

HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE OF BURIED WATER PIPE LINES

September 1994

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Reclamation
Technical Service Center
Research and Laboratory Services Division
Materials Engineering Branch

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by

Kurt F. von Fay Michael T. Peabody

Materials Engineering Branch Research and Laboratory Services Division Denver Office Denver, Colorado

September 1994

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INTRODUCTION

In 1990, Reclamation (Bureau of Reclamation) embarked on a program to determine the historical performance of buried water pipe lines. As a first step in that program, a questionnaire was developed and mailed to agencies and municipalities that used Reclamation-constructed water pipe lines, and to Reclamation regional and project offices for pipe lines still owned and/or operated by Reclamation.

In mid-1992, Reclamation joined forces with the AWWARF (American Water Works Association Research Foundation) to include members of the AWWA (American Water Works Association) in the survey. The original Reclamation questionnaire was modified and then mailed by AWWARF to selected AWWA utilities. Later, the AWWARF questionnaire was mailed to additional agencies not included in the first AWWARF mailing.

After a preliminary examination of the questionnaire information, a follow-up survey was conducted by phone to gather additional data. The information was needed to clarify some of the responses from the initial survey, as well as to obtain additional information to perform analysis of pipe failure rates incorporating pipe age information.

This report presents information about the questionnaires and results from examination of questionnaire responses to questions about pipe performance and failure rates. The appendix contains a glossary of pipe types included in this study.

CONCLUSIONS

Questionnaires were mailed to 839 water system managers, asking for information about types of pipes in their water systems, historical performance, and pipe type preferences, among other things. A total of 276 questionnaires were returned. Some of the returned questionnaires could not be used because some respondents omitted critical information or some returned the questionnaire without any responses.

Of the returned questionnaires, 162 were used to compile data on opinions of best performance by pipe type and size. Those same questionnaires were used as the basis of a follow-up phone survey.

The follow-up phone survey was conducted to gather additional information or clarification about length, age, and number of failures for all pipe lines in a system, whether or not the pipe line had experienced failures. That information was used to calculate failures per mile—year. The data were analyzed separately, grouped by AWWARF data and Reclamation data, as well as together for a combined analysis.

Failure was defined by the survey as requiring some type of action after installation to correct a pipe deficiency—namely repair, replacement, or both repair and replacement of the affected units. The term failure rate was therefore synonymous with repair/replacement rate.

The majority of information presented in the questionnaire responses pertained to pipe lines 48 inches or less in diameter, indicating that water managers are most familiar with those sizes. Also, availability of pipe types in different size ranges ultimately affects opinions about performance. For instance, AC (asbestos-cement) pipe is only available up to 42 inches in diameter, so it would not be selected as a good performer for pipe sizes larger than 48 inches.

For water transmission lines less than 24 inches in diameter, water system managers seem to prefer PVC (polyvinyl chloride) pipe, followed by AC and DI (ductile iron) pipe. The combined failure rates reported for these pipe types fell below the combined average failure rates for all pipe types.

For water transmission lines greater than 24 inches in diameter, opinions about best performing pipe type were mixed. Overall, a slight preference for PT (pretensioned concrete cylinder) pipe seemed apparent. AWWA members seemed to prefer DI pipe from 24 to 48 inches in diameter, and had no clear preference of pipe type for pipe larger than 48 inches. Again, the combined failure rates reported for these pipe types fell below the combined average failure rates for all pipe types.

For pipe types larger than 48 inches in diameter, RC (reinforced concrete pressure pipe) was the preferred option, even though it exhibited failure rates above the combined average. The availability of pipe sizes greater than 72 inches, however, is generally limited to pipe types ECP (embedded cylinder prestressed concrete), NCP (noncylinder prestressed concrete), FP (fiberglass) (no data), RC, RCCP, RPM (reinforced plastic mortar), and ST (steel). Of this group, only RCCP and ST pipe exhibited combined failure rates lower than the combined average failure rates. ST pipe, however, exceeded the combined average failure rate in two of the three cases considered. The Reclamation questionnaire did not separate RC and RCCP categories as did the AWWARF questionnaire. The Reclamation responses for RC pipe therefore could have included information for RC and RCCP in the RC category to a very limited degree (only 2 documented installations since 1964).

When Reclamation and AWWARF data were analyzed separately for failure rates, the Reclamation data showed that pipe types CI, ECP, NCP, PE (polyethylene), and RC exceeded the Reclamation average failure rates, whereas pipe types AC, DI, PT, PVC, and ST were below the Reclamation average failure rates. RPM pipe exceeded the Reclamation average failure rate in one of the three cases considered. Reclamation respondents reported no data for pipe types LCP (lined cylinder prestressed concrete) and FP. For the AWWARF data, pipe types CI and DI exceeded the AWWA average failure rate, whereas pipe types AC, ECP, LCP, PT, PVC, RC, RCCP, and ST fell below the AWWA average failure rate. AWWA respondents reported no data for pipe types FP, NCP, PE, and RPM.

The combined failure rate data indicated that pipe types CI, ECP (in 2 of 3 cases), NCP, PE, RC, RPM, and ST (in 2 of 3 cases) exceeded the combined average failure rates. Pipe types AC, DI, LCP, PT, PVC, and RCCP fell below the combined average failure rates. The cases considered included combined failure rate calculations for (1) all projected repairs to ECP and NCP, (2) major projected repairs to ECP and NCP, and (3) actual repairs to ECP and NCP. Projections for ECP and NCP repairs were based on extensive data collected by Reclamation specific to the Central Arizona Project, Hayden-Rhodes Aqueduct siphons.

For the most part, when examining pipe preference data with failure rates, water system managers indicated a preference for pipe types that had lower than average failure rates.

Readers should note that the lengths and number of pipe lines sampled for PE, RPM, and NCP pipe types were much lower than lengths and number of pipe lines sampled for the other pipe types included in the analysis. Also, no data were reported for pipe type FP, although RPM pipe is generally considered one type of FP.

RECLAMATION PIPE LINE QUESTIONNAIRE

Figure 1 shows the questionnaire mailed to Reclamation offices and users of Reclamation-constructed water delivery systems. Each questionnaire was mailed with an instruction sheet asking respondents to consider all buried lines 4 inches or larger in diameter and 2,000 feet or more in length. Some respondents provided information on water lines smaller in diameter or shorter in length than specified, but the data were still included if possible.

Questionnaire 1. Owner ______ Telephone No. (___) 2. What types (and corresponding sizes and quantities) of buried pipe do you have in your system? Pipe Type Stze Range Length Years (feet) Installed (inch-inch) Asbestos-cement (AC) Gray cast iron (CI) Ductile iron (DI) Embedded cylinder prestressed (ECP) Lined cylinder prestressed (LCP) Non-cylinder prestressed (NCP) Pretensioned concrete (PT) Polyvinylchloride (PVC) Polyethylene (PE) Reinforced concrete (RC) Reinforced plastic mortar (RPM) Steel(S) Others (identify)

Figure 1. - Reclamation questionnaire consisting of 12 questions regarding various types of manufactured water pipe.

3. Summarize pipe failures in the table below:

Pipe Leak Summary

COMPLETE ONLY FOR LINES ON WHICH LEAK/S MAVE BEEN EXPERIENCED.

Others (identify in accord with response for question 2)

| Pipeline name | Pipe ¹ type | Size (in) | Head or press | ure range (16/in ²) | Joint ² type/s | Service (yrs) | Leaks (No.) | Cause ³ | Action ⁴ Required |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 13763 | 1 | | <u> </u> | 1 37,475 | 12:57 | | | |
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Legend

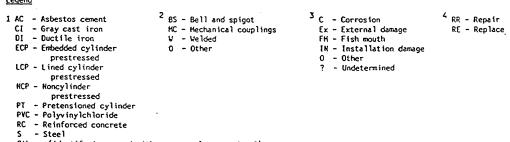


Figure 1. - Reclamation questionnaire consisting of 12 questions regarding various types of manufactured water pipe (continued).

| . Are copies of installation specifications available? | [] yes | [] no |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| . Are failure reports available? |] yes | On [] |
| . Are cost reports (to repair failures) available? | [] yes | on [] |
| . Do you have a computer database of your water system that contains data relevant to this survey? | [] yes | [] no |
| . If yes, can we get a copy? | 🛮 yes | [] no |
| 0. In your opinion, which type of pipe has provided | the most trouble | e free service? |
| 24- to 48-inch inside diameter | · | |
| 48- to 72-inch inside diameter | | |
| over 72-inch inside diameter | | |
| 1. May we publish this information? | yes | П по |
| Only with the following provisions: | * | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| | | |
| 12. Person to be contacted if additional information i | | |
| Name | Telephone | No. (_) |

Figure 1. - Reclamation questionnaire consisting of 12 questions regarding various types of manufactured water pipe (continued).

The questionnaires covered three main areas:

- 1. The first area concerned owner information and other ancillary data (questions 1, and 4 through 12).
- 2. The second area asked for information about the types and lengths of buried water pipes in the system (question 2).
- 3. The third area asked for data about pipe leaks and failures (question 3).

The questionnaire asked respondents to provide information on the 12 pipe types listed. Although space was provided for information on other types of pipe as well, the response was so limited that an attempt was not made to compile those data separately.

A follow-up survey was conducted by phone to obtain additional information needed for failure rate calculations. Only organizations that had properly responded to the initial questionnaire were contacted. Time constraints prevented contacting all respondents. Information on length, age, and number of failures for all pipe lines in a system (whether or not the pipe lines had experienced failures) was gathered.

AWWARF PIPE LINE QUESTIONNAIRE

Figure 2 shows the questionnaire mailed to AWWA members. The AWWA member names, addresses, and mailings were supplied by AWWARF. Although the AWWARF questionnaire was essentially the same as that mailed to Reclamation users, it was modified somewhat to account for the type of pipe and pipe designations with which AWWA members were familiar. In addition, the mailing included a glossary to clearly identify pipe types (see appendix).

Two mailings were performed by AWWARF: the first was from a list supplied by AWWARF, and the second was a follow-up mailing to water users from lists provided by AWWARF members. Each questionnaire was mailed with an instruction sheet asking the respondents to limit their responses to all water pipe lines that were 24 inches or larger in diameter and 1/2 mile or more in length. As with the Reclamation questionnaire, some respondents provided information on pipe lines that were smaller in diameter or shorter in length than requested; however, the information was included if possible.

