in both mid-June and July due to above normal precipitation.
  - Observed volumes would have likely been near or below the 90% forecast without June/July precipitation.
  - CBRFC forecast model performed reasonably well this season.
- Weather
  - June-August weather has brought precipitation and hydrologic relief to the region.
  - Periods of monsoon precipitation will continue.

### Contact Info:

#### **Contact Information**

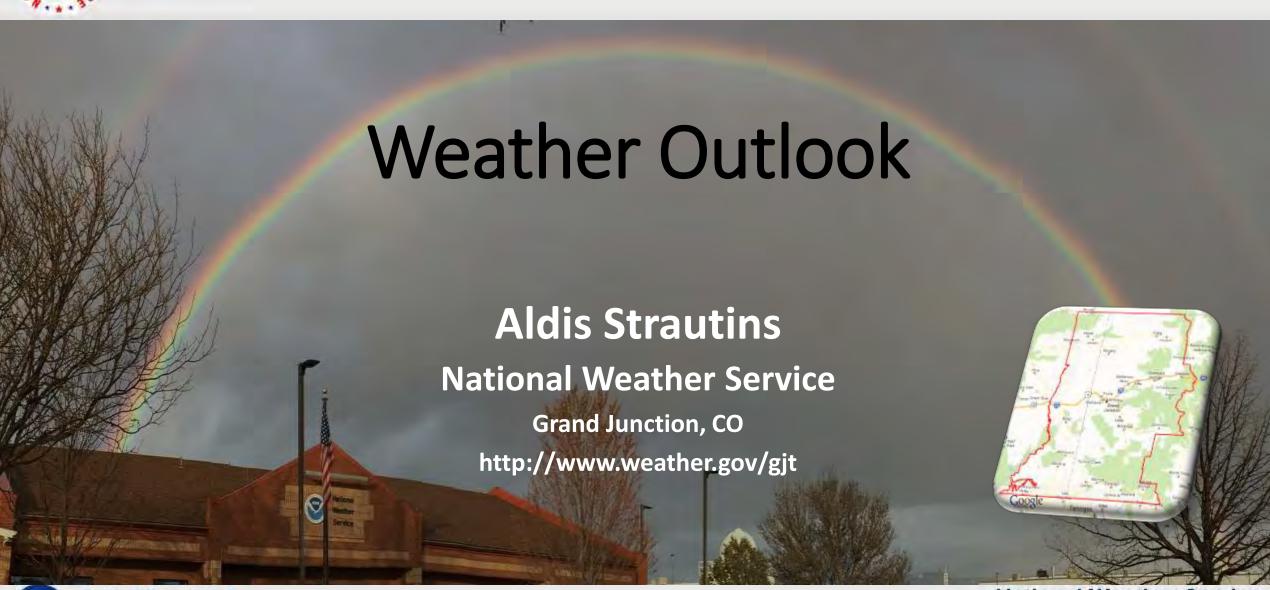
- Ashley Nielson San Juan River Forecaster
  - ashley.nielson@noaa.gov
  - 801-524-5130 x333
- Operational Hydrologist: in office
  - 801-524-4004
  - cbrfc.operations@noaa.gov



CBRFC Webpage <a href="https://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/">https://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/</a>

CBRFC Water Supply Presentations <a href="https://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/present/present.php">https://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/present/present.php</a>





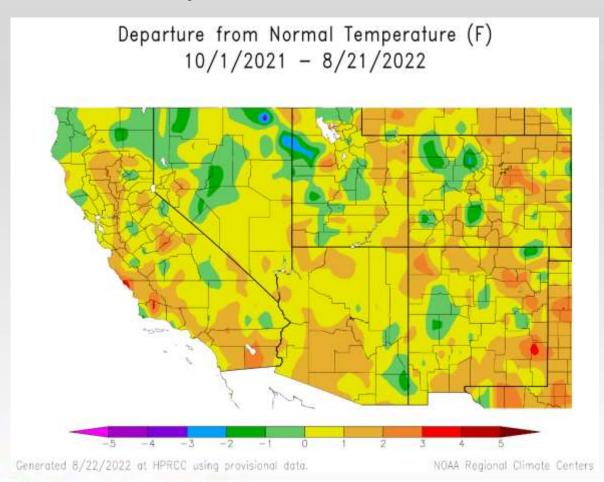
- Precipitation and Temperature
- Precipitation (SNOTEL)
- Drought
- ENSO
- Weather outlook



