

## Glen Canyon Dam AMWG

## Basin Hydrology and Operations

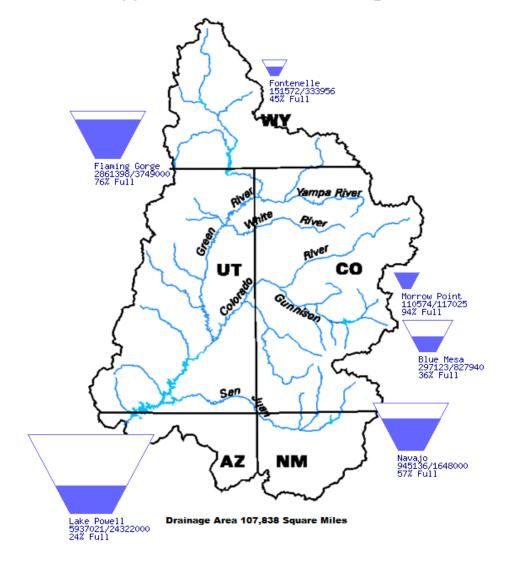
May 18, 2022

## Upper Basin Storage (as of May 16, 2022)

Data Current as of: 05/16/2022

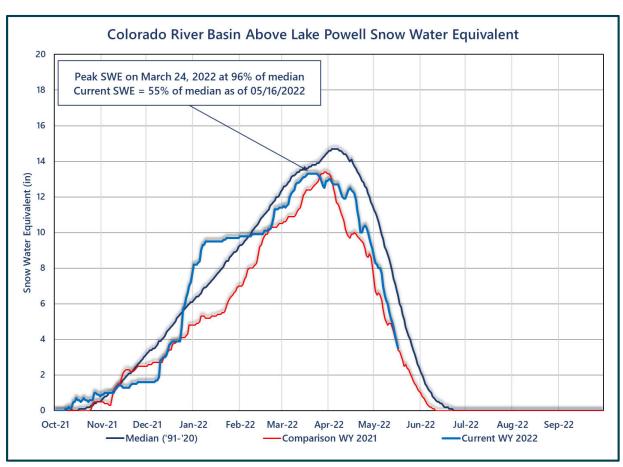
#### Upper Colorado River Drainage Basin

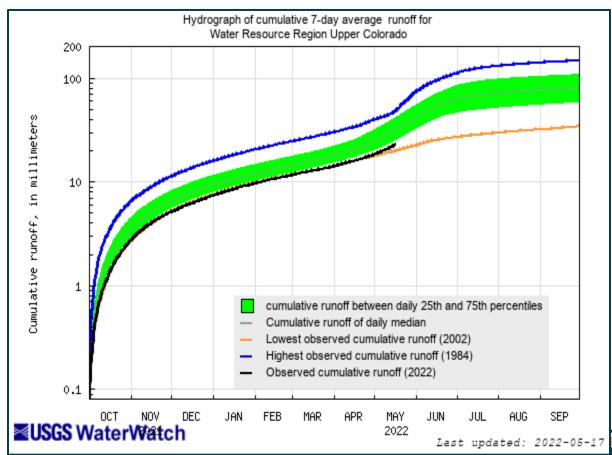
Reservoir	Live Storage Ca		Live Storage Capacity (maf)	Elevation (feet)	
Fontenelle	45	0.15	0.33	6,478.66	
Flaming Gorge	78	2.86	3.67	6,018.55	
Blue Mesa	36	0.30	0.83	7,447.75	
Navajo	57	0.95	1.70	6,028.51	
Lake Powell	24	5.94	24.32	3,525.17	
UC System Storage	33	10.32	30.94		