The AWWARF questionnaire listed several more pipe types than the Reclamation questionnaire. In the AWWARF questionnaire, the steel pipe and ductile iron pipe classifications were divided into several subclassifications. When the compilation was performed, however, all responses in the subclassifications were lumped into their main classifications because the respondents seldom provided data for pipes in the subclassifications, and when they did, it was generally for a subclassification that was not listed.

As with the Reclamation questionnaire, a follow-up survey was conducted by phone to clarify information provided from the initial questionnaire (in limited cases) and to obtain additional information needed for failure rate calculations. Only organizations that had properly responded to the initial questionnaire were contacted. Time constraints prevented contacting all respondents. Information on length, age, and number of failures for all pipe lines (whether or not the pipe lines had experienced failures) was gathered.

| | Pipe Performance Survey | | |
|----|-------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 1. | Owner | Telephone No. (| <u>) </u> |
| | Address | | |
| | | | |

| 2. 3 | Summarize | pipe | int | ormati | on it | n the | table | below. |
|------|-----------|------|-----|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
|------|-----------|------|-----|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|

| Pipe Type* | Size Range (inch-inch) | Length (feet) | Year(s) | Yenr(s) In Service | Design Standard/Year | Anticipated Life | Cost p | er Mile |
|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| AC (AWWA C402) | (incu-iden) | (icct) | Algumed | Detvice | o dunum di Tan | SISTER DITER | instantingen; | ., waintenance |
| RC (AWWA C302) | | | | | | | | |
| RCCP (AWWA C300) | | | | | | <u> </u> | | |
| PT (AWWA C303) | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| NCP (No Standard) | | | | | | | | |
| LCP (AWWA C301) | | | | | | | | |
| ECP (AWWA C301) | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| RPM (AWWA C950) | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| FP (AWWA C950) | | | | | | | | |
| PVC (AWWA C903) | | | | | | | | |
| PE (AWWA C906) | | | | | | · | | |
| St (AWWA C-200) | | | | | | | ļ | |
| St w/C-203 Coating | | | | | | | | |
| St w/C-205 Conting | | | | | | | | |
| St wC-210 Conting | | | | | | | | |
| St w/C-213 Coating | | | | **** | | | | |
| St w/C-214 Coating | | | | | | | | |
| St w/C-215 Coating | | | | | | | | |
| St w/Other Coating-ID | | | | | | | | |
| DI (AWWA C130) | | | | | | | | |
| DI w/C105 Coating | | | | | | | | |
| DI w/ no coating | | | | | | | | |
| Dl w/ Other Coating-ID | | | | | | | | ······································ |
| DI W Cilici Coming 12 | | | | | | | | |
| Other Pipe (List) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

Figure 2. - AWWARF questionnaire consisting of 10 questions regarding various types of manufactured water pipe.

^{*}See the glossary for an explanation of pipe types,

**Enter total amount of maintenance and repair expenses per mile.

3. Summarize pipe failures in the table below.

| Pipellne Name | Pipe Type ⁱ | Size | Pressure¹ (lb/ln²) | Joint | Years in | Number of | Caŭŝe' | Action Required |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|
| | Type. | . (inch) | (Ib/(n²)) | ****Type- | Service | Fallures | 3269 33870 | Required |
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Identify in accord with previous table.
 I ft head (water) = .433 lb/in² MC - Mechanical couplings

W - Welded

O - Other (identify)

Ex - External damage

FM - Fish mouth

IN - Installation damage

O - Other (identify)
? - Undetermined

⁵RR - Repair RE - Replace

RRE - Repair and Replace

Figure 2. - AWWARF questionnaire consisting of 10 questions regarding various types of manufactured water pipe (continued).

Corrosion

| Are copies of installation specifications available | e? 🛮 yes | [] no |
|--|----------------|---------------|
| Are leak reports available? | yes | 🛘 no |
| Are cost reports (to repair leaks) available? | yes [| 🛘 no |
| For each of the following size ranges, indicate whe most trouble free service? | ich type of pi | pe has provid |
| less than 12-inch inside diameter | | |
| 12- to 24-inch inside diameter | | |
| 25- to 48-inch inside diameter | | |
| over 48-inch inside diameter | | |
| . May we publish this information? [] yes. | O no | |
| Only with the following provisions: | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | , | |
| Person to be contacted if additional information | is destired: | |

Figure 2. - AWWARF questionnaire consisting of 10 questions regarding various types of manufactured water pipe (continued).

COMPILATION OF QUESTIONNAIRE RESPONSES

Data compilation was performed on the questionnaire responses. Table 1 shows a total of 462 questionnaires were mailed to Reclamation water users, and 377 questionnaires were mailed to AWWA members. Of those, 162 Reclamation questionnaires and 114 AWWA questionnaires were returned. Ninety-seven Reclamation questionnaires and 65 AWWA questionnaires contained sufficient information to be included in the analysis. Those questionnaires also served as the basis for the follow-up phone surveys.

Table 1. - Questionnaire totals.

| | Re | clamation | AWWA |
|----------------------------|----|-----------|------|
| Questionnaires Mailed | | 462 | 377 |
| Questionnaires Returned | Þ | 162 | 114 |
| Questionnaires Used | | 97 | 65 |

As noted, not all of the returned questionnaires were used, primarily because critical information was omitted. For instance, some respondents supplied data about lengths of various pipe types in their system, but did not indicate whether or not leaks or failures had occurred associated with any pipe types. Also, some respondents sent ample data about their water pipe systems that were not in the indicated format and/or not classified by the pipe types shown in the questionnaire. Some questionnaires were returned with no information.

For the failure rate calculations, involving information gathered by phone, data from 36 Reclamation and 29 AWWA responses were used in the calculations. Those responses were selected because they contained the information needed for the calculations.

Tables 2 and 3 show questionnaire responses to the question asking water system managers their opinion of which pipe type for the indicated size ranges performed the best. Numbers in the table show the total number of times a particular pipe type was chosen as the best performer. Some respondents indicated which size they thought performed the best; they did not consider pipe type, so their responses were not included. For this part of the analysis, 97 Reclamation and 65 AWWA responses were used.

The results of queried opinions showed that for pipes less than 24 inches in diameter, Reclamation respondents preferred PVC pipe, followed by AC and DI pipe.

For pipe sizes above 24 inches in diameter, opinions about best performing pipe type were mixed for both Reclamation and AWWA respondents. The AWWA members seem to prefer DI pipe from 24 to 48 inches in diameter, and had no clear preference of pipe type for pipe larger than 48 inches in diameter. Reclamation water system managers seem to prefer PT pipe from 25 to 48 inches in diameter and RC pipe for sizes greater than 48 inches.

Table 2. - Opinion of pipe performance (Reclamation).

| Pipe Type | less than 12 inch | 12 to 24 inch | 25 to 48 inch | over 48 inch |
|---------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| | | | | OVCI 40 IIICII |
| \mathbf{AC} | 9 | 11 | 3 | |
| \mathbf{CI} | • | | | |
| DI | 4 | 5 | | |
| ECP | | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| LCP | | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| NCP | | | | |
| PE | 1 | | | |
| PT | 1 | 1 | 8 | 2 |
| PVC | 27 | 21 | 3 | |
| RC | | 2 | | 8 |
| RPM | | | 1 | |
| ST | | 3 | 5 | 4 |

Table 3. - Opinion of pipe performance (AWWA).

| Pipe Type | 24 to 48 inch | 49 to 72 inch | over 72 inch |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| AC | | | |
| CI | 2 | | |
| DI | 9 | | |
| ECP | | 2 | 1 |
| FP | | | |
| LCP | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| NCP | | | |
| PE | | | |
| PT | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| PVC | | | |
| RC | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| RCCP | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| RPM | | | |
| ST | 2 | 1 | |

As shown in tables 4, 5, and 7, the survey sample size is greatest for pipe lines less than 48 inches in diameter, indicating that many water managers oversee lines smaller than that. As with the AWWA respondents, Reclamation water managers appear to have more experience with pipe lines less than 48 inches in diameter.

Table 4. - Number of pipe lines by pipe type and size in the survey (Reclamation).

| Pipe Type | less than 12 inch | 12 to 24 inch | 25 to 48 inch | 49 to 72 inch | over 72 inch |
|---------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| AC | 9 | 7 | " | | |
| \mathbf{CI} | 4 | | | | |
| DI | | 1 | | | |
| ECP | | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| LCP* | | | | | |
| NCP | | 2 | | , | 4 |
| PE | 1 | | | | |
| PT | | 1 | 9 | 1 | |
| PVC | 10 | 8 | | | |
| RC | | 5 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| RPM | | 1 | 2 | | |
| ST | 1 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 1 |

^{*}No data reported for this pipe type.

Table 5. - Number of pipe lines by pipe type and size in the survey (AWWA).

| Pipe Type | 24 to 48 inch | 49 to 72 inch | over 72 inch |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| AC | 1 | | |
| CI | 20 | | |
| DI | 46 | | |
| ECP | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| FP* | | | |
| LCP | 52 | 2 | |
| NCP* | | | |
| PE* | | | |
| PT | 16 | 4 | 3 |
| PVC | 1 | | |
| RC | 5 | 1 | |
| RCCP | 11 | | 1 |
| RPM* | | | |
| ST | 25 | 7 | |

^{*}No data reported for this pipe type.

Table 6. - Availability of pipe by pipe size and head.

| | Availability by Size | Head |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Pipe Type | (inches) | (feet) |
| \mathbf{AC} | 4 to 42 | 25 to 800 |
| \mathbf{CI} | 3 to 54 | |
| DI | 3 to 59 | up to 1000 |
| ECP | 24 and up | 25 and up |
| FP | 8 to 144 | 25 to 550 |
| LCP | 16 to 48 and larger | 25 to 500 |
| NCP | up to 252 | |
| PE | 4 to 63 | 95 to 575 |
| PT | 10 to 72 and larger | 25 to 700 |
| PVC | 4 to 48 | 25 to 700 |
| RC | 12 to 144 and larger | 25 to 150 |
| RCCP | 24 to 144 and larger | 25 to 600 |
| RPM | 8 to 144 and larger | up to 500 |
| ST | 1/2 to 252 and larger | 25 to 1300 and higher |

Table 7 data show that 85 percent of the respondents managed pipe lines less than 48 inches in diameter; 9 percent managed pipe lines 49 to 72 inches in diameter; and the remaining 6 percent managed pipe lines greater than 72 inches in diameter. The table also presents sample size information, both by pipe line sample numbers and pipe line lengths, categorized by pipe type. The number of pipe lines providing information for pipe types PE, NCP, and RPM was less than 10; all the information on PE pipe came from one pipe line. Also, these three pipe types were represented by only one percent of the total length of all pipe types. Furthermore, table 7 shows that pipe types LCP, ST, DI, and PT contain information from the largest number of pipe lines, and pipe types LCP, ST, AC, PT, and RC make up the majority of pipe line lengths.