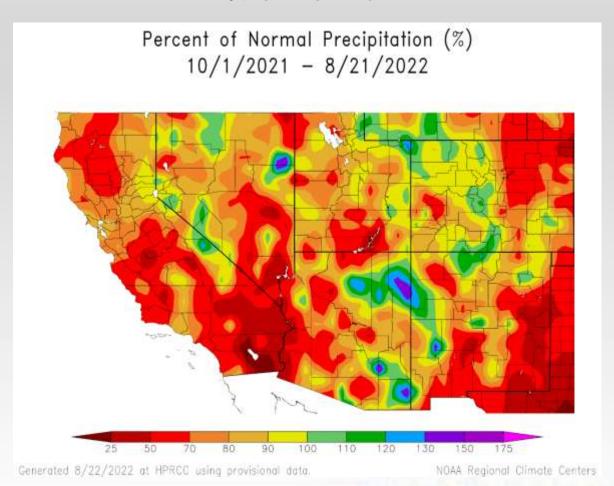


### Water Year 2022 through mid August

# Temperature Departure from normal



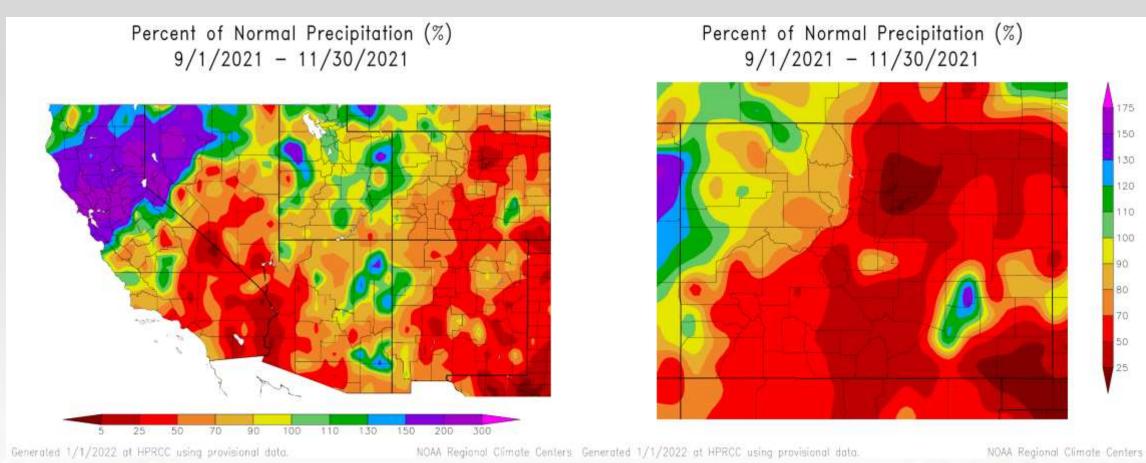
# Precipitation % of normal





### Sep – Nov, 2021 - Precipitation

### (percent of normal) Dry fall for three quarters of the western slope going into the winter season

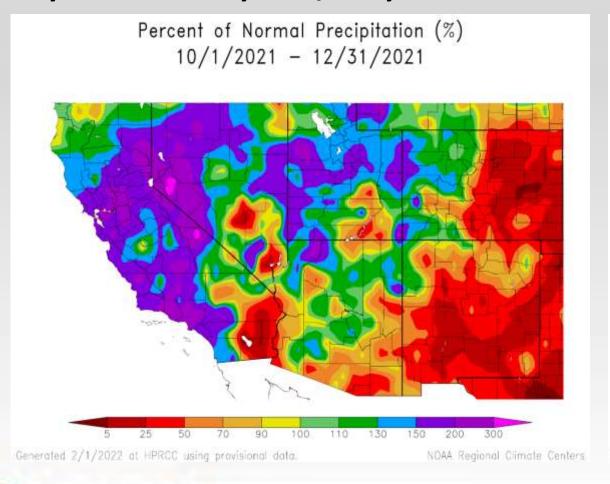




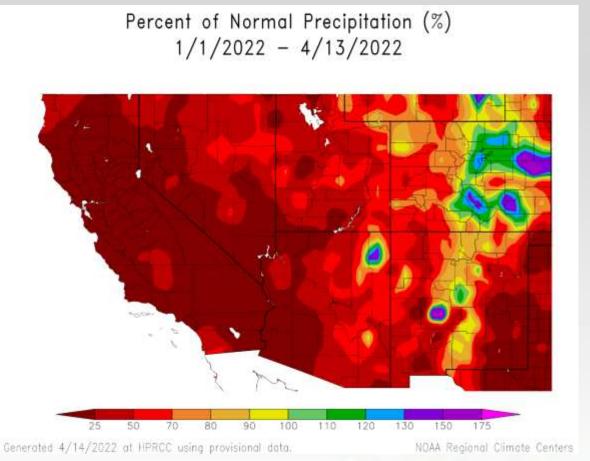


### Water year Precipitation (different stories)

# Oct 1 – Dec 31, 2021 Dry Nov and early Dec / Very wet late Dec



### Jan 1 – Apr 13, 2022 Below normal since Jan 1



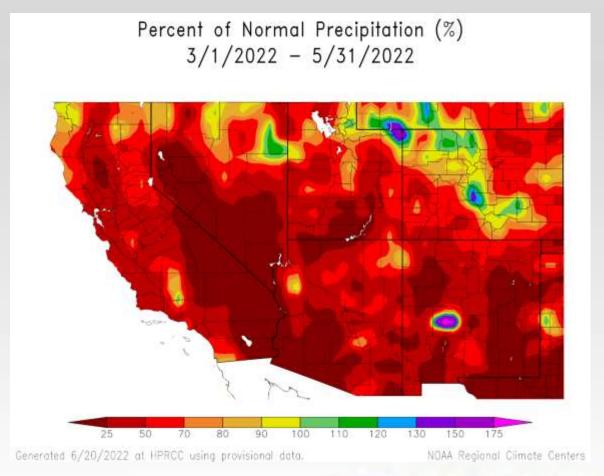


### Water year Precipitation (different stories)

Jun 23 – Aug 21, 2022

# Percent of Normal Precipitation (%) 6/23/2022 - 8/21/2022 Generated 8/22/2022 at HPRCC using provisional data, NOAA Regional Climate Centers

