



Socioeconomics Research and Monitoring Update: Project 13.1 - Recreation

Lucas Bair, U.S. Geological Survey
October 2016 Technical Workgroup Meeting

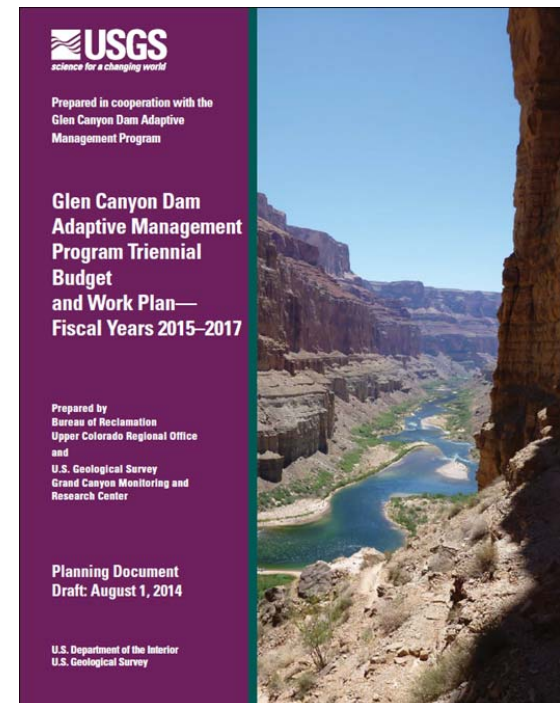


U. S. Department of Interior
U.S. Geological Survey



Socioeconomic Monitoring and Research

- **Economic Values of Recreational Resources along the Colorado River – Grand Canyon Whitewater Floater and Glen Canyon Angler Values**
- Tribal Perspectives for Resources Downstream of Glen Canyon Dam
- Applied Scenario Analysis for the Glen Canyon Dam Adaptive Management Program



2005 Protocol Evaluation Panel on the Recreation Monitoring Program

- Understand how flows influence trip attributes and associated preferences and economic benefits
- Develop a conceptual model to understand the relationship between dam operations and recreational conditions and trip attributes

Estimating Economic Value

- Angling and whitewater floating on the Colorado are nonmarket goods
- Revealed or stated preference methods to gather and analyze information
- Recreational demand is a function of trip cost, recreational quality, socioeconomic characteristics (e.g., income, education, age)



Economic value of angling on the Colorado River at Lees Ferry: Using secondary data to estimate the influence of seasonality