The availability of different pipe types in the various sizes is shown in table 6. Availability of pipe types affect choices for use, ultimately affecting opinions about which type of pipe perform best. Head class and cover are also important design parameters that affect pipe selection, particularly when large diameter pipe is involved.

Tables 8 and 9 show pipe type by total length, percent of total length of each pipe type versus total length of all pipe lines, total number of failures, and number of failures per mile—year. Figures 3 and 4 are graphical representations of the failure rates shown in tables 8 and 9.

Failure was indicated as requiring some type of action after installation to correct a pipe deficiency – namely repair, replacement, or both repair and replacement of the affected units. Indicated causes of failure included corrosion, external damage, fish mouth, installation damage, other, and/or undetermined. The term failure rate is therefore synonymous with repair/replacement rate.

Table 7. - Total number and length of pipe lines by pipe type and size in the survey.

| Pipe | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | mber of Pip | | u size in the surve | | ine Lengths |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Type | 48 inches or less | 49 to 72 inches | over 72 inches | Combined Total | % of Com- bined Total | Combined Total (ft.) | % of Combined Total |
| AC | 17 | | | 17 | 5 | 1,086,858 | 13 |
| CI | 24 | | | 24 | 8 | 306,400 | 4 |
| DI | 47 | | | 47 | 15 | 683,711 | 8 |
| ECP | 9 | 8 | 7 | 24 | 8 | 329,792 | 4 |
| FP* | | | | | | | |
| LCP | 52 | 2 | | 54 | 17 | 1,481,124 | 18 |
| NCP | 2 | | 4 | 6 | 2 | 80,637 | 1 |
| PE | 1 | | : | 1 | .3 | 125,000 | 1 |
| PT | 26 | 5 | 3 | 34 | 11 | 987,153 | 12 |
| PVC | 19 | | | 19 | 6 | 670,496 | 8 |
| RC | 15 | 3 | 3 | 21 | 7 | 856,005 | 10 |
| RCCP | 11 | | 1 | 12 | 4 | 190,407 | 2 |
| RPM | 3 | | | 3 | 1, | 77,767 | 1 |
| ST | 39 | 9 | 1 | 49 | 16 | 1,500,218 | 18 |
| Total | 265 | 27 | 19 | 311 | 100 | 8,375,568 | 100 |
| % of Total | 85 | 9 | 6 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

 $^{^*}$ No data reported for this pipe type.

Table 8. - Pipe performance (Reclamation).

| | T .1 | Percent | | Failures per Mile |
|----------------|---------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Pipe | Length, | of Total | | Year (x10 ⁻²) |
| Type | ft | Length | Failures | |
| AC | 1,074,858 | 29 | 170 | 2.64 |
| \mathbf{CI} | 64,829 | 2 | 57 | 15.10 |
| \mathbf{DI} | 15,794 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| \mathbf{ECP} | 96,735 | 3 | $22^{**}/50^{\dagger}/148^{\ddagger}$ | $8.48^{**}/19.30^{\dagger}/57.0^{\ddagger}$ |
| LCP^* | | | | |
| NCP | 80,637 | 2 | $70^{**}/112^{\dagger}/489$ | $21.2^{**}/33.90^{\dagger}/148^{\ddagger}$ |
| \mathbf{PE} | 125,000 | 3 | # | 15.80 |
| PT | 311,190 | 8 | 75 | 1.75 |
| PVC | 662,163 | 18 | 20 | 2.14 |
| RC | 554,425 | 15 | 41 | 10.90 |
| RPM | 77,767 | 2 | 287 | 5.82 |
| ST | 626,844 | 17 | 8 | 5.45 |
| | | | 277 | |

Average Failure Rate: $5.46^{**}/5.83^{\dagger}/8.36^{\ddagger}$

* No data reported for this pipe type.

** Includes actual repairs to excavated pipe units only

[‡] Includes all projected repairs.

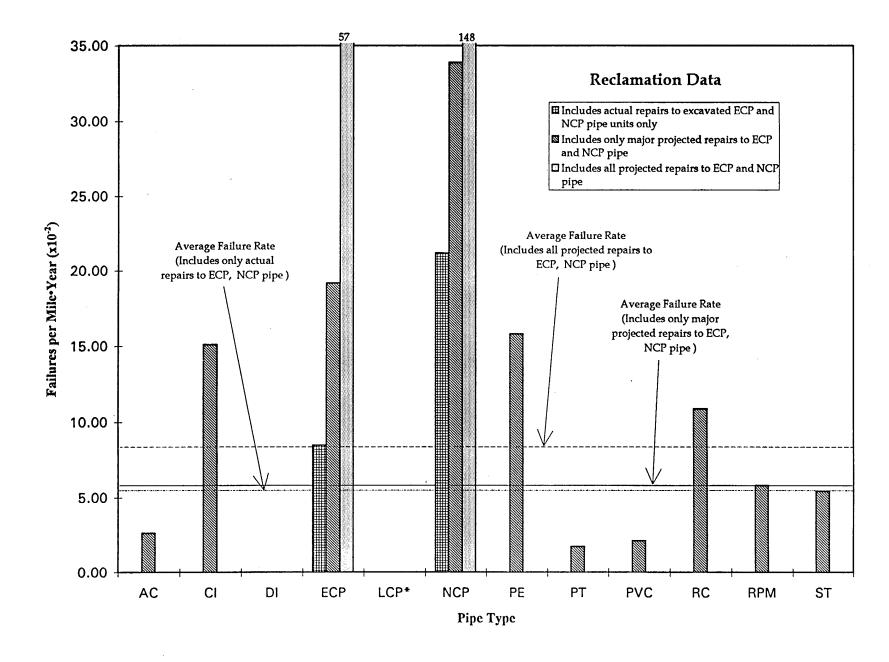
Table 9. - Pipe performance (AWWA).

| | | Donoont | | Foilunes non |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| ъ. | | Percent | | Failures per |
| Pipe | Length, | of Total | | Mile Year |
| Туре | ft | Length | Failures | $(x10^{-2})$ |
| AC | 12,000 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| \mathbf{CI} | 241,571 | 5 | 126 | 4.69 |
| \mathbf{DI} | 667,917 | 14 | 23 | 1.79 |
| ECP | 233,057 | 5 | 5 | 0.65 |
| \mathbf{FP}^* | | | | |
| LCP | 1,481,124 | 32 | 21 | 0.30 |
| NCP* | | | • | |
| PE* | | | | |
| PT | 675,963 | 14 | 11 | 0.43 |
| PVC | 8,333 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 |
| RC | 301,580 | 6 | 2 | 0.01 |
| RCCP | 190,407 | 4 | 0 | 0.00 |
| RPM* | , | | | |
| ST | 873,374 | 19 | 24 | 0.64 |
| Averag | a Failura R | ato: 97 | | |

Average Failure Rate: <u>.97</u>

[†] Includes only projected repairs of complete prestressing replacement for part or all of a pipe unit.

^{*}No data reported for this pipe type.



*No data reported for this pipe type

Figure 3. - Failure rate by pipe type.

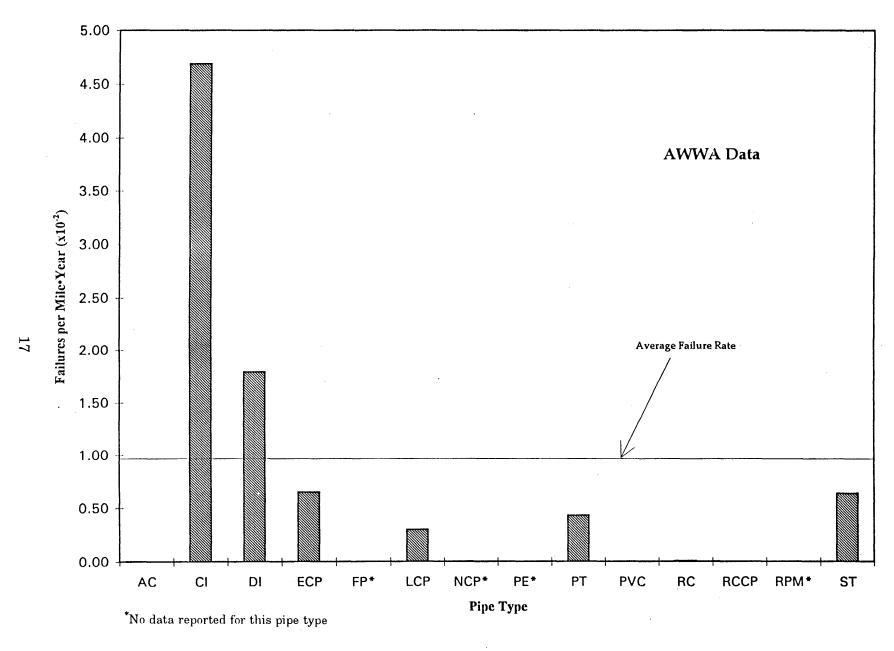


Figure 4. - Failure rate by pipe type.

Failure rates were calculated using a weighted average age of pipe to account for pipe lines that were older and therefore likely to have experienced more failures. Age for a pipe line was weighted by feet of pipe for a given pipe type within a size range. The number of failures was then divided by the weighted average age and length of the pipe line to yield failures per mile—year. Data used for the calculations is in appendix B.

Failure is difficult to quantify on a per pipe unit basis when repair or replacement of an entire pipe line is required. For the Reclamation survey, the ECP and NCP pipe categories include projections of severe distress for six 252-inch-diameter CAP (Central Arizona Project) siphons. In other words, based on the findings from representative excavations, 161 pipe units out of 1562 total units were projected to be so severely distressed that complete prestressing replacement was required for all or a portion of a pipe unit. Twenty-three of the 223 excavated units were found in this condition.

If all the repairs to the excavated units are considered, as suggested by the survey concept of failure, it is projected that 636 pipe units would require some type of repair. In fact, 91 units of the 223 excavated units required some type of repair. Combined average failure rates for all pipe types were therefore calculated using (1) all projected repairs to ECP and NCP, (2) major projected repairs to ECP and NCP, and (3) actual repairs to ECP and NCP.

Although the projected repairs are specific to the 252-inch-diameter ECP and NCP Central Arizona Project pipe, it should be noted that the Reclamation figures in the tables are conservative because the Jordan Aqueduct Reach 3 (66-inch diameter) failure is treated as a single failure, even though the entire 2.3 miles of the pipe line were lined with steel.