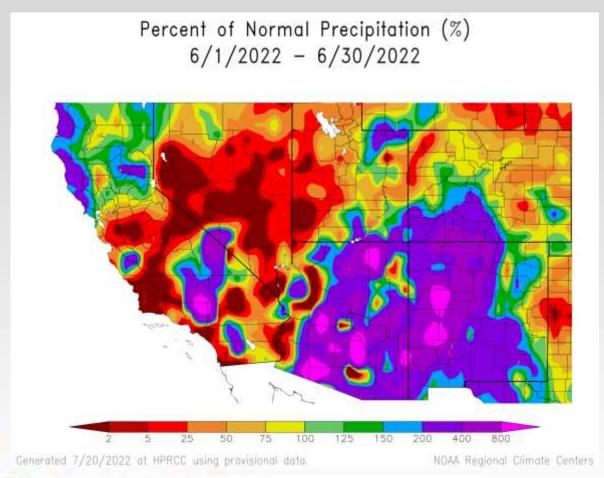
### Mar 1 – May 31, 2022 Below normal



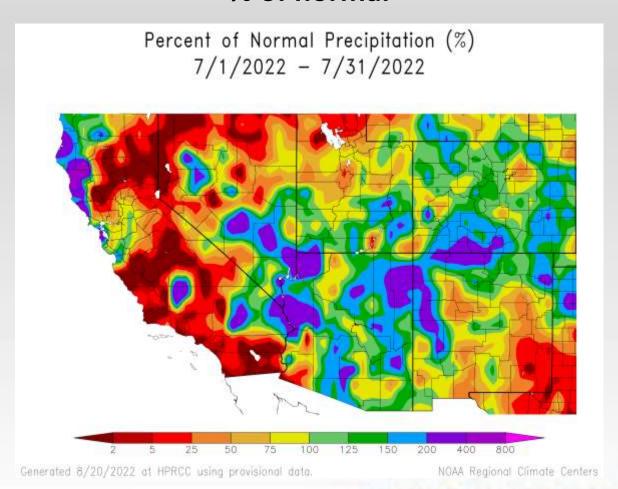


### June and July 2022

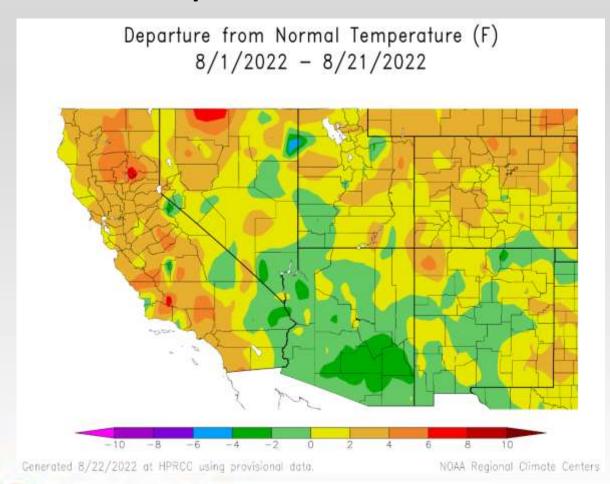
# Precipitation % of normal



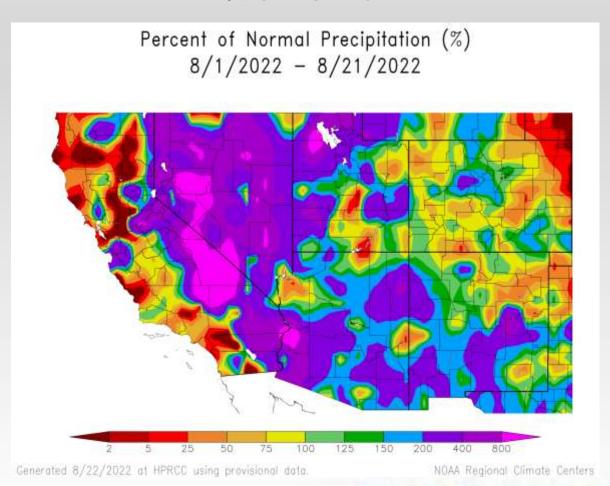
## Precipitation % of normal



# Temperature Departure from normal



# Precipitation % of normal



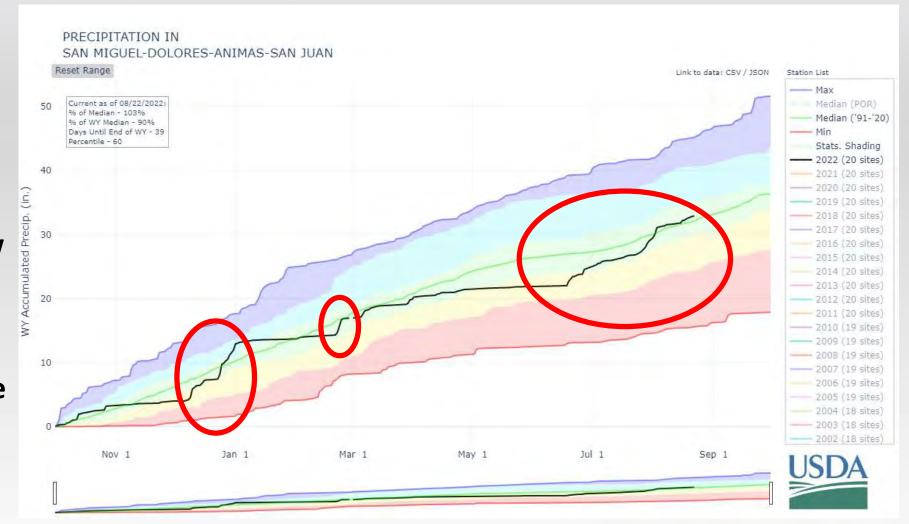


### SNOTEL Precipitation – NRCS

**Southwestern Colorado** 

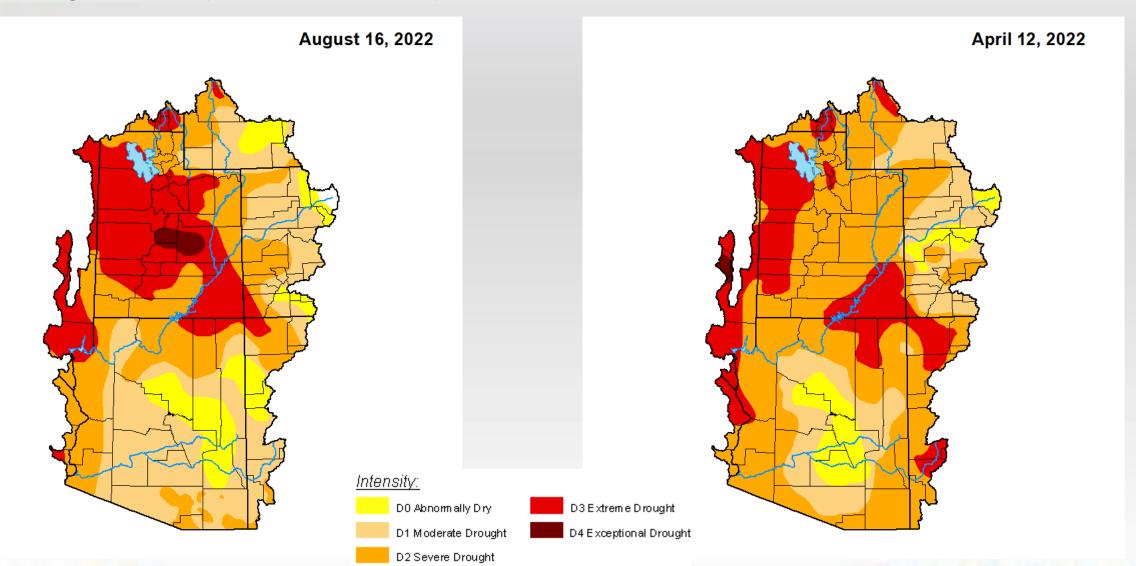
#### **Precipitation**

Yay...Late December Snow Yay...Late February Snow Ok...Some March Snow Summer Rains started late June