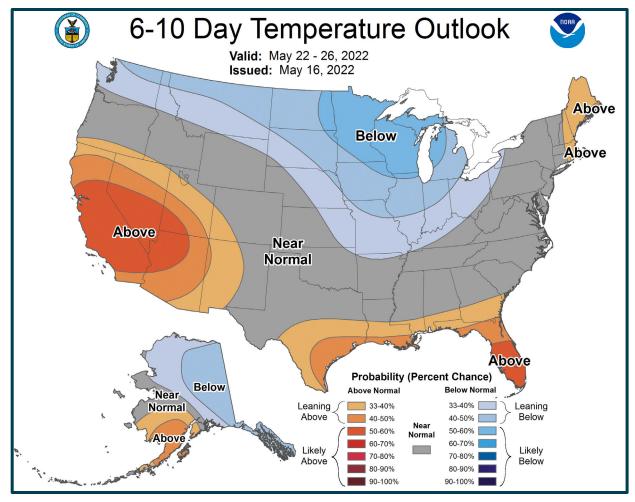


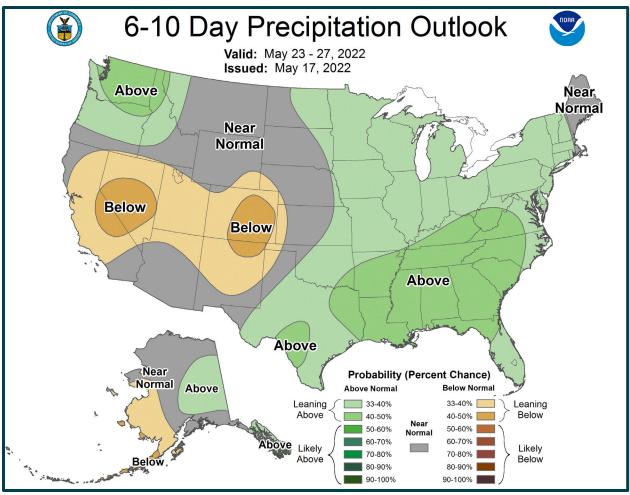
## **Upper Colorado SWE and Observed Inflows**



