Appendix G - Attachment 2

Appendix G2 Selenium Model Documentation

This attachment documents the selenium bioaccumulation modeling performed to estimate selenium concentrations in fish and bird eggs throughout the Delta for the assessment presented in Appendix G, *Water Quality Technical Appendix*, prepared in support of the *Reinitiation of Consultation on the Long-Term Operation of the Central Valley Project (CVP) and State Water Project (SWP) Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)*.

This attachment is organized into three main sections:

- Section G2.1: Modeling Methodology. This section provides information about the overall modeling framework, modeling tools, and how model input information was obtained and processed.
- Section G2.2: Modeling Simulations and Assumptions. This section provides a description of the assumptions for the selenium model simulations.
- Section G2.3: Modeling Results. This section presents the modeling results. The limitations and applicability of the results are also addressed.

G2.1 Modeling Methodology

This section describes the analytical framework and development and use of the models used to estimate selenium concentrations in fish and bird eggs throughout the Delta.

G2.1.1 Overview of the Modeling Approach and Objectives

CalSim II, Delta Simulation Model II (DSM2), and bioaccumulation modeling were used in sequence to estimate the effects of CVP and SWP operations on water quality relative to selenium in the Delta. CalSim II, which simulates flow in California's waterways, and DSM2, which simulates one-dimensional hydrodynamics in California's Delta. One of the three DSM2 modules, QUAL, simulates one-dimensional source tracking in the Delta. Results from DSM2 were multiplied by source concentrations (shown in Table G2.1-1) to determine annual average water column selenium concentrations in the Delta for all year types and drought years.

Delta Sources	Representative Inflow Site	Geometric Mean Selenium Concentration in Water (µg/L) ¹	Years	Source
Delta Agriculture	Mildred Island, Center	0.11	2000	Lucas and Stewart 2007
East Delta Tributaries	Mokelumne, Calaveras, and Cosumnes Rivers	0.10 ²	None	None
Martinez/Suisun Bay	San Joaquin River near Mallard Island	0.10	02/2000 – 08/2008	SFEI 2014
Sacramento River	Sacramento River at Freeport	0.09	11/2007 – 07/2014	USGS 2014
San Joaquin River	San Joaquin River at Vernalis (Airport Way)	0.45 ³	11/2007 – 08/2014	USGS 2014
San Joaquin River	San Joaquin River at Vernalis (Airport Way)	0.834	1999 – 2000	Central Valley RWQCB SWAMP 2009
		0.85	2004 - 2005	Central Valley RWQCB SWAMP 2009
		0.58	2006 - 2007	Central Valley RWQCB SWAMP 2009
Yolo Bypass	Sacramento River below Knights Landing	0.23 5	2004, 2007, 2008	DWR 2009

Table G2.1-1. Selenium Concentrations	in Water at Inflow Sources to the Delta
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¹ Selenium concentrations are in the dissolved fraction unless otherwise noted.

² Dissolved selenium concentration is assumed to be 0.1 μ g/L due to lack of available data and lack of sources that would be expected to result in concentrations greater than 0.1 μ g/L.

³ Data used to represent conditions for comparison of alternatives.

⁴ Not specified whether total or dissolved selenium; data for 1999–2000 used for bioaccumulation by bass in 2000; data for 2004–2005 for bass in 2005; and data for 2006–2007 for bass in 2007.

⁵ Total selenium concentration in water.

 $\mu g/L = microgram(s)$ per liter

Operations-related changes in water column selenium concentrations in the Delta may result in increased selenium bioaccumulation or toxicity (or both) to aquatic and semi-aquatic receptors using the Delta. Historical fish tissue data from 2000, 2005, and 2007 (Foe 2010a) and measured (for Sacramento River below Knights Landing and for San Joaquin River at Vernalis) or DSM2-modeled (other locations) water column selenium concentrations for selected locations in 2000, 2005, and 2007 were used to model water-to-tissue relationships. This modeling generally followed procedures described by Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b).

Implementation of the Grassland Bypass Project (GBP) has led to a 60 percent decrease in selenium loads from the Grassland Drainage Area compared to pre-project conditions (San Francisco Bay RWQCB 2008). These changes are reflected in data for the San Joaquin River at Vernalis, where water quality is monitored frequently because the river is a primary source of selenium to the Delta. Vernalis water data over two years (1999–2000, 2004–2005, and 2006–2007) was paired with each year when fish data were available, because of the GBP-related changes and because the lag time for selenium bioaccumulation in the piscivorous Largemouth Bass (*Micropterus salmoides*, the species for which the Delta-wide bioaccumulation model was calibrated) may be more than one year (Beckon 2014).

Output from the DSM2-QUAL model (expressed as percentage of inflow from different sources) was used in combination with the available measured water column selenium concentrations (Table G2.1-1) to model concentrations of selenium at locations throughout the Delta. These modeled water column selenium concentrations were used in the relationship model to estimate bioaccumulation of selenium in whole-body fish and in bird eggs. Selenium concentrations in fish fillets were then estimated from those in whole-body fish. The following sections provide detailed information about the modeling approach for selenium.

In addition to the Delta-wide modeling for fish and birds (calibrated with data for Largemouth Bass), selenium uptake and food-chain transfer information from the ecosystem-scale selenium model for the San Francisco Bay-Delta Regional Ecosystem Restoration Implementation Plan (Presser and Luoma 2013) informed the selenium bioaccumulation model for the western Delta. The Largemouth Bass has lower selenium bioaccumulation rates than those observed for sturgeon (Green Sturgeon [*Acipenser medirostris*] and White Sturgeon, [*A. transmontanus*]) and is not an appropriate model species that would be protective of sturgeon. Sturgeon differ by feeding, in part, on Overbite Clams (*Corbula [Potamocorbula] amurensis*) in Suisun Bay and may do so in the western portion of the Delta under future conditions. Therefore, DSM2-modeled water column selenium concentrations from three westernmost locations in the Delta (Sacramento River at Emmaton, San Joaquin River at Antioch, and Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing) were used to model selenium bioaccumulation for sturgeon at those three locations to supplement the modeling done for Largemouth Bass.

The results from this suite of physical and biological models are used to inform the understanding of effects of each alternative considered in this EIS on selenium. Modeling objectives included evaluation of the following:

- Percent changes in water column selenium concentrations under the alternatives as compared to the No Action Alternative.
- Exceedances of fish, wildlife, or human thresholds for selenium effects.

G2.1.2 Key Components of the Selenium Modeling

To fulfill the objectives of the selenium modeling effort, DSM2 output data were used in combination with source water concentrations to estimate water column selenium concentrations at representative locations throughout the Delta (Tables G2.1-2 through G2.1-4, located at end of this attachment). Water column selenium concentrations were then used to estimate tissue selenium concentrations in Largemouth Bass (as a representative higher trophic-level fish) throughout the Delta and in sturgeon in the western Delta. Estimation of concentrations in Largemouth Bass throughout the Delta included the development and calibration of a bioaccumulation model using measured concentrations in bass (Foe 2010a). In contrast, modeling for sturgeon in the western Delta relied on literature-based model parameters (Presser and Luoma 2013), because data were not available to calibrate the model.

G2.1.2.1 DSM2 Post-processing

Dissolved or total selenium data were available for six inflow locations to the Delta (Table G2.1-1):

- Sacramento River below Knights Landing (just upstream of Yolo Bypass, representing the Bypass source)
- Sacramento River at Freeport (mainstem flow to Delta)
- San Joaquin River at Vernalis (Airport Way) (mainstem flow to Delta)
- Mokelumne, Calaveras, and Cosumnes Rivers (for East Delta tributaries)

- Mildred Island, Center (for Delta Agriculture)
- San Joaquin River near Mallard Island (for Martinez/Suisun Bay)

Both dissolved and total selenium data were considered suitable for purposes of the modeling conducted for the Delta, because they typically do not differ greatly in the Delta. Statements related to water column selenium concentrations in this attachment would be applicable to either dissolved or total concentrations.

Whole-body Largemouth Bass data for selenium were available from the following DSM2 output locations:

- Big Break
- Cache Slough Ryer
- Franks Tract
- Middle River Bullfrog
- Old River Near Paradise Cut
- Sacramento River Mile (RM) 44
- San Joaquin River Potato Slough

Largemouth Bass data also were available from the Veterans Bridge on the Sacramento River and from Vernalis on the San Joaquin River, but DSM2 data were not available for those locations. Therefore, historical data for selenium concentrations in water collected nearby (Table G2.1-1) were used to calculate quarterly average water column selenium concentrations from these locations. The geometric mean of total selenium concentrations in water collected from the Sacramento River below Knights Landing in 2004, 2007, and 2008 (DWR 2009) were used to represent quarterly averages of selenium concentrations in water for Veterans Bridge in all years. The geometric means of selenium concentrations (total or dissolved was not specified) in water collected from Vernalis in 1999–2000, 2004–2005, and 2006–2007 (Central Valley RWQB SWAMP 2009) were used to represent quarterly averages for selenium concentrations in water during 2000, 2005, and 2007, respectively.

For DSM2 output locations, the geometric mean selenium concentrations from the inflow locations were combined with the modeled quarterly average percent inflow for each DSM2 output location to estimate water column selenium concentrations at those locations. The quarterly average mix of water from the six inflow sources (Table G2.1-1) was calculated from daily percent inflows provided by the DSM2 model output for the DSM2 output locations for which fish data were available. The quarterly water column selenium concentrations at DSM2 locations were calculated using Equation 1:

$$C_{water quarterly} = ([I_1 * C_1] + [I_2 * C_2] + [I_3 * C_3] + [I_4 * C_4] + [I_5 * C_5] + [I_6 * C_6])/100$$

Where:

- $C_{water quarterly}$ = quarterly average selenium concentration in water (micrograms/liter [µg/L]) at a DSM2 output location
- I_{1-6} = modeled quarterly inflow from each of the six sources of water to the Delta for each DSM2 output location (percentage)
- C₁₋₆ = selenium concentration in water (µg/L) from each of the six inflow sources to the Delta (1-6)

Example Calculation: Modeled Selenium Concentration at Franks Tract Year 2000, First Quarter:

(43.94 [% inflow from Sacramento River water source at Franks Tract] × 0.09 μg/L [selenium concentration at Sacramento River at Freeport]) + (11.56 [% inflow from East Delta Tributaries water source at Franks Tract] × 0.10 μg/L [selenium concentration at Mokelumne, Calaveras, and Cosumnes Rivers]) + (15.79 [% inflow from San Joaquin River water source at Franks Tract] × 0.83 μg/L [selenium concentration at San Joaquin River at Vernalis]) + (0.02 [% inflow from Martinez/Suisun Bay water source at Franks Tract] × 0.10 μg/L [selenium concentration at San Joaquin River near Mallard Island]) + (0.32 [% inflow from Yolo Bypass water source at Franks Tract] × 0.23 μg/L [selenium concentration at Sacramento River below Knights Landing]) + (5.06 [% inflow from Delta Agriculture water source at Franks Tract] × 0.11 μg/L [selenium concentration at Mildred Island, Center])/100 = 0.19 μg/L

The quarterly and average annual water column selenium concentrations for the DSM2 output locations are shown in Table G2.1-2 (Year 2000), Table G2.1-3 (Year 2005), and Table G2.1-4 (Year 2007).

G2.1.2.2 Delta-Wide Selenium Model Development

Selenium concentrations in whole-body fish and in bird eggs were calculated using ecosystem-scale models developed by Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b, 2013). The models were based on biogeochemical and physiological factors from laboratory and field studies; loading rates, chemical speciation, and transformation to particulate material; bioavailability; bioaccumulation in invertebrates; and trophic transfer to predators. Important components of the methodology included (1) empirically determined environmental partitioning factors between water and particulate material that quantify the effects of dissolved speciation and phase transformation; (2) concentrations of selenium in living and non-living particulates at the base of the food web that determine selenium bioavailability to invertebrates; and (3) selenium biodynamic food web transfer factors that quantify the physiological potential for bioaccumulation from particulate matter to consumer organisms and from prey to their predators.

G2.1.2.2.1 Selenium Concentration in Particulates

Phase transformation reactions from dissolved to particulate selenium are the primary form by which selenium enters the food web. Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b, 2013) used field observations to quantify the relationship between particulate material and dissolved selenium as indicated in Equation 2.

$$C_{particulate} = K_d * C_{water \ column}$$

Where:

- $C_{particulate}$ = selenium concentration in particulate material (micrograms/kilogram, dry weight [μ g/kg dw])
- K_d = particulate/water ratio
- $C_{water \ column}$ = selenium concentration in water column (µg/L)

The K_d (also called an "enrichment factor") describes the particulate/water ratio at the moment the sample was taken and should not be interpreted as an equilibrium constant (as it sometimes is mistaken to be). It can vary widely among hydrologic environments and potentially among seasons (Presser and Luoma 2010a, 2010b, 2013; Young et al. 2010). In addition, other factors such as selenium speciation, water residence time, and particle type affect K_d . Selenium typically enters a stream primarily as selenate. If the stream flows into a wetland and the water is retained there with sufficient residence time, recycling of

selenium may occur. This results in generation of particulate selenium and conversion to more bioaccumulative selenite and organo-selenium from the less-bioaccumulative dissolved selenate.

Residence time of water containing selenium is usually the most influential factor on the conditions in the receiving aquatic environment. Short water residence times (such as in streams and rivers) limit partitioning of selenium into particulate material. Conversely, longer residence times (such as in sloughs, lakes, and estuaries) allow greater uptake by plants, algae, and microorganisms. Furthermore, environments in downstream portions of a watershed can receive cumulative contributions of upstream recycling in a hydrologic system. Because of its high variability, K_d is a large source of uncertainty in any selenium model where extrapolations from selenium concentrations in the water column to those in aquatic organism tissues, or from tissue to water column concentrations, are necessary.

In developing the Delta-wide bioaccumulation model for bass, the particulate selenium concentration initially was estimated using Equation 2 and a default K_d of 1,000 (Presser and Luoma 2010a). Because the K_d is typically much more variable than other steps in the bioaccumulation model, the K_d was then adjusted to calibrate the model so that the modeled concentrations for fish approximated the measured concentrations in bass for normal and wet years (2000 and 2005) and for drought years (2007), as described in more detail in Section G2.1.2.3, *Delta-Wide Selenium Model Calibration*.

G2.1.2.2.2 Selenium Concentrations in Invertebrates

Trophic transfer factors (TTFs) describing the transfer of selenium from particulates to prey and to predators were developed using data from laboratory experiments and field studies (Presser and Luoma 2010a, 2010b, 2013). TTFs are species-specific, but the range of TTFs for freshwater invertebrates was found to be similar to TTFs for marine invertebrates determined in laboratory experiments.

TTFs for estimating selenium concentrations in invertebrates were calculated using Equation 3:

$$TTF_{invertebrate} = (C_{invertebrate})/(C_{particulate})$$

Where:

- *TTF*_{invertebrate} = trophic transfer factor from particulate material to invertebrate
- $C_{invertebrate}$ = concentration of selenium in invertebrate (µg/g dw)
- $C_{particulate}$ = concentration of selenium in particulate material (µg/g dw)

An average aquatic insect TTF was calculated from TTFs for aquatic insect species with similar bioaccumulative potential, including Mayfly (Baetidae; Heptageniidae; Ephemerellidae), Caddisfly (Rhyacophilidae; Hydropsychidae), Crane Fly (Tipulidae), Stonefly (Perlodidae/Perlidae; Chloroperlidae), Damselfly (Coenagrionidae), Corixid (*Cenocorixa* spp.), and Chironomid (Chironomus spp.) aquatic life stages. Species-specific TTFs ranged from 2.1 to 3.2; the average TTF of 2.8 was used in the Delta-wide model.

G2.1.2.2.3 Selenium Concentrations in Whole-body Fish

The mechanistic equation for modeling selenium bioaccumulation in fish tissue is similar to that for invertebrates if whole-body concentrations are the endpoint (Presser and Luoma 2010a, 2010b, 2013), as shown in Equation 4:

$$TTF_{fish} = C_{fish} / C_{invertebrate}$$

where:

$$C_{invertebrate} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate}$$

therefore:

$$C_{fish} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{fish}$$

Where:

- C_{fish} = concentration of selenium in fish (µg/g dw)
- $C_{particulate}$ = concentration of selenium in particulate material (µg/g dw)
- $C_{invertebrate}$ = concentration of selenium in invertebrate (µg/g dw)
- *TTF*_{invertebrate} = trophic transfer factor from particulate material to invertebrates
- TTF_{fish} = trophic transfer factor from invertebrates to fish

Modeling selenium bioaccumulation into a particular fish species considers organism physiology and its preferred foods. However, variability in fish tissue selenium concentrations for the present modeling is driven more by dietary choices and their respective levels of bioaccumulation (that is, $TTF_{invertebrate}$) than by differences in fish physiology or the dietary transfer to the fish (TTF_{fish}). A diet of mixed prey (including invertebrates or other fish) can be modeled as shown in Equation 5:

$$C_{fish} = TTF_{fish} * ([C_1 * F_1] + [C_2 * F_2] + [C_3 * F_3])$$

Where:

- C_{fish} = concentration of selenium in fish (µg/g dw)
- TTF_{fish} = trophic transfer factor for fish species
- C_{1-3} = concentration of selenium in invertebrates or fish prey items 1, 2, and 3 (µg/g dw)
- F_{1-3} = fraction of diet composed of prey items 1, 2, and 3

Modeling selenium concentrations in more complex food webs with higher trophic levels (for example, predator fish such as bass consuming forage fish) can be completed by incorporating additional TTFs, as shown in Equation 6:

$$C_{predatorfish} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{foragefish} * TTF_{predatorfish}$$

Where:

- $C_{predatorfish} = \text{concentration of selenium in fish } (\mu g/g \, dw)$
- $C_{particulate}$ = concentration of selenium in particulate material (µg/g dw)
- *TTF*_{invertebrate} = trophic transfer factor from particulate material to invertebrates
- $TTF_{foragefish}$ = trophic transfer factor for invertebrates to foraging fish species
- *TTF*_{predatorfish} = trophic transfer factor for forage fish to predator species

The fish TTFs reported in Presser and Luoma (2010a) ranged from 0.5 to 1.6, so the average fish TTF of 1.1 was used for all trophic levels of fish in the Delta-wide model.

Modeled selenium concentrations in whole-body fish were used to estimate selenium concentrations in fish fillets, as described in Section G2.1.2.2.5, *Selenium Concentrations in Fish Fillets*.

G2.1.2.2.4 Selenium Concentrations in Bird Eggs

Selenium concentrations in bird tissues can be estimated, but the transfer of selenium into bird eggs is more meaningful for evaluating reproductive endpoints (Presser and Luoma 2010a; Ohlendorf and Heinz 2011). Examples of models for selenium transfer to bird eggs are as shown in Equations 7 and 8:

 $C_{birdegg} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{birdegg}$

(this equation is based on birds, such as shorebirds, eating invertebrates)

or:

$$C_{birdegg} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{fish} * TTF_{birdegg}$$

(this equation is based on birds, such as herons or terns, feeding on small fish)

Where:

- $C_{birdegg}$ = concentration of selenium in bird egg (µg/g dw)
- $C_{particulate}$ = concentration of selenium in particulate material (µg/g dw)
- *TTF*_{invertebrate} = trophic transfer factor from particulate material to invertebrate
- TTF_{fish} = trophic transfer factor from invertebrate to fish
- $TTF_{birdegg}$ = trophic transfer factor from invertebrate or fish (depending on diet) to bird egg

Presser and Luoma (2010b, 2013) reviewed the available data for selenium bioaccumulation from diet to bird eggs and concluded that the mean $TTF_{birdegg} = 2.6$ was most appropriate for modeling. This TTF was based on laboratory studies in which Mallards (*Anas platyrhynchos*) were fed selenium-fortified diets to evaluate reproductive effects. Mallards are considered sensitive to selenium based on reproductive endpoints. In their previous evaluation of those data, Presser and Luoma (2010a) concluded that a $TTF_{birdegg} = 1.8$ was appropriate. The form of selenium included in the Mallard diet (selenomethionine) has been used as a surrogate in many laboratory studies to represent exposure of fish and birds under field conditions. Other laboratory studies were conducted with Black-crowned Night-herons (*Nycticorax nycticorax*) by Smith et al. (1988), for Eastern Screech-owls (*Otus asio*) by Wiemeyer and Hoffman (1996), and for American Kestrels (*Falco sparverius*) by Santolo et al. (1999). In each of these studies, the experimental groups also received supplemental selenium in the form of selenomethionine. Transfer factors for the selenium-supplemented birds varied from approximately 1.0 to 2.2, with a mean of 1.5.