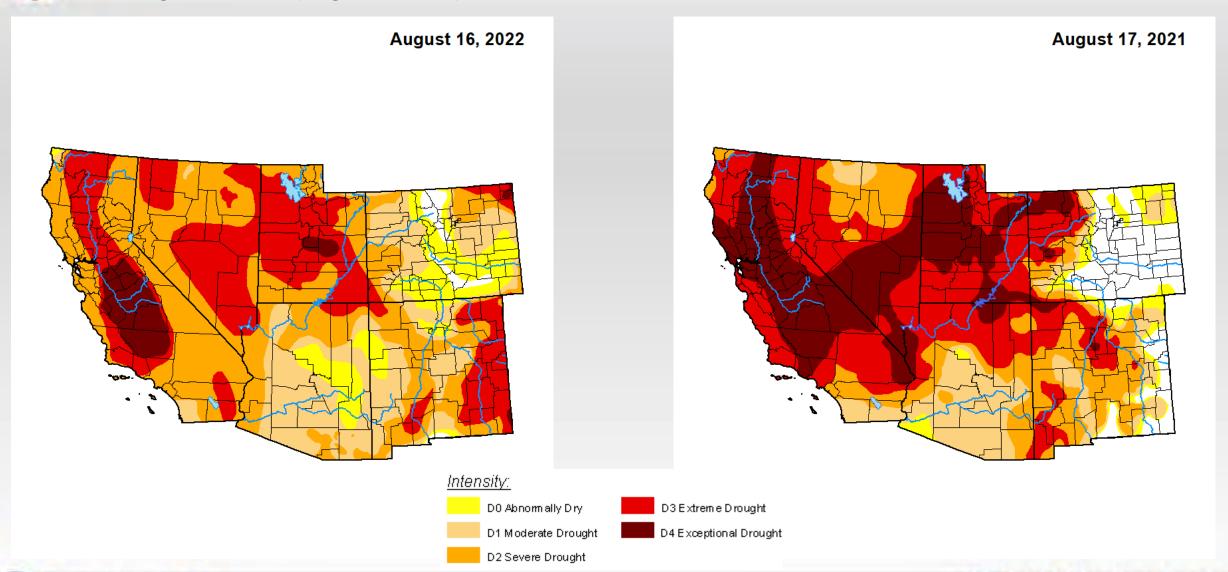




Drought Monitor (Colorado Basin View)



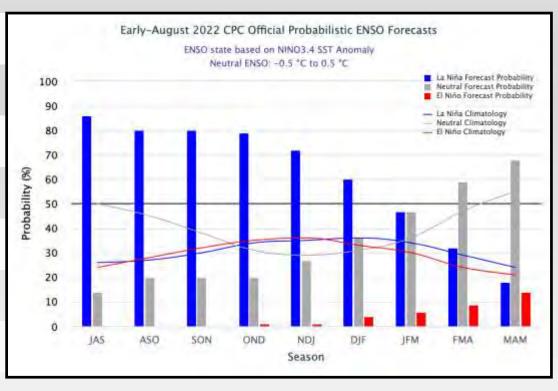
**Drought Monitor (Regional View)** 





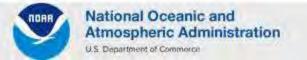
### La Nina this Spring - Maybe Neutral next Spring

Season	La Niña	Neutral	El Niño
JAS	86	14	0
ASO	80	20	0
SON	80	20	0
OND	79	20	1
NDJ	72	27	1
DJF	60	36	4
JFM	47	47	6
FMA	32	59	9
MAM	18	68	14



**CPC/IRI Early-Month Consensus ENSO Forecast Probabilities** 

(using NWS CPC classification system)

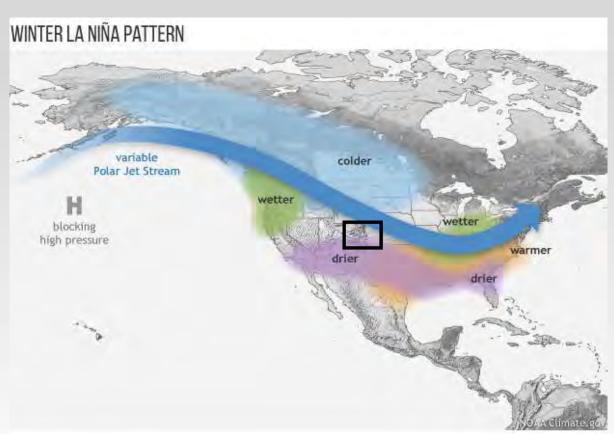




# North of Colorado – Dry and Warm South of Colorado – Wet and Cool

### WINTER EL NIÑO PATTERN low pressure colder extended Pacific Jet Stream, amplified storm track

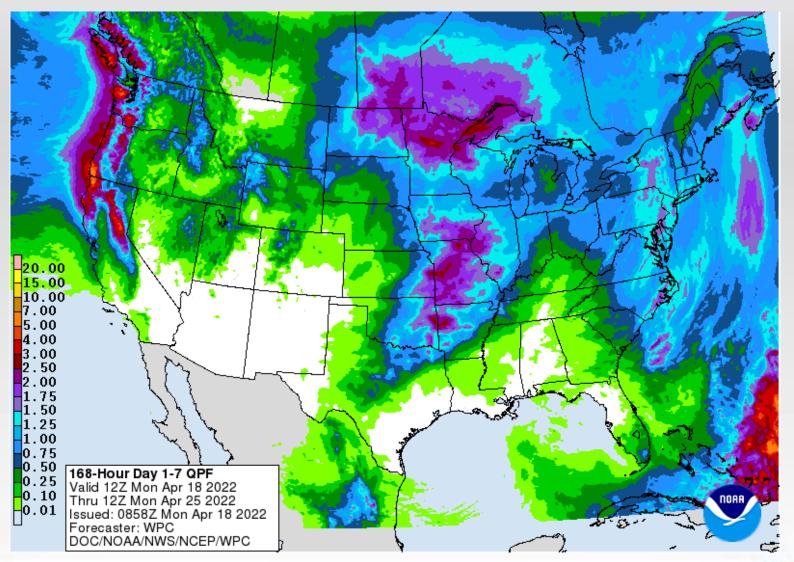
### North of Colorado – Wet and Cool South of Colorado – Dry and Warm





