Characterizing the fish assemblage in the Lake Powell forebay and identifying the potential for nonnative fish escapement into the Lower Colorado River

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#### Historic conditions: withdrawal from hypolimnion when stratified



#### **Current** conditions: withdrawal from epilimnion when stratified



Study Area a) Wahweap b) Confluence **c) <u>Forebay</u>** 

**Glen Canyon Dam** 

Nonnative fish distribution Risk of entrainment Survival of entrainment

2.

3.

50 km

UT

AZ

### Updates to TWG

- Thermal structure of forebay
- Sampling near dam
- Sensor Fish preliminary data





Forebay Temperature (°C)



Forebay Temperature (°C)



#### Forebay Temperature (°C) with penstock depth



#### Forebay Temperature (°C) with penstock depth





Forebay Temperature (°C) with penstock and nonnative gillnet captures



#### Forebay Temperature (°C) with penstock and nonnative gillnet captures

Modification to sampling program: sample within chains close to dam. Gillnets, minnow traps, larval traps throughout 2023



### Question from 2022: where are entrained YoY coming from?



Shallow water habitat. Spawning?

#### Possible answer: right next to the dam

BGL and GSF captured immediately adjacent to dam Will we find spawning SMB and YoY there this summer?



Deployed Sensor Fish through dam to measure conditions of passage

- Pressure
- Acceleration
- 17 trials completed



Sources of immediate and delayed mortality

- Turbine blade strike
- Injury due to abrasion
- Gas bladder rupture
- Gas bubble disease
- Embolism
- Hemorrhage
- Exophthalmia

#### Typical pressure curve



Preliminary data

#### Typical acceleration curve



Preliminary data

#### One second of action



Preliminary data

Time (sec)

**Initial findings:** 

- No evidence of turbine strikes
- Acclimation pressure dependent upon depth of penstock (water level)
- Gas bladder rupture likely
- Embolism, hemorrhage, exophthalmia possible due to gas bladder rupture
- Gas bubble disease unlikely (short time period, low dissolved gas)

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Injury/mortality appear linked to change in pressures – no significant effects from turbine passage per se

Boyle's Law

- $P_1V_1 = P_2V_2$
- Assume  $V_1 = 1$
- Acclimation pressure at penstock intake = P<sub>1</sub> = 237 kPa
- Median nadir pressure = P<sub>2</sub> = 36 kPa (atmospheric = 98 kPa)
- V<sub>2</sub> = 237(1)/36 = 6.6 (gas bladder expands 6.6x)
- From literature:
  - Gas bladder rupture at 2-4x expansion
  - 84% mortality (for Chinook Salmon)
  - Physostomous vs physoclistous
  - Life stage implication

# Acoustic telemetry

- Movement
- Depth
- 30 fish implanted with ultrasonic transmitters October 2022
  - 20 Smallmouth Bass
  - 10 Channel Catfish









#### Acoustic telemetry

#### Where have the 30 fish traveled?

Unique fish detections higher near Wahweap, zero detected at dam

Expectation: fish will move into forebay as water warms and epilimnion forms

#### 11-7-22



# Smallmouth Bass (20 fish implanted)

#### *n* = 230,000



Acoustic telemetry

#### What depths?

- Date range: Nov 1 to Mar 5
- Most detections <10 m

# Smallmouth Bass (20 fish implanted)

Depth: 0 – 10 m

#### SMB 1500 Depth (m) 10 1000 00000 80000 500 15 360000 40000 20000 20 Nov Mar Date

Acoustic telemetry

What depths?

- Date range: Nov 1 to Mar 5
- Most detections <10 m

SMB (n=20

Depth (m)

### Channel Catfish (10 fish implanted)

#### *n* = 160,000



Acoustic telemetry

#### What depths?

- Date range: Nov 1 to Mar 5
- Most detections <50 m

# Channel Catfish (10 fish implanted)

Depth: 0 – 50 m



Acoustic telemetry

#### What depths?

- Date range: Nov 1 to Mar 5
- Most detections <50 m

CCF (n=10)

Depth (m)

# Relative Probability of Entrainment (PoE)

#### Probability of presence at depth given:

- Season (stratification)
- Water temp
- Location
- Species

Work on model database setup has begun, exact form of model TBD

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