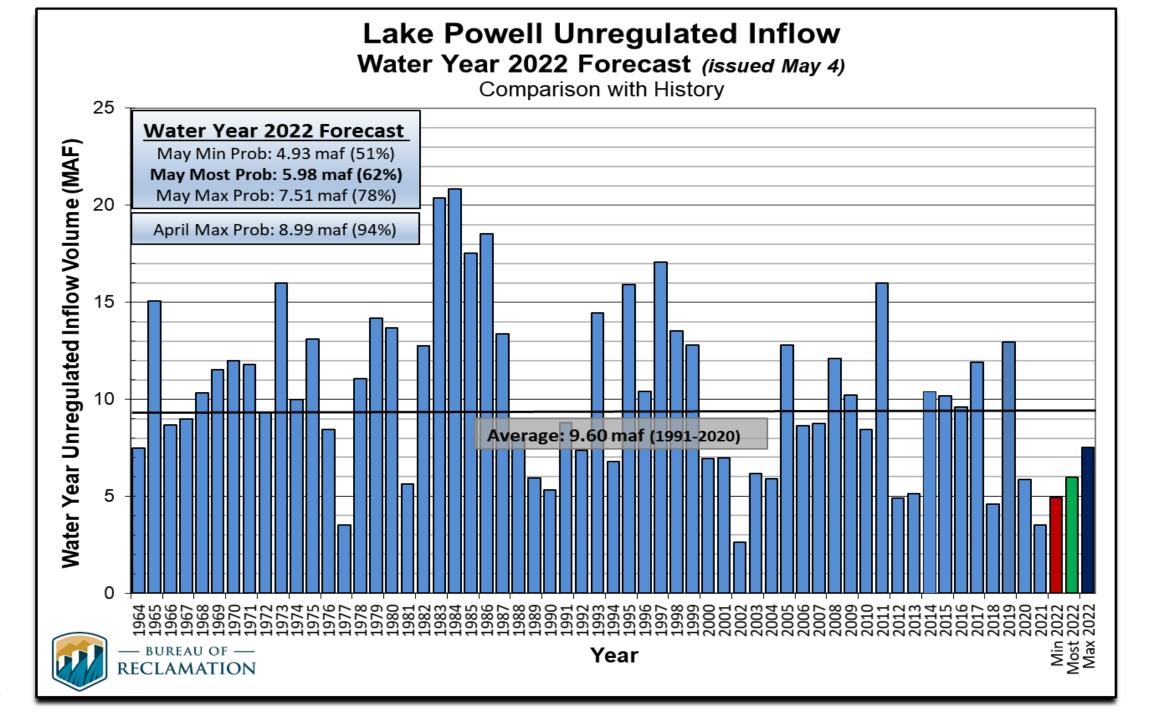


## **Precipitation and Temperature Outlook**











# Most Probable May Forecast Water Year 2022

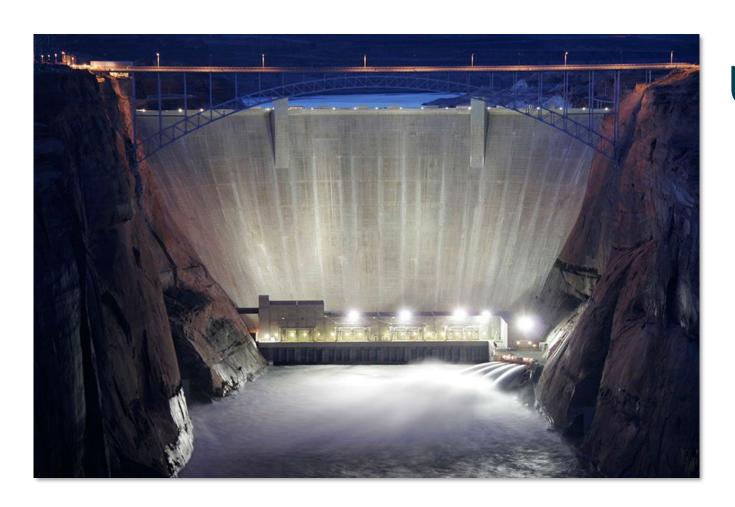
April – July 2022 Forecasted Unregulated Inflow as of May 3, 2022

Reservoir	Unregulated Inflow (kaf)	Percent of Avg		
Fontenelle	475	65		
Flaming Gorge	550	57		
Blue Mesa	490	77		
Navajo	380	60		
Powell	3,800	59		

Water Year 2022 Forecasted Unregulated Inflow as of May 4, 2022

Reservoir	Unregulated Inflow (kaf)	Percent of Avg		
Fontenelle	758	71		
Flaming Gorge	890	63		
Blue Mesa	708	78		
Navajo	544	60		
Powell	5,980	62		





#### **Upper Colorado Basin**

Projected Operations for Water Year 2022 Based on April and May 2022 Modeling



#### **Drought Response Actions**

- The Bureau of Reclamation announced on May 3, 2022, two separate urgent drought response actions that will help prop up Lake Powell by nearly 1 million acre-feet (maf) of water over the next 12 months (May 2022 through April 2023). To protect Lake Powell, more water will flow into the lake from upstream reservoirs and less water will be released downstream:
  - Under a Drought Contingency Plan adopted in 2019, approximately 500 thousand acre-feet (kaf) of water will come from Flaming Gorge Reservoir, located approximately 455 river miles upstream of Lake Powell.
     For more information: <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/uc/DocLibrary/Plans/20220503-2022DROA-GlenCanyonDamOperationsDecisionLetter-508-DOI.pdf">https://www.usbr.gov/uc/DocLibrary/Plans/20220503-2022DROA-GlenCanyonDamOperationsDecisionLetter-508-DOI.pdf</a>
  - Another 480 kaf will be left in Lake Powell by reducing Glen Canyon Dam's annual release volume from 7.48 maf to 7.0 maf, as outlined in the 2007 Interim Guidelines that control operations of Glen Canyon Dam and Hoover Dam.
     For more information: <a href="https://www.usbr.gov/uc/DocLibrary/Plans/20220429-">https://www.usbr.gov/uc/DocLibrary/Plans/20220429-</a>