In field studies conducted at Kesterson Reservoir and the Volta Wildlife Area reference site, extensive sampling of food-chain biota and bird eggs was conducted from 1983 through 1985, and birds were collected to determine qualitatively the kinds of aquatic organisms they had eaten (Saiki and Lowe 1987; Hothem and Ohlendorf 1989; Schuler et al. 1990; Ohlendorf and Hothem 1995). Based on the kinds of food items found in each of the sampled species and the mean selenium concentrations in those kinds of organisms, a mean selenium concentration was estimated for each species at each site during each nesting season. In contrast to the findings with selenomethionine-supplemented diets in the laboratory, TTFs from diet to eggs were almost always less than 2.0. At the Volta Wildlife Area, where diet and egg selenium concentrations were representative of "background" conditions, transfer factors ranged from 0.63 to 2.0, with a mean of 1.35. At Kesterson, the transfer factors ranged from less than 0.2 to 0.48.

Because selenomethionine in the Mallard diet is probably more readily transferred to eggs than are the selenium forms in field-collected food-chain biota, the $TTF_{birdegg} = 1.8$ value from Presser and Luoma (2010a) was used in the bioaccumulation model.

G2.1.2.2.5 Selenium Concentrations in Fish Fillets

Selenium concentrations in whole-body fish from the bioaccumulation model were converted to selenium concentrations in skinless fish fillets for evaluation of potential human health effects. The regression equation provided in Saiki et al. (1991) for Largemouth Bass from the San Joaquin River system was considered to be the most representative of fish in the Delta and was used for the conversion of these selenium concentrations, as shown in Equation 9:

$$SF = (-0.388) + (1.322 * WB)$$

Where:

- SF = selenium concentration in skinless fish fillet ($\mu g/g dw$)
- WB = selenium concentration in whole-body fish ($\mu g/g dw$)

Fish fillet data were compared to the Advisory Tissue Level (2.5 micrograms per gram $[\mu g/g]$) in wet weight (ww) (OEHHA 2008); therefore, wet-weight concentrations were estimated from dry-weight concentrations using the equation provided by Saiki et al. (1991) as shown in Equation 10:

$$WW = DW * (100 - Moist)/100$$

Where:

- WW = selenium concentration in wet weight (µg/g ww)
- DW = selenium concentration in dry weight (μ g/g dw)
- *Moist* = mean moisture content of the species

Because moisture content in fish varies among species, sample handling, and locations, the mean moisture content of 70 percent used by Foe (2010b) was assumed for fish in the Delta. The final equation used to estimate selenium concentration in skinless fish fillets (wet weight) from selenium concentration in whole-body fish (dry weight) is as shown in Equation 11:

$$SF = ([-0.388] + [1.322 * WB]) * 0.3$$

Where:

- SF = selenium concentrations in skinless fish fillet (μ g/g ww)
- WB = selenium concentration in whole-body fish (μ g/g dw)

G2.1.2.3 Delta-Wide Selenium Model Calibration

Several models were evaluated and refined to estimate selenium uptake in fish and in bird eggs from waters in the Delta. Input parameters to the model (K_ds and the number of trophic levels) were iterated among the models as refinements were made. Data for Largemouth Bass collected in the Delta from areas near DSM2 output locations were used to calculate the geometric mean selenium concentration in whole-body fish (Foe 2010a). The ratio of the estimated (modeled) selenium concentration in fish to measured

selenium in whole-body bass was used to evaluate each fish model and to focus refinements of the model. These Delta-wide models are presented in the following subsections.

Characteristics of water flow in the Delta affect selenium bioaccumulation and the model refinements, because longer residence time for the water can be expected to increase bioaccumulation by increasing K_d . Foe (2010a) reported the water year type for 2000 as "above normal" in both the Sacramento River and San Joaquin River watersheds. Water year 2000 came after "wet" water years and was followed by "dry" water years. Year 2005 was wetter than 2000, and was reported as "above normal" for the Sacramento River watershed and "wet" for the San Joaquin River watershed. Year 2005 occurred between periods of wet water years. Water Year 2007 was reported as "dry" (Sacramento River watershed) and "critically dry" (San Joaquin River watershed). It came after wet water years and was followed by critically dry water years.

There were no differences in bass selenium concentrations in the Sacramento River at Rio Vista in comparison to the San Joaquin River at Vernalis in 2000, 2005, and 2007 (Foe 2010a). The lack of a difference in bioaccumulated selenium between the two river systems was unexpected because the San Joaquin River is considered a significant source of selenium to the Delta.

Differences in modeled tissue selenium concentrations among years were related to hydrology and water flow through the Delta. Year 2005 selenium concentrations in bass were comparatively lower than those estimated for Year 2000. As expected in a wet water year, the water residence time was shorter, resulting in less selenium recycling, lower K_d values, and lower concentrations of selenium entering the food web. The dry water year (2007) resulted in a longer water residence time, higher K_d values, greater selenium recycling, and higher concentrations of bioavailable selenium entering the food web. These differences among years were considered when refining the selenium bioaccumulation model.

G2.1.2.3.1 Bioaccumulation in Whole-body Fish

Models estimating whole-body selenium concentrations in fish were refined by modifying dietary composition and input parameters to closely represent measured conditions in the Delta. Each model is described in this section.

Model 1 was a basic representative of uptake by a forage fish, while Model 2 calculated sequential bioaccumulation in a more complex food web that included predatory fish eating forage fish, as shown below:

Model 1: Trophic level 3 (TL-3) fish eating invertebrates (Equation 12):

Model 2: Trophic level 4 (TL-4) fish eating TL-3 fish (Equation 13):

$$C_{predatorfish} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{foragefish} * TTF_{predatorfish}$$

Where:

- C_{fish} = concentration of selenium in fish (µg/g dw)
- $C_{particulate}$ = concentration of selenium in particulate material (µg/g dw)
- *TTF*_{invertebrate} = Trophic transfer factor from particulate material to invertebrate
- TTF_{fish} = Trophic transfer factor from invertebrate to forage fish or forage fish to predator fish

Equation 12 is the same as Equation 4 and Equation 13 is the same as Equation 6 that were described previously for the generalized model. In both Models 1 and 2, the particulate selenium concentration was estimated using Equation 2 and a default K_d of 1,000. The average TTFs for invertebrates (2.8) and fish (1.1) were used in each model. The outputs of estimated selenium concentrations and the ratios of predicted-to-observed bass selenium concentrations for Models 1 and 2 are presented in Table G2.1-5 and Figure G2.1-1 (all figures are provided at the end of this attachment).

Models 1 and 2 tended to substantially underestimate the whole-body selenium concentrations in fish compared to bass data reported in Foe (2010a). This was partly because Model 1 was estimating selenium concentration in a forage fish (TL-3), whereas bass are a predatory fish with expected higher dietary exposure. Consequently, Model 1 was not further developed as the selenium bioaccumulation model to represent fish in the Delta.

Model 2 is representative of predatory fish, but Model 2 was very similar to Model 1 in distribution of data and in underestimating bass data, even though an additional trophic-level transfer was included in the model. As noted in Section G2.1.2.2.1, *Selenium Concentration in Particulates*, and described in much greater detail by Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b, 2013), the K_d values for uptake from water are far more variable than the TTFs for invertebrates or fish. Models 1 and 2 also apparently reflect the tendency of selenium (as an essential nutrient) to be more bioaccumulative when water column concentrations are low (as described by Stewart et al. [2010]), which they were for the DSM2-modeled concentrations (that is, 0.09 to 0.85 µg/L). Available K_d values from various sampling efforts in the Delta provided by Presser and Luoma (2010b) were reviewed for potential applicability in the modeling effort. Those values varied on the basis of locations within the Delta and Suisun Bay and also by water year and flow characteristics (often greater than 5,000 and sometimes exceeding 10,000). However, efforts to incorporate various selected K_d values (for example, 2,000 or 3,000) into the model uniformly for different DSM2 locations failed to produce ratios of modeled-to-measured fish selenium concentrations that approximated 1 (they either over- or underestimated fish selenium concentrations because of variability in site conditions).

The available bass data and the assumed TTFs for invertebrates (2.8) and fish (1.1) were used to backcalculate a location and sample-specific K_d . It is recognized that some of the variability in bioaccumulation may be associated with the TTFs, but there were no reasonable assumptions for selection of alternative values to consider in the model.

When TTFs were held constant, back-calculation of K_d values revealed a concentration-related influence on the values. For water column selenium concentrations in the range of 0.09 to 0.13 µg/L (N = 50), the median K_d was 5,575; when water column selenium concentrations were in the range of 0.14 to 0.40 µg/L (N = 19), the median K_d was 2,431; for water column selenium concentrations in the range of 0.41 to 0.85 µg/L (N = 19), the median K_d was 748. These observations are consistent with an inverse relationship between water column selenium concentrations in aquatic organisms (Stewart et al. 2010; USEPA 2016).

Figure G2.1-2 shows the log-log regression relation of K_d to water column selenium concentration when all years are included and the TTFs are held constant, while Figure G2.1-3 shows the relationship for normal/wet years (2000 and 2005) and Figure G2.1-4 shows the regression for dry years (2007), when the K_d s were generally higher.

Model 3 is a refinement of Model 2 (with TTFs as described previously) by including the K_d estimated from the log-log regression relation for all years (Figure G2.2-2). This produced a median ratio of predicted-to-observed whole-body selenium in bass that slightly exceeded 1 (Figure G2.1-1); details are provided in Table G2.1-6. Because of the noticeable differences between 2007 (the dry year) and the other 2 years, the next step in modeling was to evaluate 2007 separately from 2000 and 2005. Model 4 incorporates the log-log relationship between K_d and water selenium concentrations for 2000 and 2005 (Figure G2.1-3). Model 5 incorporates log-log relationship between K_d and water selenium concentrations for 2007 (Figure G2.1-4 and Table G2.1-7). These two models produced ratios of predicted-to-observed whole-body selenium in bass approximating 1, as shown in Figure G2.1-1.

As expected in a large, complex, and diverse ecological habitat such as the Delta, variations in the data distribution and in the outputs of the models are not surprising. However, it should be noted that the estimated K_d values for Model 3 (674-6,060; Table G2.1-6), Model 4 (651-4,997; Table G2.1-7), and Model 5 (1,206-8,064; Table G2.1-7) are consistent with those summarized by Presser and Luoma (2010b) for the Delta.

Figures G2.1-5 and G2.1-6 illustrate the distribution of data for selenium concentrations in Largemouth Bass (Foe 2010a) relative to the measured or DSM2-modeled water column selenium concentrations (Tables G2.1-2 through G2.1-4) and Models 3, 4, and 5 to complement the boxplots shown in Figure G2.1-1. There is notably more variability in selenium concentrations in bass between 0.09 and 0.13 μ g/L than at higher water column selenium concentrations (as shown in both Figures G2.1-5 and G2.1-6); most of the higher values are from 2007 and most of the lower ones are from 2005.

Figure G2.1-5 shows the available data for 2000, 2005, and 2007 plotted with the Model 3 prediction of selenium concentrations. As noted previously in text and in Figure G2.1-1, the model slightly overpredicts the median concentrations in fish on the basis of water column selenium concentrations. This effect is reflected in Figure G2.1-1 by the outliers above the 90th percentile bar (that is, the higher overpredictions for fish, which are those from 2000 and 2005). However, overall, the model is within 1 μ g/g for all values less than the prediction, and within about 1.2 μ g/g for the values greater than the prediction (Figure G2.1-5).

Because of the notable differences between data for 2007 compared to combined 2000 and 2005 data, Model 4 was developed for 2000 and 2005 and Model 5 was developed for 2007. Figure G2.1-6 shows those model predictions compared to the data. These two models improved the predictions; although, the figure shows greater differences between measured and modeled fish tissue data at lower water column concentrations (that is, less than $0.30 \ \mu g/L$) than at higher ones. The divergence is generally less than $0.5 \ \mu g/g$ at the higher water column concentrations. The outliers for Model 4 are mostly above the 90th percentile (that is, over-predicting concentrations in fish), rather than below, as shown in Figure G2.1-1. For Model 5, the predictions are "tighter" with just a few outliers above or below the 90th percentile.

Evaluation of water-year effects on selenium concentration in bass concluded that Model 4 was relatively predictive of selenium concentration in whole-body bass during normal to wet water years. Model 5 was considered predictive for dry water years (such as 2007). Model 3 incorporates the varying bioaccumulation when all years are considered (that is, 2000, 2005, and 2007). Although Model 3 tends to slightly overestimate selenium bioaccumulation (Table G2.1-6 and Figure G2.1-1), it was used for estimating selenium concentrations in whole-body fish for "All" years, and Model 5 was used for "Drought" years.

G2.1.2.3.2 Selenium Bioaccumulation in Bird Eggs

The K_d , invertebrate TTF, and fish TTFs developed for use in fish bioaccumulation Models 4 and 5 also were used to estimate selenium uptake into bird eggs using the following two bird egg models (Table G2.1-8):

Bird Egg: Uptake from invertebrates (Equation 14):

$$C_{birdegg} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{birdegg}$$

where:

$$C_{particulate} = K_d * C_{water}$$

Bird Egg: Uptake from fish (Equation 15):

$$C_{birdegg} = C_{particulate} * TTF_{invertebrate} * TTF_{fish} * TTF_{fish} * TTF_{birdegg}$$

where:

$$C_{particulate} = K_d * C_{water}$$

Where:

- $C_{birdegg}$ = concentration of selenium in bird egg (µg/g dw)
- $C_{particulate}$ = concentration of selenium in particulate material (µg/g dw)
- C_{water} = selenium concentration in water column (µg/L)
- $K_d = \text{particulate/water ratio}$
- *TTF*_{invertebrate} = trophic transfer factor from particulate material to invertebrate
- TTF_{fish} = trophic transfer factor from invertebrate or fish to fish
- $TTF_{birdegg}$ = trophic transfer factor from invertebrate or fish (depending on diet) to bird egg

Equation 14 is the same as Equation 7, but Equation 15 differs from Equation 8 in that it assumes birds are eating larger predatory fish such as bass.

G2.1.2.4 Western Delta Sturgeon Model

Presser and Luoma (2013) determined K_d values for San Francisco Bay (including Carquinez Strait– Suisun Bay) during "low flow" conditions (5,986) and "average" conditions (3,317). These values were used to model selenium concentrations in particulates in bioaccumulation modeling for sturgeon under "Drought" and "All" year conditions at the three western Delta locations. By comparison, calibration of the Delta-wide model for two western-most location from which bass had been collected (Big Break) resulted in an average $K_d = 3,736$ for 2000/2005 (Model 4, normal/wet years) and average $K_d = 7,166$ for 2007 (Model 5, dry year).

Sturgeon in the western Delta, Carquinez Strait, and Suisun Bay typically prey on a mix of clams including *Corbula (Potamocorbula) amurensis*, which is known to be an efficient bioaccumulator of selenium (Stewart et al. 2010) and crustaceans. Presser and Luoma (2013) assumed a sturgeon diet of 50 percent clams and 50 percent amphipods and other crustaceans in their model. Based on this diet, the authors reported a TTF of 9.2 (identified as TTF_{prey} in Table 1 of Presser and Luoma [2013]). This TTF was used to calculate concentrations in sturgeon invertebrate prey for the Sacramento River at Emmaton, San Joaquin River at Antioch, and Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing locations.

A TTF of 1.3 from diet to fish (identified as $TTF_{predator}$) was reported for sturgeon in Presser and Luoma (2013) and was used to calculate concentrations of selenium in sturgeon for the three western Delta locations.

Modeling sturgeon tissue selenium concentrations at the three western Delta locations did not require refinement because it relied on recent data provided by Presser and Luoma (2013) and because field data to refine the model were not available.

G2.2 Modeling Simulations and Assumptions

This section describes the assumptions for the selenium model simulations. The general selenium modeling assumptions described in the following subsection pertain to all alternative model runs.

G2.2.1 Delta-Wide Assumptions

The calibrated Delta-wide selenium bioaccumulation models (Models 3, 4, and 5) are considered representative of conditions in the Delta under current and likely future conditions, because they incorporate realistic concentrations of water column selenium and they predict selenium concentrations in predatory fish that approximate measured concentrations in Largemouth Bass. The calibrated models take into account the variable nature of selenium bioaccumulation in relation to water column concentrations, which is reflected by the inverse relationship between K_d and water column selenium concentrations.

Models are not available to quantitatively estimate the level of changes in selenium bioaccumulation as related to residence time, but the effects of residence time are incorporated in the bioaccumulation modeling for selenium through higher K_d values in drought years compared to wet, normal, or all years. If increases in fish tissue or bird egg selenium were to occur, the increases would likely be of concern only where fish tissues or bird eggs are already near or above thresholds of concern. That is, where biota concentrations are currently low and not approaching thresholds of concern (which is the case throughout the Delta, except for sturgeon in the western Delta), changes in residence time alone would not be expected to cause them to then approach or exceed thresholds of concern. In consideration of this factor, although monitoring data for fish tissue or bird eggs in the Delta are sparse, the most likely areas in which biota tissue selenium concentrations areas would be high enough that additional bioaccumulation due to increased residence time from restoration areas would be a concern are the western Delta and Suisun Bay (discussed below for sturgeon), and the south Delta in areas that receive San Joaquin River water.

The South Delta receives elevated selenium loads from the San Joaquin River. In contrast to Suisun Bay and possibly the western Delta in the future, the south Delta lacks the Overbite Clam (*Corbula* [*Potamocorbula*] *amurensis*), which is considered a key driver of selenium bioaccumulation in Suisun Bay because of its high bioaccumulation of selenium and its role in the benthic food web that includes long-lived sturgeon. The Asian Clam, *Corbicula fluminea*, occur in the south Delta. This bivalve also bioaccumulates selenium, but it is not as widespread as the Overbite Clam and thus likely makes up a smaller fraction of sturgeon diet.

Nonpoint sources of selenium in the San Joaquin Valley that contribute selenium to the Delta are being controlled through a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) developed by the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board (Central Valley RWQCB) for the lower San Joaquin River, established limits for the Grassland Bypass Project, and Basin Plan objectives (Central Valley RWQCB 2001, 2010; SWRCB 2010a, 2010b; USEPA 2015) that have resulted in decreasing discharges of selenium from the San Joaquin River to the Delta.

G2.2.2 Western Delta Sturgeon Assumptions

Modeling for selenium bioaccumulation by sturgeon in the western Delta was based on the most appropriate uptake factors available, which were published recently by Presser and Luoma (2013) specifically for sturgeon in northern San Francisco Bay estuary. The disparity between larger estimated changes for sturgeon and smaller changes for other biota (that is, whole-body fish, bird eggs, and fish fillets) is attributable largely to differences in modeling approaches, as described previously. The model for most biota was calibrated to account for the varying concentration-dependent uptake from water column selenium concentrations (expressed as the K_d , which is the ratio of selenium concentrations in particulates [as the lowest level of the food chain] relative to the water column concentration) that was exhibited in data for Largemouth Bass in 2000, 2005, and 2007 at various locations across the Delta. In contrast, the sturgeon modeling could not be similarly calibrated at the three western Delta locations and used literature-derived uptake factors and TTFs for the estuary from Presser and Luoma (2013).