Lucas Bair, U.S. Geological Survey

David Rogowski, Arizona Game and Fish Department

Chris Neher, University of Montana

U. S. Department of Interior
U.S. Geological Survey

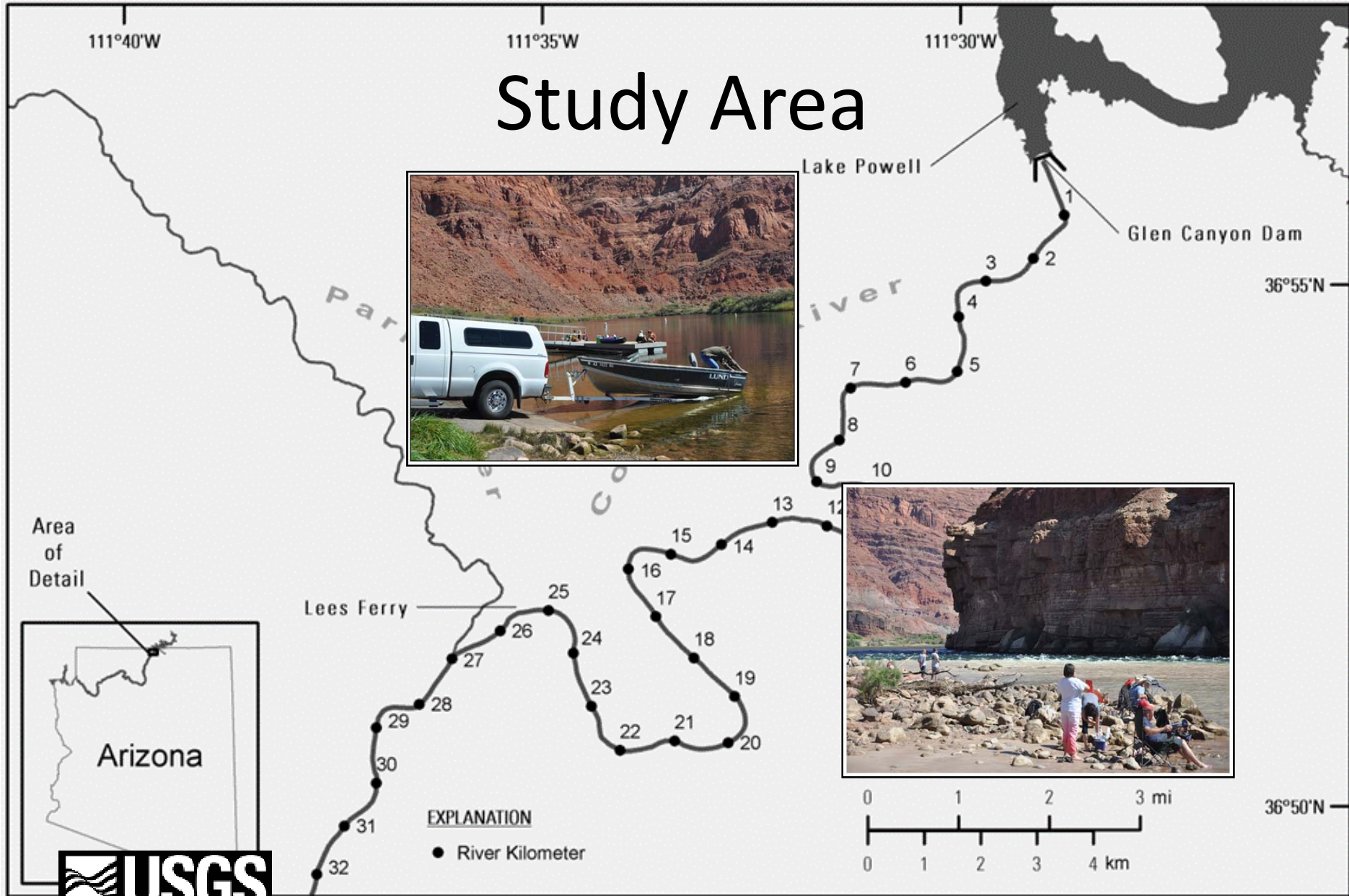


Study Overview

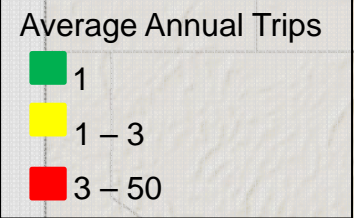
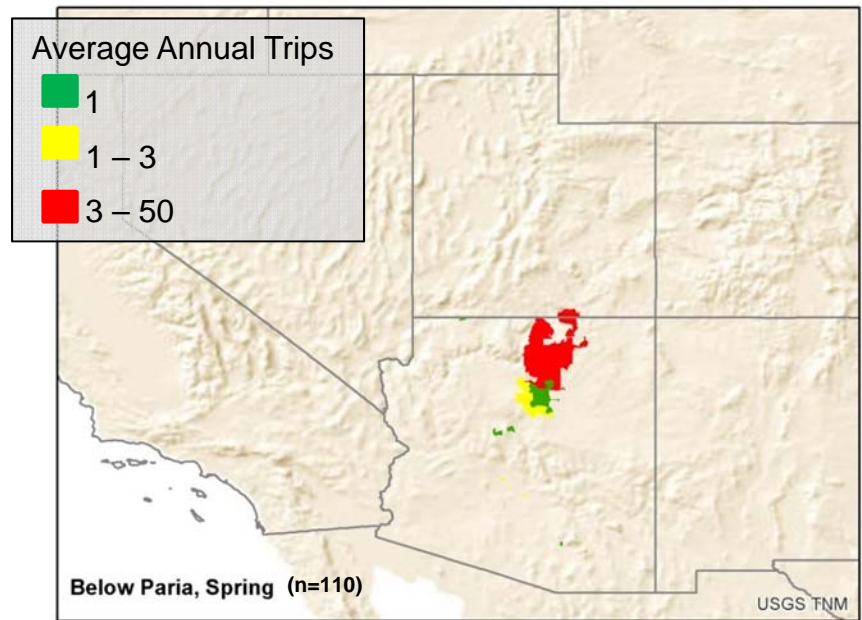
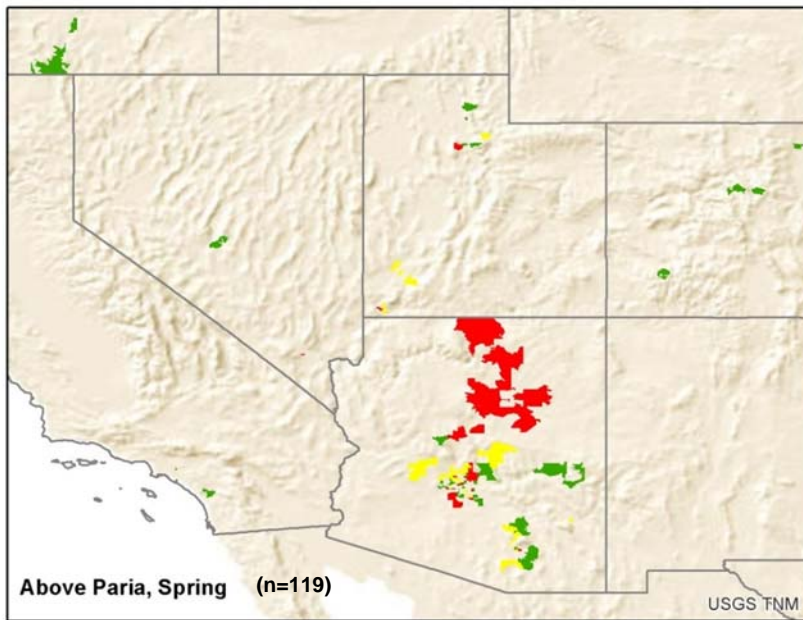
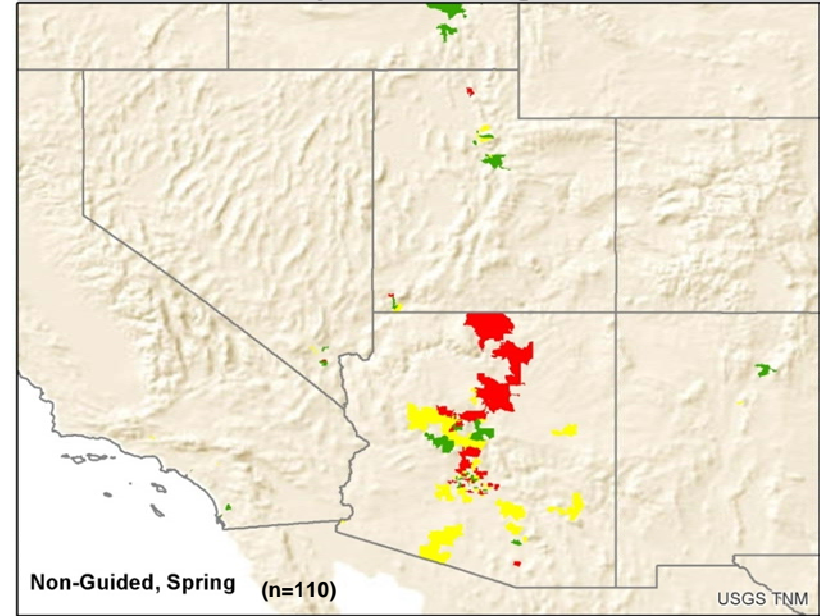
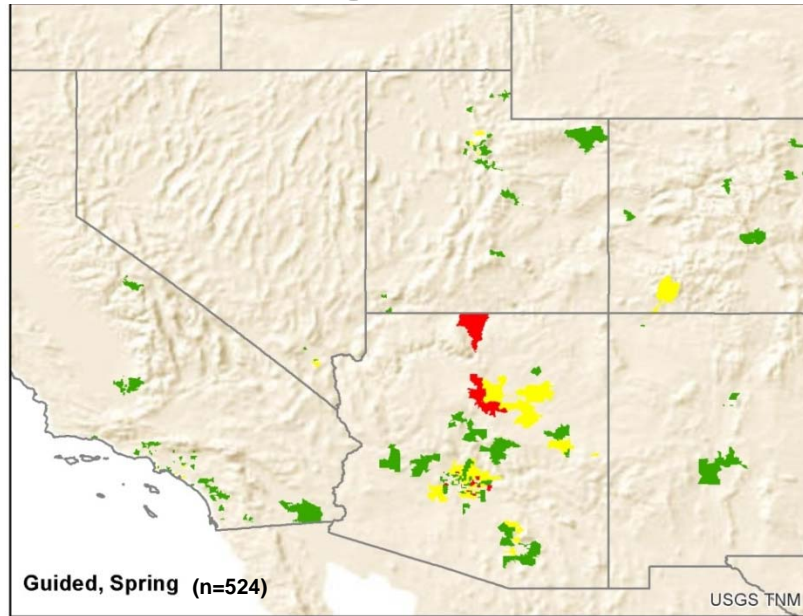
- Objective was to estimate the seasonal variation in economic value of angling at Lees Ferry and identify angler preferences that influence their demand for angling
- Data from AGFD creel in 2012 - 2014
- Used an individual travel cost model to estimate demand for angling