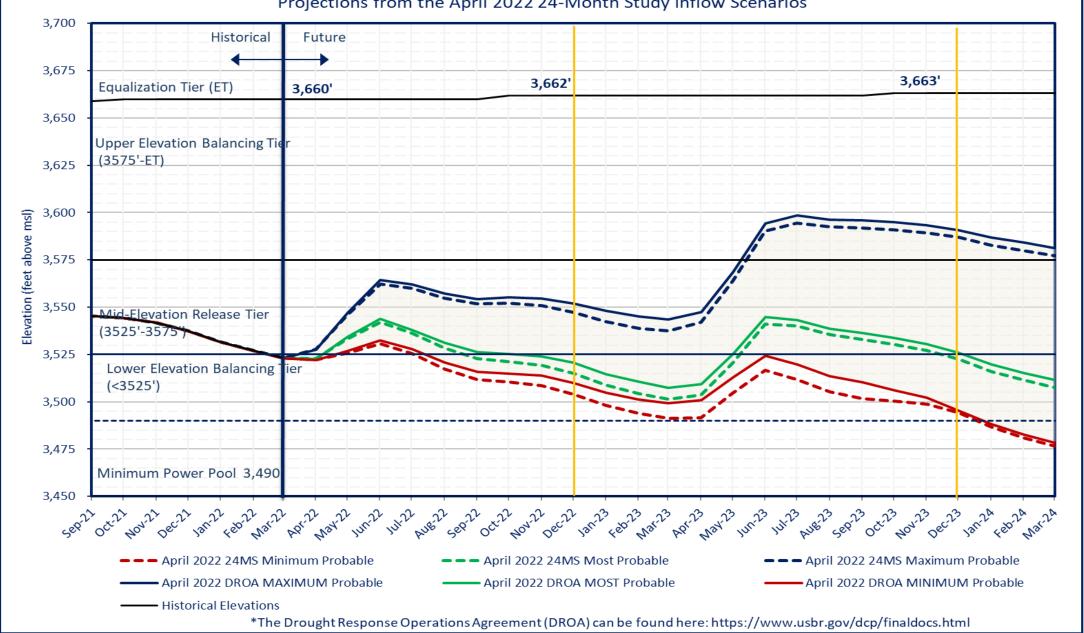
2022DroughtResponseOperationsPlan-ApprovalMemo-508-DOLpdf.

#### **Flaming Gorge End of Month Elevations** Projections from the April 2022 24-Month Study Inflow Scenarios -- with and without DROA 6,040 Historical **Future** 6,035 6,030 6,025 Elevation (feet above msl) 6,020 6,015 6,010 6,005 6,000 Aug-23 April 2022 Most Probable Inflow April 2022 Min Probable Inflow April 2022 Max Probable Inflow ····· DROA 24MS MOST - Likely ····· DROA 24MS MIN ····· DROA 24MS MAX — BUREAU OF — RECLAMATION Historical Elevations