There was a significant negative log-log relationship of K_d to water column selenium concentration that reflected greater bioaccumulation rates for bass at low water column selenium than at higher concentrations. There was no difference in bass selenium concentrations in the Sacramento River at Rio Vista compared to the San Joaquin River at Vernalis in 2000, 2005, and 2007 (Foe 2010a), despite a nearly 10-fold difference in water column selenium concentrations. It is unknown whether this might also occur in the sturgeon food web. Thus, there is more confidence in the site-specific modeling based on the Delta-wide model that was calibrated for bass data than in the estimates for sturgeon based on "fixed" K_d values for all years and for drought years without regard to water column selenium concentration at the three locations in different time periods.

The western Delta and Suisun Bay receive elevated selenium loads from North San Francisco Bay (including San Pablo Bay, Carquinez Strait, and Suisun Bay) and from the San Joaquin River. Point sources of selenium in North San Francisco Bay (that is, refineries) that contribute selenium to Suisun Bay are expected to be reduced through a TMDL developed by the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (San Francisco Bay RWQCB 2016) that is expected to result in decreasing discharges of selenium. Nonpoint sources of selenium in the San Joaquin Valley that contribute selenium to the San Joaquin River, and thus the Delta and Suisun Bay, will be controlled through a TMDL developed by the Central Valley RWQCB (2001) for the lower San Joaquin River, established limits for the GBP, and Basin Plan objectives (Central Valley RWQCB 2010; SWRCB 2010a, 2010b; USEPA 2015) that are expected to result in decreasing discharges of selenium levels are not sufficiently reduced via these efforts, it is expected that the SWRCB and the San Francisco Bay and Central Valley regional Water Quality Control Boards would initiate additional actions to further control sources of selenium.

G2.2.3 Model Application Methodology

Modeled whole-body fish, bird egg, or fish fillet data were compared directly (for percent change) to the following threshold effect benchmarks:

- Whole-body fish for the Delta-wide model were compared to the Level of Concern (4 milligrams per kilogram [mg/kg] dw; Beckon 2017) and the Toxicity Level (8.5 mg/kg dw; USEPA 2016, 2018) for fish tissue.
- Modeled bird egg selenium concentrations were compared to Level of Concern (6 mg/kg dw) and Toxicity Level (10 mg/kg dw) values from Beckon (2017).
- Fish fillet data were compared to the Advisory Tissue Level ($2.5 \mu g/g ww$) for human consumption of fish (OEHHA 2008).

• Whole-body selenium concentrations in sturgeon were compared to Low Effect (5 mg/kg dw) and High Effect (8 mg/kg dw) guidelines from Presser and Luoma (2013) and the North San Francisco Bay TMDL target (8 mg/kg dw; San Francisco Bay RWQCB 2016).

Results of comparisons to these benchmarks are expressed as Exceedance Quotients (EQs) in some of the tables and figures. Annual average selenium concentrations in water did not exceed the 1.5 μ g/L criterion for lentic aquatic systems or the 3.1 μ g/L criterion for lotic aquatic systems (USEPA 2016), so no EQs were calculated for modeled water concentrations.

G2.2.3.1 No Action Alternative Model

• The No Action Alternative model was completed for five Delta interior, three western Delta, and four major Delta diversion locations. DSM2 post-processing output provided estimates of the water column selenium concentration at each of those 12 locations (Table G2.2-1). The Delta-specific selenium bioaccumulation model that was calibrated using Largemouth Bass data from the Delta was then used to estimate selenium concentrations in whole-body fish and then in bird eggs and fish fillets. Selenium concentrations in sturgeon inhabiting the western Delta (represented by three locations) were estimated using recently published literature parameters. Modeled selenium concentrations in whole-body fish throughout the Delta or sturgeon in the western Delta), bird egg, or fish fillet data were compared to the threshold effect benchmarks listed previously. The modeled tissue selenium concentrations themselves and the EQs (based on comparisons to thresholds) both served as a basis for comparison of other alternatives.

G2.2.3.2 Alternative Models

For each of the alternative model simulations, the same procedure as described for the No Action Alternative model was used, with similar assumptions, to estimate water column selenium concentrations and selenium concentrations in fish and in bird eggs. Each alternative model simulation for each type of biota (whole-body fish [either using the Delta-wide model for bass or the western Delta sturgeon model], bird eggs, or fish fillets) was compared to the No Action Alternative.

G2.3 Modeling Results

G2.3.1 Results: Delta-Wide Model

Modeled concentrations of selenium in whole-body fish, bird eggs (invertebrate diet and fish diet), and fish fillets are for the alternatives are summarized in Tables G2.3-1 through G2.3-9. Outputs are average selenium concentrations for the entire (1922–2003) period modeled and the 5-year (1987–1991) drought period modeled using DSM2. Figures G2.3-1 through G2.3-4 present the EQs for the five year drought period for whole-body fish, bird eggs (invertebrate diet), bird eggs (fish diet), and fish fillets.

G2.3.2 Results: Western Delta Sturgeon Model

Modeling results for selenium in whole-body sturgeon are summarized in Tables G2.3-10 through G2.3-12. Outputs are average selenium concentrations for the entire (1922–2003) period modeled and the 5-year (1987–1991) drought period modeled using DSM2. Figure G2.3-5 presents the Low Toxicity Threshold EQs in whole-body sturgeon for the 5-year drought period.

G2.3.3 Model Limitations and Applicability

CalSim II and DSM2 are planning level models, not predictive models. Further, mathematical models like DSM2 can only approximate processes of physical systems. Models are inherently inexact because the mathematical description of the physical system is imperfect and the understanding of interrelated physical processes is incomplete.

The selenium model for sturgeon has greater uncertainty than the selenium model for bass because the sturgeon model was not as finely calibrated for varying K_d relative to water column selenium concentrations in the western Delta, as discussed in Section G2.2.2, *Western Delta Sturgeon Assumptions*. Selenium concentrations for inflow sources to the Delta (for example, agriculture in the Delta, Yolo Bypass, Eastside Tributaries) also present uncertainty in the modeling because of limited data. However, the selenium models are powerful tools that provide estimated selenium concentrations in biota that, when used in a comparative manner, can provide useful insight into how physical system changes could affect selenium bioaccumulation.

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			F	irst Quarter Inf	low Percentage				Se	cond Quarter In	flow Percentage	:	
	Inflow Source	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass
	Inflow Location	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing
DSM2 Output Water	Selenium (µg/L)	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.83	0.10	0.23	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.83	0.10	0.23
Location	Location ID												
Big Break	BIGBRK_MID	2.94	6.88	53.15	6.59	0.18	5.70	2.95	6.37	73.59	13.55	0.27	3.12
Cache Slough	CACHS_LEN	1.46	0	53.38	0	0	31.91	1.24	1.5E-05	85.07	2.5E-05	0	13.25
Cache Slough Ryer	CACHSR_MID	2.88	0	54.86	0	0	20.48	3.36	9.8E-07	79.75	1.9E-06	0	16.25
Cosumnes R.	COSR_LEN	8.1E-06	98.82	0	0	0	0	0	100.00	0	0	0	0
Franks Tract	FRANKST_MID	5.06	11.56	43.94	15.79	0.02	0.32	4.17	9.42	61.16	23.89	0.01	1.22
Little Holland Tract	LHOLND_L0	72.35	0	5.06	0	0	6.50	23.38	8.2E-07	63.10	1.6E-06	0	13.03
Middle R Bullfrog	MIDRBULFRG_LEN	10.54	13.07	18.37	32.20	1.9E-03	3.2E-03	5.49	9.19	14.96	70.17	4.2E-04	0.10
Mildred Island	MILDDRISL_MID	7.47	14.31	22.79	30.23	2.4E-03	1.8E-03	4.77	10.05	18.48	66.48	6.7E-04	0.13
Mok. R. below Cosum.	MOKBCOS_LEN	2.07	96.19	0	0	0	0	1.65	98.35	0	0	0	0
Mok. R. downstream Cosum.	MOKDCOS_MID	2.07	96.43	0	0	0	0	1.68	98.32	0	0	0	0
Old R near Paradise Cut	OLDRNPARADSEC_MID	6.24	0	0	87.26	0	0	14.40	1.67	5.21	78.66	1.2E-05	0.04
Paradise Cut	PARADSECUT_LEN	4.69	0	0	91.37	0	0	2.62	0.06	0.15	97.16	1.5E-07	1.1E-03
Port of Stockton	PORTOSTOCK_L0	1.67	0	0	18.85	0	0	2.22	0	0	60.73	0	0
Sac. R. at Isleton	SACRISLTON_L0	0.33	0	95.77	0	0	0	0.31	0.00	99.60	0	0	5.5E-05
Sac River RM 44	SACR44_L0	0.14	0	97.93	0	0	0	0.11	0	99.81	0	0	0
Sandmound Sl.	SANDMND_MID	6.36	10.51	43.82	12.90	0.03	0.57	5.22	8.81	63.78	20.40	0.03	1.63
Sherman Island	SHERMNILND_L0	1.64	3.45	52.71	3.93	0.60	12.10	2.48	4.95	76.80	10.96	0.96	3.67
SJR Bowman	SJRBOWMN_MID	1.40	0	0	94.03	0	0	1.52	0	0	98.48	0	0
SJR N Hwy4	SJRNHWY4_MID	3.49	0	0	89.96	0	0	1.87	0	0	98.13	0	0
SJR Naval st	SJRNAVLST_L0	8.89	12.70	0.00	65.44	0	0	2.69	6.26	0	90.94	0	0
SJR Potato Slough	SJRPOTSL_MID	3.15	12.62	55.38	12.40	0.01	0.06	3.05	10.32	65.93	19.73	0.01	0.86
SJR Turner	SJRTURNR_MID	8.81	9.28	2.55	56.31	5.3E-05	1.0E-05	3.33	5.77	0.41	90.39	6.3E-06	2.4E-03
SJR/Pt. Antioch/fish pier	ASRANTFSH_MID	1.92	4.35	55.13	4.50	0.44	10.23	2.45	4.72	77.70	10.28	0.76	3.91
Suisun Bay	SUISNB_LEN	0.81	1.22	45.93	1.24	16.49	15.94	0.92	1.66	49.51	3.61	41.10	2.95
Sycamore Slough	SYCAMOR_MID	6.50	50.69	15.18	0	0	0	5.89	76.86	16.89	2.8E-07	0	0
White Slough	WHITESL_L0	22.32	11.88	17.97	25.51	1.7E-08	6.0E-11	16.54	12.10	16.87	54.46	3.7E-09	6.1E-05
White Slough DS Disappointment Sl.	WHTSLDISPONT_LEN	14.83	22.63	29.02	22.45	5.4E-08	0	12.45	13.97	21.21	52.32	2.2E-09	2.3E-04

Table G2.1-2. Calculation of Quarterly Average Selenium Concentrations for DSM2 Output Locations Based on Percentage of Flow at Each Location from Different Sources: Year 2000

			Thir	d Quarter In	flow Percenta	ige			Four	th Quarter I	nflow Percen	tage						
	Inflow Source 🗆	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass			nated Water Concentrati		
	Inflow Location D	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
DSM2 Output Water	Selenium (µg/L)	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.83	0.10	0.23	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.83	0.10	0.23	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Annual
Location	Location ID						•	•			-		•					
Big Break	BIGBRK_MID	3.13	0.45	85.63	0.44	4.15	6.12	2.13	0.20	84.85	0.02	8.76	3.96	0.13	0.20	0.10	0.10	0.13
Cache Slough	CACHS_LEN	1.66	4.7E-07	85.95	4.3E-07	5.9E-07	12.23	1.32	2.8E-06	89.83	1.1E-07	2.3E-05	8.67	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.11
Cache Slough Ryer	CACHSR_MID	1.90	9.3E-08	84.53	1.8E-07	9.2E-12	13.38	1.81	1.0E-07	89.45	6.2E-10	3.0E-06	8.54	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.11
Cosumnes R.	COSR_LEN	0	100.00	0	0	0	0	0	100.00	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Franks Tract	FRANKST_MID	4.04	0.57	90.34	0.41	0.80	3.78	2.76	0.62	91.38	0.12	2.42	2.64	0.19	0.27	0.10	0.10	0.16
Little Holland Tract	LHOLND_L0	18.48	2.2E-07	68.67	4.2E-07	7.2E-13	12.68	19.63	2.6E-09	72.79	0	0	7.42	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.10	0.11
Middle R Bullfrog	MIDRBULFRG_LEN	7.81	6.43	69.63	14.94	0.12	1.02	4.86	6.31	59.79	27.84	1	0.68	0.31	0.61	0.20	0.30	0.36
Mildred Island	MILDDRISL_MID	6.57	4.57	83.28	4.14	0.15	1.25	4.50	6.63	71.28	16.13	0.61	0.82	0.29	0.58	0.12	0.21	0.30
Mok. R. below Cosum.	MOKBCOS_LEN	7.23	92.77	4.7E-09	0	0	0	2.47	97.53	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Mok. R. downstream Cosum.	MOKDCOS_MID	7.08	92.92	0	0	0	0	2.34	97.66	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Old R near Paradise Cut	OLDRNPARADSEC_MID	10.56	3.9E-05	1.3E-04	89.44	8.8E-28	3.0E-07	2.50	1.1E-04	3.5E-04	97.50	2.8E-20	1.7E-07	0.73	0.68	0.75	0.81	0.74
Paradise Cut	PARADSECUT_LEN	3.43	0	0	96.57	0	0	0.96	0	0	99.04	0	0	0.76	0.81	0.81	0.82	0.80
Port of Stockton	PORTOSTOCK_L0	3.09	0	0	81.32	0	0	2.70	0	0	89.89	0	0	0.16	0.51	0.68	0.75	0.52
Sac. R. at Isleton	SACRISLTON_L0	0.44	0	99.55	0	0	1.3E-05	0.28	0	99.72	0	0	1.1E-03	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sac River RM 44	SACR44_L0	0.13	0	99.86	0	0	0	0.05	0	99.94	0	0	0	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sandmound Sl.	SANDMND_MID	5.24	0.61	87.78	0.49	1.22	4.59	3.31	0.43	89.58	0.06	3.44	3.11	0.17	0.25	0.10	0.10	0.15
Sherman Island	SHERMNILND_L0	2.60	0.40	81.69	0.46	8.21	6.56	1.77	0.11	77.64	0.01	16.46	3.94	0.11	0.18	0.10	0.10	0.12
SJR Bowman	SJRBOWMN_MID	3.00	0	0	97.00	0	0	0.33	0	0	99.67	0	0	0.78	0.82	0.81	0.83	0.81
SJR N Hwy 4	SJRNHWY4_MID	3.91	0	0	96.09	0	0	0.72	0	0	99.28	0	0	0.75	0.82	0.80	0.82	0.80
SJR Naval st	SJRNAVLST_L0	5.98	10.89	0	83.00	0	0	2.02	3.10	0.00	94.84	0	0	0.57	0.76	0.71	0.79	0.71
SJR Potato Slough	SJRPOTSL_MID	2.63	0.35	93.54	0.20	0.45	2.79	2.06	0.80	93.46	0.06	1.47	2.11	0.17	0.24	0.10	0.09	0.15
SJR Turner	SJRTURNR_MID	8.69	13.75	17.87	59.41	0.01	0.16	3.23	4.83	7.34	84.49	0.03	0.05	0.49	0.76	0.53	0.72	0.62
SJR/Pt. Antioch/fish pier	ASRANTFSH_MID	2.64	0.35	83.38	0.38	6.66	6.52	1.82	0.12	80.54	0.01	13.33	4.11	0.12	0.17	0.10	0.10	0.12
Suisun Bay	SUISNB_LEN	0.80	0.23	27.56	0.40	68.55	2.42	0.60	0.03	28.62	0.01	69.16	1.54	0.11	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.11
Sycamore Slough	SYCAMOR_MID	5.04	14.29	80.66	1.2E-31	0	0	4.23	31.10	64.66	0	0	0	0.07	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09
White Slough	WHITESL_L0	9.89	7.76	82.34	3.8E-03	3.0E-05	5.3E-04	11.19	12.92	75.64	0.24	4.2E-04	6.4E-04	0.26	0.50	0.09	0.10	0.24
White Slough DS Disappointment Sl.	WHTSLDISPONT_LEN	8.74	7.78	83.47	2.4E-03	4.0E-05	5.6E-04	5.28	14.84	79.82	0.05	5.0E-04	7.3E-04	0.25	0.48	0.09	0.09	0.23

Table G2.1-2. Continued: Calculation of Quarterly Average Selenium Concentrations for DSM2 Output Locations Based on Percentage of Flow at Each Location from Different Sources: Year 2000

Table G2.1-3. Calculation of Quarterly Average Selenium Concentrations for DSM2 Output Locations Based on Percentage of Flow at Each Location from Different Sources: Year 2005

			F	irst Quarter Inf	low Percentage	1			S	econd Quarter	Inflow Percentage	2	
	Inflow Source 🗆	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass
	Inflow Location D	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing
DSM2 Output Water	Selenium (µg/L)	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.85	0.10	0.23	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.85	0.10	0.23
Location	Location ID												
Big Break	BIGBRK_MID	5.87	7.57	83.73	2.41	0.24	0.18	2.90	17.21	52.77	26.69	1.6E-03	0.43
Cache Slough	CACHS_LEN	4.89	2.2E-07	93.64	8.E-07	3.8E-07	1.47	1.48	7.1E-07	94.13	8.0E-07	1.1E-08	4.38
Cache Slough Ryer	CACHSR_MID	8.13	3.0E-07	91.14	1.2E-06	1.3E-06	0.73	3.74	2.5E-08	91.89	1.0E-07	2.9E-08	4.38
Cosumnes R.	COSR_LEN	0	100.00	0	0	0	0	0.00	100.00	0.00	0	0	0
Franks Tract	FRANKST_MID	8.65	11.65	72.50	7.E+00	0.19	0.05	4.63	16.63	26.97	51.74	1.1E-04	0.03
Little Holland Tract	LHOLND_L0	97.11	3.2E-09	2.88	9.E-09	3.9E-09	0.01	44.12	6.5E-09	53.25	2E-08	1.2E-08	2.63
Middle R Bullfrog	MIDRBULFRG_LEN	13.67	9.76	28.26	48.24	0.08	0.01	5.55	5.64	2.70	86.11	7.1E-05	8.4E-04
Mildred Island	MILDDRISL_MID	12.36	11.39	32.28	43.87	8.4E-02	0.01	4.81	6.98	2.78	85.43	3.6E-05	6.7E-04
Mok. R. below Cosum.	MOKBCOS_LEN	2.18	97.82	0	0.00	0	0	0.53	99.47	0	0	0	0
Mok. R. downstream Cosum.	MOKDCOS_MID	2.22	97.78	0	0.00	0	0	0.53	99.47	0	0	0	0
Old R near Paradise Cut	OLDRNPARADSEC_MID	8.95	4.7E-05	1.5E-03	91.05	1.4E-05	1.4E-06	1.43	1.7E-07	1.6E-05	98.57	1.7E-08	3.5E-10
Paradise Cut	PARADSECUT_LEN	10.28	1.6E-07	6.8E-07	89.72	1.6E-11	1.7E-08	0.82	0	0	99.18	0	0
Port of Stockton	PORTOSTOCK_L0	4.70	0	0	95.30	0	0	2.83	0	0	97.16	0	0
Sac. R. at Isleton	SACRISLTON_L0	0.55	0	99.45	0.00	0	0	0.18	0	99.82	0.00	0	0
Sac River RM 44	SACR44_L0	0.21	0	99.79	0.00	0	0	0.07	0	99.93	0.00	0	0
Sandmound Sl.	SANDMND_MID	10.51	10.17	74.35	4.65	0.25	0.07	5.35	18.03	32.15	44.41	1.5E-04	0.06
Sherman Island	SHERMNILND_L0	4.89	5.04	87.74	1.52	0.56	0.23	2.43	14.17	61.17	21.31	0.03	0.89
SJR Bowman	SJRBOWMN_MID	1.10	0	0.00	98.90	0	0	0.45	0	0	99.55	0	0
SJR N Hwy 4	SJRNHWY4_MID	1.89	0	0.00	98.11	0	0	0.59	0	0	99.41	0	0
SJR Naval st	SJRNAVLST_L0	4.70	5.45	0.00	89.85	0	0	1.06	5.10	0	93.84	0	0
SJR Potato Slough	SJRPOTSL_MID	6.24	16.03	71.18	6.45	0.07	0.03	2.65	23.15	38.61	35.59	1.1E-05	0.01
SJR Turner	SJRTURNR_MID	6.75	4.55	1.37	87.31	0.01	0	1.49	3.20	0.00	95.31	0	0
SJR/Pt. Antioch/fish pier	ASRANTFSH_MID	4.87	5.29	87.53	1.67	0.37	0.27	2.37	13.56	62.61	20.61	0.02	0.84
Suisun Bay	SUISNB_LEN	2.63	1.36	66.87	0.33	28.58	0.23	1.35	6.21	59.91	8.33	22.38	1.82
Sycamore Slough	SYCAMOR_MID	14.41	68.02	17.57	8.8E-17	0	3.5E-29	3.66	95.02	1.31	1.E-18	0	3.9E-33
White Slough	WHITESL_L0	47.62	12.39	33.06	6.93	8.2E-04	2.7E-06	15.95	8.06	2.95	73.04	1.4E-05	1.5E-07
White Slough DS Disappointment Sl.	WHTSLDISPONT_LEN	20.77	29.09	44.03	6.11	2.4E-04	3.6E-06	14.40	8.89	3.00	73.72	7.9E-06	0