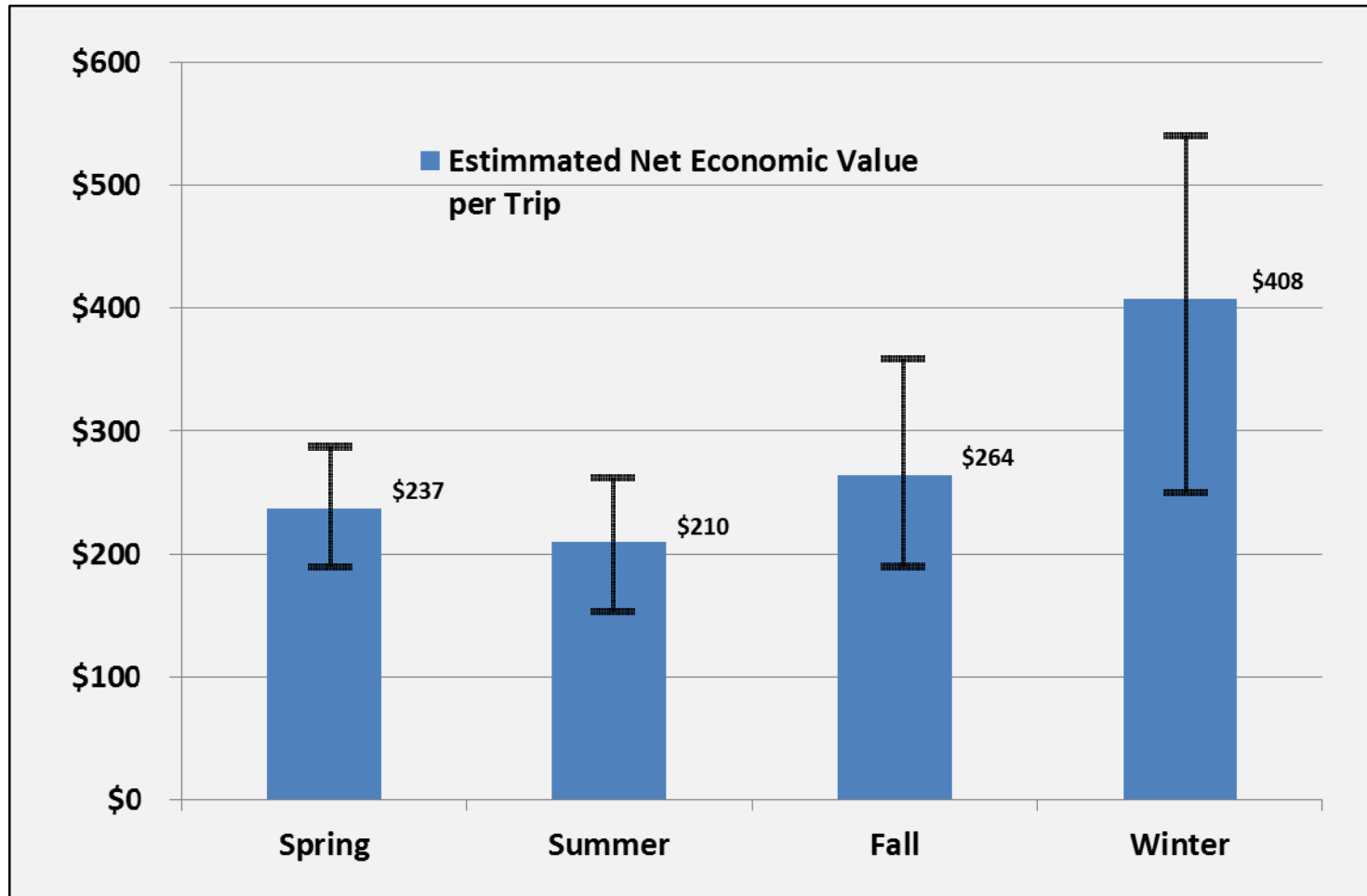
Study Area



Angler Visitation in Spring



Seasonal Economic Benefits



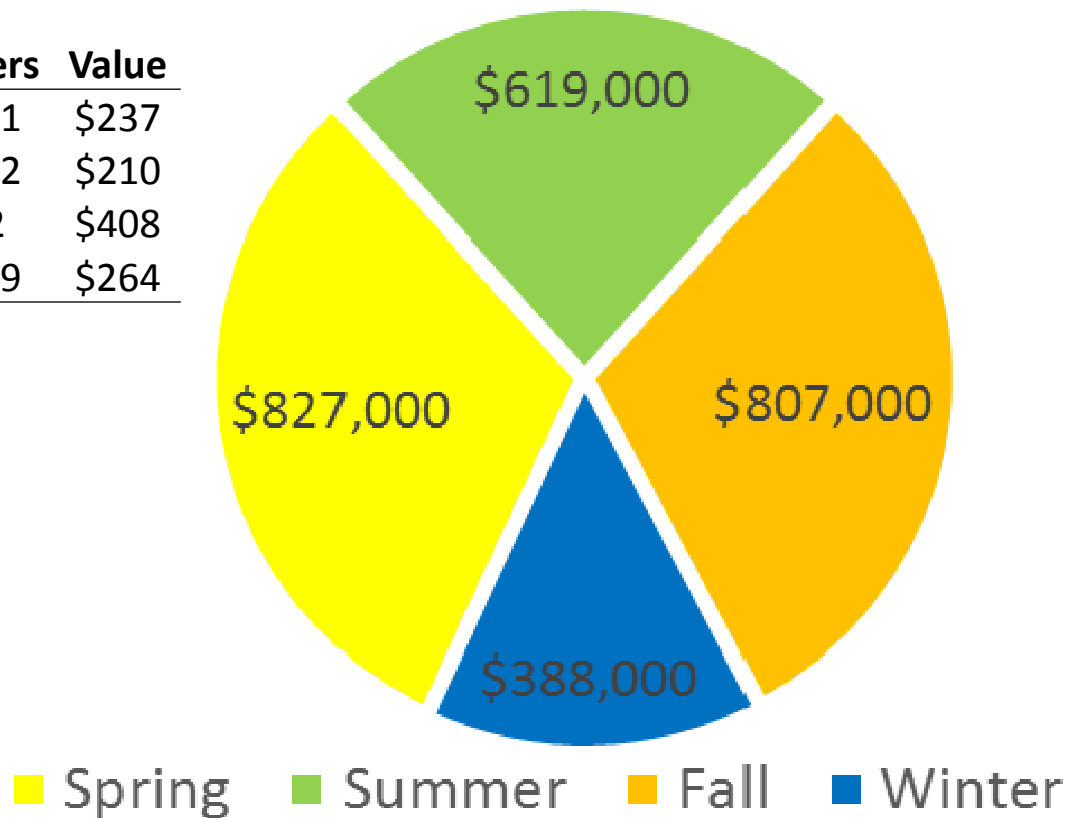
Bootstrapped aggregate model seasonal benefit estimates at Lees Ferry with confidence intervals at the 95% level (2014 dollars)



Scenario Analysis: Recreational Angling

Distribution of Angler Benefits by Season

Season	Anglers	Value
Spring	3,491	\$237
Summer	2,952	\$210
Winter	952	\$408
Fall	3,059	\$264





Economic Analysis of Glen Canyon Angler and Grand Canyon Whitewater Visitor Surveys

Lucas Bair, U.S. Geological Survey

John Duffield, University of Montana

David Patterson, University of Montana

Chris Neher, University of Montana



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Study Objective

- Estimate angler and whitewater visitor preferences and economic value for trip attributes by replicating and expanding the Bishop et al. (1987) study

1) Are the economic benefit estimates from the current study consistent with those estimated by Bishop et al. (1987)?

2) Do different methodological question formats lead to consistent economic benefit estimates?

Survey*

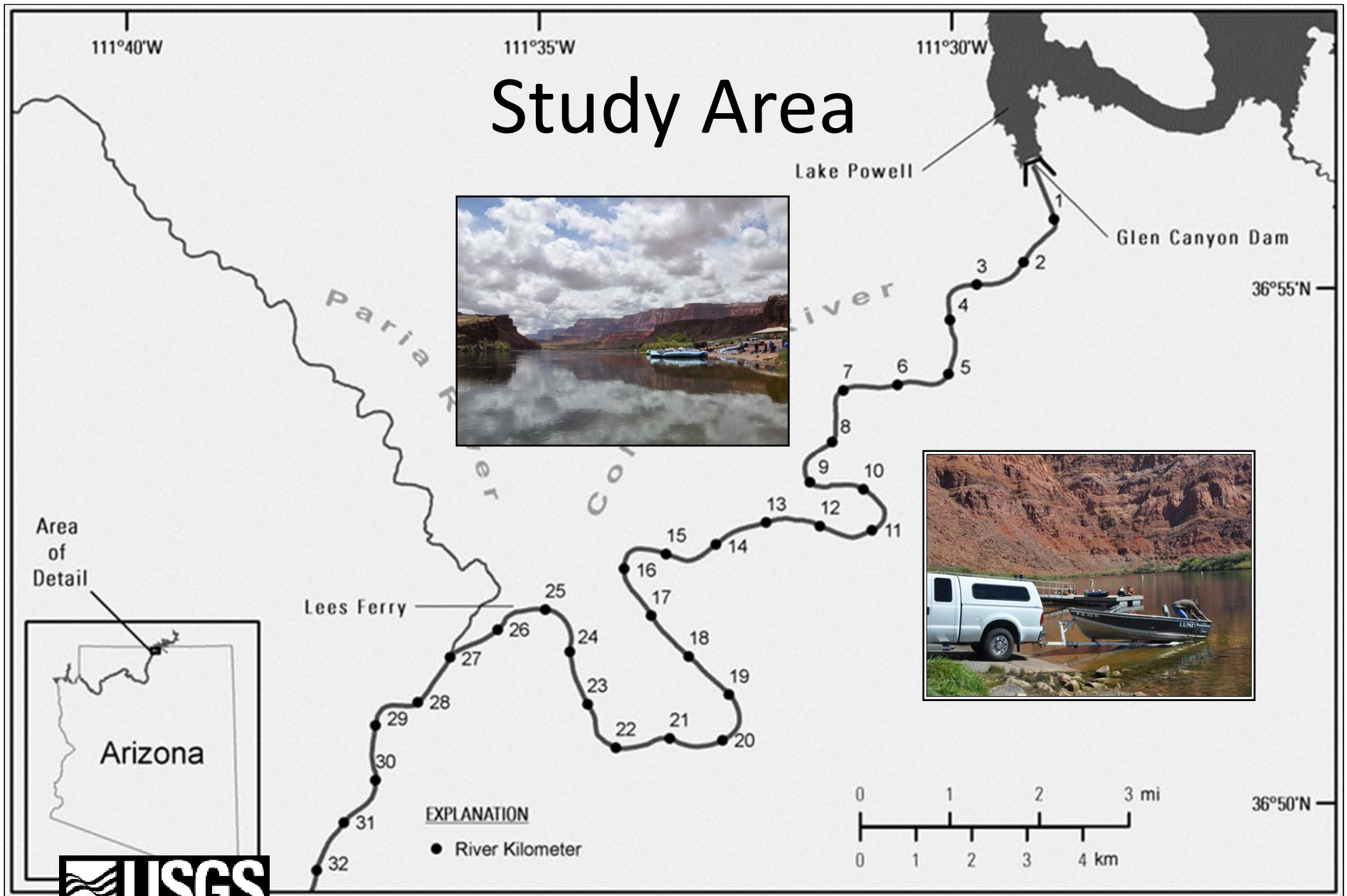
- Office of Management and Budget
- Data
 - Creel data + address in fall 2014 and spring 2015
 - Private whitewater Sept. 1, 2014 – Aug 31, 2015
- Mail survey (Dillman method)