Survey data show that for Reclamation water systems, NCP, ECP, CI, PE, and RC pipe had failure rates above the Reclamation average failure rates. RPM pipe exceeded the Reclamation average failure rate in one of the three cases considered. Survey data from the AWWA members showed that CI had the highest failure rate, and both CI and DI failure rates were above the AWWA average.

Tables 10, 11, 12, and 13 present the failure data shown in tables 8 and 9 by pipe type and size of pipe. Table 14 shows the combined failure rates for both Reclamation and AWWA data. Figure 5 is a graphical representation of the data in table 14.

The combined failure rate data (table 14) shows that the failure rates for pipe types CI, ECP (in 2 of 3 cases), NCP, PE, RC, RPM, and ST (in 2 of 3 cases) exceeded the combined average failure rate. Failure rates for pipe types AC, DI, LCP, PT, PVC, and RCCP fell below the combined average failure rates. It should be emphasized that these results were based on a relatively small sample size for pipe types PE, RPM, and NCP. No data were provided on FP pipe, although RPM pipe is generally considered one type of FP.

It is interesting to note that Reclamation water users preferred (table 2) PVC, AC, and DI for pipe sizes less than 24 inches; PT for pipe sizes ranging from 24 to 48 inches; and RC for sizes greater than 48 inches. With the exception of RC pipe, these pipe types exhibited lower than average failure rates (tables 8, 10, and 11). The availability of pipe sizes greater than 72 inches is generally limited to pipe types ECP, NCP, FP (no data), RC, RCCP, RPM, and ST. Of this group, only RCCP and ST pipe exhibited a combined failure rate lower than the combined average failure rate. ST pipe, however, exceeded the combined average failure rate in two of the three cases considered. Also, the Reclamation questionnaire did not separate

RC and RCCP categories as did the AWWARF questionnaire. The Reclamation responses for RC pipe therefore included information for RC and RCCP in the RC category to a very limited degree (only 2 documented installations since 1964).

Table 10. - Failures by size (Reclamation).

| Pipe Type | less than 12 inch | 12 to 24 inch | 25 to 48 inch | 49 to 72 inch | over 72 inch |
|--------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|--|
| AĊ | 98 | 72 | | | |
| CI | 57 | | | | |
| DI | | 0 | | | |
| ECP | | 0 | 0 | . 1 | $21^{**}/49^{\dagger}/147^{\ddagger}$ |
| LCP* | | | | | |
| NCP | | 0 | 0 | | $70^{**}/112^{\dagger}/489^{\ddagger}$ |
| PE | 75 | | | | |
| PT | | 3 | 16 | 1 | |
| PVC | 39 | 2 | | | |
| RC | • | 207 | 24 | 55 | 1 |
| RPM | | 2 | 6 | | |
| ST | 2 | 252 | 15 | 8 | 0 |

^{*} No data reported for this pipe type

* Includes actual repairs to excavated units only.

[‡] Includes all projected repairs.

Table 11. - Failure rate by size (Reclamation, failures per mile-year [x10⁻²]).

| Pipe | less than | 12 to 24 | | 49 to 72 | por mire your (in 20)). |
|---------------|-----------|----------|-------|----------|--|
| Туре | 12 inch | inch | inch | inch | over 72 inch |
| AC | 2.35 | 3.18 | | | |
| \mathbf{CI} | 15.10 | | | | |
| DI | | 0.00 | | | |
| ECP | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.10 | $26.6^{**}/62.00^{\dagger}/186.0^{\ddagger}$ |
| LCP* | | | | | |
| NCP | | 0.00 | 0.00 | | $161^{**}/258.0^{\dagger}/1,130^{\ddagger}$ |
| PE | 15.80 | | | | |
| PT | | 2.98 | 1.69 | 1.04 | |
| PVC | 2.21 | 1.32 | | • | |
| RC | | 16.40 | 1.91 | 92.9 | 1.89 |
| RPM | | 2.19 | 12.90 | | |
| ST | 4.62 | 5.23 | 7.38 | 4.10 | 0.00 |

Average Failure Rate: $5.46^{**}/5.83^{\dagger}/8.36^{\ddagger}$

[†] Includes only projected repairs of complete prestressing replacement for part or all of a pipe unit.

^{*} No data reported for this pipe type

^{*} Includes actual repairs to excavated units only

[†] Includes only projected repairs of complete prestressing replacement for part or all of a pipe unit.

[‡] Includes all projected repairs.

Table 12. - Failures by size (AWWA).

| Pipe Type | 24 to 48 inch | 49 to 72 inch | over 72 inch |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| AC | 0 | | |
| CI | 126 | | |
| DI | 23 | | |
| ECP | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| FP* | | | |
| LCP | 19 | 2 | |
| NCP^* | | | |
| PE* | | | |
| PT | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| PVC | 0 | | |
| RC | 2 | 0 | |
| RCCP | 0 | | 0 |
| RPM | | | |
| ST | 22 | 2 | |

^{*}No data reported for this pipe type

Table 13. - Failure rate by size (AWWA, failures per mileyear $[x10^{-2}]$).

| Pipe Type | 24 to 48 inch | 49 to 72 inch | over 72 inch | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| AC | 0.00 | | | |
| CI | 4.69 | | | |
| DI | 1.79 | | | |
| ECP | 0.26 | 1.37 | 0.00 | |
| \mathbf{FP}^* | | | | |
| LCP | 0.28 | 2.78 | | |
| NCP* | | | | |
| PE* | | | | |
| PT | 0.85 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| PVC | 0.00 | | | |
| RC | 0.28 | | | |
| RCCP | 0.00 | | 0.00 | |
| RPM | | | | |
| ST | 0.61 | 1.23 | | |
| Average Failure Rate: <u>.97</u> | | | | |

^{*}No data reported for this pipe type

Table 14. - Combined failure rate (AWWA and Reclamation, failures per mile-year [x10⁻²]) by pipe type.

| Pipe Type | Failure Rate |
|----------------------------------|--|
| AC | 2.63 |
| CI | 5.97 |
| DI | 1.75 |
| ECP | $2.63^{**}/5.32^{\dagger}/14.9^{\ddagger}$ |
| FP* | |
| LCP | 0.30 |
| NCP | $21.2^{**}/33.9^{\dagger}/148^{\ddagger}$ |
| PE | 15.8 |
| PT | 0.84 |
| PVC | 2.14 |
| RC | 5.30 |
| RCCP | 0.00 |
| RPM | 5.82 |
| ST | 3.40 |
| Combined Average Failure Rate | $3.05^{**}/3.22^{\dagger}/4.40^{\ddagger}$ |

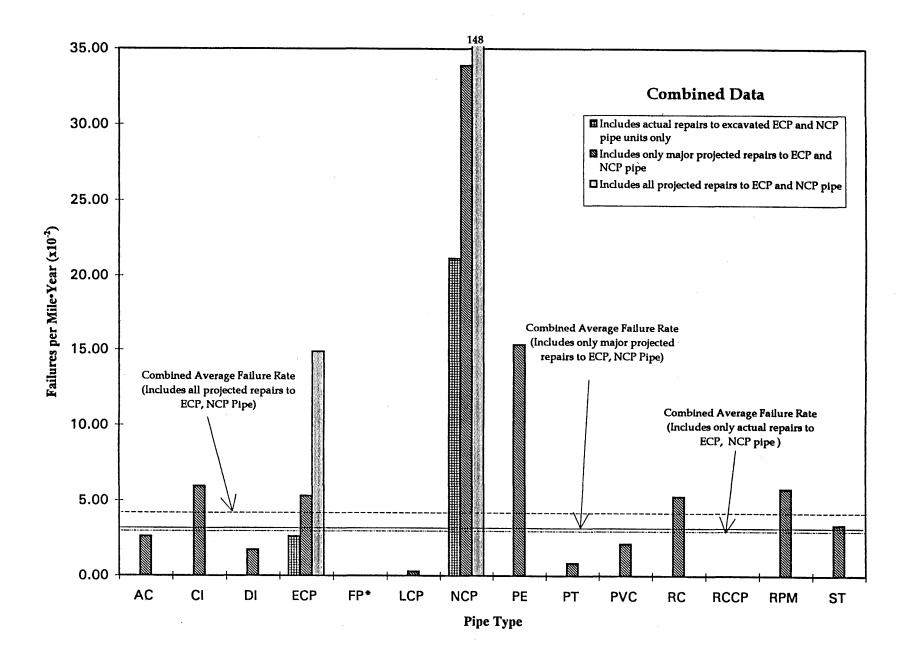
[‡] Includes all projected repairs.

AWWA member respondents showed a preference for DI pipe (table 3). Although its failure rate was higher than the AWWA average failure rate, the combined DI pipe failure rates were lower than the combined average failure rate (tables 9, 12, 13, and 14).

^{**} No data reported for this pipe type

*** Includes repairs to excavated pipe units only

† Includes only projected repairs of complete prestressing replacement for part or all of a pipe unit.



*No data reported for this pipe type

Figure 5. - Combined failure rate by pipe type.

APPENDIX A GLOSSARY FOR PIPE TYPES

- AC Asbestos-cement. This type of rigid transmission pipe consists of a mixture of portland cement and asbestos fibers.
- DI Ductile Iron Pipe. This type of pipe, which has considerable rigidity in the small diameters but is flexible in the larger diameters, is manufactured by introducing a charge of molten iron in a rapidly spinning mold. The centrifugal force caused by the spinning process forms the molten iron into a cylinder of uniform thickness that is determined by the volume of the molten charge. After cooling and annealing, a thin cement-mortar lining is applied to the inside of the pipe.
- ECP Embedded Cylinder Prestressed Concrete Pipe. This type of rigid pipe consists of a welded steel cylinder with steel joint rings attached to each end and embedded in a concrete core. The high-tensile wire reinforcement is helically wound under measured tension in one or more layers around the outside of the concrete core containing the cylinder. The high-tensile wire is protected by a cement mortar placed by an impact method.
- FP Fiberglass Pipe (Reinforced Thermosetting Resin Pipe). This type of flexible pipe is composed of continuous fiberglass filaments in a polyester resin matrix. The glass strands are wound on a rotating mandrel in a helical fashion until the required wall thickness is obtained. The helical angle, which varies among manufacturers, provides longitudinal as well as circumferential strength.
- LCP Lined Cylinder Prestressed Concrete Pipe. This type of pipe consists of a welded steel cylinder with steel joint rings attached to each end. Then, the cylinder is centrifugally lined with dense concrete to constitute the core. The high-tensile wire is helically wound under controlled tension directly on the steel cylinder. The wrapped core is then covered by a cement mortar coating applied by a mechanical impact method.
- NCP Noncylinder Prestressed Concrete Pipe. This type of pipe consists of a concrete core which may include embedded prestressed longitudinal reinforcement. The high-tensile wire reinforcement is helically wound under controlled tension around the outside of the concrete core. The high-tensile wire is protected by a cement mortar coating applied by impact.
- PE Polyethylene. This type of pipe is made from materials having standard PE code designations.
- PT Pretensioned Concrete Cylinder Pipe. This type of flexible pipe is a composite design; the basic element of the pipe is a welded steel cylinder with steel joint rings welded to its ends. The cylinder is lined with centrifugally placed cement mortar or concrete. Then, continuous reinforcing rod is helically wound, under controlled tension, around the lined cylinder, and a mortar coating is placed by means of high-velocity impaction. In Saudi Arabia, this type of pipe is called Concrete Cylinder Pipe.
- PVC Polyvinyl Chloride Pipe. PVC plastic is a thermo-plastic that can be repeatedly softened to a plastic state by the application of heat and hardened to a solid state by cooling. This type of flexible pipe is manufactured by extruding the heated, molten plastic through a forming die to obtain a cylindrical shape of the proper diameter and wall thickness. The pipe is immediately cooled and then is cut to the proper length.