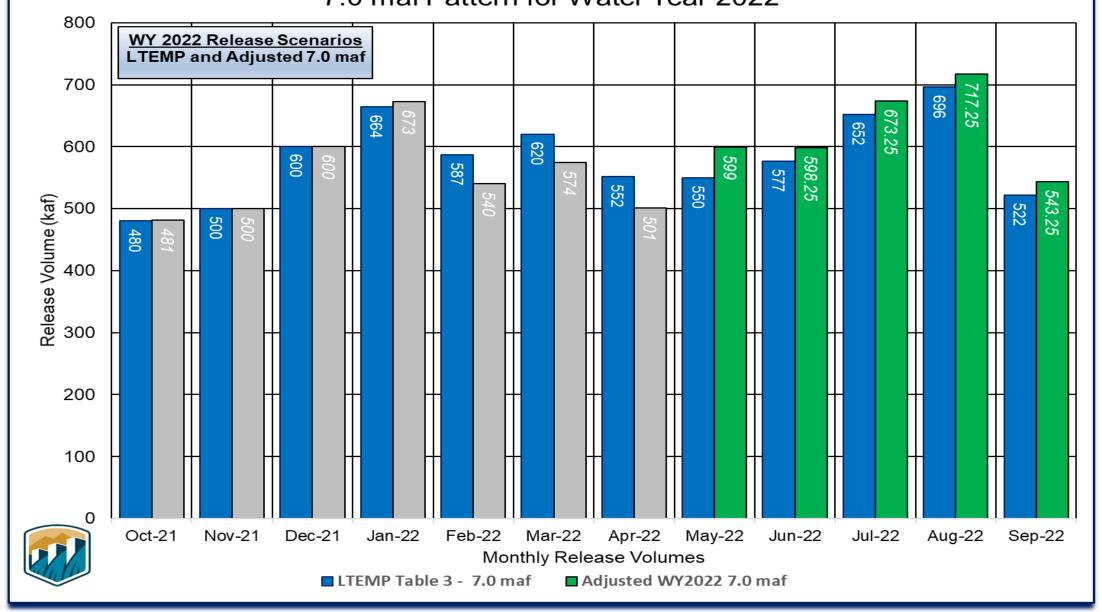
#### **Lake Powell End of Month Elevations**

Projections from the April 2022 24-Month Study Inflow Scenarios



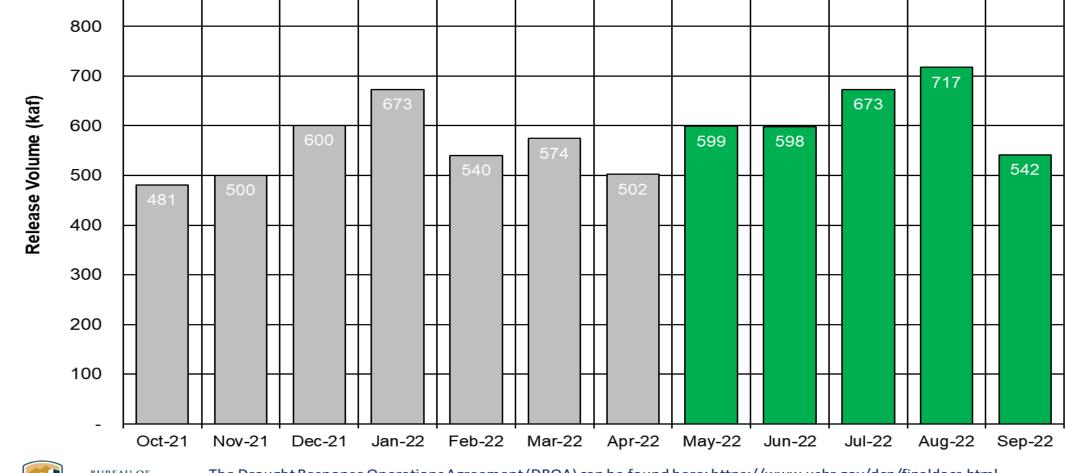


## Lake Powell Monthly Release Volume Distribution 7.0 maf Pattern for Water Year 2022





# Lake Powell Monthly Release Volume Distribution Release Scenarios for Water Year 2022 WY 2022 Release Scenarios 7.0 maf 700 (\$\frac{1}{2}\$) 600