Sample	Mailed	Responded	Response Rate
Angler Fall	313	182	58%
Angler Spring	199	109	55%
Whitewater	1,293	832	64%

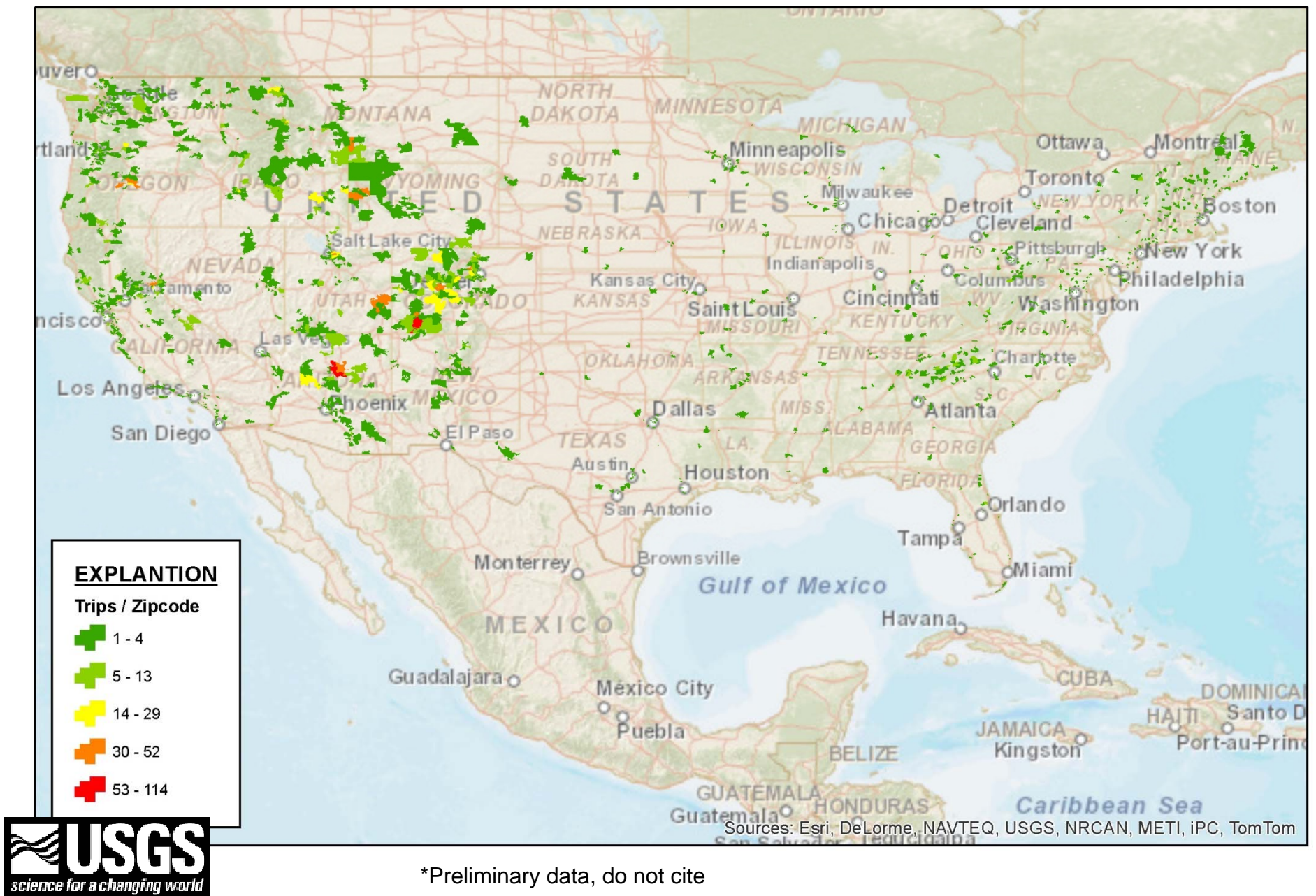


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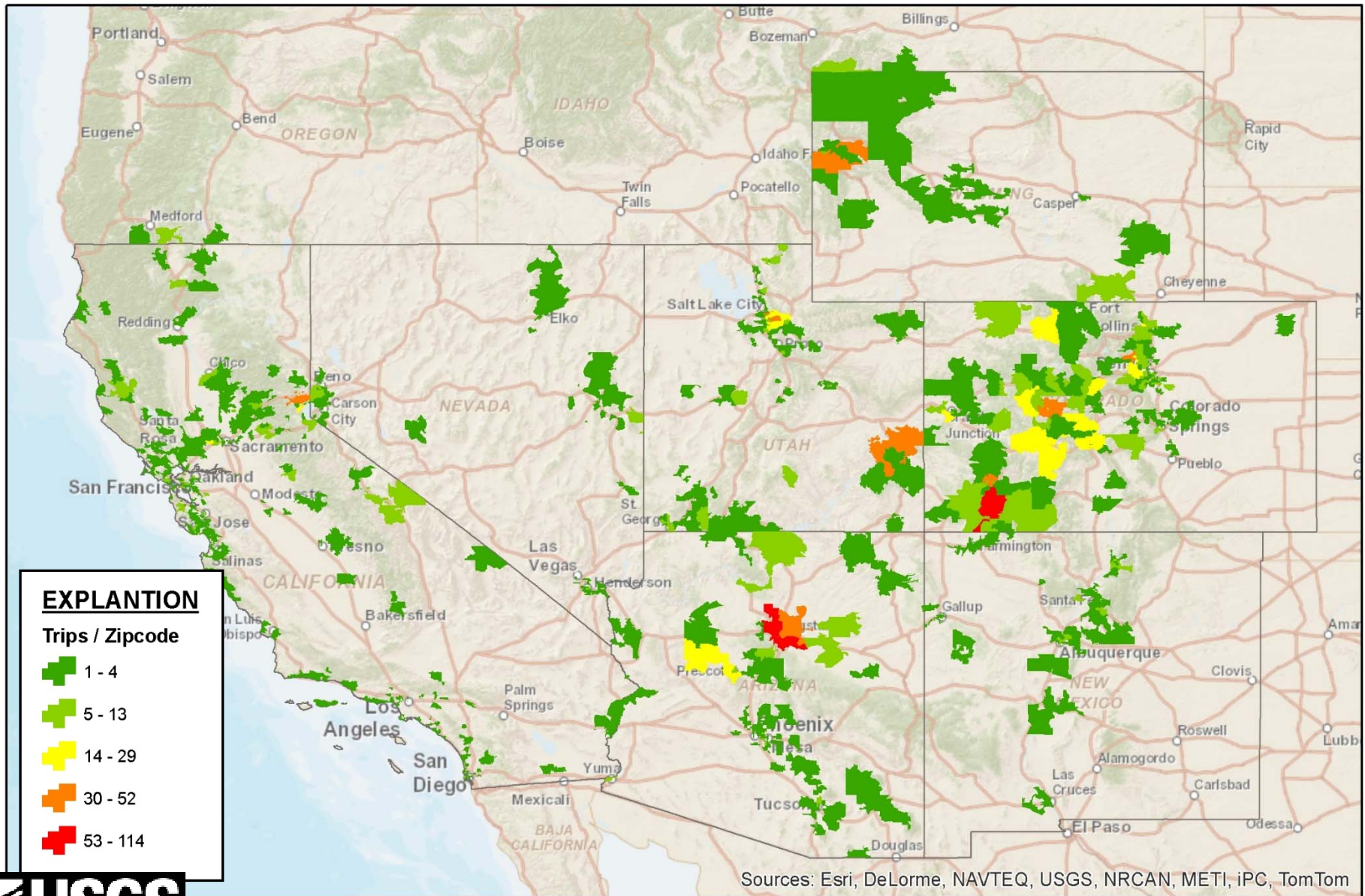
Study Area