- RC Reinforced Concrete Pressure Pipe. This type of rigid pipe is commonly called "bar" pipe and consists of reinforcing cages placed in the concrete shell to resist bursting pressures and external earth loads.
- RCCP Reinforced Concrete Cylinder Pressure Pipe. This type of rigid pipe was developed to handle higher internal heads than reinforced concrete pressure pipe. This pipe consists of a steel cylinder welded to end rings and surrounded by reinforcing cages embedded in a concrete shell.
- RPM Reinforced Plastic Mortar Pipe (Fiberglass Pipe). This type of flexible pipe is manufactured of polyester plastic resin reinforced with continuous fiberglass filaments. Sand is incorporated into the pipe wall at various stages of manufacture as an inexpensive filler material to build up the pipe wall to its required thickness. The continuous fiberglass strands are wound on a rotating mandrel in a circumferential fashion and separate longitudinally oriented fibers are added to provide the necessary longitudinal strength.
- ST Steel Pipe. Flexible steel pipe can be manufactured in practically any size and for any pressure rating. The pipe is manufactured by rolling sheet steel (either flat plate or continuous roll) into a cylindrical shape and welding the edges of the sheet together. The inside of the pipe can be lined with cement mortar, coal-tar epoxy, or fusion epoxy. The outside of the pipe is coated with either cement-mortar or coal-tar enamel. Polyethylene tape coating systems are also allowed for steel pipe.

APPENDIX B SURVEY FAILURE RATE DATA

Bureau of Reclamation Survey Failure Rate Data

| | | | ation Surve | , | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | Size | | | | , ,, ,, | F '' |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | _ | Length X | Failures per |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| AC | less than 12 | 12 | 0 | 8,000 | 96,000 | |
| AC | less than 12 | 30 | 0 | 4,400 | | |
| AC AC | less than 12 less than 12 | 35 35 | 30 30 | 200,000 200,000 | | |
| AC AC | less than 12 | 35 | 30 | 200,000 | | |
| AC | less than 12 | 30 | 6 | 19,645 | | |
| AC | less than 12 | 12 | o | 3,700 | | |
| AC | less than 12 | 30 | 0 | 1,100 | | |
| AC | less than 12 | 25 | 2 | 3,320 | | |
| AC | less than 12 | Total | 98 | 640,165 | 21,977,750 | |
| AC | less than 12 | Average Age | and Failure Ra | ite | 34 | 2.35E-02 |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 34 | 50 | 285,120 | 9,694,080 | i |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 20 | 0 | 2,400 | 48,000 | |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 24 | 2 | 49,530 | 1,188,720 | |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 12 | 18 | 68,940 | 827,280 | |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 2 | 1 | 6,403 | 12,806 | |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 16 | 0 | 2,600 | 41,600 | |
| AC | 12 to 24 | 8 | 1 | 19,700 | | |
| AC | 12 to 24 Tota | | 72 | 434,693 | 11,970,086 | |
| AC | 12 to 24 Ave | rage Age and | 1 | | 28 | 3.18E-02 |
| AC Total | | | 170 | 1,074,858 | 33,947,836 | |
| AC Average A | ge and Failu | re Rate | | | 32 | 2.64E-02 |
| CI | less than 12 | 29 | 0 | 50,481 | 1,463,949 | ł |
| CI | less than 12 | 45 | 17 | 4,800 | 216,000 | |
| CI | less than 12 | 35 | 40 | 5,180 | 181,300 | |
| CI | less than 12 | 30 | 0 | 4,368 | 131,040 | i |
| CI Total | | | 57 | 64,829 | 1,992,289 | l |
| CI Average A | ge and Failur | e Rate | | | 31 | 1.51E-01 |
| DI | 12 to 24 | 11 | 0 | 15,794 | 173,734 | |
| DI Total | | | 0 | 15 <i>,</i> 794 | 173,734 | |
| DI Average A | ge and Failu | re Rate | | | 11 | 0.00E+00 |
| Note: ECP and | NCP values i | nclude projected | repairs of prest | ressing for part | or all of a pipe | unit. See |
| end of table for o | ther cases | | | | | |
| ECP | 12 to 24 | 30 | ol | 29,540 | 886,200 | ľ |
| | 12 to 24 Tota | | o | 29,540 | | ļ |
| ECP | | rage Age and | = | 25,010 | 30 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | 25 to 48 | 3 | n and a contract | 382 | | 0.002.00 |
| ECP | 25 to 48 Tota | | 0 | 382 | 1,146 | |
| ECP | | rage Age and | | 302 | 3 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | age Age and | ranute Rate | 3 <i>,</i> 775 | 11,325 | 0.002.00 |
| ECP ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 0 | 5,808 | | · |
| ECP | 49 to 72 49 to 72 | 3 | ١ | 528 | 1,584 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 49 to 72 | 3 | 1 | 11,616 | | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 Tota | _ | 1 | 21,727 | 65,181 | |
| ECP | | rage Age and | - | 21,725 | 3 | 8.10E-02 |
| | over 72 | | ranure Kate | 22 176 | 110,880 | 0.1012-02 |
| ECP ECP | over 72 over 72 | 5 14 | 0 | 22,176 8,588 | 120,232 | |
| ECP | over 72 | 13 | 42 | 8,998 | | |
| ECP ECP | over 72 | 13 | 7 | 5,324 | 69,212 | |
| ECP | over 72 Tota | | 49 | 45,086 | 417,298 | l |
| | | | | 43,000 | 70ء ر 11 2 0 | 6.20E-01 |
| ECP Total | over / Z AVe | rage Age and l | | ov me | 1 240 925 | 0.206-01 |
| ECP Total | | D.4 | 50 | <i>96,7</i> 35 | 1,369,825 | 1 00E 01 |
| ECP Average | age and rail | ure Kate | | | 14 | 1.93E-01 |

