

Recent research on Flannelmouth Sucker (*Catostomus latipinnis*) and Humpback Chub (*Gila cypha*) in Grand Canyon:

Drs. Michael & Marlis R. Douglas
Department of Biology
Arizona State University
Tempe, AZ 85287-1501

Focus of research is on localized populations; we study aspects of conservation genetics, population estimates, seasonality, and reproduction.

GENETICS (FMS):

Evaluation of genetic diversity within- and among-populations in upper and lower basin. Sonora Sucker (*C. insignis*) and the undescribed Little Colorado River sucker (*C. 'crassicauda'*) are also included.

Methods: Sequence analyses of 3 mtDNA genes. Microsatellite DNA analyses started.

Results: Surprising little variability in mtDNA

Conclusions: Populations may be of recent origin throughout the basin.

GENETICS (HBC):

Evaluation of genetic diversity within LCR population and among aggregates.

Calculation of effective population size (N_e) based on genetic data (this provides a minimum size for a second population of HBC in Grand Canyon)

Assessment of introgressive hybridization within LCR population.

Methods: Sequence analyses of 3 mtDNA genes (completed). Microsatellite DNA analyses (initiated).

Results: As in FMS, surprising little genetic diversity in mtDNA

High levels of genetic diversity detected at 3 microsatellite loci

Low levels of introgressive hybridization

Conclusions: Second population must consist of more than 17,391 breeding adults to ensure long-term maintenance of genetic diversity.

POPULATION ESTIMATES (FMS):

First publication (size of Havasu Creek population) is "in press" (COPEIA 2001: 238-244). Second publication dealing with over-winter residency is in preparation.

Methodology: Mark/Recapture (concentrated fishing effort of 3+ weeks).

Results: Population estimates correlated with tributary flows

Documented late-season (October) reproduction by native suckers

Possible razorback Sucker (*Xyrauchen texanus*) larvae found

Conclusions: Tributary inflows important to native fishes.

Concentrated fishing efforts are necessary

No apparent over-winter residency of individuals

POPULATION ESTIMATES (HBC):

Estimate population size and structure at specific locations (aggregations).

Methods: Mark/Recapture

Concentrated fishing effort (3+ weeks)

Results: Population estimates not possible due to low catch rates

Conclusions: Concentrated fishing efforts necessary.