Private Whitewater Floaters*



Private Whitewater Floaters*



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Whitewater Perceptions of Flow*

- Average flow of 12,065 cfs current study

Scenario	Better		About the Same		Worse	
	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study
5,000 cfs	4%	1%	3%	4%	93%	95%
13,000 cfs	25%	17%	36%	75%	39%	7%
22,000 cfs	30%	50%	66%	40%	1%	10%
40,000 cfs	8%	24%	36%	13%	56%	64%



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Whitewater Perceptions of Flow*

- Average flow of 12,065 cfs current study
- Average flow of 29,200 cfs Bishop et al. (1987)

Scenario	Better		About the Same		Worse	
	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study
5,000 cfs	4%	1%	3%	4%	93%	95%
13,000 cfs	25%	17%	36%	75%	39%	7%
22,000 cfs	30%	50%	66%	40%	1%	10%
40,000 cfs	8%	24%	36%	13%	56%	64%



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Whitewater Economic Value*

Scenario	Current Study Mean Value	Bishop Mean Value	Ratio Current Mean Value to Bishop	Bishop Mean Value Indexed by CPI
5,000 cfs	\$603	\$233	2.59	\$494
13,000 cfs	\$1,169	\$504	2.32	\$1,068
22,000 cfs	\$1,237	\$525	2.36	\$1,113
40,000 cfs	\$962	\$434	2.22	\$920
Reduced Beaches	\$822	\$377	2.18	\$799

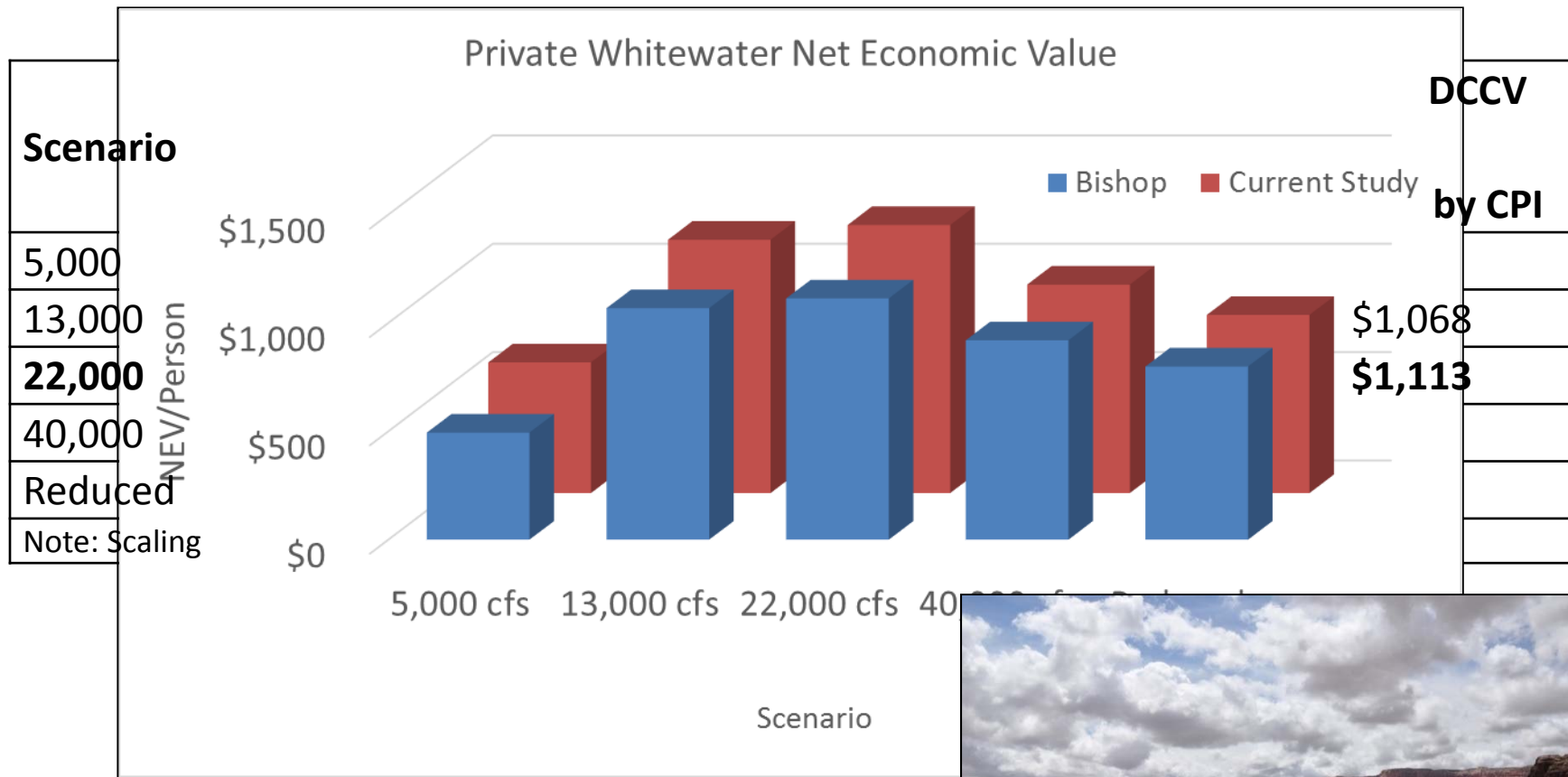
Note: Scaling Bishop et al. (1987) by Consumer Price Index does not account for changes in real income.