| Pipe Type Cin Service Failures Length (K) Age Mile*Year NCP 12 to 24 | | Size | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|------------------|--------------|
| Pripe Type (in) Service Failures Length (ft) Age Mile*Year | | | Voqea in | Mumbon of | | I math Y | Failuras mar |
| NCP | 5 . — | | | | 7 11 (0) | _ | |
| NCP | | | | | | | Mile• Year |
| NCP | | , | | | , | · · | |
| NCP | | 1 | | • | 7,919 | | 0.0017+00 |
| NCP | | | | _ | E2 474 | l i | 0.00£+00 |
| NCP | · · | | | | | | |
| NCP Over 72 | | B . | | | 32,670 | | 0.00£±00 |
| NCP | | | | | 770 | | 0.002.700 |
| NCP | | | | | | | |
| NCP | | 1 1 | | - | | | |
| NCP Over 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 112 80,637 1,743,741 | | 1 | | | | | |
| NCP Total | NCP | over 72 Tota | 1 | 112 | 20,042 | | |
| NCP Total | NCP | over 72 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 11 | 2.58E+00 |
| PE Total less than 12 20 75 125,000 2,500,000 PE Average Age and Failure Rate 75 125,000 2,500,000 PT 12 to 24 25 3 21,230 530,750 PT 12 to 24 Average Age and Failure Rate 25 2.98E-02 PT 25 to 48 25 6 8,090 202,250 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 14 1 18,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 99,000 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 99,001 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 99,201 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 1 <td>NCP Total</td> <td>ĺ</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>80,637</td> <td>1,743,741</td> <td></td> | NCP Total | ĺ | | | 80,637 | 1,743,741 | |
| PE less than 12 20 75 125,000 2,500,000 PE Average Age and Failure Rate 20 1.58E-01 | NCP Average | Age and Fail | ure Rate | | | 22 | 3.39E-01 |
| PE Average Age and Failure Rate 20 1.58E-01 | PE | less than 12 | 20 | <i>7</i> 5 | 125,000 | 2,500,000 | |
| PT 12 to 24 25 3 21,230 530,750 PT 12 to 24 Average Age and Failure Rate 25 2,98E-02 PT 25 to 48 25 6 8,090 202,250 PT 25 to 48 30 4 60,850 1,825,500 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,910 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate <t< td=""><td>PE Total</td><td></td><td></td><td><i>7</i>5</td><td>125,000</td><td>2,500,000</td><td></td></t<> | PE Total | | | <i>7</i> 5 | 125,000 | 2,500,000 | |
| PT 12 to 24 Total 3 21,230 530,750 PT 12 to 24 Average Age and Failure Rate 25 2.98E-02 PT 25 to 48 25 6 8,090 202,250 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 10 0 1,351 1,515 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 | PE Average A | ge and Failui | re Rate | | | 20 | 1.58E-01 |
| PT 12 to 24 Average Age and Failure Rate 25 2.98E-02 PT 25 to 48 25 6 8,090 202,250 PT 25 to 48 30 4 60,850 1,825,500 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 181,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 2 0 311,190 6,032 | | | | 3 | 21,230 | 530 <i>,7</i> 50 | |
| PT 25 to 48 25 6 8,090 202,250 PT 25 to 48 30 4 60,850 1,825,500 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,910 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,241,120 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Total 1 0 4,000 4,000 <td>PT</td> <td>12 to 24 Tota</td> <td>վ</td> <td>3</td> <td>21,230</td> <td>530<i>,7</i>50</td> <td></td> | PT | 12 to 24 Tota | վ | 3 | 21,230 | 530 <i>,7</i> 50 | |
| PT 25 to 48 30 4 60,850 1,825,500 PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,910 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 4,000 | PT | 12 to 24 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 25 | 2.98E-02 |
| PT 25 to 48 15 1 12,398 185,970 PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,510 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Total 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 | PT | 25 to 48 | 25 | 6 | 8,090 | 202,250 | |
| PT 25 to 48 14 1 81,877 1,146,278 PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,910 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 135,040 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 17 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 3 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 </td <td>PT</td> <td>25 to 48</td> <td>30</td> <td>4</td> <td>60,850</td> <td>1,825,500</td> <td></td> | PT | 25 to 48 | 30 | 4 | 60,850 | 1,825,500 | |
| PT 25 to 48 25 4 3,960 99,000 PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,910 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 3 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 | PT | 25 to 48 | 15 | 1 | 12,398 | 185,970 | |
| PT 25 to 48 4 0 13,910 55,640 PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 Total 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 4 0 10,000 40,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 <td< td=""><td>PT</td><td>25 to 48</td><td>14</td><td>1</td><td>81,877</td><td>1,146,278</td><td></td></td<> | PT | 25 to 48 | 14 | 1 | 81,877 | 1,146,278 | |
| PT 25 to 48 10 0 13,504 135,040 PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Total 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 | | | 25 | _ | | - | |
| PT 25 to 48 20 0 67,056 1,341,120 PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 1,515 PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 189,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 7,500,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 7,500,000 189,000 22,500 189,000 189,000 22,500 189,000 189,000 22,500< | | I I | - | | | | |
| PT 25 to 48 1 0 1,515 </td <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | 1 | | | | | |
| PT 25 to 48 Total 16 263,160 4,992,313 PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 | | | | _ | | | |
| PT 25 to 48 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.69E-02 PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 | | | _ | - | | | |
| PT 49 to 72 19 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,56 | | | | _ | 263,160 | | 1 (05 00 |
| PT 49 to 72 Total 1 26,800 509,200 PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 4 0 10,000 40,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560< | | | • • • | | 26 000 | | 1.69E-02 |
| PT 49 to 72 Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.04E-02 PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 19 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 | | | | _ | | | |
| PT Total 20 311,190 6,032,263 PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 | | | | _ | 20,800 | 1 | 1.045.00 |
| PT Average Age and Failure Rate 19 1.75E-02 PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,000 20,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 14 <td></td> <td>49 to /2 Ave</td> <td>rage Age and . I</td> <td></td> <td>211 100</td> <td></td> <td>1.04E-02</td> | | 49 to /2 Ave | rage Age and . I | | 211 100 | | 1.04E-02 |
| PVC less than 12 1 0 4,000 4,000 PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC | | | D.4. | 20 | 311,190 | | 1.75E.03 |
| PVC less than 12 8 2 55,000 440,000 PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,000 20,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC | • | | | | 4 000 | | 1./5E-02 |
| PVC less than 12 30 1 6,300 189,000 PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 4 0 10,000 40,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,000 20,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 1 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 | | 1 | | | | | |
| PVC less than 12 25 30 300,000 7,500,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 4 0 10,000 40,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | : i | | | · · | 9 | j |
| PVC less than 12 5 0 4,500 22,500 PVC less than 12 4 0 10,000 40,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | · • | | 1 | |
| PVC less than 12 4 0 10,000 40,000 PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,000 20,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | | - | | |
| PVC less than 12 7 5 125,000 875,000 PVC less than 12 5 0 4,000 20,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | | | | |
| PVC less than 12 5 0 4,000 20,000 PVC less than 12 6 1 24,285 145,710 PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | 1 | | 1 | · · | | |
| PVC less than 12 Total less than 12 Total less than 12 Total less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate less than 12 to 24 less than 12 less than | | 1 1 | | | 1 | | |
| PVC less than 12 8 0 10,560 84,480 PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | | | | |
| PVC less than 12 Total 39 543,645 9,320,690 PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | 1 | | | |
| PVC less than 12 Average Age and Failure Rate 17 2.21E-02 PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | l i | | | l |
| PVC 12 to 24 11 0 36,960 406,560 PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | | | | 2.21E-02 |
| PVC 12 to 24 5 0 12,000 60,000 PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | | | | |
| PVC 12 to 24 14 2 2,640 36,960 PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | 1 1 | | | | | İ |
| PVC 12 to 24 2 0 23,500 47,000 PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | 1 1 | | | | | |
| PVC 12 to 24 1 0 4,260 4,260 | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | | | | | |
| | | 12 to 24 | | | | | |

| | <u></u> | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | Size | | | | | |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | Failures per |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| PVC | 12 to 24 | 3 | 0 | 3,400 | 10,200 | |
| PVC | 12 to 24 | 4 | 0 | 5 <i>,</i> 700 | 22,800 | |
| PVC | 12 to 24 Tot | al | 2 | 118,518 | 7 98,186 | |
| PVC | 12 to 24 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 7 | 1.32E-02 |
| PVC Total | | | 41 | 662,163 | 10,118,876 | |
| PVC Average | Age and Fai | lure Rate | | | 15 | 2.14E-02 |
| RC | 12 to 24 | 26 | 173 | 161,040 | 4,187,040 | |
| RC | 12 to 24 | 30 | 22 | 56,520 | 1,695,600 | |
| RC | 12 to 24 | 18 | 0 | 6,144 | 110,592 | |
| RC | 12 to 24 | 25 | 0 | 12,900 | | |
| RC | 12 to 24 | 25 | 12 | 13,200 | 330,000 | |
| RC | 12 to 24 Tot | | 207 | 249,804 | 6,645,732 | |
| RC | | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 27 | 1.64E-01 |
| RC | 25 to 48 | 12 | 2 | 72,470 | 869,640 | |
| RC | 25 to 48 | 5 | 1 | 30,040 | 150,200 | |
| RC | 25 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 2,000 | 50,000 | |
| RC | 25 to 48 | 30 | 21 | 172,950 | 5,188,500 | |
| RC | 25 to 48 | 37 | 0 | 10,000 | 370,000 | ľ |
| RC | 25 to 48 Tot | | 24 | 287,460 | 6,628,340 | 4 04 77 00 |
| RC | | rage Age and | | | 23 | 1.91E-02 |
| RC | 49 to 72 | 55 | 55 | 3,259 | 179,245 | |
| RC | 49 to 72 | 37 | 0 | 3,600 | 133,200 | |
| RC | 49 to 72 Tota | | 55 | 6,859 | 312,445 | |
| RC | | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 46 | 9.29E-01 |
| RC | over 72 | 7 | 0 | 4,800 | 33,600 | |
| RC | over 72 | 37 | 0 | 1,230 | 45,510 | |
| RC | over 72 | 47 | 1 | 4,272 | 200,784 | |
| RC | over 72 Tota | | 1 | 10,302 | 279,894 | 4 007 00 |
| RC | over 72 Ave | rage Age and | | | 27 | 1.89E-02 |
| RC Total | l [| | 287 | 554,425 | 13,866,411 | |
| RC Average A | • | | | | 25 | 1.09E-01 |
| RPM | 12 to 24 | 12 | 2 | 40,122 | 481,464 | |
| RPM | 12 to 24 Tota | | 2 | 40,122 | 481,464 | |
| RPM | | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 12 | 2.19E-02 |
| RPM | 25 to 48 | 6 | | 36,182 | 217,092 | |
| RPM | 25 to 48 | 19 | 3 | 1,463 | 27,797 | |
| RPM | 25 to 48 Tota | | 6 | 37,645 | 244,889 | |
| RPM | 25 to 48 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 7 | 1.29E-01 |
| RPM Total | | | 8 | 77,767 | 726,353 | |
| RPM Average | | | * | | 9 | 5.82E-02 |
| | less than 12 | | 2 | 11,440 | 228,800 | |
| S | less than 12 | Total | 2 | 11,440 | 228,800 | |
| S | less than 12 | Average Age | and Failure Ra | | 20 | 4.62E-02 |
| S | 12 to 24 | 55 | 200 | 400,000 | 22,000,000 | |
| S | 12 to 24 | 38 | 52 | 76,560 | 2,909,280 | |
| S | 12 to 24 | 5 | 0 | 13,175 | 65,875 | |
| S | 12 to 24 | 24 | 0 | 15,840 | 380,160 | |
| S | 12 to 24 | 35 | 0 | 2,300 | 80,500 | |
| S | 12 to 24 | 11 | 0 | 623 | 6,853 | |
| S | 12 to 24 Tot | l l | 252 | 508,498 | | |
| S |) | rage Age and | 1 | | 50 | 5.23E-02 |
| S | 25 to 48 | 30 | 15 | 300 | 9,000 | |
| S | 25 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 500 | 10,000 | |
| S | 25 to 48 | 10 | 0 | 26,192 | 261,920 | |