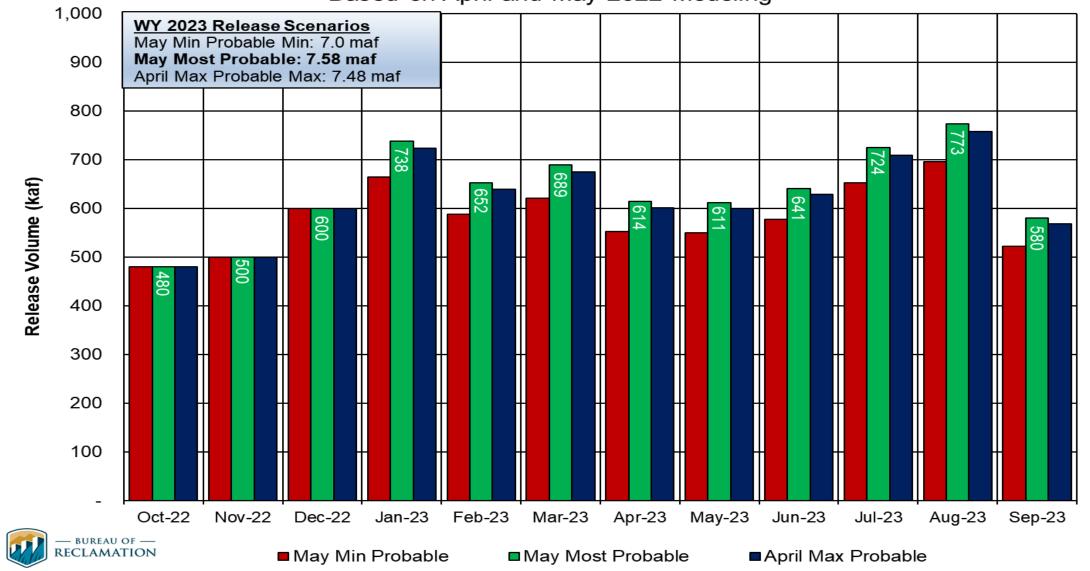




 $The \ Drought \ Response \ Operations \ Agreement (DROA) \ can be found \ here: https://www.usbr.gov/dcp/finaldocs.html$ 



## Potential Lake Powell Monthly Release Volume Distribution Release Scenarios for Water Year 2023 Based on April and May 2022 Modeling



