Radio Telemetered Flow Monitoring and Canal Control Technologies

Accelerating adoption of canal modernization technologies by using hands-on demonstration sites

Bottom Line
Radio telemetered monitoring and control of canals can be cost effective for irrigation districts.

Better, Faster, Cheaper
Irrigation districts can improve service while using staff and equipment resources more efficiently.

Problem
Integrating electronic control and communication technologies into irrigation districts’ operations can enhance system performance and help use districts’ staff and equipment resources more efficiently. Irrigation districts typically operate under differing site-specific conditions and under a wide range of institutional requirements and constraints. Moreover, they often employ unique operational strategies that have evolved in response to unique characteristics of each district.

Therefore, a generic or “one-size-fits-all” approach to integrating electronic technologies into an irrigation district delivery system’s operations may yield limited returns on resources invested. Reclamation researchers have encountered multiple cases in which an irrigation district’s initial efforts at using electronic technologies have fallen short of expectations and, in some cases, the equipment has been abandoned. Factors contributing to project shortcomings include limited ability to customize system functions, excessive need for technical support to maintain the system, poor performance reliability of equipment and, in some instances, high and recurring communication system costs.

Solution
This Science and Technology Program has partnered with Reclamation area offices and cooperating water districts to set up demonstration sites in areas that have had limited opportunity to implement canal modernization techniques. This provided prospective users with knowledge and experience with these technologies before decisions were made to purchase canal modernization equipment. It has also enabled Reclamation researchers to develop system components and operating functions that can significantly enhance the value a district may realize from the equipment.

Science and Technology Program funding has been leveraged by support from Reclamation’s Dakota, Nebraska-Kansas, Oklahoma-Texas, and the Yuma Area Offices. Additional cooperative support has included grant funding from the Colorado Water Conservation Board as well as extensive in-kind services provided by cooperating irrigation districts. At each site, existing equipment has been used to the extent possible. Tasks such as motorizing existing gates were performed using tools and metal fabrication skills irrigation districts typically use for regular maintenance tasks. District personnel assisted with equipment installation, which served to provide districts with a degree of in-house familiarity with operation and maintenance of the equipment. In all projects, district management and/or staff have provided input on the functions they want the electronic system to perform.

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Applications
Demonstration sites have been established at the Buford-Trenton Irrigation District in North Dakota; Angostura Irrigation District in South Dakota; Ainsworth, Twin Loups, and Bostwick Irrigation Districts in Nebraska; South Platte Ditch Company in Colorado; Tom Green County Water Control and Improvement District in Texas; and the Unit B Irrigation and Drainage District and at the Yuma County Water Users Association in Arizona.

In the left photo, Buford-Trenton ditch-riders are installing a gate motor at the end of system spill site.

In the bottom right photo, Bostwick personnel are installing an overshot gate that was fabricated in the district’s shop as part of the demonstration.

Workshops that focused on operation and maintenance tasks associated with equipment installed at the demonstration sites were held in Hot Springs, South Dakota, and in Red Cloud, Nebraska, in February 2009. Approximately 20 participants attended each workshop.

A paper on the Ainsworth and Twin Loups Projects was presented at the June 2009 U.S. Committee on Irrigation and Drainage (USCID) conference in Reno, Nevada. Papers on the South Platte Ditch and Nebraska Bostwick Projects were presented at the September 2010 USCID conference in Fort Collins, Colorado. These papers may be accessed at:

- www.usbr.gov/pmts/hydraulics_lab/pubs/PAP/PAP-0986.pdf
- www.usbr.gov/pmts/hydraulics_lab/pubs/PAP/PAP-1048.pdf
- www.usbr.gov/pmts/hydraulics_lab/pubs/PAP/PAP-1047.pdf

Future Plans
The Reclamation project team is currently working with the Nebraska-Kansas Area Office in planning a demonstration system at the Mirage Flats Irrigation District in Nebraska and with the Yuma Area Office in planning a demonstration system at Coachella Valley in California.

“The most important aspect of the workshop was to provide an exposure that was not available anywhere else.

Now our employees are wanting to make improvements faster than we can fund them.”

Mike Delka, Nebraska Bostwick Irrigation District Manager