| • | | | r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|----------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Size | | | | | |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | Failures per |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| S | 25 to 48 | 3 | 0 | 26,192 | 78,576 | |
| S | 25 to 48 | 12 | 0 | 33,885 | | |
| S | 25 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 3,000 | • | · |
| S | 25 to 48 | 30 | 0 | 7,650 | 229,500 | |
| S | 25 to 48 Tota | | 15 | <i>97,7</i> 19 | | |
| S | 1 . | rage Age and | | | 11 | 7.38E-02 |
| S | 49 to 72 | 37 | 8 | 100 | 3,700 | |
| S | 49 to 72 | 14 | 0 | 7,087 | | |
| S | 49 to 72 Tota | | 8 | 7,187 | 102,918 | 4.407.04 |
| S | 1 | rage Age and | | | 14 | 4.10E-01 |
| S | over 72 | 6 | 0 | 2,000 | | |
| S | over 72 Tota | | 0 | 2,000 | 12,000 | 0.007.00 |
| S | over 72 Ave | rage Age and | | | 6 | 0.00E+00 |
| S Total | [[| l | 277 | 626,844 | | # 4FP 00 |
| S Average Ag | | | | | 43 | 5.45E-02 |
| Note: ECP and | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| ECP | 12 to 24 | 30 | 0 | 29,540 | | |
| ECP | 12 to 24 Tota | | 0 | 29,540 | | |
| ECP | 1 . | rage Age and | | | 30 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | 25 to 48 | 3 | 0 | 382 | 1,146 | |
| ECP | 25 to 48 Tota | 1 | 0 | 382 | 1,146 | |
| ECP | 1 . | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 3 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 0 | 3,775 | 11,325 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 0 | 5,808 | 17,424 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 0 | 528 | 1,584 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 1 | 11,616 | 34,848 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 Tota | | 1 | 21,727 | 65,181 | 9 10E M |
| ECP | | rage Age and | railure Kate | 22.176 | 110 000 | 8.10E-02 |
| ECP ECP | over 72 over 72 | 5 | U | 22,176 8,588 | 110,880 120,232 | |
| ECP ECP | over 72 | 14 13 | 119 | 8,998 | | |
| ECP | over 72 | 13 | 28 | 5,324 | 69,212 | |
| ECP | over 72 Tota | | 147 | 45,086 | 417,298 | |
| ECP | | rage Age and l | l l | | 9 | 1.86E+00 |
| ECP Total | | | 148 | 96 <i>,7</i> 35 | 1,369,825 | _, |
| ECP Average | Ago and Fail | um Pata | 140 | 70,700 | 14 | 5.70E-01 |
| NCP | 12 to 24 | 25 | 0 | 7,919 | | 0.7 02 01 |
| NCP | 12 to 24 Tota | | 0 | 7,919 | 1 | |
| NCP | 1 | rage Age and | - | ,,,,, | 25 | 0.00E+00 |
| NCP NCP | 25 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 52,676 | | 5.002.00 |
| NCP NCP | 25 to 48 Tota | 1 | 0 | 52,676 | | |
| NCP | | rage Age and | · | 02,070 | 25 | 0.00E+00 |
| NCP | over 72 | 13 | 56 | <i>7</i> 70 | | 0.001.00 |
| NCP NCP | over 72 | 13 | 181 | 5,544 | | |
| NCP | over 72 | 13 | 112 | 3,168 | | |
| NCP | over 72 | 10 | 140 | 10,560 | 1 | ļ |
| NCP | over 72 Tota | | 489 | 20,042 | 228,866 | |
| NCP | | rage Age and | | Í | 11 | 1.13E+01 |
| NCP Total | | | 489 | 80,637 | 1,743,741 | |
| NCP Average | I Age and Fail | ure Rate | 107 | 20,007 | 22 | 1.48E+00 |
| Note: ECP and | | | hual remaire for v | part or all of a mi | | |
| ECP ECP una | 12 to 24 | 30 | nui repuirs jur þ | 29,540 | | |
| ECP | 12 to 24 12 to 24 Tota | | ٥ | 29,540 | | |
| | | | | 27,040 | 1 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | 112 to 24 Ave | rage Age and | ranure Kate | | . 30 | 0.00£+00 |

| | Size | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | Failures per |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| | 25 to 48 | 3610166 | runures | 382 | 1,146 | TVILL TEAT |
| ECP | 25 to 48 Tot | _ | 0 | 382 | 1,146 | |
| ECP | | - 1 | | | 1,140 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | | rage Age and | | 2 777 | 11 225 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 0 | 3,775 | 11,325 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 0 | 5,808 528 | 17,424 1,584 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 3 | 1 | 11,616 | 34,848 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | _ | 1 | | 65,181 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 Tota | | I | 21,727 | · | 8.10E-02 |
| ECP | | rage Age and | Failure Kate | | 3 | 8.10E-02 |
| ECP | over 72 | 5 | 0 | 22,176 | 110,880 | |
| ECP | over 72 | 14 | 0 | 8,588 | 120,232 | |
| ECP | over 72 | 13 | 10 | 8,998 | 116,974 | |
| ECP | over 72 | 13 | 11 | 5,324 | 69,212 | |
| ECP | over 72 Total 21 | | | 45,086 | 417,298 | |
| ECP | over 72 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 9 | 2.66E-01 |
| ECP Total | | | 22 | 96,7 35 | 1,369,825 | |
| ECP Average | Age and Fail | ure Rate | | | 14 | 8.48E-02 |
| NCP . | 12 to 24 | 25 | 0 | 7, 919 | 197,975 | |
| NCP | 12 to 24 Tota | al | 0 | 7,919 | 197,975 | |
| NCP | 12 to 24 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 25 | 0.00E+00 |
| NCP | 25 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 52,676 | 1,316,900 | |
| NCP | 25 to 48 Tota | al | 0 | 52,676 | 1,316,900 | |
| NCP | 25 to 48 Ave | rage Age and | Failure Rate | | 25 | 0.00E+00 |
| NCP | over 72 | 13 | 8 | <i>7</i> 70 | 10,010 | |
| NCP | over 72 | 13 | 26 | 5,544 | 72,072 | |
| NCP | over 72 | 13 | 16 | 3,168 | 41,184 | |
| NCP | over 72 | 10 | 20 | 10,560 | 105,600 | |
| NCP | over 72 Total 70 | | | 20,042 | 228,866 | |
| NCP | over 72 Average Age and Failure Rate | | | | 11 | 1.61E+00 |
| NCP Total | | | 70 | 80,637 | 1,743,741 | |
| NCP Average | Age and Fai | lure Rate | | | 22 | 2.12E-01 |

AWWARF Survey Failure Rate Data

| | | IVVVAICE | Survey Fail | ule Nate Da | 1141 | |
|---------------|----------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------|
| | Size | | | | | |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | Failures per |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| AC | 25 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 12,000 | 240,000 | |
| AC Total | | | 0 | 12,000 | 240,000 | |
| AC Average A | , ge and Failt | ire Rate | | | 20 | 0.00E+00 |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 45 | 24 | 1,600 | 72,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 30 | 1 | 385 | 11,550 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 52 | 6 | 8,000 | 416,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 31 | 4 | 66 <i>,</i> 700 | 2,067,700 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 25 | 1 | 3,822 | 95,550 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 81 | 2 | 8,170 | 661,770 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | <i>7</i> 9 | 0 | 5,369 | 424,151 | i |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 38 | 20 | 3,000 | 114,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 92 | 5 | 9,000 | 828,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 92 50 | 8 | 5,300 | 487,600 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 58 50 | 8 | 5,300 | 307,400 | |
| CI CI | 24 to 48 | 58 58 | 0 5 | 8,500 5,000 | 493,000 290,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 39 | 0 | 4,000 | 156,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 39 | 20 | 10,000 | 390,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 100 | 1 | 10,500 | 1,050,000 | |
| CI . | 24 to 48 | 90 | ō | 40,000 | 3,600,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 57 | 1 | 20,000 | 1,140,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 9,600 | 192,000 | |
| CI | 24 to 48 | 80 | 20 | 17,325 | 1,386,000 | |
| CI Total | | | 126 | 241,571 | 14,182,721 | |
| CI Average Ag | e and Failu | re Rate | | | 59 | 4.69E-02 |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 20 | o | 30,974 | 619,480 | 1 |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 3 | 0 | 5,280 | 15,840 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 5,280 | 5,280 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 3 | 0 | 13,250 | 39 <i>,</i> 750 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 2,000 | 40,000 | , : |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 6 | 0 | 8,870 | 53,220 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 27 | 0 | 1,049 | 28,323 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 2,430 | 60,750 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 2,944 | 70,656 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 23 | 0 | 2,381 | 54,763 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 3,406 | 68,120 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 19 | 12 | 2,540 | 48,260 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 18 17 | 0 | 2,112 5 124 | 38,016 | |
| DI DI | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 15 | 0 | 5,124 2,458 | 87,108 36,870 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 13 | 0 | 2,436 | 34,398 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 8 | 4 | 24,307 | 194,456 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 7 | 0 | 42,305 | 296,135 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 7,866 | 7,866 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 7,956 | 7,956 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 17,010 | 17,010 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 4,287 | 85,740 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 19 | 0 | 2 <i>,</i> 765 | 52,535 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 11 | 1 | 8,838 | 97,218 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 6 | 0 | 3,131 | 18,786 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 19,401 | 388,020 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 10 | 0 | 23,111 | 231,110 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 16 | 0 | 4,000 | 64,000 | · |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 4 | 0 | 7,000 | 28,000 | |

| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Size | | | | | |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | Failures per |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 4 | 0 | 7,500 | 30,000 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 4 | 0 | 8,500 | 34,000 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 10,000 | 10,000 | |
| DI . | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 5,300 | 5,300 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 84,968 | 2,124,200 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 5 | 0 | 139,002 | 695,010 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 3 | 1 | 35,000 | 105,000 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 2 | 1 | 4,434 | 8,868 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 14 | 0 | 4,634 | 64,876 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 12 | 0 | 2,100 | 25,200 75,600 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 18 | 1 0 | 4,200 5.500 | 75,600 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 5 3 | 0 | 5,500 41,589 | 27,500 124,767 | |
| DI DI | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 8 | 0 | 3,924 | 31,392 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 3 | 0 | 17,690 | 53,070 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 20 | 3 | 28,800 | 576,000 | |
| DI | 24 to 48 | 28 | 0 | 55 | 1,540 | |
| DI Total | 24 10 40 | 20 | 23 | 667,917 | 6,781,989 | |
| DI Average Ag | l ro and Eailu | ma Pata | ے | 007,717 | 10 | 1.79E-02 |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 12 | 0 | 71,200 | 854,400 | 1 > 1 > 1 |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 33 | 0 | 6,400 | 211,200 | |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 37 | 0 | 6,467 | 239,279 | |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 8 | 0 | 5,000 | 40,000 | |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 28 | 1 | 20,000 | 560,000 | |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 11 | ō | 6,800 | 74,800 | |
| ECP | 24 to 48 | 14 | o | 6,000 | 84,000 | |
| ECP | 24 to 48 To | ' | 1 | 121,867 | 2,063,679 | |
| ECP | | | d Failure Rate | | 17 | 2.56E-03 |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 4 | l o | 17,512 | 61,292 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 28 | Ö | 15,640 | 437,920 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 28 | ő | 16,304 | 456,512 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 | 28 | 4 | 20,807 | 582,596 | |
| ECP | 49 to 72 To | | 4 | 70,263 | 1,538,320 | |
| ECP | | | d Failure Rate | . 5,205 | 22 | 1.37E-02 |
| ECP | over 72 | 8 | 0 | 3,861 | 30,888 | 1.0, 2.02 |
| ECP | over 72 | 11 | o | 18,516 | 203,676 | |
| ECP | over 72 | 12 | o | 18,550 | 222,600 | |
| ECP | over 72 Tot | | o | 40,927 | 457,164 | |
| ECP | | | l Failure Rate | | 11 | 0.00E+00 |
| ECP Total | 010172711 | | 5 | 233,057 | 4,059,163 | 0.002 |
| ECP Average A | l Amo and Eail | luma Pata | ١ | 20,007 | 17 | 6.50E-03 |
| LCP Average A | 24 to 48 | | ار | 14 200 | 397,600 | 0.50E-05 |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 28 42 | 0 2 | 14,200 60,670 | 2,548,140 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 28 | 0 | 24,805 | 694,540 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 28 | 0 | 4,360 | 122,080 | · |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 16,765 | 435,890 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 4,355 | 104,520 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 13 | 0 | 9,153 | 118,989 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 35 | 0 | 86,328 | 3,021,480 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 50,888 | 1,272,200 |] |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | . 6 | 0 | 21,014 | 126,084 | • |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | o | 100,320 | 2,608,320 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 25 | o | 3,624 | 90,600 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 21 | 0 | - | | |
| | • | | | . ' | • | • |