*Preliminary data, do not cite

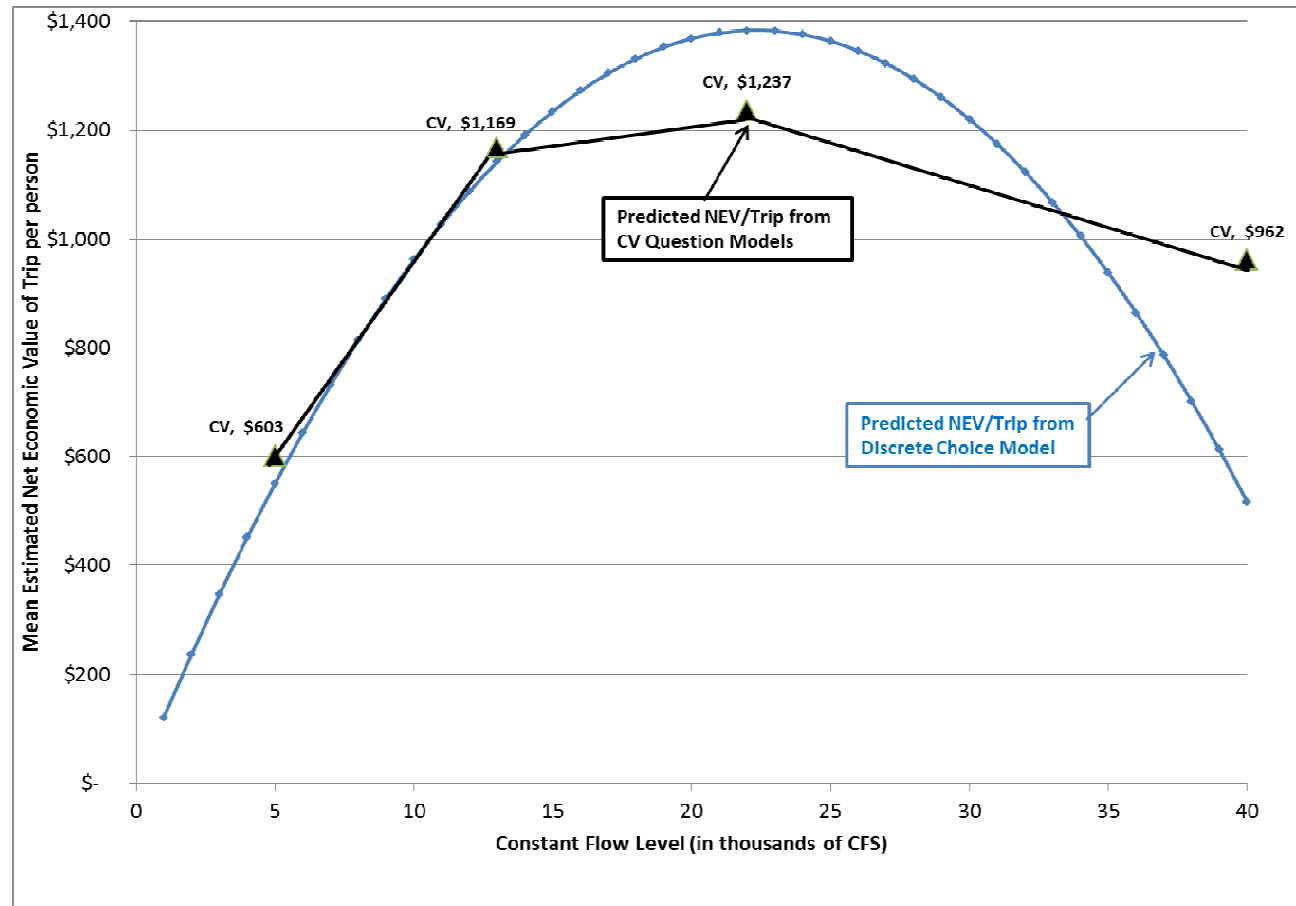


Whitewater Economic Value*



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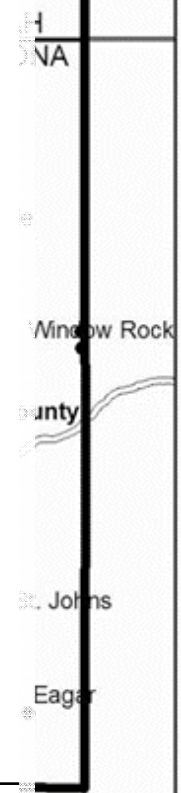
Whitewater Question Format*



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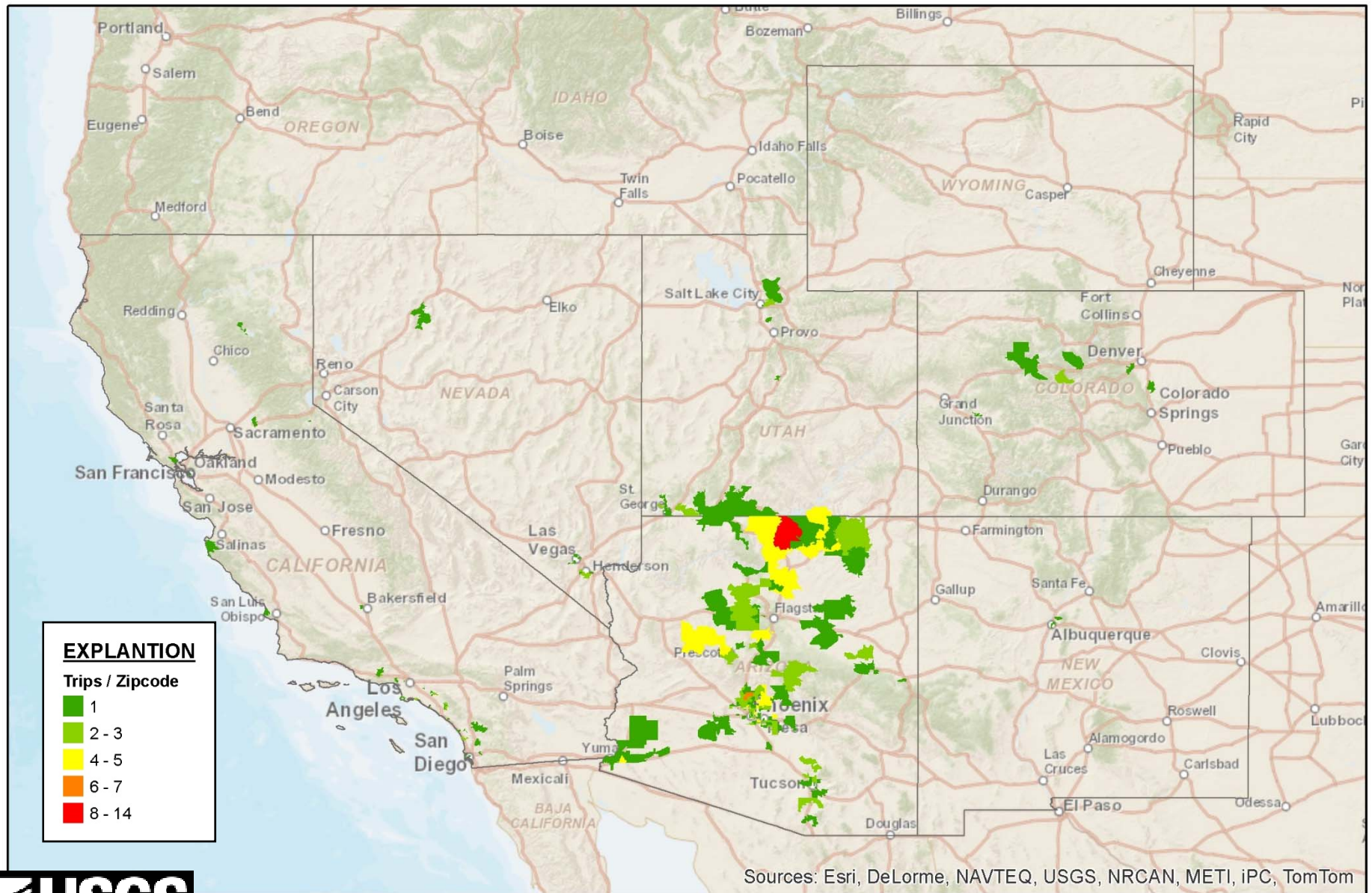
Regional Expenditures*