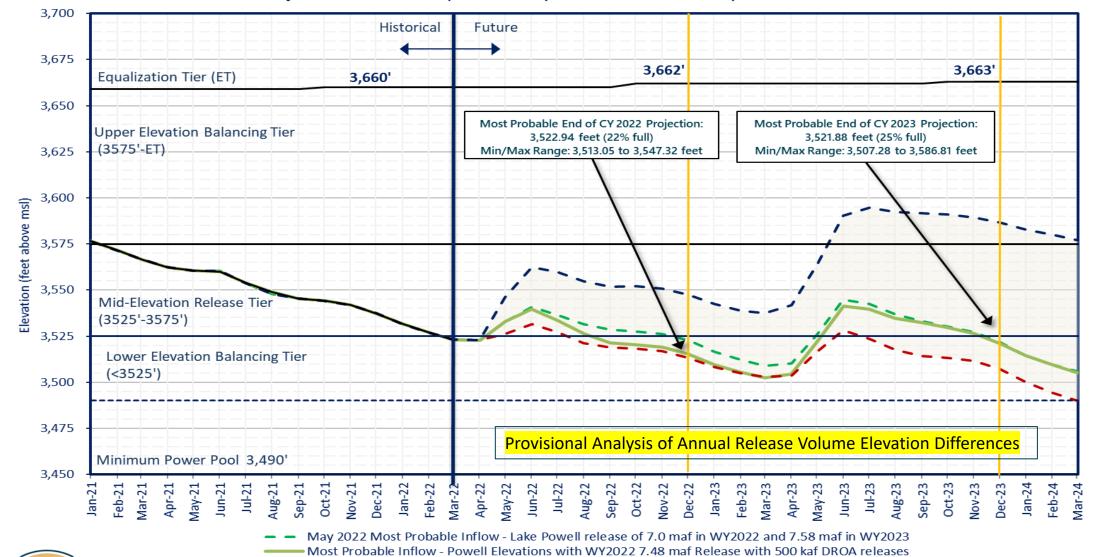


#### **Lake Powell End of Month Elevations** Projections from the April and May 2022 24-Month Study Inflow Scenarios 3,700 Historical Future 3,675 3,662 3,663' Equalization Tier (ET) Upper Elevation Balancing Tier 3,650 Most Probable End of CY 2023 Projection: Most Probable End of CY 2022 Projection: (3575'-ET) 3,521.88 feet (25% full) 3,522.94 feet (22% full) Min/Max Range: 3,507.28 to 3,586.81 feet Min/Max Range: 3,513.05 to 3,547.32 feet 3,625 3,600 Elevation (feet above msl) 3,575 Mid-Elevation Release Tier (3525'-3575') 3,550 3,525 Lower Elevation Balancing Tier (<3525')3,500 Minimum Power Pool 3,490 3,475 3,450 KORY SELJO GLY POLY DECY PRIZ ERIZ PRIZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ POŁYZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ POLYZ Decy Paur Fepry Warry Borry Warry Prury Phry **Historical Elevations** May 2022 Most Probable Inflow - Lake Powell release of 7.0 maf in WY2022 and 7.58 maf in WY2023 – BUREAU OF – May 2022 Minimum Probable Inflow - Lake Powell release of 7.0 maf in WY2022 and WY2023 **RECLAMATION** April 2022 Maximum Probable Inflow - Lake Powell release of 7.48 maf in WY2022 and WY2023 \*The Drought Response Operations Agreement (DROA) can be found here: https://www.usbr.gov/dcp/finaldocs.html



#### **Lake Powell End of Month Elevations**

Projections from the April and May 2022 24-Month Study Inflow Scenarios







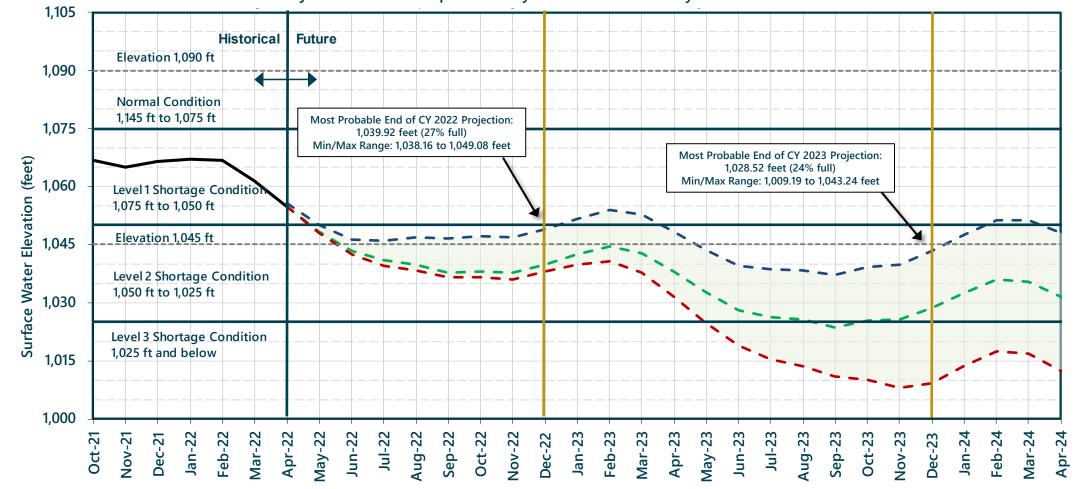
May 2022 Minimum Probable Inflow - Lake Powell release of 7.0 maf in WY2022 and WY2023

April 2022 Maximum Probable Inflow - Lake Powell release of 7.48 maf in WY2022 and WY2023 Historical Elevations

<sup>\*</sup>The Drought Response Operations Agreement (DROA) can be found here: https://www.usbr.gov/dcp/finaldocs.html

#### **Lake Mead End of Month Elevations**

Projections from the April and May 2022 24-Month Study Inflow Scenarios



- Historical Elevations
- → April 2022 Probable Maximum Inflow with a Lake Powell release of 7.48 maf in WY 2022 and WY 2023
- May 2022 DROA Most Probable Inflow with a Lake Powell release of 7.00 maf in WY 2022 and 7.58 maf in WY 2023
- ─ May 2022 DROA Probable Minimum Inflow with a Lake Powell release of 7.00 maf in WY 2022 and WY 2023

The Drought Response Operations Agreement (DROA) is available online at: https://www.usbr.gov/dcp/finaldocs.html.