| | Size | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | | Vormo im | Mumbarof | | Length X | Failures per |
| Dina Tama | Range | Years in | Number of | I amouth (A) | _ | Mile•Year |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age 85,784 | wite- tear |
| LCP LCP | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 1 31 | 0 | 85,784 19,591 | 607,321 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 51 | 0 | 26,946 | 134,730 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 20 | 1 | 85,102 | 1,702,040 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 21 | o | 8,800 | 184,800 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 32 | 0 | 3,400 | 108,800 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 31 | 0 | 5,314 | 164,734 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 27 | 0 | 11,740 | 316,980 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 11,616 | 302,016 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 10,191 | 244,584 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 8,800 | 211,200 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 5 | 0 | 12,807 | 64,035 | |
| LCP LCP | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 33 39 | 0 . 3 | 28,600 47,500 | 943,800 1,852,500 | · |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 20 | 1 | 5,000 | 100,000 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 21 | 1 | 31,549 | 662,529 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 30 | Ô | 18,600 | 558,000 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 36 | 5 | 163,700 | 5,893,200 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 27 | o | 3,114 | 84,078 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 3,000 | 72,000 | · |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 4 | 0 | 51,482 | 205,928 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 31,680 | 823,680 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 35 | 0 | 2,250 | 78,750 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 38 | 0 | 52,800 | 2,006,400 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 21 | 1 | 53,162 | 1,116,402 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 42,366 | 1,101,516 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 23,340 | 606,840 | |
| LCP LCP | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 20 3 | 0 | 16,309 13,665 | 326,180 40,995 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 14,963 | 389,038 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 24 | o | 14,773 | 354,552 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 15 | o | 13,277 | 199,155 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 15 | 0 | 15,174 | 227,610 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 1 | 0 | 20,206 | 20,206 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 27 | 0 | 13,936 | 376,272 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 13,129 | 315,096 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 19 | 1 | 31,680 | 601,920 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 36 | 0 | 31,200 | | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 | 21 | 3 | 5,555 | 116,655 | |
| LCP | 24 to 48 Tot | | 19 | 1,460,004 | 36,103,810 | 2 525 00 |
| LCP | | | d Failure Rate | 2 | 25 | 2.78E-03 |
| LCP | 49 to 72 | 18 | 2 | 21,120 | 380,160 | |
| LCP | 49 to 72 Tot | | 2 | 21,120 | 380,160 | 2 505. 03 |
| LCP | 49 to 72 Av | erage Age an | d Failure Rate | 4 10- 401 | 18 | 2.78E-02 |
| LCP Total | l ! | _ | 21 | 1,481,124 | 36,483,970 | 2 2 17 22 |
| LCP Average A | | | | | 25 | 3.04E-03 |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 3 | 0 | 27,607 | 82,821 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 23 | 4 | 6,000 | 138,000 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 37 | 2 0 | 42,240 11,769 | 1,562,880 329,532 | |
| PT PT | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 28 44 | 2 | 20,180 | | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 2 | 0 | 38,500 | 1 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 24 | 0 | 8,330 | 199,920 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 11 | 0 | 58,679 | | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 11 | 1 | 14,000 | | |

| | | | | | · | |
|--------------|----------------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | Size | | | | | |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | • |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 11 | . 1 | 20,000 | 220,000 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 4 | 0 | 9,000 | 36,000 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 16,000 | 320,000 | İ |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 42,240 | 1,056,000 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 | 15 | 1 | 2,640 2,445 | 39,600 19,560 | |
| PT PT | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 8 28 | 0 | 36,760 | 1,029,280 | |
| PT | 24 to 48 To | _ | 11 | 356,390 | 6,797,982 | |
| PT | | | d Failure Rate | 000,270 | 19 | 8.54E-03 |
| PT | 49 to 72 | 28 | 0 | 20,854 | 583,912 | |
| PT | 49 to 72 | 8 | o | 4,160 | 33,280 | |
| PT | 49 to 72 | 27 | 0 | 11,495 | 310,365 | |
| PT | 49 to 72 | 28 | 0 | 16,479 | 461,412 | |
| PT | 49 to 72 To | al | 0 | 52,988 | 1,388,969 | |
| PT | 49 to 72 Av | erage Age an | d Failure Rate | | 26 | 0.00E+00 |
| PT | over 72 | 20 | 0 | 16,742 | 334,840 | |
| PT | over 72 | 20 | 0 | 240,035 | 4,800,700 | |
| PT | over 72 | 17 | 0 | 9,808 | 166,736 | • |
| PT | over 72 Tot | | 0 | 266,585 | 5,302,276 | |
| PT | over 72 Av | erage Age and | d Failure Rate | | 20 | 0.00E+00 |
| PT Total | | | 11 | 675,963 | 13,489,227 | |
| PT Average A | ge and Failu | | | | 20 | 4.31E-03 |
| PVC | 24 to 48 | 2 | 0 | 8,333 | 16,666 | |
| PVC Total |] | | 0 | 8,3 33 | 16,666 | 0.005.00 |
| PVC Average | • | | _ | | 2 222 222 | 0.00E+00 |
| RC | 24 to 48 | 57 | 1 | 23,400 | 1,333,800 | |
| RC | 24 to 48 | 25 53 | 1 0 | 11,500 16,420 | 287,500 870,260 | |
| RC RC | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 47 | . 0 | 11,000 | 517,000 | |
| RC RC | 24 to 48 | 47 | o | 17,500 | 822,500 | |
| RC | 24 to 48 To | | 2 | 79,820 | 3,831,060 | ĺ |
| RC . | l | | d Failure Rate | , | 48 | 2.76E-03 |
| RC | 49 to 72 | 50 | 0 | 221,760 | 11,088,000 | |
| RC | 49 to 72 To | | 0 | 221,760 | 11,088,000 | |
| RC | 1 | | i d Failure Rate | , | 50 | 0.00E+00 |
| RC Total | | | 2 | 301,580 | 14,919,060 | |
| RC Average A | ı ge and Failu | ire Rate | | | 49 | 7.08E-04 |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 45 | 0 | 32,800 | 1,476,000 | 1 |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 30 | 0 | 38,500 | 1,155,000 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 10 | 0 | 32,962 | 329,620 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 25 | 0 | 12,907 | 322,675 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 20 | 0 | 11,190 | 223,800 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 29 | 0 | 11,160 | 323,640 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 19 | . 0 | 5,500 | 104,500 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 20 7 | 0 | 16,050 4,248 | 321,000 29,736 | |
| RCCP RCCP | 24 to 48 24 to 48 | 30 | 0 | 6,900 | 29,730 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 | 22 | 0 | 16,330 | 359,260 | |
| RCCP | 24 to 48 To | | 0 | 188,547 | 4,852,231 | |
| RCCP | 1 | | d Failure Rate | 2-0/- 2/ | 26 | 0.00E+00 |
| RCCP | over 72 | 15 | | 1,860 | 27,900 | 1 |
| RCCP | over 72 Tot | | o | 1,860 | 27,900 | |
| RCCP | 1 | | l d Failure Rate | , | 15 | 0.00E+00 |
| 11001 | 1 | 0 0- 4111 | | l | | |

| | Size | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------|
| | | Y | 371 | | I am adh V | Failures per |
| | Range | Years in | Number of | | Length X | |
| Pipe Type | (in) | Service | Failures | Length (ft) | Age | Mile•Year |
| RCCP Total | | | 0 | 190,407 | 4,880,131 | |
| RCCP Average | Age and Fa | ailure Rate | | | 26 | 0.00E+00 |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 5 | 0 | 13,500 | 67,500 | 1 |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 6 | 0 | 12,000 | 72,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 12 | 0 | 8,550 | 102,600 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 6 | 0 | 4,000 | 24,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 5 | 0 | 4,000 | 20,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 17 | 0 | 95,513 | 1,623,721 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 30 | 0 | 86,993 | 2,609,790 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 29 | 0 | 2,677 | 77,633 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 26 | 0 | 14,725 | 382,850 | [|
| ST | 24 to 48 | 5 | 0 | 2,356 | 11,780 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 44 | 15 | 10,950 | 481,800 | ł |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 9 | 0 | 8,000 | 72,000 | · |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 4 | . 0 | 10,560 | 42,240 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 12 | 1 | 8,000 | 96,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 20 | 2 | 10,450 | 209,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 35 | 0 | 82,802 | 2,898,070 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 29 | . 0 | 14,249 | 413,221 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 32 | 0 | 420 | 13,440 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 85 | 1 | 8,800 | 748,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 22 | 1 | 640 | 14,080 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 30 | 2 | 21,000 | 630,000 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 27 | 0 | 298,890 | 8,070,030 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 6 | 0 | 37,892 | 227,352 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 7 | 0 | 11,410 | 79,870 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 | 8 | 0 | 6,603 | 52,824 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 To | | 22 | <i>7</i> 74,980 | 19,039,801 | |
| ST | 24 to 48 Av | erage Age an | d Failure Rate | | 25 | 6.10E-03 |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 10 | 1 | 200 | 2,000 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 5 | 1 | 42,000 | 210,000 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 8 | 0 | 13,097 | 104 <i>,7</i> 76 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 10 | 0 | 12,574 | 125,740 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 9 | 0 | 6,016 | 54,144 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 12 | . 0 | 19,550 | 234,600 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 | 26 | 0 | 4,957 | 128,882 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 To | tal | 2 | 98,394 | 860,142 | |
| ST | 49 to 72 Av | erage Age an | d Failure Rate | | 9 | 1.23E-02 |
| ST Total | • | | 24 | 873,374 | 19,899,943 | |
| ST Average A | ge and Failu | re Rate | | | 23 | 6.37E-03 |

Mission

The mission of the Bureau of Reclamation is to manage, develop, and protect water and related resources in an environmentally and economically sound manner in the interest of the American Public.