Private Whitewater Expenditure	Total		Local	
	Share	\$	Share	\$
Boat or river gear rented	27.6%	\$451	36.5%	\$354
Food and beverages	14.5%	\$237	17.0%	\$165
Lodging	5.8%	\$95	9.0%	\$87
Other	7.2%	\$118	7.1%	\$69
Vehicle shuttle	4.4%	\$72	6.9%	\$67
Restaurant	4.1%	\$67	6.3%	\$61
Gas and oil for vehicle	8.6%	\$141	6.0%	\$58
Take out at Diamond Creek	1.8%	\$29	3.0%	\$29
Personal gear	7.7%	\$126	2.7%	\$26
Boat gear purchases for trip	9.9%	\$162	2.0%	\$19
Camping fees	0.8%	\$13	1.2%	\$12
Airfare	6.5%	\$106	0.8%	\$8
Car rental	0.8%	\$13	0.8%	\$8
Native American art and craft	0.2%	\$3	0.4%	\$4
Tow across Lake Mead	0.1%	\$2	0.3%	\$3
		\$1,634		\$969



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Lees Ferry Anglers*



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Angler Perceptions of Flow*

- Average flow of 10,800 cfs current study

Scenario	Better		About the Same		Worse	
	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study
3,000 cfs	23%	17%	13%	15%	64%	68%
10,000 cfs	56%	57%	31%	35%	13%	8%
25,000 cfs	23%	9%	44%	20%	33%	71%
40,000 cfs	5%	2%	16%	6%	79%	92%



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Angler Perceptions of Flow*

- Average flow of 10,800 cfs current study
- Average flow of 11,900 or 28,800 cfs Bishop et al. (1987)

Scenario	Better		About the Same		Worse	
	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study	Bishop 1987	Current Study
3,000 cfs	23%	17%	13%	15%	64%	68%
10,000 cfs	56%	57%	31%	35%	13%	8%
25,000 cfs	23%	9%	44%	20%	33%	71%
40,000 cfs	5%	2%	16%	6%	79%	92%

Angler Economic Value*

Scenario	Current Study Mean Value	Bishop Mean Value	Ratio Current Mean Value to Bishop	Bishop Mean Value Indexed by CPI
3,000 cfs	\$348	\$60	5.80	\$127
10,000 cfs	\$432	\$126	3.43	\$267
25,000 cfs	\$359	\$94	3.82	\$199
40,000 cfs	\$87	\$52	1.67	\$110

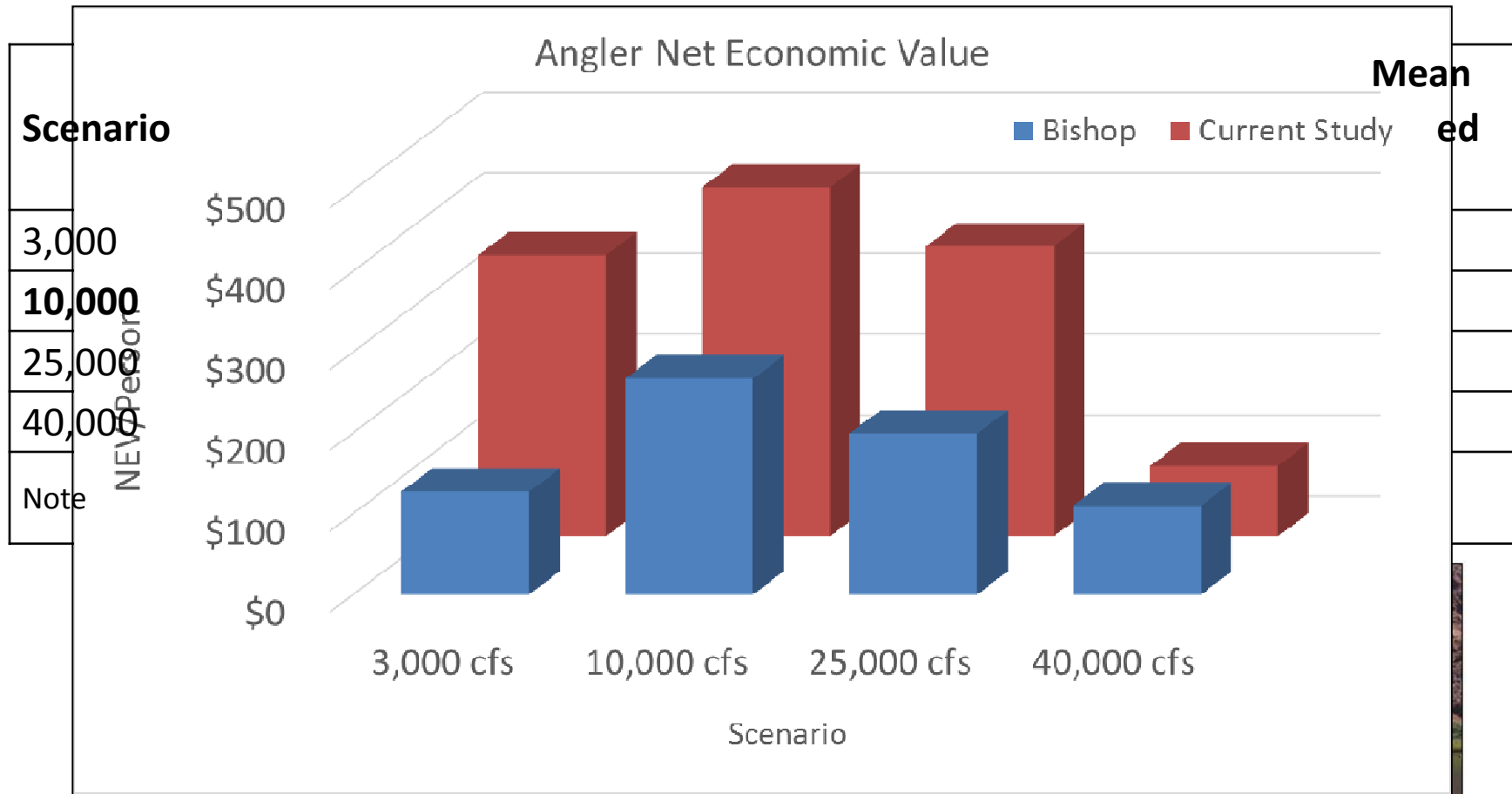
Note: Scaling Bishop et al. (1987) by Consumer Price Index does not account for changes in real income.