			Third	l Quarter Inf	low Percent	age			Fourt	h Quarter In	flow Percent	age						
	Inflow Source 🗆	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass			ated Water Concentrati		
	Inflow Location 🗆	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
DSM2 Output Water	Selenium (µg/L)	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.85	0.10	0.23	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.85	0.10	0.23	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Annual
Location	Location ID		-	_		-	-								-	-		
Big Break	BIGBRK_MID	3.31	2.21	88.77	1.70	3.98	0.03	2.39	0.24	90.17	0.01	6.48	0.70	0.11	0.30	0.10	0.09	0.15
Cache Slough	CACHS_LEN	1.94	1.7E-05	98.02	1.0E-05	1.6E-06	0.05	2.30	1.2E-05	92.72	4.6E-07	0.00	4.98	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.09
Cache Slough Ryer	CACHSR_MID	2.15	5.6E-07	97.77	2.6E-07	4.5E-09	0.08	2.66	8.8E-07	96.37	1.9E-08	7.6E-06	0.97	0.09	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09
Cosumnes R.	COSR_LEN	0	100	0	0	0	0	1.2E-04	100.00	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Franks Tract	FRANKST_MID	4.27	3.20	89.93	1.81	0.77	0.02	3.17	0.81	94.16	0.06	1.74	0.05	0.15	0.49	0.11	0.09	0.21
Little Holland Tract	LHOLND_L0	18.61	5.6E-07	81.24	0.00	0.00	0.16	46.22	6.1E-08	53.77	2.8E-08	2.6E-09	0.01	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.10	0.10
Middle R Bullfrog	MIDRBULFRG_LEN	7.43	12.50	53.07	26.88	0.12	3.1E-03	5.54	8.75	65.65	19.67	0.39	1.1E-03	0.46	0.75	0.30	0.24	0.44
Mildred Island	MILDDRISL_MID	6.73	12.68	65.46	14.98	0.15	3.9E-03	4.81	7.16	77.85	9.71	0.47	1.8E-03	0.43	0.74	0.21	0.17	0.38
Mok. R. below Cosum.	MOKBCOS_LEN	3.05	96.95	0	0	0	0	3.00	97.00	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Mok. R. downstream Cosum.	MOKDCOS_MID	3.05	96.95	0	0	0	0	2.93	97.07	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Old R near Paradise Cut	OLDRNPARADSEC_MID	6.64	0	5.E-09	93.36	0	0	14.49	0.24	3.16	82.09	0.02	8.1E-05	0.78	0.84	0.80	0.72	0.79
Paradise Cut	PARADSECUT_LEN	2.39	0	0	97.61	0	0	1.08	0	0	98.92	0	0	0.77	0.84	0.83	0.84	0.82
Port of Stockton	PORTOSTOCK_L0	2.20	0	0	97.80	0	0	2.20	0	0	97.79	0	0	0.82	0.83	0.83	0.83	0.83
Sac. R. at Isleton	SACRISLTON_L0	0.45	0	99.55	0.00	0	0	0.41	0	99.59	0	0	8.2E-08	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sac River RM 44	SACR44_L0	0.14	0	99.86	0.00	0	0	0.17	0	99.83	0	0	0	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sandmound Sl.	SANDMND_MID	5.61	3.13	87.97	2.10	1.17	0.02	3.93	0.55	92.97	0.03	2.45	0.07	0.13	0.43	0.11	0.09	0.19
Sherman Island	SHERMNILND_L0	2.76	1.84	86.03	1.72	7.62	0.04	1.95	0.11	84.69	0.01	11.76	1.48	0.10	0.26	0.10	0.09	0.14
SJR Bowman	SJRBOWMN_MID	2.06	0	0	97.94	0	0	0.80	0	0	99.20	0	0	0.84	0.85	0.83	0.84	0.84
SJR N Hwy 4	SJRNHWY4_MID	2.64	0	0	97.36	0	0	1.94	0.00	0	98.06	0	0	0.84	0.85	0.83	0.84	0.84
SJR Naval st	SJRNAVLST_L0	4.11	9.43	0	86.46	0	0	4.97	12.46	0	82.57	0	0	0.77	0.80	0.75	0.72	0.76
SJR Potato Slough	SJRPOTSL_MID	2.75	2.58	93.40	0.83	0.42	0.01	2.16	1.30	95.35	0.02	1.04	0.13	0.14	0.36	0.10	0.09	0.17
SJR Turner	SJRTURNR_MID	6.05	11.77	4.90	77.27	0.01	8.4E-05	5.55	16.96	10.99	66.44	0.06	7.4E-05	0.76	0.81	0.68	0.60	0.71
SJR/Pt. Antioch/fish pier	ASRANTFSH_MID	2.82	1.68	87.76	1.46	6.24	0.03	2.05	0.14	86.70	0.01	9.68	1.42	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.09	0.14
Suisun Bay	SUISNB_LEN	0.83	0.82	31.47	1.16	65.65	0.07	0.68	0.05	32.01	0.03	66.56	0.68	0.10	0.16	0.11	0.10	0.11
Sycamore Slough	SYCAMOR_MID	4.79	40.41	54.81	2.9E-20	0	1.1E-32	5.24	32.04	62.72	2.6E-18	7.7E-14	1.0E-30	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.10
White Slough	WHITESL_L0	10.03	26.20	63.17	0.61	3.0E-05	8.1E-08	9.32	12.33	78.34	0.01	4.6E-04	4.6E-08	0.15	0.65	0.10	0.09	0.25
White Slough DS Disappointment Sl.	WHTSLDISPONT_LEN	9.10	26.19	64.27	0.45	3.1E-05	0	6.26	14.39	79.35	1.9E-03	6.8E-04	0	0.14	0.65	0.10	0.09	0.25

Table G2.1-3. Continued: Calculation of Quarterly Average Selenium Concentrations for DSM2 Output Locations Based on Percentage of Flow at Each Location from Different Sources: Year 2005

Table G2.1-4. Calculation of Quarterly Average Selenium Concentrations for DSM2 Output Locations Based on Percentage of Flow at Each Location from Different Sources: Ye

]	First Quarter II	nflow Percenta	ige			Se	cond Quarter l	Inflow Percent	age	
	Inflow Source 🗆	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass
	Inflow Location D	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing
DSM2 Output Water	Selenium (µg/L) □	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.58	0.10	0.23	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.58	0.10	0.23
Location	Location ID					-	-				_		
Big Break	BIGBRK_MID	2.66	1.75	93.01	0.07	2.30	0.21	4.40	3.10	84.13	4.24	1.24	2.89
Cache Slough	CACHS_LEN	1.86	1.4E-05	97.14	2.2E-07	2.8E-05	1.01	1.99	5.1E-04	88.84	8.8E-04	1.6E-05	9.17
Cache Slough Ryer	CACHSR_MID	2.85	1.8E-06	96.46	4.7E-08	1.5E-05	0.68	2.66	1.2E-04	88.76	1.8E-04	1.4E-06	8.58
Cosumnes R.	COSR_LEN	0.00	100.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.01	99.99	0	0	0	0
Franks Tract	FRANKST_MID	3.85	4.08	90.69	0.32	0.94	0.11	6.16	5.35	77.86	9.10	0.16	1.38
Little Holland Tract	LHOLND_L0	29.80	0.00	69.38	1.2E-07	5.3E-05	0.81	22.80	8.0E-05	71.18	1.1E-04	5.2E-06	6.02
Middle R Bullfrog	MIDRBULFRG_LEN	8.32	10.69	59.08	21.39	0.48	0.04	9.69	10.67	38.75	40.64	0.03	0.22
Mildred Island	MILDDRISL_MID	7.42	11.13	68.24	12.63	0.54	0.04	8.53	10.39	42.57	38.23	0.03	0.25
Mok. R. below Cosum.	MOKBCOS_LEN	1.46	98.54	0	0	0	0	6.32	93.68	6.5E-04	0	0	0
Mok. R. downstream Cosum.	MOKDCOS_MID	1.46	98.54	0	0	0	0	6.42	93.58	0	0	0	0
Old R near Paradise Cut	OLDRNPARADSEC_MID	3.95	5E-12	3E-06	96.05	1.7E-16	2.5E-17	15.73	1.81	12.66	69.68	0.02	0.10
Paradise Cut	PARADSECUT_LEN	1.91	0	0	98.09	0	0	4.98	0.11	0.61	94.29	6.7E-04	3.7E-03
Port of Stockton	PORTOSTOCK_L0	1.48	0	0	98.52	0	0	2.29	0	0	97.71	0	0
Sac. R. at Isleton	SACRISLTON_L0	0.45	0	99.55	0	0	2.1E-06	0.63	8.8E-05	99.36	5.7E-08	0	0.01
Sac River RM 44	SACR44_L0	0.20	0	99.80	0	0	0	0.30	0	99.70	0	0	0
Sandmound SI.	SANDMND_MID	4.47	3.23	90.83	0.17	1.17	0.13	7.20	4.64	79.23	6.98	0.23	1.71
Sherman Island	SHERMNILND_L0	2.14	0.95	92.16	0.04	4.49	0.23	3.69	2.31	83.94	2.94	4.01	3.11
SJR Bowman	SJRBOWMN_MID	0.88	0	0	99.12	0	0	3.52	0	0	96.48	0	0
SJR N Hwy 4	SJRNHWY4_MID	1.82	2.8E-08	0	98.18	0	0	4.35	1.4E-07	0	95.65	0	0
SJR Naval st	SJRNAVLST_L0	4.83	6.83	0	88.35	0	0	5.86	11.12	1.3E-06	83.02	0	0
SJR Potato Slough	SJRPOTSL_MID	2.91	5.22	91.00	0.15	0.61	0.10	4.89	5.67	79.70	8.49	0.10	1.16
SJR Turner	SJRTURNR_MID	7.22	10.11	10.82	71.76	0.08	0.01	7.49	11.95	7.23	73.31	2.9E-03	0.02
SJR/Pt. Antioch/fish pier	ASRANTFSH_MID	2.17	1.01	92.90	0.04	3.62	0.26	3.74	2.30	84.37	3.04	3.24	3.31
Suisun Bay	SUISNB_LEN	0.87	0.23	46.77	0.01	51.97	0.14	0.94	0.51	31.58	0.43	65.55	0.98
Sycamore Slough	SYCAMOR_MID	10.20	72.58	17.22	5.1E-10	9.7E-14	4.3E-29	13.62	50.90	35.47	0.01	4.0E-09	1.1E-07
White Slough	WHITESL_L0	20.35	16.73	61.67	1.25	4.8E-03	2.4E-04	33.31	13.41	23.49	29.78	3.9E-04	3.2E-03
White Slough DS Disappointment Sl.	WHTSLDISPONT_LEN	10.09	24.12	65.07	0.71	4.1E-03	1.9E-04	17.00	13.60	32.29	37.10	1.4E-03	0.01

ear :	2007
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			Thir	d Quarter In	flow Percent	age			Fourt	th Quarter Ir	flow Percen	tage						ì
	Inflow Source 🗆	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass	Delta Ag.	East Delta Tributaries	Sac. R.	San Joaq. R.	Martinez/ Suisun Bay	Yolo Bypass			ated Water Concentrati		
	Inflow Location D	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	Mildred Island, Center	Mokelumne Calaveras Cosumnes Rivers	Freeport	Vernalis	San Joaq. R. near Mallard Island	Sac. R. below Knights Landing	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	
DSM2 Output Water	Selenium (µg/L) □	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.58	0.10	0.23	0.11	0.10	0.09	0.58	0.10	0.23	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Annual
Location	Location ID																	
Big Break	BIGBRK_MID	3.58	0.32	81.60	0.79	9.45	4.27	2.60	0.11	84.06	0.04	8.53	4.65	0.09	0.12	0.10	0.10	0.10
Cache Slough	CACHS_LEN	1.92	9.1E-06	89.20	1.9E-05	1.6E-06	8.88	1.64	1.9E-05	91.73	8.5E-06	5.1E-04	6.62	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Cache Slough Ryer	CACHSR_MID	2.16	1.5E-05	88.35	3.1E-05	3.1E-07	9.49	1.96	4.5E-06	90.83	2.8E-06	1.9E-04	7.21	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Cosumnes R.	COSR_LEN	0.09	99.91	0	0	0	0	0	100.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Franks Tract	FRANKST_MID	4.86	0.34	88.03	0.84	2.96	2.98	3.19	0.32	91.15	0.17	2.23	2.95	0.09	0.14	0.10	0.10	0.11
Little Holland Tract	LHOLND_L0	18.52	2.4E-05	73.18	0.00	4.9E-07	8.30	21.64	5.2E-07	71.72	1.4E-06	4.9E-05	6.64	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10	0.10
Middle R Bullfrog	MIDRBULFRG_LEN	8.41	3.92	81.16	4.51	0.87	1.14	5.81	4.90	72.42	15.36	0.57	0.94	0.20	0.29	0.12	0.17	0.19
Mildred Island	MILDDRISL_MID	6.49	1.12	88.25	1.83	1.00	1.30	4.91	4.55	80.81	7.99	0.66	1.08	0.15	0.28	0.10	0.13	0.17
Mok. R. below Cosum.	MOKBCOS_LEN	15.09	84.81	0.10	6.2E-35	0	0	2.30	97.70	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Mok. R. downstream Cosum.	MOKDCOS_MID	15.19	84.81	3.2E-04	0	0	0	2.27	97.73	0	0	0	0	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Old R near Paradise Cut	OLDRNPARADSEC_MID	10.18	1.9E-05	1.6E-04	89.82	6.9E-08	6.5E-07	2.31	9.2E-04	0.01	97.68	0	9.7E-05	0.56	0.43	0.53	0.57	0.52
Paradise Cut	PARADSECUT_LEN	7.14	0	0	92.86	0	0	1.24	4.1E-03	0.05	98.71	4.1E-04	4.5E-04	0.57	0.55	0.55	0.57	0.56
Port of Stockton	PORTOSTOCK_L0	6.32	0.04	0	93.64	0	0	7.16	0.05	0	92.78	0	0	0.57	0.57	0.55	0.55	0.56
Sac. R. at Isleton	SACRISLTON_L0	0.49	0	99.51	0	0	2.9E-04	0.39	1.0E-08	99.61	0	6.7E-07	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sac River RM 44	SACR44_L0	0.15	0	99.85	0	0	0	0.11	0	99.89	0	0	0	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Sandmound Sl.	SANDMND_MID	6.15	0.39	84.96	0.98	4.06	3.46	3.79	0.22	89.26	0.10	3.11	3.51	0.09	0.13	0.10	0.10	0.10
Sherman Island	SHERMNILND_L0	2.99	0.32	77.36	0.77	14.22	4.34	2.22	0.06	75.89	0.03	17.11	4.68	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10
SJR Bowman	SJRBOWMN_MID	8.49	2.5E-04	0	91.51	0	0	0.91	0	0	99.09	0	0	0.58	0.56	0.54	0.58	0.56
SJR N Hwy 4	SJRNHWY4_MID	12.54	0.08	4.0E-26	87.39	0	0	1.89	1.3E-04	0	98.11	0	0	0.57	0.56	0.52	0.57	0.56
SJR Naval st	SJRNAVLST_L0	12.06	40.15	3.4E-03	47.78	6.2E-07	6.3E-06	4.73	6.37	2.5E-04	88.90	5.4E-09	7.0E-09	0.52	0.50	0.33	0.53	0.47
SJR Potato Slough	SJRPOTSL_MID	3.16	0.19	91.86	0.46	1.88	2.44	2.37	0.33	93.43	0.10	1.44	2.33	0.09	0.13	0.10	0.09	0.10
SJR Turner	SJRTURNR_MID	11.09	11.29	65.50	11.02	0.46	0.63	6.16	6.57	36.18	50.55	0.19	0.35	0.44	0.45	0.15	0.34	0.35
SJR/Pt. Antioch/fish pier	ASRANTFSH_MID	3.00	0.27	79.62	0.65	12.05	4.40	2.27	0.07	78.73	0.03	14.08	4.82	0.09	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10
Suisun Bay	SUISNB_LEN	0.84	0.16	21.30	0.36	76.08	1.25	0.59	0.02	21.39	0.01	76.63	1.36	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Sycamore Slough	SYCAMOR_MID	5.33	3.90	90.77	1.9E-16	3.8E-25	1.1E-22	3.69	20.36	75.95	6.0E-19	1.1E-37	2.4E-31	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.10
White Slough	WHITESL_L0	15.53	1.33	83.05	0.09	1.2E-03	2.0E-03	9.35	8.62	81.98	0.04	3.7E-04	7.1E-04	0.10	0.24	0.09	0.09	0.13
White Slough DS Disappointment Sl.	WHTSLDISPONT_LEN	7.70	1.46	90.83	1.5E-03	1.3E-03	2.2E-03	5.21	9.69	85.06	0.03	9.7E-04	2.1E-03	0.10	0.28	0.09	0.09	0.14

Table G2.1-4. Continued: Calculation of Quarterly Average Selenium Concentrations for DSM2 Output Locations Based on Percentage of Flow at Each Location from Different Sources: Year 2007