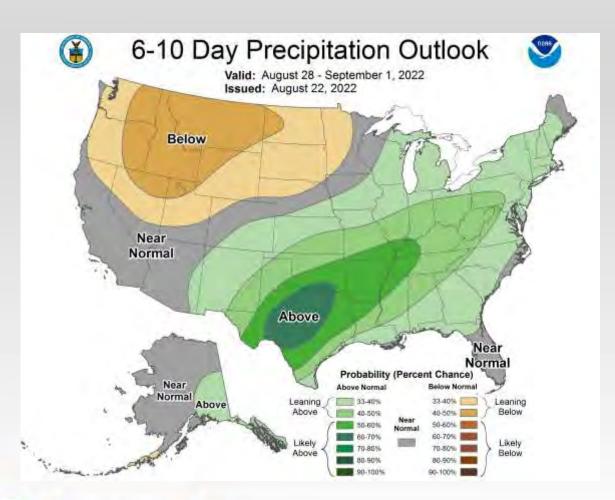
### WPC 7-Day Precipitation Outlook

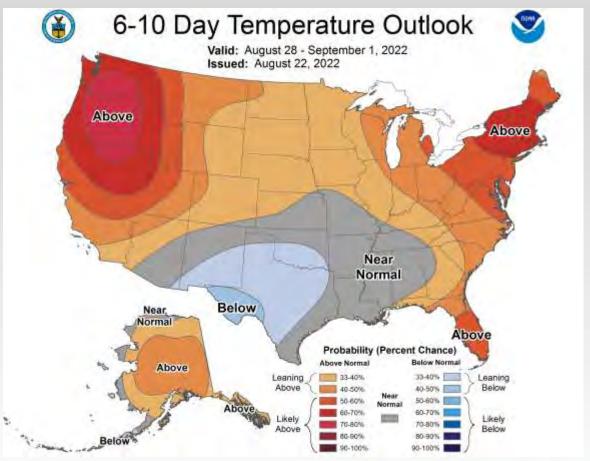
**Accumulation period from Apr 18-25** 



#### August 28 - Sept 1

#### August 28 – Sept 1

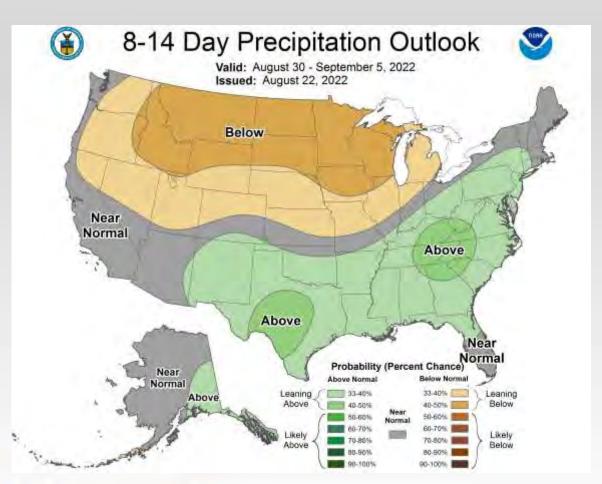


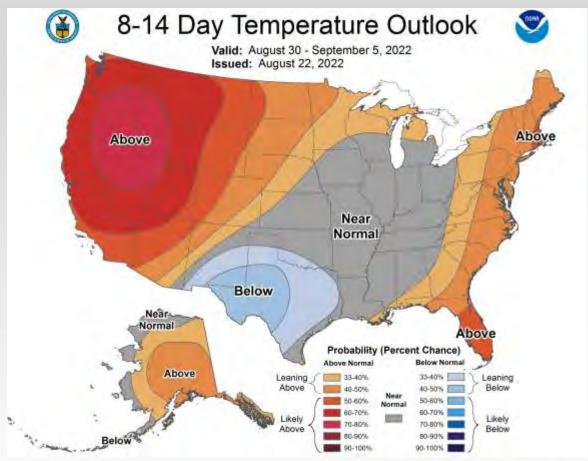




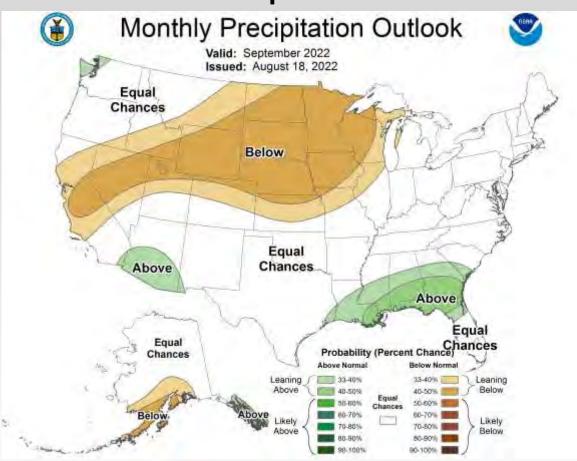
#### August 30 – Sept 5

### August 30 – Sept 5

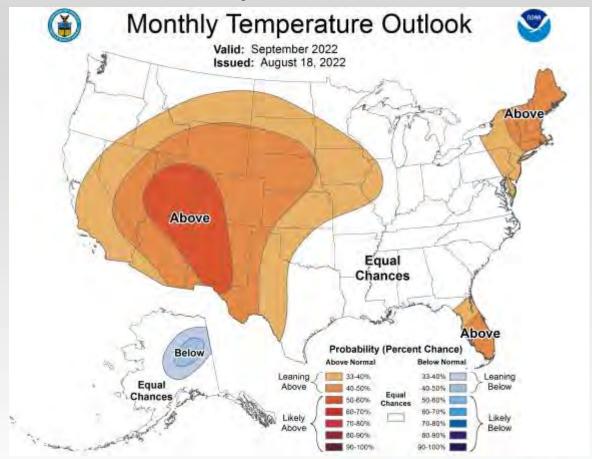




### Precipitation September

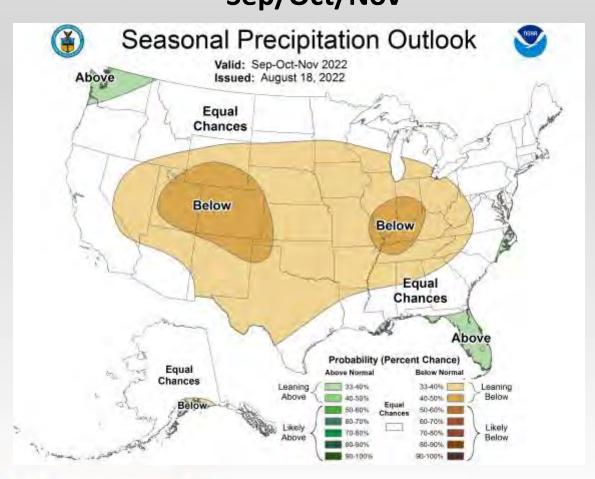