#### **Upper Colorado Basin**

# **Hydropower Maintenance**



#### Glen Canyon Dam Power Plant Unit Outage Schedule for 2022

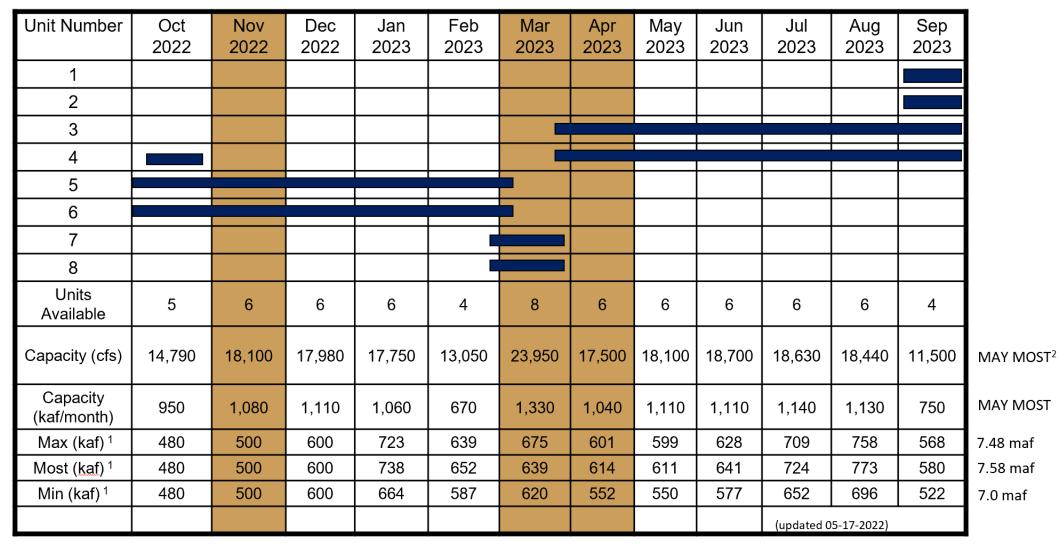
Unit Number	Oct 2021	Nov 2021	Dec 2021	Jan 2022	Feb 2022	Mar 2022	Apr 2022	May 2022	Jun 2022	Jul 2022	Aug 2022	Sep 2022	
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
Units Available	6	6	6	6	5	4	6	5	6	6	6	6	
Capacity (cfs)	18,700	18,600	11,700	18,700	14,800	11,300	17,900	14,900	18,570	18,440	18,270	18,170	MAY MOST <sup>2</sup>
Capacity (kaf/month)	1,150	1,110	1,110	1,160	810	980	1,000	1,050	1,090	1,130	1,120	1,080	MAY MOST
Max (kaf) 1	481	500	600	673	540	575	502	599	598	673	717	542	7.0 maf
Most ( <u>kaf</u> ) <sup>1</sup>	481	500	600	673	540	575	502	599	598	673	717	542	7.0 maf
Min (kaf) <sup>1</sup>	481	500	600	673	540	575	502	599	598	673	717	542	7.0 maf
										(updated 05-17-2022)			

<sup>1</sup> Projected release, based on May 2022 minimum and most and April 2022 maximum probable inflow projections and 24-Month Study model runs.



<sup>2</sup> Dependent upon availability to shift contingency reserves, which will increase capacity by 30-40MW (3%) at current efficiency.

#### Glen Canyon Dam Power Plant Unit Outage Schedule for 2023





<sup>2</sup> Dependent upon availability to shift contingency reserves, which will increase capacity by 30-40MW (3%) at current efficiency.