			Y	ear 2000							Y	ear 2005							Ye	ar 2007				
		Con	centration			Whole-		co-Bass atio		Con	centration			Whole-		o-Bass Itio		Conc	entration			Whole-		to-Bass atio
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 1 Fish	Model 2 Fish	body Bass ¹	Model 1	Model 2	DSM2 Water ⁵	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 1 Fish	Model 2 Fish	body Bass ¹	Model 1	Model 2	DSM2 Water ⁵	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate		Model 2 Fish	body Bass ¹	Model 1	Model 2
First Quarter						1								T	1									
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.27	0.30	2.6	0.10	0.11	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.5	0.19	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.8	0.15	0.17
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.10	0.28	0.31	0.34	1.5	0.21	0.23	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.29	0.31	1.7	0.17	0.18	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.28	0.31	2.5	0.11	0.12
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.17	0.17	0.47	0.52	0.57	1.4	0.38	0.42	0.14	0.14	0.40	0.44	0.48	1.3	0.33	0.37	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.28	0.31	2.5	0.11	0.13
Franks Tract	0.19	0.19	0.53	0.58	0.64	1.6	0.35	0.39	0.15	0.15	0.41	0.45	0.49	1.1	0.39	0.43	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.29	0.32	3.0	0.10	0.11
Big Break	0.13	0.13	0.35	0.39	0.43	1.6	0.25	0.28	0.11	0.11	0.31	0.34	0.37	1.0	0.33	0.37	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.28	0.31	2.8	0.10	0.11
Middle River Bullfrog	0.31	0.31	0.86	0.95	1.05	NA	NA	NA	0.46	0.46	1.29	1.42	1.56	1.9	0.7	0.8	0.20	0.20	0.55	0.61	0.67	2.1	0.3	0.3
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.73	0.73	2.05	2.25	2.48	NA	NA	NA	0.78	0.78	2.19	2.41	2.66	2.4	1.0	1.1	0.56	0.56	1.57	1.73	1.90	NA	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	2.2	0.3	0.4	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.83	2.32	2.56	2.81	1.7	1.50	1.65	0.85	0.85	2.38	2.62	2.88	1.9	1.38	1.52	0.58	0.58	1.62	1.79	1.97	2.4	0.74	0.82
Second Quarter						1								T	1									
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.30	2.6	0.11	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.30	1.5	0.19	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.8	0.15	0.17
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.11	0.32	0.35	0.38	1.5	0.23	0.26	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.33	1.7	0.17	0.19	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.32	0.35	2.5	0.12	0.14
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.24	0.24	0.67	0.74	0.81	1.4	0.54	0.60	0.36	0.36	1.02	1.12	1.23	1.3	0.86	0.94	0.13	0.13	0.38	0.42	0.46	2.5	0.17	0.18
Franks Tract	0.27	0.27	0.76	0.83	0.92	1.6	0.51	0.56	0.49	0.49	1.36	1.50	1.65	1.1	1.31	1.44	0.14	0.14	0.39	0.43	0.47	3.0	0.14	0.16
Big Break	0.20	0.20	0.55	0.60	0.66	1.6	0.39	0.43	0.30	0.30	0.83	0.91	1.00	1.0	0.89	0.98	0.12	0.12	0.33	0.36	0.39	2.8	0.13	0.14
Middle River Bullfrog	0.61	0.61	1.71	1.88	2.07	NA	NA	NA	0.75	0.75	2.09	2.30	2.53	1.9	1.2	1.3	0.29	0.29	0.82	0.90	0.99	2.1	0.4	0.5
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.68	0.68	1.89	2.08	2.29	NA	NA	NA	0.84	0.84	2.35	2.59	2.84	2.4	1.1	1.2	0.43	0.43	1.22	1.34	1.47	NA	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	2.2	0.3	0.4	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.83	2.32	2.56	2.81	1.7	1.50	1.65	0.85	0.85	2.38	2.62	2.88	1.9	1.38	1.52	0.58	0.58	1.62	1.79	1.97	2.4	0.74	0.82
Third Quarter														I	T									
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.30	2.6	0.11	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.5	0.19	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.8	0.15	0.17
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.11	0.31	0.34	0.37	1.5	0.22	0.25	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.7	0.16	0.18	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.32	0.35	2.5	0.13	0.14
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.32	1.4	0.22	0.24	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.33	1.3	0.23	0.25	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.33	2.5	0.12	0.13
Franks Tract	0.10	0.10	0.28	0.31	0.34	1.6	0.19	0.20	0.11	0.11	0.29	0.32	0.36	1.1	0.28	0.31	0.10	0.10	0.28	0.31	0.34	3.0	0.10	0.11
Big Break	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.32	0.35	1.6	0.20	0.22	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.32	0.35	1.0	0.31	0.35	0.10	0.10	0.28	0.31	0.34	2.8	0.11	0.12
Middle River Bullfrog	0.20	0.20	0.57	0.63	0.69	NA	NA	NA	0.30	0.30	0.83	0.91	1.01	1.9	0.5	0.5	0.12	0.12	0.32	0.36	0.39	2.1	0.2	0.2
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.75	0.75	2.11	2.32	2.55	NA	NA	NA	0.80	0.80	2.24	2.47	2.71	2.4	1.0	1.1	0.53	0.53	1.49	1.64	1.80	NA	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	2.2	0.3	0.4	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.83	2.32	2.56	2.81	1.7	1.50	1.65	0.85	0.85	2.38	2.62	2.88	1.9	1.38	1.52	0.58	0.58	1.62	1.79	1.97	2.4	0.74	0.82
Fourth Quarter						1	1							T										
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.30	2.6	0.11	0.12	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.5	0.19	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.30	1.8	0.15	0.17
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.10	0.29	0.31	0.35	1.5	0.21	0.23	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.28	0.31	1.7	0.16	0.18	0.10	0.10	0.28	0.31	0.34	2.5	0.12	0.13
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.29	0.32	1.4	0.21	0.23	0.09	0.09	0.25	0.28	0.31	1.3	0.21	0.24	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.29	0.32	2.5	0.12	0.13

Table G2.1-5. Selenium Bioaccumulation from Water (µg/L) to Particulates and Fish (µg/g, dry weight) Using Models 1 and 2

			Y	ear 2000							Ye	ear 2005							Ye	ear 2007				
		Con	centration			Whole-		o-Bass tio		Conc	entration			Whole-		o-Bass atio		Conc	entration			Whole-		to-Bass atio
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 1 Fish	Model 2 Fish	body Bass ¹	Model 1	Model 2	DSM2 Water ⁵	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 1 Fish	Model 2 Fish	body Bass ¹	Model 1	Model 2	DSM2 Water ⁵	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 1 Fish	Model 2 Fish	body Bass ¹	Model 1	Model 2
Franks Tract	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.29	0.32	1.6	0.18	0.20	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.28	0.31	1.1	0.25	0.27	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.32	3.0	0.10	0.11
Big Break	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.33	1.6	0.19	0.21	0.09	0.09	0.26	0.28	0.31	1.0	0.28	0.31	0.10	0.10	0.27	0.30	0.33	2.8	0.11	0.12
Middle River Bullfrog	0.30	0.30	0.84	0.92	1.01	NA	NA	NA	0.24	0.24	0.68	0.74	0.82	1.9	0.4	0.4	0.17	0.17	0.47	0.52	0.57	2.1	0.2	0.3
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.81	0.81	2.27	2.50	2.75	NA	NA	NA	0.72	0.72	2.01	2.21	2.43	2.4	0.9	1.0	0.57	0.57	1.59	1.75	1.93	NA	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	2.2	0.3	0.4	0.23	0.23	0.64	0.71	0.78	NA	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.83	2.32	2.56	2.81	1.7	1.50	1.65	0.85	0.85	2.38	2.62	2.88	1.9	1.38	1.52	0.58	0.58	1.62	1.79	1.97	2.4	0.74	0.82

Equations from Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b) were used to calculate selenium concentrations for fish. Models 1 and 2 used the default Kd (1000) and the average selenium trophic transfer factors to aquatic insects (2.8) and fish (1.1 for all trophic levels). Model 1 = TL-3 Fish Eating Invertebrates.

Model 2 = TL-4 Fish Eating TL-3 Fish

¹ Geometric mean calculated from whole-body largemouth bass data presented in Foe (2010a).

² Fish data collected at Rio Vista (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

³ Fish data collected at Old River near Tracy (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

⁴ Geometric mean of total selenium concentrations in water collected from years 2004, 2007, and 2008 (DWR Website 2009) was used to estimate selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available). Fish data collected from Sacramento River at Veterans Bridge (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios. ⁵ Geometric mean of selenium concentrations (total or dissolved was not specified) in water collected from years 1999–2000 (Central Valley RWQB SWAMP 2009) was used to estimate Year 2000 selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available); years 2004-2005

were used for Year 2005 estimates; and years 2006-2007 were used for Year 2007 estimates.

Invert. = invertebrate

Kd = particulate concentration/water concentration ratio

NA = not available; bass not collected here

RM = river mile

TL = trophic level

 $\mu g/g = micrograms per gram$

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			Year	2000						Year	2005						Year	2007			
		Conce	entration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Conce	entration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Concer	ntration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 3 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 3	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 3 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 3	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 3 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 3
First Quarter												1	1								
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	6061	2.6	0.69	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5945	1.5	1.25	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5946	1.8	0.98
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5389	1.5	1.22	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.82	5783	1.7	1.05	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5852	2.5	0.71
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.17	0.55	1.50	1.85	3229	1.4	1.36	0.14	0.54	1.52	1.84	3724	1.3	1.41	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5819	2.5	0.73
Franks Tract	0.19	0.55	1.53	1.85	2904	1.6	1.13	0.15	0.54	1.52	1.84	3724	1.1	1.61	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.82	5762	3.0	0.61
Big Break	0.13	0.54	1.51	1.83	4295	1.6	1.18	0.11	0.54	1.51	1.82	4873	1.0	1.79	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5850	2.8	0.64
Middle River Bullfrog	0.31	0.56	1.56	1.88	1801	NA	NA	0.46	0.56	1.57	1.90	1221	1.9	1.0	0.20	0.55	1.53	1.86	2773	2.1	0.87
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.73	0.57	1.60	1.93	780	NA	NA	0.78	0.57	1.60	1.94	729	2.4	0.8	0.56	0.57	1.58	1.95	1007	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA	0.23	0.55	1.64	1.87	2394	2.2	0.8	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.57	1.60	1.94	689	1.7	1.14	0.85	0.57	1.60	1.94	674	1.9	1.02	0.58	0.57	1.59	1.92	976	2.4	0.80
Second Quarter	•											•									
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5952	2.6	0.69	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5947	1.5	1.25	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5944	1.8	0.98
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.54	1.51	1.83	4777	1.5	1.22	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5538	1.7	1.05	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5241	2.5	0.72
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.24	0.55	1.54	1.87	2309	1.4	1.38	0.36	0.56	1.56	1.89	1537	1.3	1.45	0.13	0.54	1.52	1.84	4020	2.5	0.74
Franks Tract	0.27	0.55	1.55	1.87	2048	1.6	1.14	0.49	0.56	1.58	1.91	1159	1.1	1.67	0.14	0.54	1.52	1.84	3921	3.0	0.61
Big Break	0.20	0.55	1.53	1.86	2800	1.6	1.20	0.30	0.55	1.55	1.88	1876	1.0	1.84	0.12	0.54	1.51	1.83	4645	2.8	0.64
Middle River Bullfrog	0.61	0.57	1.59	1.92	928	NA	NA	0.75	0.57	1.60	1.93	764	1.9	1.0	0.29	0.55	1.55	1.88	1896	2.1	0.9
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.68	0.57	1.59	1.93	842	NA	NA	0.84	0.57	1.60	1.94	682	2.4	0.8	0.43	0.56	1.57	1.90	1291	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	2.2	0.8	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.57	1.60	1.94	689	1.7	1.14	0.85	0.57	1.60	1.94	674	1.9	1.02	0.58	0.57	1.59	1.92	976	2.4	0.80
Third Quarter	-							-													
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5947	2.6	0.69	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5946	1.5	1.25	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5946	1.8	0.98
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.54	1.51	1.82	4942	1.5	1.22	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5914	1.7	1.05	0.10	0.54	1.51	1.82	5184	2.5	0.72
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5592	1.4	1.34	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5523	1.3	1.39	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5557	2.5	0.73
Franks Tract	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5412	1.6	1.10	0.11	0.54	1.51	1.82	5121	1.1	1.59	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5393	3.0	0.61
Big Break	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5227	1.6	1.17	0.10	0.54	1.51	1.82	5159	1.0	1.79	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5291	2.8	0.64
Middle River Bullfrog	0.20	0.55	1.54	1.86	2688	NA	NA	0.30	0.55	1.55	1.88	1868	1.9	1.0	0.12	0.54	1.51	1.83	4656	2.1	0.86
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.75	0.57	1.60	1.93	757	NA	NA	0.80	0.57	1.60	1.94	714	2.4	0.8	0.53	0.56	1.58	1.91	1061	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	2.2	0.8	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.57	1.60	1.94	689	1.7	1.14	0.85	0.57	1.60	1.94	674	1.9	1.02	0.58	0.57	1.59	1.92	976	2.4	0.80
Fourth Quarter	-							-							_						
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5948	2.6	0.69	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.82	5946	1.5	1.25	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5947	1.8	0.98
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5261	1.5	1.22	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5830	1.7	1.05	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5345	2.5	0.71
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.82	5704	1.4	1.34	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5885	1.3	1.39	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.82	5678	2.5	0.73
Franks Tract	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5621	1.6	1.10	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.81	5859	1.1	1.59	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5678	3.0	0.61
Big Break	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5534	1.6	1.17	0.09	0.54	1.50	1.82	5809	1.0	1.78	0.10	0.54	1.50	1.82	5470	2.8	0.64

Table G2.1-6. Selenium Bioaccumulation from Water (µg/L) to Particulates and Fish (µg/g, dw) Using Model 2 with Estimated Kd from All Years Regression for Model 3

			Year	r 2000						Year	· 2005						Year	2007			
		Conce	entration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Conce	ntration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Concen	tration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 3 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 3	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 3 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 3	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 3 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 3
Middle River Bullfrog	0.30	0.55	1.55	1.88	1859	NA	NA	0.24	0.55	1.54	1.87	2283	1.9	1.0	0.17	0.55	1.53	1.85	3241	2.1	0.87
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.81	0.57	1.60	1.94	704	NA	NA	0.72	0.57	1.60	1.93	794	2.4	0.8	0.57	0.57	1.58	1.92	994	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	2.2	0.8	0.23	0.55	1.54	1.87	2394	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.57	1.60	1.94	689	1.7	1.14	0.85	0.57	1.60	1.94	676	1.9	1.02	0.58	0.57	1.59	1.92	976	2.4	0.80

Equations from Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b) were used to calculate selenium concentrations for fish. Model 3 used the average selenium trophic transfer factors to aquatic insects (2.8) and fish (1.1 for all trophic levels). Model 3 = Model 2 (TL-4 Fish Eating TL-3 Fish) with Kd estimated using all years regression (log Kd = 2.76-0.97(logDSM2))

¹Geometric mean calculated from whole-body largemouth bass data presented in Foe (2010a).

² Fish data collected at Rio Vista (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

³ Fish data collected at Old River near Tracy (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

⁴ Geometric mean of total selenium concentrations in water collected from years 2004, 2007, and 2008 (DWR Website 2009) was used to estimate selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available). Fish data collected from Sacramento River at Veterans Bridge (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios. ⁵Geometric mean of selenium concentrations (total or dissolved was not specified) in water collected from years 1999–2000 (Central Valley RWQB SWAMP 2009) was used to estimate Year 2000 selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available); years 2004-2005

were used for Year 2005 estimates; and years 2006-2007 were used for Year 2007 estimates.

K_d = particulate concentration/water concentration ratio

NA = not available; bass not collected here

RM = river mile

TL = trophic level

 $\mu g/g = micrograms per gram$

			Year 2	000						Year	2005						Year	2007			
		Concen	tration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Concen	tration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio			ntration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio
DOMA D. 14. W. A	DSM2	Particulate from	Invert. from	Model	TZ	body Bass ¹	M. 1.14	DSM2	Particulate from	Invert. from	Model	TZ	body Bass ¹	Model	DSM2	Particulate from	Invert. from	Model	17	body Bass ¹	M. 4.15
DSM2 Delta Water Location First Quarter	Water	Water	Particulate	4 Fish	Kd		Model 4	Water	Water	Particulate	4 Fish	Kd		4	Water	Water	Particulate	5 Fish	Kd		Model 5
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.49	4997	2.6	0.57	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4909	1.5	1.03	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8063	1.8	1.33
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.49	4481	1.5	1.01	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4909	1.5	0.87	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.40	7929	2.5	0.97
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.10	0.45	1.32	1.59	2786	1.4	1.01	0.14	0.44	1.30	1.50	3260	1.7	1.20	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7883	2.5	0.99
Franks Tract	0.19	0.48	1.32	1.61	2525	1.4	0.98	0.14	0.46	1.30	1.57	3181	1.3	1.20	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7802	3.0	0.82
Big Break	0.13	0.46	1.28	1.55	3630	1.6	1.00	0.11	0.45	1.26	1.53	4082	1.0	1.50	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7926	2.8	0.87
Middle River Bullfrog	0.31	0.50	1.40	1.69	1621	NA	NA	0.46	0.52	1.46	1.76	1130	1.9	0.90	0.20	0.71	2.00	2.42	3616	2.1	1.14
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.73	0.55	1.53	1.85	745	NA	NA	0.78	0.55	1.54	1.86	700	2.4	0.80	0.56	0.70	1.96	2.37	1247	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.70	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.52	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99
Second Quarter					L								1								
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4914	2.6	0.57	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4910	1.5	1.03	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8061	1.8	1.33
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.45	1.27	1.53	4007	1.5	1.03	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4596	1.7	0.87	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7061	2.5	0.96
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.24	0.49	1.36	1.65	2041	1.4	1.22	0.36	0.51	1.42	1.72	1399	1.3	1.32	0.13	0.72	2.02	2.44	5343	2.5	0.98
Franks Tract	0.27	0.49	1.38	1.67	1826	1.6	1.02	0.49	0.52	1.46	1.77	1077	1.1	1.55	0.14	0.72	2.02	2.44	5204	3.0	0.82
Big Break	0.20	0.48	1.34	1.62	2441	1.6	1.04	0.30	0.50	1.39	1.69	1683	1.0	1.65	0.12	0.72	2.02	2.45	6220	2.8	0.86
Middle River Bullfrog	0.61	0.54	1.50	1.81	876	NA	NA	0.75	0.55	1.53	1.85	732	1.9	1.00	0.29	0.71	1.99	2.40	2424	2.1	1.1
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.68	0.54	1.51	1.83	801	NA	NA	0.84	0.55	1.55	1.87	658	2.4	0.80	0.43	0.70	1.97	2.38	1617	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.70	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.55	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99
Third Quarter																					
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4910	2.6	0.57	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4910	1.5	1.03	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8064	1.8	1.33
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.45	1.26	1.53	4135	1.5	1.02	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4885	1.7	0.87	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	6980	2.5	0.96
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.10	0.44	1.25	1.51	4637	1.4	1.11	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4584	1.3	1.15	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.46	7510	2.5	0.99
Franks Tract	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4499	1.6	0.92	0.11	0.45	1.26	1.52	4274	1.1	1.33	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7276	3.0	0.82
Big Break	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.52	4356	1.6	0.98	0.10	0.45	1.26	1.52	4304	1.0	1.49	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7131	2.8	0.87
Middle River Bullfrog	0.20	0.48	1.34	1.63	2350	NA	NA	0.30	0.50	1.39	1.69	1677	1.9	0.90	0.12	0.72	2.02	2.45	6235	2.1	1.15
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.75	0.55	1.53	1.85	725	NA	NA	0.80	0.55	1.54	1.86	687	2.4	0.80	0.53	0.70	1.96	2.37	1317	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.70	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.55	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99
Fourth Quarter																					
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4911	2.6	0.57	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4909	1.5	1.03	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8064	1.8	1.33
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.52	4383	1.5	1.02	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4820	1.7	0.87	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7209	2.5	0.96
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4723	1.4	1.11	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4862	1.3	1.15	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7682	2.5	0.99
Franks Tract	0.10	0.44	1.24	1.51	4660	1.6	0.91	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4843	1.1	1.31	0.10	0.73	2.03	2.46	7564	3.0	0.82
Big Break	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4593	1.6	0.97	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4804	1.0	1.47	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.46	7386	2.8	0.87

Table G2.1-7. Selenium Bioaccumulation from Water (µg/L) to Particulates and Fish (µg/g, dw) Using Model 2 with Estimated Kd from Normal/Wet Years Regression for Model 4 and Dry Years Regression for Model 5

			Year 2	2000						Year	2005						Year	2007			
		Concen	tration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Concer	tration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio		Concer	itration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 4 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 4	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 4 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 4	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invert. from Particulate	Model 5 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 5
Middle River Bullfrog	0.30	0.50	1.40	1.69	1669	NA	NA	0.24	0.49	1.37	1.65	2020	1.9	0.90	0.17	0.72	2.01	2.43	4260	2.1	1.14
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.81	0.55	1.54	1.87	678	NA	NA	0.72	0.54	1.52	1.84	759	2.4	0.80	0.57	0.70	1.96	2.37	1229	NA	NA
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.70	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.55	1.55	1.87	665	1.27	1.10	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99

Equations from Presser and Luoma (2010a, 2010b) were used to calculate selenium concentrations for fish. Models 4 and 5 used the average selenium trophic transfer factors to aquatic insects (2.8) and fish (1.1 for all trophic levels). Model 4 = Model 2 (TL-4 Fish Eating TL-3 Fish) with Kd estimated using normal/wet years regression (log Kd = 2.75-0.90(logDSM2))

Model 5 = Model 2 (TL-4 Fish Eating TL-3 Fish) with Kd estimated using dry years (2007) regression (log Kd = 2.84-1.02(log DSM2))

¹ Geometric mean calculated from whole-body largemouth bass data presented in Foe (2010a).