# Temperature September

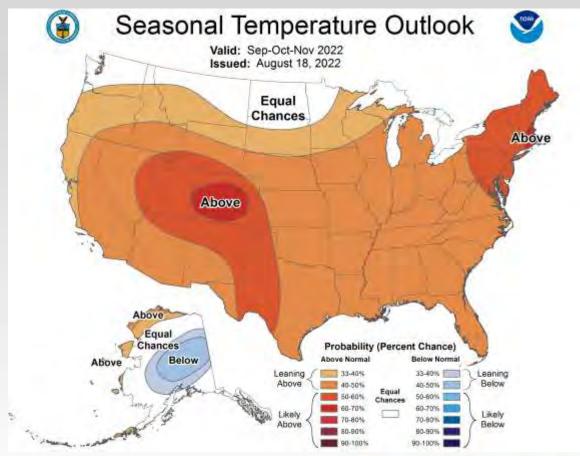




# Precipitation Sep/Oct/Nov



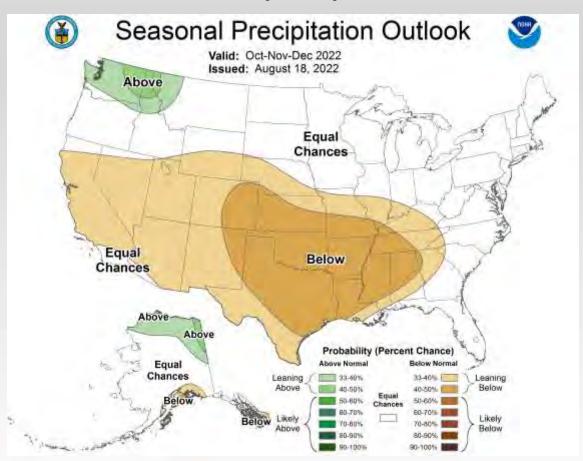
# Temperature Sep/Oct/Nov



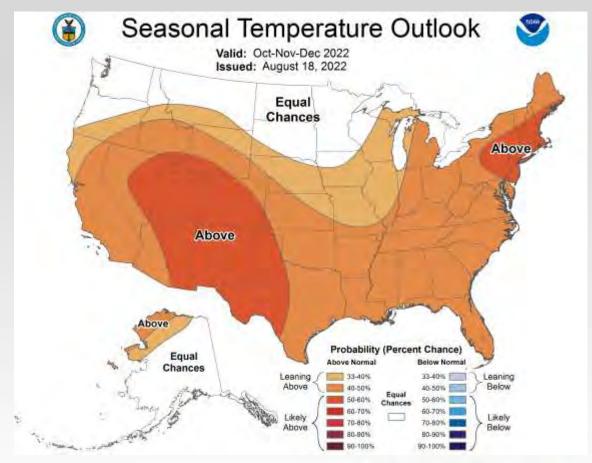


### Seasonal Outlook

# Precipitation<br/>Oct/Nov/Dec



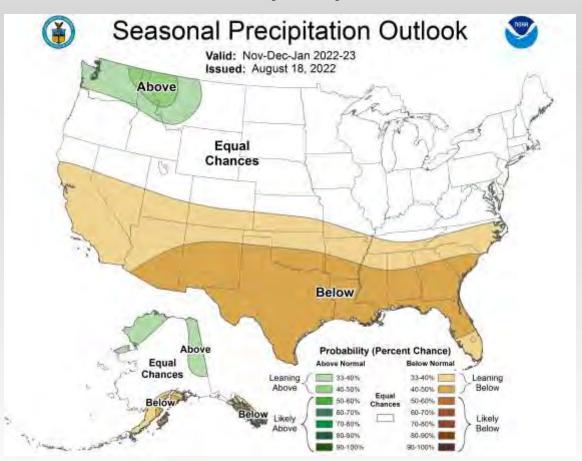
# Temperature Oct/Nov/Dec



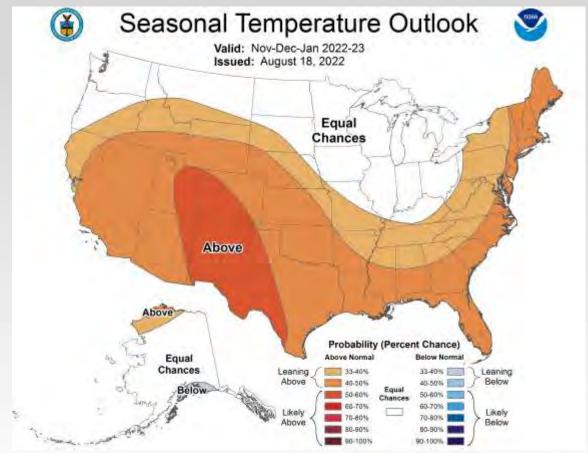


### Seasonal Outlook

# Precipitation Nov/Dec/Jan



# Temperature Nov/Dec/Jan



### Final Water Supply (April-July)

Navajo: 381 kaf (60% avg)