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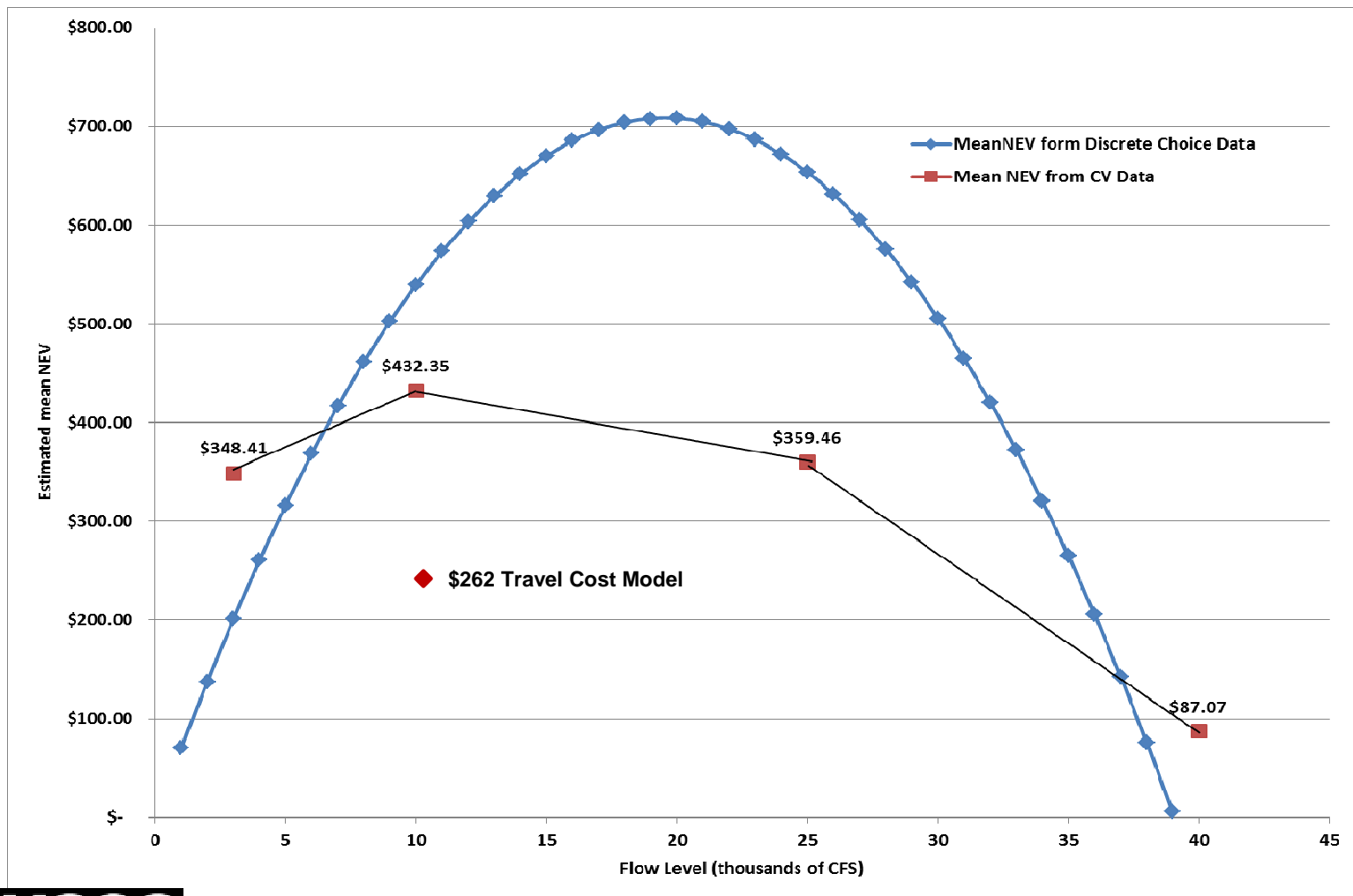
Angler Economic Value*



*Preliminary data, do not cite



Angler Question Format*



*Preliminary data, do not cite

Regional Expenditures*

Angler Expenditure	Guided		Non-guided	
	Share	\$	Share	\$
Guide Fees	31.1%	\$342	0.0%	\$0
Food and beverages	20.4%	\$225	13.8%	\$51
Lodging	11.2%	\$123	22.5%	\$83
Other	10.3%	\$113	13.6%	\$50
Restaurant	6.9%	\$76	10.9%	\$40
Gas and oil	6.1%	\$67	24.2%	\$89
Personal gear	5.5%	\$61	4.2%	\$15
Boat gear	2.1%	\$23	5.5%	\$20
Camping fees	2.0%	\$22	2.7%	\$10
Airfare	1.7%	\$19	1.5%	\$6
Car rental	1.6%	\$18	0.0%	\$0
Native American art and craft	1.0%	\$11	1.0%	\$4
		\$1,101		\$369
	Local	\$861		\$268



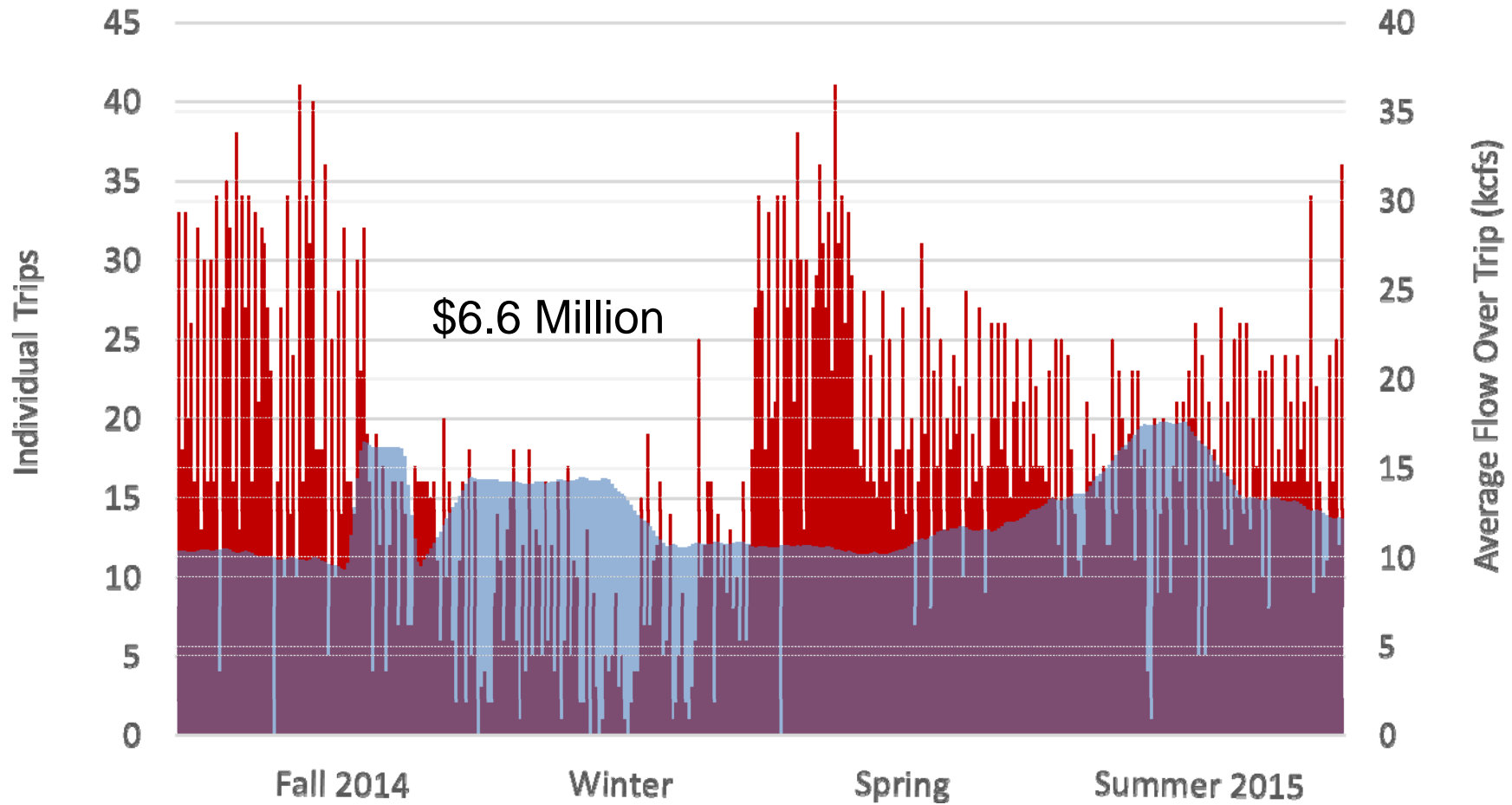
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Nonmarket Values: Recreation

- Non-market values exist
 - Consistent over time (ranking and absolute value)
 - Consistent across methods
- How do we use them in improving management
 - Scenario analysis using varying spatial and temporal aspects of resource use and management



Scenario Analysis: Private Whitewater*



*Preliminary data, do not cite

2018-2020 Triennial Workplan

- Understand how flows influence trip attributes and associated preferences and economic benefits
 - Whitewater floating
 - Lees Ferry angling
 - Other user groups?
- Conceptual model
 - LTEMP EIS
- Revisit 2005 PEP



- Acknowledgements

- Navajo Nation, National Park Service, and Arizona Game and Fish Department staff for assistance.
- GIS analysis by Thomas Gushue with USGS

- Questions

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