² Fish data collected at Rio Vista (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

³ Fish data collected at Old River near Tracy (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

⁴ Geometric mean of total selenium concentrations in water collected from years 2004, 2007, and 2008 (DWR Website 2009) was used to estimate selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available). Fish data collected from Sacramento River at Veterans Bridge (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios. ⁵Geometric mean of selenium concentrations (total or dissolved was not specified) in water collected from years 1999–2000 (Central Valley RWQB SWAMP 2009) was used to estimate Year 2000 selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available); years 2004-2005

were used for Year 2005 estimates; and years 2006-2007 were used for Year 2007 estimates.

K_d = particulate concentration/water concentration ratio

NA = not available; bass not collected here

RM = river mile

TL = trophic level

 $\mu g/g = micrograms per gram$

Table G2.1-8. Selenium Bioaccumulation from Water (μg/L) to Particulates, Whole-body Fish (μg/g, dw), and Bird Eggs (μg/g, dw) Using Model 2 with Estimated Kd from Normal/ Regression for Model 5

					Year 200	0								Year 2005				·1
		Conce	ntration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio	Bird Eg	gs		Conce	ntration			Whole-	Fish-to- Bass Ratio	Bird Eg	ggs
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 4 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 4	From Invertebrate	From Fish	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Invertebrate from Particulate	Model 4 Fish	Kd	body Bass ¹	Model 4	From Invertebrate	From Fish
				Fi	irst Quar	ter							F	irst Quart	er			
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.49	4997	2.6	0.57	2.22	2.69	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4909	1.5	1.03	2.23	2.70
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4481	1.5	1.01	2.25	2.72	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4784	1.7	0.87	2.23	2.70
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.17	0.47	1.32	1.59	2786	1.4	1.17	2.37	2.87	0.14	0.46	1.30	1.57	3260	1.3	1.20	2.33	2.82
Franks Tract	0.19	0.48	1.33	1.61	2525	1.6	0.98	2.40	2.90	0.15	0.46	1.30	1.57	3181	1.1	1.37	2.34	2.83
Big Break	0.13	0.46	1.28	1.55	3630	1.6	1.00	2.30	2.79	0.11	0.45	1.26	1.53	4082	1.0	1.50	2.27	2.75
Middle River Bullfrog	0.31	0.50	1.40	1.69	1621	NA	NA	2.52	3.05	0.46	0.52	1.46	1.76	1130	1.9	0.9	2.62	3.17
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.73	0.55	1.53	1.85	745	NA	NA	2.75	3.32	0.78	0.55	1.54	1.86	700	2.4	0.8	2.77	3.35
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	2.45	2.96	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.7	2.45	2.96
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.55	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	2.78	3.37	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	2.79	3.37
				Sec	cond Qua	rter							Se	cond Quar	ter			
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4914	2.6	0.57	2.23	2.70	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4910	1.5	1.03	2.23	2.70
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.45	1.27	1.53	4007	1.5	1.03	2.28	2.76	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4596	1.7	0.87	2.24	2.72
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.24	0.49	1.36	1.65	2041	1.4	1.22	2.46	2.97	0.36	0.51	1.42	1.72	1399	1.3	1.32	2.56	3.10
Franks Tract	0.27	0.49	1.38	1.67	1826	1.6	1.02	2.49	3.01	0.49	0.52	1.46	1.77	1077	1.1	1.55	2.64	3.19
Big Break	0.20	0.48	1.34	1.62	2441	1.6	1.04	2.41	2.91	0.30	0.50	1.39	1.69	1683	1.0	1.65	2.51	3.04
Middle River Bullfrog	0.61	0.54	1.50	1.81	876	NA	NA	2.70	3.26	0.75	0.55	1.53	1.85	732	1.9	1.0	2.75	3.33
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.68	0.54	1.51	1.83	801	NA	NA	2.73	3.30	0.84	0.55	1.55	1.87	658	2.4	0.8	2.79	3.37
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	2.45	2.96	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.7	2.45	2.96
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.55	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	2.78	3.37	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	2.79	3.37
· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	0.05	0.00	1.00		nird Quar		1.10	2.70	5.57	0.05	0.00	1.00		hird Quart		0.77	2.19	5.51
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4910	2.6	0.57	2.23	2.70	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4910	1.5	1.03	2.23	2.70
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.11	0.45	1.26	1.53	4135	1.5	1.02	2.27	2.75	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4885	1.7	0.87	2.23	2.70
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.10	0.44	1.25	1.51	4637	1.4	1.11	2.24	2.71	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4584	1.3	1.15	2.24	2.72
Franks Tract	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4499	1.6	0.92	2.25	2.72	0.11	0.45	1.26	1.52	4274	1.1	1.33	2.26	2.74
Big Break	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.52	4356	1.6	0.92	2.26	2.72	0.10	0.45	1.26	1.52	4304	1.0	1.49	2.26	2.74
Middle River Bullfrog	0.20	0.48	1.34	1.63	2350	NA	NA	2.42	2.93	0.30	0.50	1.39	1.69	1677	1.9	0.9	2.51	3.04
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.75	0.55	1.53	1.85	725	NA	NA	2.76	3.33	0.80	0.55	1.54	1.86	687	2.4	0.8	2.77	3.35
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	NA	NA	2.45	2.96	0.23	0.49	1.36	1.64	2111	2.2	0.0	2.45	2.96
Vernalis ⁵	0.83	0.55	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	2.78	3.37	0.85	0.55	1.55	1.87	651	1.9	0.99	2.79	3.37
	0.05	0.55	1.55		urth Qua		1.10	2.70	5.57	0.05	0.55	1.55		urth Quar		0.77	2.17	5.57
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4911	2.6	0.57	2.23	2.70	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4909	1.5	1.03	2.23	2.70
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.52	4383	1.5	1.02	2.26	2.73	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4820	1.7	0.87	2.23	2.70
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4723	1.5	1.02	2.24	2.73	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4862	1.3	1.15	2.23	2.70
Franks Tract	0.10	0.44	1.24	1.50	4660	1.4	0.91	2.24	2.71	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4843	1.5	1.13	2.23	2.70
Big Break	0.10	0.45	1.25	1.51	4593	1.6	0.97	2.24	2.71	0.09	0.44	1.24	1.50	4804	1.0	1.31	2.23	2.70
Middle River Bullfrog	0.30	0.49	1.40	1.69	1669	NA NA	NA	2.51	3.04	0.24	0.49	1.37	1.65	2020	1.0	0.9	2.46	2.98
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.81	0.55	1.54	1.87	678	NA	NA	2.78	3.36	0.72	0.49	1.57	1.84	759	2.4	0.9	2.40	3.32
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.35	1.34	1.64	2111	NA	NA	2.45	2.96	0.23	0.34	1.36	1.64	2111	2.4	0.7	2.74	2.96
Vernalis ⁵	0.23	0.49	1.55	1.87	665	1.7	1.10	2.43	3.37	0.23	0.49	1.55	1.04	651	1.9	0.99	2.43	3.37
v cilialis	0.83	0.33	1.33	1.0/	005	1./	1.10	2.10	3.37	0.00	0.55	1.33	1.0/	0.51	1.9	0.99	2.19	3.37

/Wet Years	Regression	for Model	4 and Dry Years	
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Table G2.1-8. Continued: Selenium Bioaccumulation from Water (µg/L) to Particulates, Whole-body Fish (µg/g, dw), and Bird Eggs (µg/g, dw) Using Model 2 with Estimated Kd from Normal/Wet Years Regression for Model 4 and Dry Years Regression for Model 5

					Year 2007				
		Concent	tration			Whole-	Fish-to-Bass Ratio	Bird Egg	,s
			Invertebrate from			body Bass ¹			
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Particulate	Model 5 Fish	K _d		Model 5	From Invertebrate	From Fish
C	0.00	0.72	2.02	2.46	First Quarte		1.22	2.66	4.42
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8063	1.8	1.33	3.66	4.43
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7929	2.5	0.97	3.66	4.43
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7883	2.5	0.99	3.66	4.43
Franks Tract	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7802	3.0	0.82	3.66	4.42
Big Break	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	7926	2.8	0.87	3.66	4.43
Middle River Bullfrog	0.20	0.71	2.00	2.42	3616	2.1	1.14	3.60	4.36
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.56	0.70	1.96	2.37	1247	NA	NA	3.53	4.27
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA	3.59	4.34
Vernalis ⁵	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99	3.53	4.27
					Second Quart	er			
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8061	1.8	1.33	3.66	4.43
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7061	2.5	0.96	3.65	4.42
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.13	0.72	2.02	2.44	5343	2.5	0.98	3.63	4.39
Franks Tract	0.14	0.72	2.02	2.44	5204	3.0	0.82	3.63	4.39
Big Break	0.12	0.72	2.02	2.45	6220	2.8	0.86	3.64	4.40
Middle River Bullfrog	0.29	0.71	1.99	2.40	2424	2.1	1.1	3.57	4.32
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.43	0.70	1.97	2.38	1617	NA	NA	3.55	4.29
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA	3.59	4.34
Vernalis ⁵	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99	3.53	4.27
					Third Quarte	er			
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8064	1.8	1.33	3.66	4.43
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	6980	2.5	0.96	3.65	4.41
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.46	7510	2.5	0.99	3.65	4.42
Franks Tract	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7276	3.0	0.82	3.65	4.42
Big Break	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7131	2.8	0.87	3.65	4.42
Middle River Bullfrog	0.12	0.72	2.02	2.45	6235	2.1	1.15	3.64	4.40
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.53	0.70	1.96	2.37	1317	NA	NA	3.53	4.27
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA	3.59	4.34
Vernalis ⁵	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99	3.53	4.27
					Fourth Quart				
Sacramento River RM 44	0.09	0.73	2.03	2.46	8064	1.8	1.33	3.66	4.43
Cache Slough Ryer ²	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.45	7209	2.5	0.96	3.65	4.42
San Joaquin River Potato Slough	0.09	0.72	2.03	2.46	7682	2.5	0.99	3.66	4.42
Franks Tract	0.10	0.73	2.03	2.46	7564	3.0	0.82	3.65	4.42
Big Break	0.10	0.72	2.03	2.46	7386	2.8	0.87	3.65	4.42
Middle River Bullfrog	0.17	0.72	2.03	2.40	4260	2.8	1.14	3.61	4.42
Old River near Paradise Cut ³	0.57	0.70	1.96	2.43	1229	NA	NA	3.53	4.37

					Year 2007				
		Concen	tration			Whole-	Fish-to-Bass Ratio	Bird Egg	s
			Invertebrate from			body Bass ¹			
DSM2 Delta Water Location	DSM2 Water	Particulate from Water	Particulate	Model 5 Fish	Kd		Model 5	From Invertebrate	From Fish
Knights Landing ⁴	0.23	0.71	1.99	2.41	3098	NA	NA	3.59	4.34
Vernalis ⁵	0.58	0.70	1.96	2.37	1206	2.4	0.99	3.53	4.27

¹ Geometric mean calculated from whole-body largemouth bass data presented in Foe (2010a).

² Fish data collected at Rio Vista (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

³ Fish data collected at Old River near Tracy (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios.

⁴ Geometric mean of total selenium concentrations in water collected from years 2004, 2007, and 2008 (DWR Website 2009) was used to estimate selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available). Fish data collected from Sacramento River at Veterans Bridge (Foe 2010a) were used to calculate geometric mean whole-body largemouth bass and ratios. ⁵Geometric mean of selenium concentrations (total or dissolved was not specified) in water collected from years 1999–2000 (Central Valley RWQB SWAMP 2009) was used to estimate Year 2000 selenium concentrations in particulates and biota (DSM2 data were not available); years 2004-2005

were used for Year 2005 estimates; and years 2006-2007 were used for Year 2007 estimates.

 K_d = particulate concentration/water concentration ratio

NA = not available; bass not collected here

RM = river mile

TL = trophic level

 $\mu g/g = micrograms per gram$

Table G2.2-1. Modeled Period Average Selenium Concentrations in Water for No Action Alternative and Alternatives 1 through 4

Location	Period ¹		Selenium	: Period Average Concentration (µg/I	L)	
Location	Perioa -	No Action Alternative	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4
Delta Interior						
San Jaaquin Divar at Staaltan	ALL	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42	0.42
San Joaquin River at Stockton	DROUGHT	0.40	0.39	0.40	0.40	0.40
Turner Cut	ALL	0.35	0.33	0.34	0.34	0.35
Turner Cut	DROUGHT	0.31	0.28	0.28	0.30	0.30
Son Josquin Diver et Son Andrees Londing	ALL	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11
San Joaquin River at San Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10
Son Looguin Divon at Langay Daint	ALL	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.12
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	DROUGHT	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.10
	ALL	0.23	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.23
Victoria Canal	DROUGHT	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.17
Western Delta						
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Son Looguin Diver at Antioch	ALL	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
San Joaquin River at Antioch	DROUGHT	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.09	0.10
Mantaning Claush at Hunter Cut/Daldan's Landing	ALL	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)						
Dealers Clausels at Nastle David and deat Inteles	ALL	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.11
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Carter Carte Demains Direct #1	ALL	0.15	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.15
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	0.11	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.11
Donks Dumning Dignt	ALL	0.21	0.19	0.18	0.18	0.22
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	0.15	0.14	0.13	0.14	0.16
Longe Dumming Dignt	ALL	0.28	0.27	0.25	0.25	0.28
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	0.24	0.22	0.20	0.20	0.24

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a five consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index)

 $\mu g/L = microgram per liter$

Table G2.3-1. Summary Table for Annual Average Selenium Concentrations in Biota for No Action Alternative and Alternative 1

				Estima	ted Concentrations of	Selenium (mg/kg, Dry Weig	ht ²)		
Location	Period ¹	Whole-b	oody Fish	Bird Eggs (Inver	rtebrate Diet)	Bird Ea (Fish D		Fish Fillets (We	et Weight)
		No Action Alternative	Alternative 1	No Action Alternative	Alternative 1	No Action Alternative	Alternative 1	No Action Alternative	Alternative 1
Delta Interior									
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	1.90	2.83	2.83	3.42	3.42	0.64	0.64
San Joaquin River at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	2.39	3.55	3.55	4.30	4.30	0.83	0.83
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	1.89	2.81	2.81	3.40	3.40	0.63	0.63
Tumer Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	2.40	3.57	3.58	4.32	4.33	0.84	0.84
Son Looguin Divor at Son Andreas Londing	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at San Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
San Lagaria Dissa at Langar Daint	ALL	1.83	1.82	2.72	2.71	3.29	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Winterin Court	ALL	1.87	1.86	2.78	2.77	3.36	3.35	0.62	0.62
Victoria Canal	DROUGHT	2.43	2.43	3.61	3.62	4.37	4.38	0.85	0.85
Western Delta				· · ·					
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Sacramento River at Eminaton	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.66	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
San Isaanin Dinan at Anti-sh	ALL	1.83	1.82	2.72	2.71	3.29	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at Antioch	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Mantaning Claush at Hunter Cat/Daldan's Landing	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)									
Dealers Claugh at North Day Against Inteles	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Contra Conta Dumaina Diant #1	ALL	1.84	1.83	2.74	2.73	3.31	3.30	0.61	0.61
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	2.45	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.41	4.42	0.86	0.86
	ALL	1.86	1.85	2.77	2.76	3.35	3.34	0.62	0.62
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.43	2.44	3.62	3.63	4.38	4.39	0.85	0.85
	ALL	1.88	1.87	2.79	2.79	3.38	3.37	0.63	0.63
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.41	2.42	3.59	3.59	4.34	4.35	0.84	0.84

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a five consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index)

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

Table G2.3-2. Summary Table for Annual Average Selenium Concentrations in Biota for No Action Alternative and Alternative 2

				Esti	mated Concentration	s of Selenium (mg/kg, Dr	y Weight ²)		
Location	Period ¹	Whole-I	oody Fish	Bird Eg (Invertebrat		Bird Egg	s (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (W	et Weight)
		No Action Alternative	Alternative 2	No Action Alternative	Alternative 2	No Action Alternative	Alternative 2	No Action Alternative	Alternative 2
Delta Interior									
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	1.90	2.83	2.83	3.42	3.42	0.64	0.64
San Joaquin Kiver at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	2.39	3.55	3.55	4.30	4.30	0.83	0.83
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	1.89	2.81	2.81	3.40	3.40	0.63	0.63
Turner Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	2.40	3.57	3.58	4.32	4.33	0.84	0.84
San Jacquin Divor at San Andreas Londing	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at San Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Son Longuin Divor at Largey Doint	ALL	1.83	1.82	2.72	2.71	3.29	3.28	0.61	0.61
an Joaquin River at Jersey Point DROU		2.46	2.46	3.65	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Vistaria Canal	ALL	1.87	1.86	2.78	2.77	3.36	3.35	0.62	0.62
Victoria Canal	DROUGHT	2.43	2.43	3.61	3.62	4.37	4.38	0.85	0.85
Western Delta						·		· ·	
Commente Diverset Francestor	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.66	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
	ALL	1.83	1.82	2.72	2.71	3.29	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at Antioch	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)						·		· ·	
	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
	ALL	1.84	1.83	2.74	2.73	3.31	3.30	0.61	0.61
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	2.45	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.41	4.42	0.86	0.86
, ותי מו מ	ALL	1.86	1.85	2.77	2.76	3.35	3.34	0.62	0.62
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.43	2.44	3.62	3.63	4.38	4.39	0.85	0.85
	ALL	1.88	1.87	2.79	2.78	3.38	3.37	0.63	0.63
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.41	2.42	3.59	3.60	4.34	4.35	0.84	0.84

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a five consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index)

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets mg/kg = milligram per kilogram ww = wet weight