Vallecito: 125 kaf (71% avg)

Lemon: 32 kaf (67% avg)

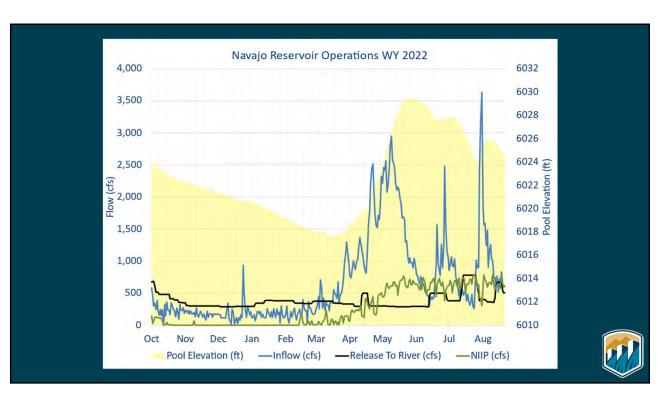
Animas: 230 kaf (60% avg)

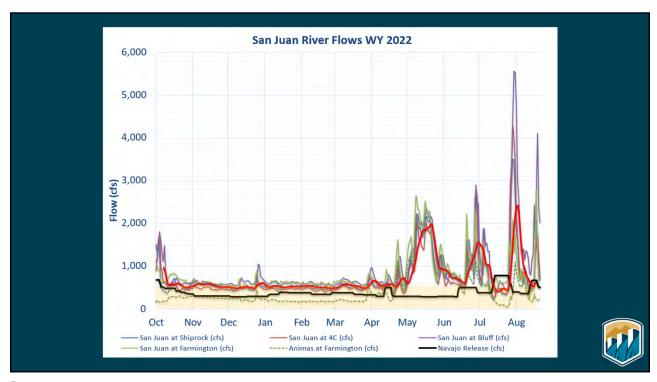
McPhee: 144 kaf (56% avg)

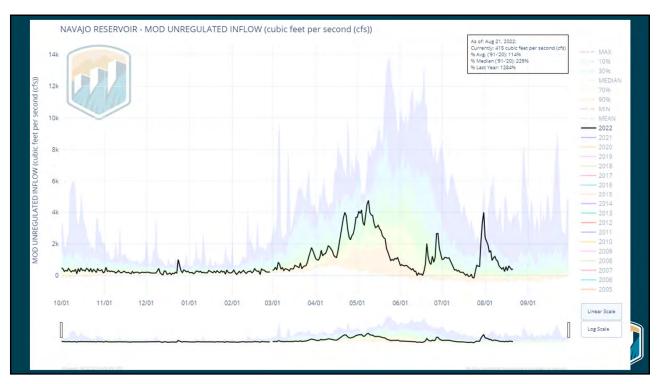
Powell: 3,750 kaf (59% avg)

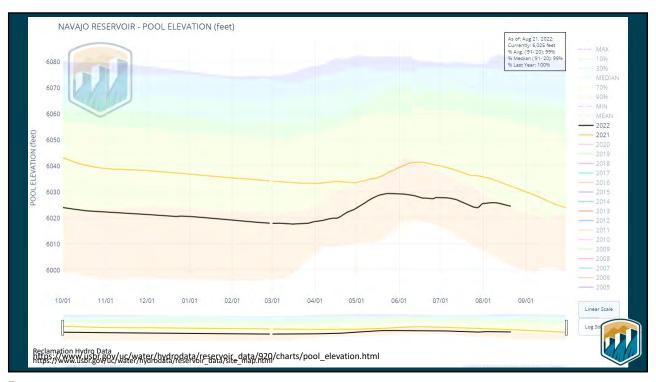


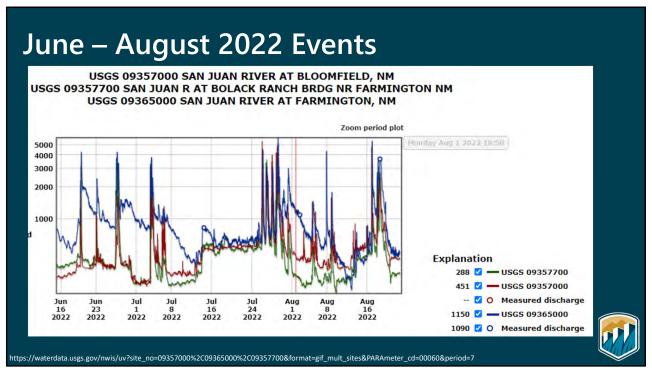
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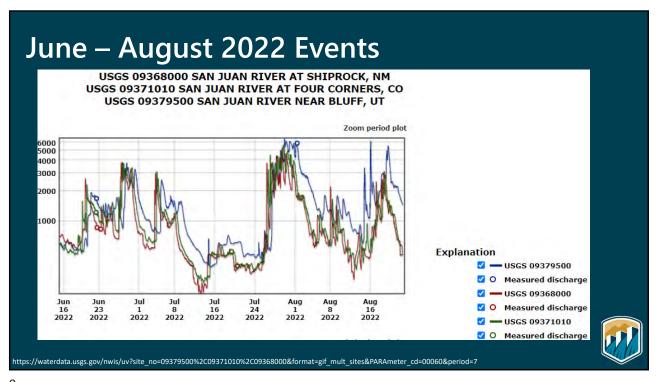