Table G2.3-3. Summary Table for Annual Average Selenium Concentrations in Biota for No Action Alternative and Alternative 3

				Estim	ated Concentrations of	Selenium (mg/kg, Dry Weigh	nt ²)		
Location	Period ¹	Whole-bod	y Fish		Eggs prate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fi	sh Diet)	Fish Fillets (We	t Weight)
		No Action Alternative	Alternative 3	No Action Alternative	Alternative 3	No Action Alternative	Alternative 3	No Action Alternative	Alternative 3
Delta Interior									
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	1.90	2.83	2.83	3.42	3.42	0.64	0.64
	DROUGHT	2.39	2.39	3.55	3.55	4.30	4.30	0.83	0.83
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	1.89	2.81	2.81	3.40	3.40	0.63	0.63
	DROUGHT	2.40	2.40	3.57	3.57	4.32	4.32	0.84	0.84
San Joaquin River at San Andreas Landing	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.27	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin Kiver at San Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	ALL	1.83	1.82	2.72	2.71	3.29	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at Jersey Fond	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Victoria Canal	ALL	1.87	1.86	2.78	2.77	3.36	3.35	0.62	0.62
Victoria Canai	DROUGHT	2.43	2.43	3.61	3.62	4.37	4.38	0.85	0.85
Western Delta									
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.66	3.66	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	1.83	1.82	2.72	2.71	3.29	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at Antioch	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Mantanana Claush at Huntan Cut/Daldaula Landina	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)									
Deuleau Classels at Nauth David Anna durat Intella	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Contro Costo Dumning Diget #1	ALL	1.84	1.83	2.74	2.73	3.31	3.30	0.61	0.61
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	2.45	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.41	4.42	0.86	0.86
Donks Dumming Dignt	ALL	1.86	1.85	2.77	2.76	3.35	3.34	0.62	0.62
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.43	2.44	3.62	3.63	4.38	4.39	0.85	0.85
Israe Dumaine Disut	ALL	1.88	1.87	2.79	2.78	3.38	3.37	0.63	0.63
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.41	2.42	3.59	3.60	4.34	4.36	0.84	0.84

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index) ² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

				Estimate	ed Concentrations of S	Selenium (mg/kg, Dry Weight ²)			
Location	Period ¹	Whole-body	Fish	Bird Eggs (Inverte	ebrate Diet)	Bird Egg (Fish Die		Fish Fillets (Wet	Weight)
		No Action Alternative	Alternative 4	No Action Alternative	Alternative 4	No Action Alternative	Alternative 4	No Action Alternative	Alternative 4
Delta Interior						·			
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	1.90	2.83	2.83	3.42	3.42	0.64	0.64
San Joaquin River at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	2.39	3.55	3.55	4.30	4.30	0.83	0.83
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	1.89	2.81	2.81	3.40	3.40	0.63	0.63
Turner Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	2.40	3.57	3.57	4.32	4.32	0.84	0.84
San Joaquin River at San Andreas Landing	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin Kiver at San Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	ALL	1.83	1.83	2.72	2.72	3.29	3.29	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin Kiver at Jersey Font	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Victoria Canal	ALL	1.87	1.86	2.78	2.77	3.36	3.36	0.62	0.62
Victoria Canar	DROUGHT	2.43	2.43	3.61	3.61	4.37	4.37	0.85	0.85
Western Delta									
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Sacramento River at Eminaton	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.66	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	1.83	1.83	2.72	2.72	3.29	3.29	0.61	0.61
San Joaquin River at Antioen	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)									
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	ALL	1.82	1.82	2.71	2.71	3.28	3.28	0.61	0.61
Darker Slough at North Day Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	2.46	3.65	3.65	4.42	4.42	0.86	0.86
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	ALL	1.84	1.84	2.74	2.74	3.31	3.31	0.61	0.61
Contra Costa I uniping I faitt #1	DROUGHT	2.45	2.45	3.65	3.65	4.41	4.41	0.86	0.86
Banks Pumping Plant	ALL	1.86	1.86	2.77	2.77	3.35	3.35	0.62	0.62
Danks I unipilig Flain	DROUGHT	2.43	2.43	3.62	3.62	4.38	4.38	0.85	0.85
Jones Pumping Plant	ALL	1.88	1.88	2.79	2.79	3.38	3.38	0.63	0.63
Jones I umpilig Flant	DROUGHT	2.41	2.41	3.59	3.59	4.34	4.34	0.84	0.84

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index) ² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

		Estimat	ed Concentrations of Se	lenium (mg/kg,	dry weight ²)				Exceedance Quot	ients ³		
Location	Period ¹	Whole had-	Dind Face	Dind From		Whole	-body Fish	Bird Eggs (In	vertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs	(Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)
Location	i ciiou	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (ww)	Level of Concern ⁴	Toxicity Level 5	Level of Concern ⁶	Toxicity Level ⁷	Level of Concern ⁶	Toxicity Level ⁷	Advisory Tissue Level ⁸
Delta Interior	•			•								
San La antin Distance of Stanlaton	ALL	1.90	2.83	3.42	0.64	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
San Joaquin River at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	3.55	4.30	0.83	0.60	0.28	0.59	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	2.81	3.40	0.63	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
Turner Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	3.57	4.32	0.84	0.60	0.28	0.59	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
San Joaquin River at San Andreas Landing	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin Kiver at San Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	ALL	1.83	2.72	3.29	0.61	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin Kiver at Jersey Font	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Victoria Canal	ALL	1.87	2.78	3.36	0.62	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.34	0.25
Victoria Canar	DROUGHT	2.43	3.61	4.37	0.85	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Western Delta												
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	1.83	2.72	3.29	0.61	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin Kiver at Antioch	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)												
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	ALL	1.84	2.74	3.31	0.61	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.25
	DROUGHT	2.45	3.65	4.41	0.86	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.36	0.74	0.44	0.34
Banks Pumping Plant	ALL	1.86	2.77	3.35	0.62	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Banks Fumping Flan	DROUGHT	2.43	3.62	4.38	0.85	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Jones Pumping Plant	ALL	1.88	2.79	3.38	0.63	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.56	0.34	0.25
sones i unping i iunt	DROUGHT	2.41	3.59	4.34	0.84	0.60	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.34

Table G2.3-5. Summary Table for Selenium Concentrations in Biota, and Comparisons for No Action Alternative to Benchmarks

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets.

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets.
³ Exceedance Quotient = tissue concentration/benchmark
⁴ Level of Concern for fish tissue (lower end of range) = 4 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)
⁵ Toxicity Level for fish tissue = 8.5 mg/kg dw (USEPA 2016, 2018)
⁶ Level of Concern for bird eggs (lower end of range) = 6 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)
⁷ Toxicity Level for bird eggs = 10 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)
⁸ Advisory Tissue Level = 2.5 mg/kg ww (OEHHA 2008)

			Estimated Con Selenium (mg/k			% Change In	Selenium Conce Action Alte		npared to No			Exce	edance Qu	otients ⁴		
Location	Period ¹	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-bo	ody Fish	Bird I (Fish I		Bird I (Fish		Fish Fillets (wet weight)
		Alternative 1	Alternative 1	Alternative 1	Alternative 1	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	Level of Concern ⁵	Toxicity Level ⁶	Level of Concern ⁷	Toxicity Level ⁸	Level of Concern 7	Toxicity Level ⁸	Advisory Tissue Level ⁹
Delta Interior	•								•							
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	2.83	3.42	0.64	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.03	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
San Joaquin River at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	3.55	4.30	0.83	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.60	0.28	0.59	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	2.81	3.40	0.63	-0.14	-0.14	-0.14	-0.17	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
	DROUGHT	2.40	3.58	4.33	0.00	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.24	0.60	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
San Joaquin River at San	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.18	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Andreas Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Joaquin River at Jersey	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.17	-0.17	-0.17	-0.20	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Point	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Victoria Canal	ALL	1.86	2.77	3.35	0.62	-0.27	-0.27	-0.27	-0.32	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Victoria Canar	DROUGHT	2.43	3.62	4.38	0.85	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.32	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Western Delta												-			-	
Sacramento River at	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.07	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.14	-0.14	-0.14	-0.16	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Antioen	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Montezuma Slough at Hunter	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.07	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Major Diversions (Pumping S	stations)												-			
Barker Slough at North Bay	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Contra Costa Pumping Plant	ALL	1.83	2.73	3.30	0.61	-0.39	-0.39	-0.39	-0.46	0.46	0.22	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
#1	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Banks Pumping Plant	ALL	1.85	2.76	3.34	0.62	-0.31	-0.31	-0.31	-0.36	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
	DROUGHT	2.44	3.63	4.39	0.85	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.29	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Jones Pumping Plant	ALL	1.87	2.79	3.37	0.63	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	-0.15	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.34	0.25
	DROUGHT	2.42	3.59	4.35	0.84	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.22	0.60	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.34

Table G2.3-6. Summary Table for Selenium Concentrations in Biota, and Comparisons for Alternative 1 to No Action Alternative and Benchmarks

¹All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets.

³% change indicates a <u>negative</u> change (increased concentrations) relative to the No Action Alternative when values are <u>negative</u> and a <u>positive</u> change (lowered concentrations) relative to the No Action Alternative when values are <u>negative</u>. ⁴ Exceedance Quotient = tissue concentration/benchmark

⁵ Level of Concern for fish tissue (lower end of range) = 4 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁶ Toxicity Level for fish tissue = 8.5 mg/kg dw (USEPA 2016, 2018)

⁷ Level of Concern for bird eggs (lower end of range) = 6 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017) ⁸ Toxicity Level for bird eggs = 10 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁹ Advisory Tissue Level = 2.5 mg/kg ww (OEHHA 2008)

			Estimated Con Selenium (mg/kg			% Change In S	Selenium Concentr Alterna		d to No Action			Exce	edance Quot	ients ⁴		
Location	Period ^a	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-b	ody Fish	Bird (Fish		Bird (Fish		Fish Fillets (wet weight)
		Alternative 2	Alternative 2	Alternative 2	Alternative 2	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	Level of Concern ⁵	Toxicity Level ⁶	Level of Concern ⁷	Toxicity Level ⁸	Level of Concern ⁷	Toxicity Level ⁸	Advisory Tissue Level ⁹
Delta Interior																·
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	2.83	3.42	0.64	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
San Joaquin Kiver at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	3.55	4.30	0.83	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.60	0.28	0.59	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	2.81	3.40	0.63	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	-0.15	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
Tuller Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	3.58	4.33	0.00	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.18	0.60	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
San Joaquin River at San Andreas	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.19	-0.19	-0.19	-0.23	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Son Looguin Divor et Loreau Deint	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.20	-0.20	-0.20	-0.24	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Victoria Canal	ALL	1.86	2.77	3.35	0.62	-0.32	-0.32	-0.32	-0.38	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Victoria Canai	DROUGHT	2.43	3.62	4.38	0.85	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.28	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Western Delta							•									
Sammanta Dimenstration	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07	-0.09	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Lagarin Direct Anti- ak	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.15	-0.15	-0.15	-0.18	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Antioch	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Montezuma Slough at Hunter	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.07	-0.07	-0.07	-0.08	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Major Diversions (Pumping Station	is)						•									-
Barker Slough at North Bay	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Aqueduct Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Contra Costo Dura in - Diret #1	ALL	1.83	2.73	3.30	0.61	-0.48	-0.48	-0.48	-0.57	0.46	0.22	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.19	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Donka Dumning Direct	ALL	1.85	2.76	3.34	0.62	-0.39	-0.39	-0.39	-0.46	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.44	3.63	4.39	0.85	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.30	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Longs Dumping Digst	ALL	1.87	2.79	3.37	0.63	-0.35	-0.35	-0.35	-0.41	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.34	0.25
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.42	3.59	4.35	0.84	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.41	0.61	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34

Table G2.3-7. Summary Table for Selenium Concentrations in Biota, and Comparisons for Alternative 2 to No Action Alternative and Benchmarks

¹All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets.

³% change indicates a <u>negative</u> change (increased concentrations) relative to the No Action Alternative when values are <u>negative</u> and a <u>positive</u> change (lowered concentrations) relative to the No Action Alternative when values are <u>negative</u>.

⁴ Exceedance Quotient = tissue concentration/benchmark

⁵ Level of Concern for fish tissue (lower end of range) = 4 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁶ Toxicity Level for fish tissue = 8.5 mg/kg dw (USEPA 2016, 2018)

⁷ Level of Concern for bird eggs (lower end of range) = 6 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁸ Toxicity Level for bird eggs = 10 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁹ Advisory Tissue Level = 2.5 mg/kg ww (OEHHA 2008)

			Estimated Cone Selenium (mg/kg			% Change In S	elenium Concentra Alterna		d to No Action			Exc	ceedance Qu	otients ⁴		
Location	Period ¹	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-bo	-	Bird (Fish	Diet)	Bird I (Fish I	Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)
		Alternative 3	Alternative 3	Alternative 3	Alternative 3	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	No Action Alternative	Level of Concern ⁵	Toxicity Level ⁶	Level of Concern ⁷	Toxicity Level ⁸	Level of Concern ⁷	Toxicity Level ⁸	Advisory Tissue Level ⁹
Delta Interior																
San Jaaguin Divar at Staalstan	ALL	1.90	2.83	3.42	0.64	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
San Joaquin River at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	3.55	4.30	0.83	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.60	0.28	0.59	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
Trans on Crit	ALL	1.89	2.81	3.40	0.63	-0.06	-0.06	-0.06	-0.07	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
Turner Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	3.57	4.32	0.84	0.08	0.08	0.08	0.10	0.60	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
San Joaquin River at San Andreas	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.27	0.61	-0.22	-0.22	-0.22	-0.26	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.18	-0.18	-0.18	-0.22	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
	ALL	1.86	2.77	3.35	0.62	-0.26	-0.26	-0.26	-0.31	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Victoria Canal	DROUGHT	2.43	3.62	4.38	0.85	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.24	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Western Delta																
	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.09	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	3.66	4.42	0.86	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.14	-0.14	-0.14	-0.17	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Antioch	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Montezuma Slough at Hunter	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.09	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)																
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Contro Costo Dumnico - Di-ot #1	ALL	1.83	2.73	3.30	0.61	-0.47	-0.47	-0.47	-0.56	0.46	0.22	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Contra Costa Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.19	0.19	0.19	0.21	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Danka Damaina Dlant	ALL	1.85	2.76	3.34	0.62	-0.36	-0.36	-0.36	-0.43	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.44	3.63	4.39	0.85	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.30	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Jamas Dramaina Diant	ALL	1.87	2.78	3.37	0.63	-0.33	-0.33	-0.33	-0.39	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.34	0.25
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.42	3.60	4.36	0.84	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.43	0.61	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34

Table G2.3-8. Summary Table for Selenium Concentrations in Biota, and Comparisons for Alternative 3 to No Action Alternative and Benchmarks

¹All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).

² Dry weight, except as noted for fish fillets.

³% change indicates a <u>negative</u> change (increased concentrations) relative to the No Action Alternative when values are <u>negative</u> and a <u>positive</u> change (lowered concentrations) relative to the No Action Alternative when values are <u>negative</u>. ⁴ Exceedance Quotient = tissue concentration/benchmark

⁵ Level of Concern for fish tissue (lower end of range) = 4 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁶ Toxicity Level for fish tissue = 8.5 mg/kg dw (USEPA 2016, 2018)

⁷ Level of Concern for bird eggs (lower end of range) = 6 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁸ Toxicity Level for bird eggs = 10 mg/kg dw (Beckon 2017)

⁹ Advisory Tissue Level = 2.5 mg/kg ww (OEHHA 2008)

			Estimated Con Selenium (mg/k			% Change In S	elenium Concentr Alterna		d to No Action			Exc	eedance Qu	otients ⁴		
Location	Period ¹	Whole-body Fish	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet)	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet)	Fish Fillets (wet weight)	Whole-body Fish No Action	Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet) No Action	Bird Eggs (Fish Diet) No Action	Fish Fillets (wet weight) No Action	Whole-bo Level of	ody Fish Toxicity	Bird (Fish		Bird (Fish Level of	00	Fish Fillets (wet weight) Advisory
		Alternative 3	Alternative 3	Alternative 3	Alternative 3	Alternative	Alternative	Alternative	Alternative	Concern ⁵	Level ⁶	Concern ⁷	Level ⁸	Concern ⁷	Level ⁸	Tissue Level ⁹
Delta Interior															-	
San Joaquin River at Stockton	ALL	1.90	2.83	3.42	0.64	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
San Joaquin Kiver at Stockton	DROUGHT	2.39	3.55	4.30	0.83	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.60	0.28	0.59	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
Turner Cut	ALL	1.89	2.81	3.40	0.63	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	0.47	0.22	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.34	0.25
Turner Cut	DROUGHT	2.40	3.57	4.32	0.84	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.60	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.72	0.43	0.33
San Joaquin River at San Andreas	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Joaquin Diver at Jarsay Doint	ALL	1.83	2.72	3.29	0.61	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Jersey Point	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Vistaria Canal	ALL	1.86	2.77	3.36	0.62	-0.04	-0.04	-0.04	-0.04	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Victoria Canal	DROUGHT	2.43	3.61	4.37	0.85	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.08	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
Western Delta																
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Sacramento River at Emmaton	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	1.83	2.72	3.29	0.61	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
San Joaquin River at Annoch	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Montezuma Slough at Hunter	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Cut/Beldon's Landing	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	-0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Major Diversions (Pumping Stations)	·	•														
Barker Slough at North Bay Aqueduct	ALL	1.82	2.71	3.28	0.61	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.46	0.21	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Intake	DROUGHT	2.46	3.65	4.42	0.86	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
Contra Costa	ALL	1.84	2.74	3.31	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.22	0.45	0.27	0.55	0.33	0.24
Pumping Plant #1	DROUGHT	2.45	3.65	4.41	0.86	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	0.61	0.29	0.61	0.37	0.74	0.44	0.34
	ALL	1.86	2.77	3.35	0.62	0.11	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.46	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.33	0.25
Banks Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.43	3.62	4.38	0.85	-0.04	-0.04	-0.04	-0.05	0.61	0.29	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34
	ALL	1.88	2.79	3.38	0.63	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.47	0.22	0.46	0.28	0.56	0.34	0.25
Jones Pumping Plant	DROUGHT	2.41	3.59	4.34	0.84	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.61	0.28	0.60	0.36	0.73	0.44	0.34

Table G2.3-9. Summary Table for Selenium Concentrations in Biota, and Comparisons for Alternative 4 to No Action Alternative and Benchmarks

Location	Period ¹	Estimated Concentratio ns of Selenium in Whole-body Sturgeon (mg/kg, dry weight) No Action Alternative	Estimated Concentratio ns of Selenium in Whole-body Sturgeon (mg/kg, dry weight) Alternative 1	Estimated Concentratio ns of Selenium in Whole-body Sturgeon (mg/kg, dry weight) Alternative 2	Estimated Concentratio ns of Selenium in Whole-body Sturgeon (mg/kg, dry weight) Alternative 3	Estimated Concentratio ns of Selenium in Whole-body Sturgeon (mg/kg, dry weight) Alternative 4
Sacrament o River	ALL	4.09	4.01	3.99	3.98	4.09
at Emmaton	DROUGH T	6.77	6.72	6.72	6.71	6.79
San Joaquin River	ALL	4.49	4.29	4.26	4.28	4.52
at Antioch	DROUGH T	6.87	6.80	6.80	6.79	6.92
Montezum a Slough at Hunter Cut /	ALL	4.28	4.19	4.18	4.17	4.29
Beldon's Landing	DROUGH T	6.96	6.94	6.94	6.97	6.98

Table G2.3-10. Summary of Period Average Selenium Concentrations in Whole-body Sturgeon

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5-consecutive-year (Water Years 1987-1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water-year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).

mg/kg = milligram per kilogram

Table G2.3-11. Comparison of Annual Average Selenium Concentrations in Whole-body Sturgeon
to Toxicity Thresholds, expressed as Exceedance Quotients ¹

		No Action Alternative		Alternative 1		Alternative 2		Alternative 3		Alternative 4	
Location	Period 2	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High
Sacramento River at Emmaton	ALL	0.82	0.51	0.80	0.50	0.80	0.50	0.80	0.50	0.82	0.51
	DROUGHT	1.4	0.85	1.3	0.84	1.3	0.84	1.3	0.84	1.4	0.85
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	0.90	0.56	0.86	0.54	0.85	0.53	0.86	0.54	0.90	0.56
	DROUGHT	1.4	0.86	1.4	0.85	1.4	0.85	1.4	0.85	1.4	0.86
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing	ALL	0.86	0.53	0.84	0.52	0.84	0.52	0.83	0.52	0.86	0.54
	DROUGHT	1.4	0.87	1.4	0.87	1.4	0.87	1.4	0.87	1.4	0.87

¹ Toxicity thresholds are Low = 5 mg/kg, dw and High = 8 mg/kg, dw as reported in Presser and Luoma (2013) and 8 mg/kg, dw from the TMDL for North San Francisco Bay (San Francisco Bay RWQCB 2016).