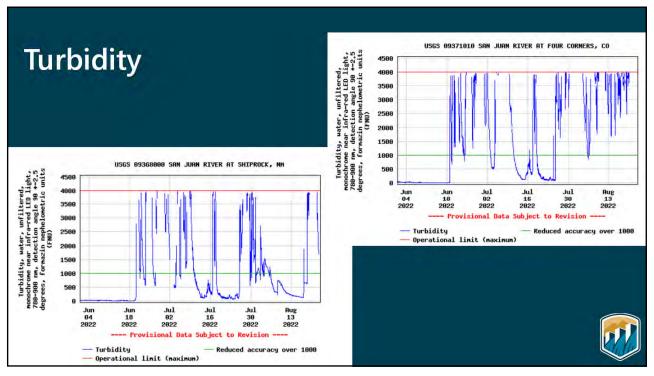


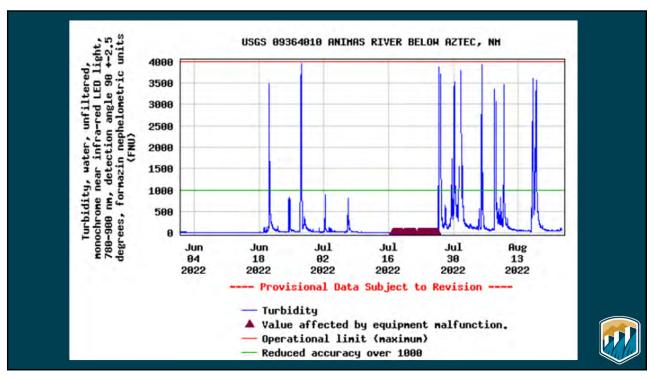


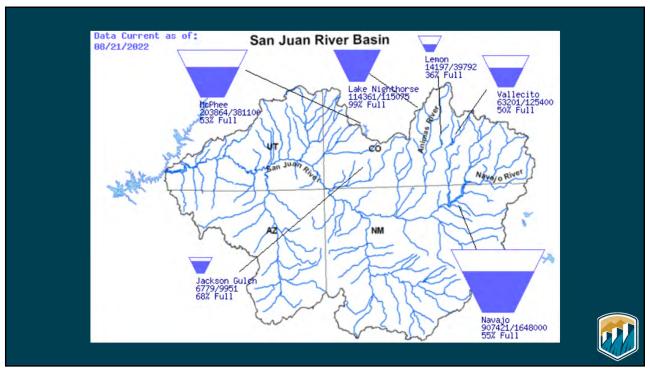


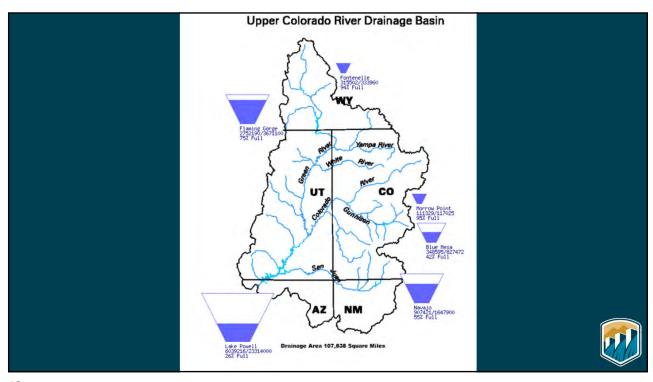


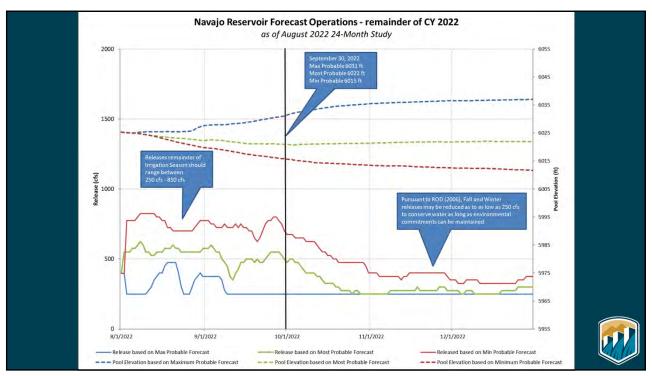


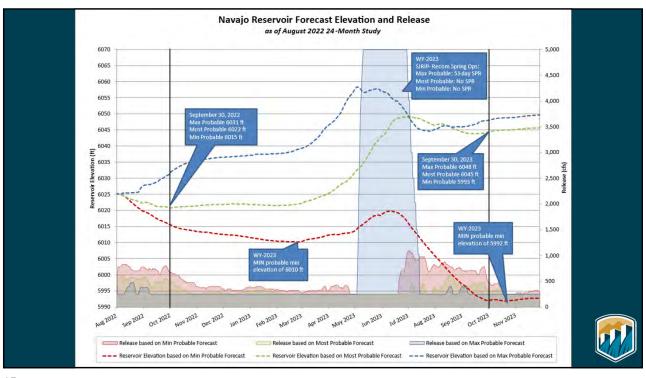












### **Projected Operations WY 2023**

Based on current streamflow conditions, storage levels, and statistical outlooks based on 30 years of historical hydrology,

- Runoff projections range from 430 kaf (47% avg) 1,140 kaf (158% avg) with a median projection of 810 kaf (89% avg).
- 25% chance of prescribed spring peak release
- 7% chance of falling below 5990 ft (min active storage)
- A shortage was previously forecast in WY 2023 that has diminished due to recent rainfall and resulting reduced releases. A dry month or two could see a re-emergence.

#### Summary

#### Next Meeting January 17th 2023

- WY 2022 April-July runoff was below average throughout the San Juan River Basin. Navajo Modified Unregulated Inflow totaled 381 kaf which was 60% of average.
- There was no spring peak release. Releases varied from 300 800 cfs throughout WY 2022.
- Drought conditions have improved in the Four Corners due to rains but drought conditions still
  persist especially in the western half of the basin. Rains likely helped soil moisture and releases.
- Based on current storage and streamflows and the statistical range of likely hydrologies for WY 2023, there is a 25% chance for a spring peak release and a 7% chance of shortage. The median runoff forecast is for 89% of average.



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#### Links

- Navajo Project Notices: <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/uc/wcao/water/rsvrs/notice/nav-rel.html">https://www.usbr.gov/uc/wcao/water/rsvrs/notice/nav-rel.html</a>
- Navajo Monthly Forecast Update: https://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/crsp/cs/nvd.html
- UC Water Operations Home: <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/index.html">https://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/index.html</a>
- Teacups: https://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/basin/index.html
- 24-Month Study: <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/crsp/studies/index.html">https://www.usbr.gov/uc/water/crsp/studies/index.html</a>
- DROA: <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/dcp/droa.html">https://www.usbr.gov/dcp/droa.html</a>