² All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5 consecutive year (water years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).

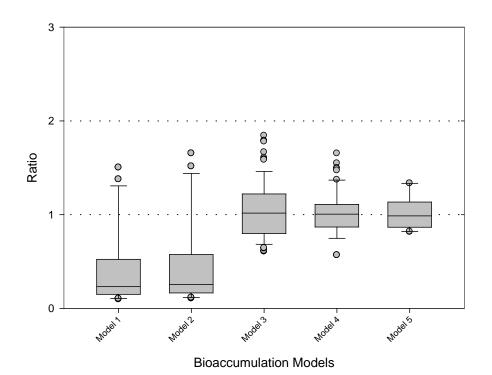
bold and highlighted = estimated whole-body sturgeon exceeded toxicity threshold

dw = dry weight	
mg/kg = milligram per kilogram	

Location	Period ¹	Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Alternative 3	Alternative 4	
Sacramento River at	ALL	-1.9	-2.4	-2.5	0.1	
Emmaton	DROUGHT	-0.6	-0.7	-0.8	0.4	
San Joaquin River at Antioch	ALL	-4.4	-5.0	-4.6	0.6	
	DROUGHT	-1.0	-1.0	-1.1	0.6	
Montezuma Slough at Hunter Cut/Beldon's Landing	ALL	-2.0	-2.3	-2.5	0.3	
	DROUGHT	-0.3	-0.3	0.1	0.3	

Table G2.3-12. Percent Change in Selenium Concentrations in Whole Body Sturgeon Relative to No Action Alternative

¹ All: Water years 1922–2003 represent the 82-year period modeled using DSM2. Drought: Represents a 5-consecutive-year (Water Years 1987–1991) drought period consisting of dry and critical water-year types (as defined by the Sacramento Valley 40-30-30 water year hydrologic classification index).



For Models 1 and 2, default values ($K_d = 1000$, TTF_{invert} = 2.8, TTF_{fish} = 1.1) were used in calculations as follows:

Model 1=Trophic level 3 (TL-3) fish eating invertebrates Model 2= TL-4 fish eating TL-3 fish Model 3=Model 2 with K_d estimated using all years regression (log Kd = 2.76-0.97(logDSM2)) Model 4=Model 2 with K_d estimated using normal/wet years (2000/2005) regression (log Kd = 2.75-0.90(logDSM2)) Model 5=Model 2 with K_d estimated using dry years (2007) regression (logKd = 2.84-1.02(logDSM2))

Figure G2.1-1. Ratios of Predicted Selenium Concentrations in Fish Models 1 through 5 to Observed Selenium Concentrations in Largemouth Bass

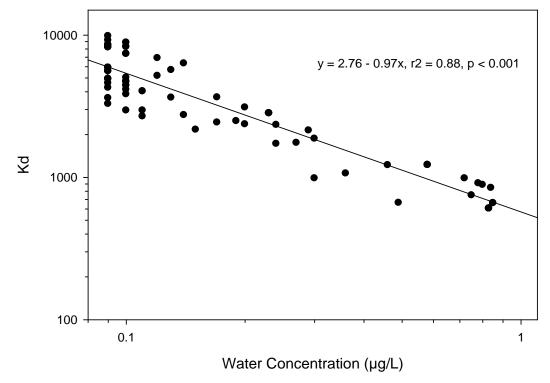


Figure G2.1-2. Log-log Regression Relation of Estimated K_d to Water column Selenium Concentration for Model 3 in All Years (Based on Years 2000, 2005, and 2007)

To predict the K_d (y) from water concentrations using the regression equation, take the log of the water concentration (x), multiply it by the slope (-0.97), which gives a positive number for x<1 (i.e., water column selenium concentrations less than 1 μ g/L); then add this number to the intercept (2.76) and take the antilog.

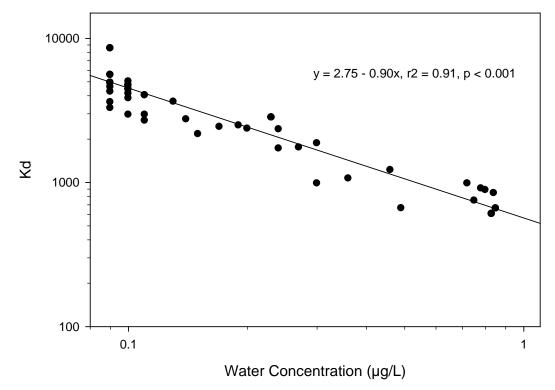


Figure G2.1-3. Log-log Regression Relation of Estimated K_d to Water column Selenium Concentration for Model 4 in Normal/Wet Years (Based on Years 2000 and 2005)

To predict the K_d (y) from water concentrations using the regression equation, take the log of the water concentration (x), multiply it by the slope (-0.90), which gives a positive number for x<1 (i.e., water column selenium concentrations less than 1 μ g/L); then add this number to the intercept (2.75) and take the antilog.

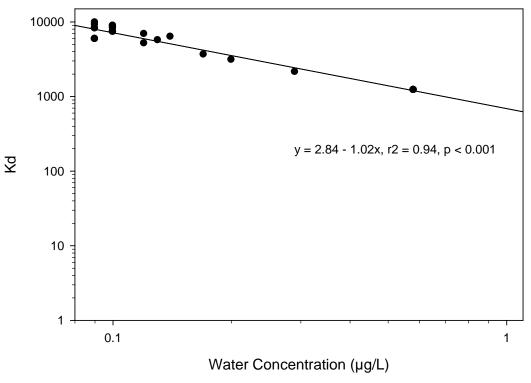


Figure G2.1-4. Log-log Regression Relation of Estimated K_d to Water column Selenium Concentration for Model 5 in Dry Years (Based on Year 2007)

To predict the K_d (y) from water concentrations using the regression equation, take the log of the water concentration (x), multiply it by the slope (-1.02), which gives a positive number for x<1 (i.e., water column selenium concentrations less than 1 µg/L); then add this number to the intercept (2.84) and take the antilog.

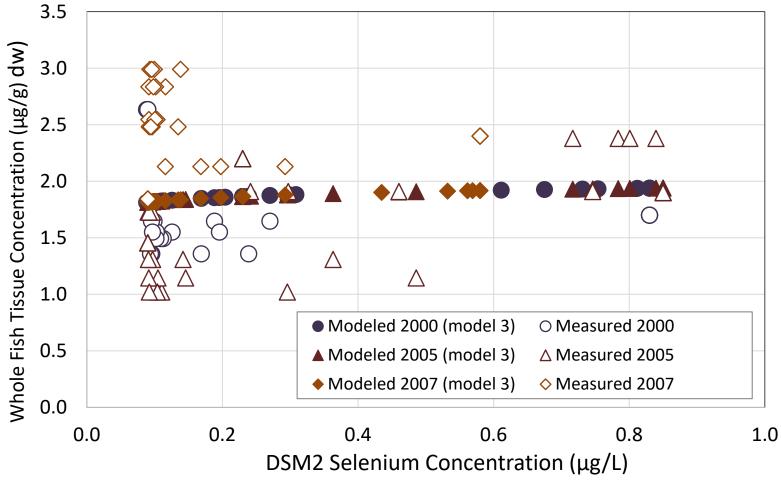


Figure G2.1-5. Distribution of Data for Selenium Concentrations in Largemouth Bass Relative to Water column Selenium for Model 3

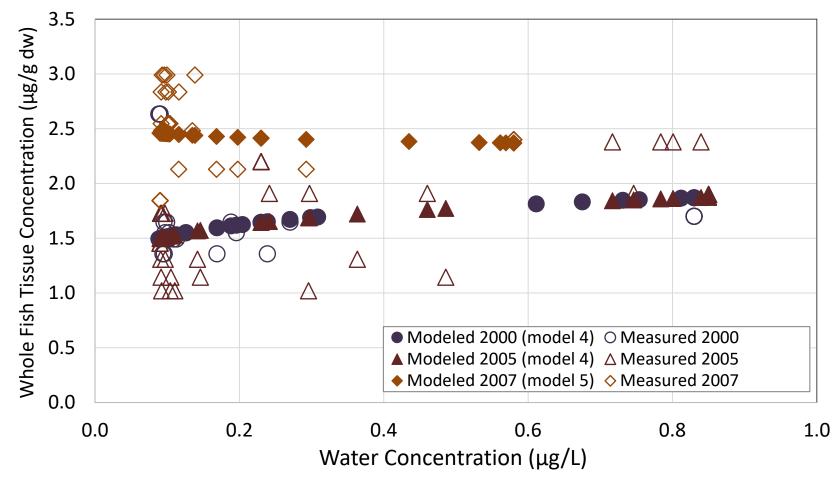


Figure G2.1-6. Distribution of Data for Selenium Concentrations in Largemouth Bass Relative to Water column Selenium for Model 4 and Model 5

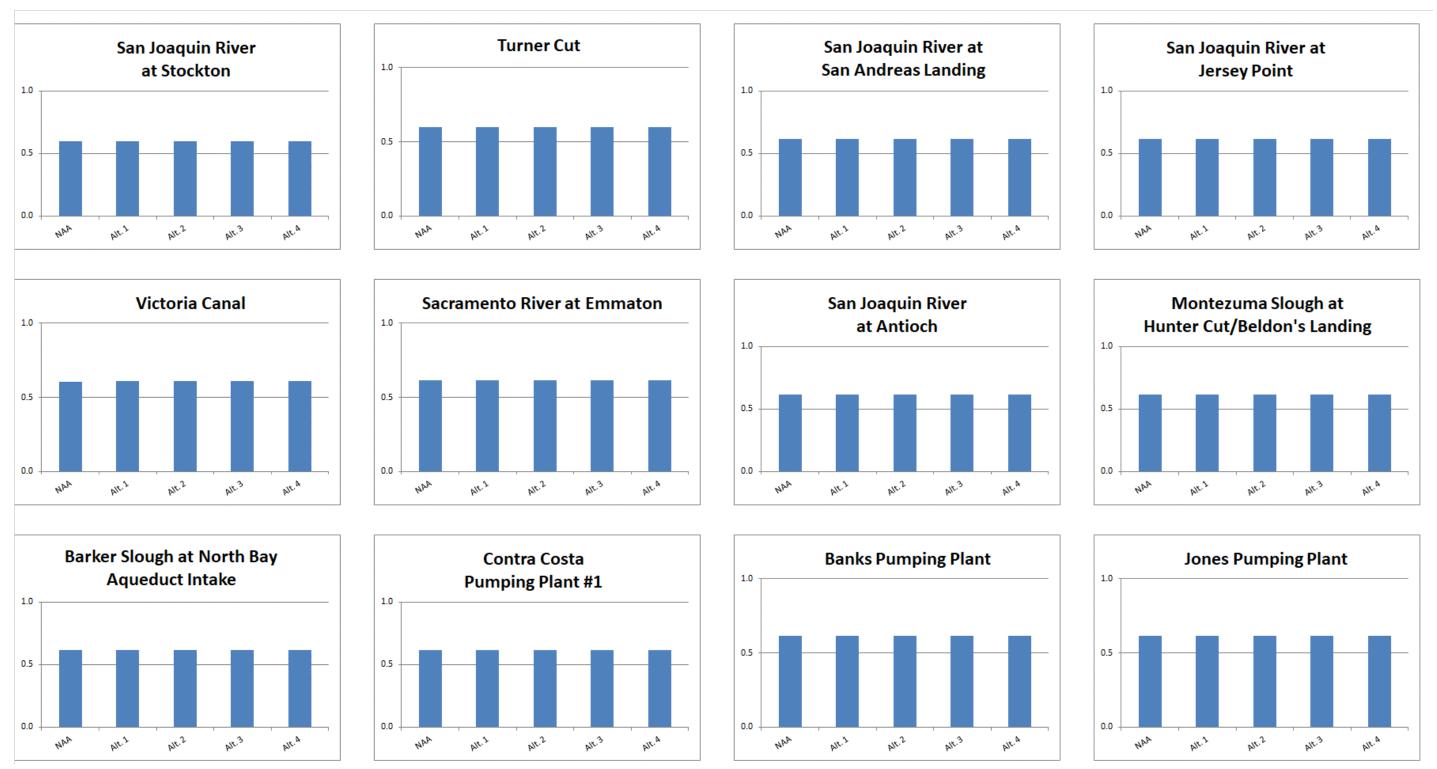


Figure G2.3-1. Level of Concern Exceedance Quotients for Selenium Concentrations in Whole-Body Fish for Drought Years

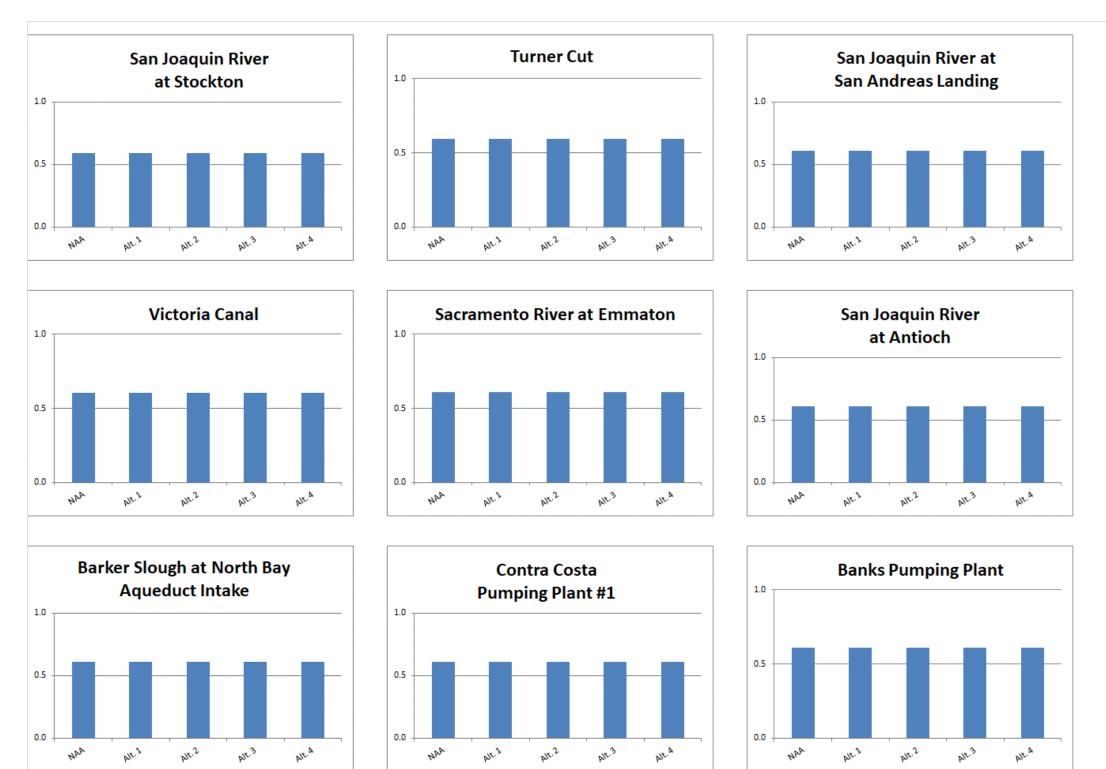
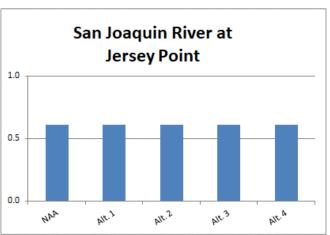
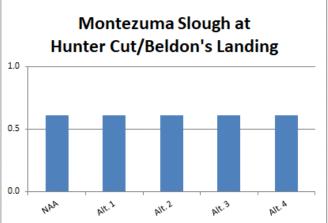
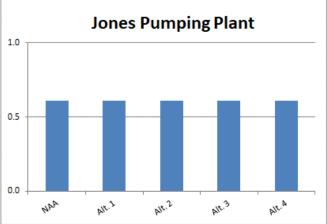
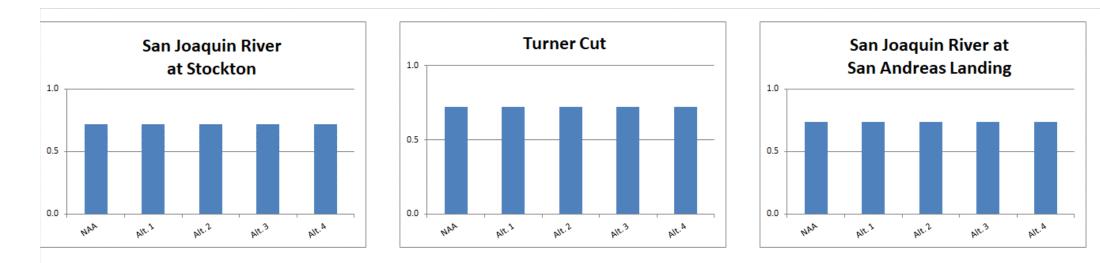


Figure G2.3-2. Level of Concern Exceedance Quotients for Selenium Concentrations in Bird Eggs (Invertebrate Diet) for Drought Years

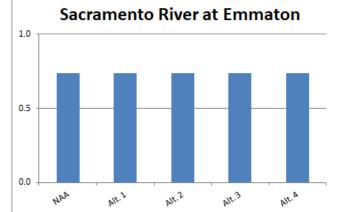


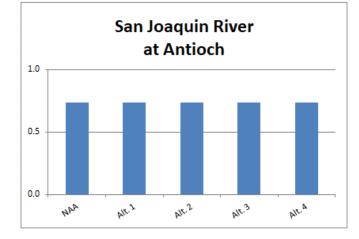


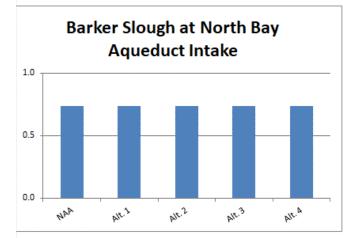


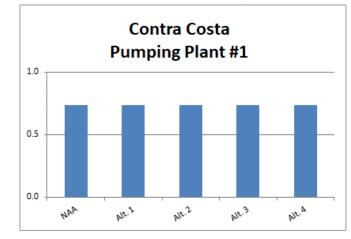












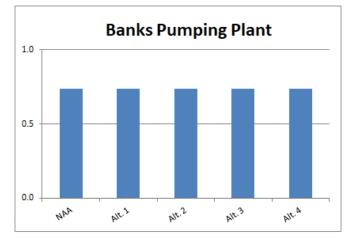
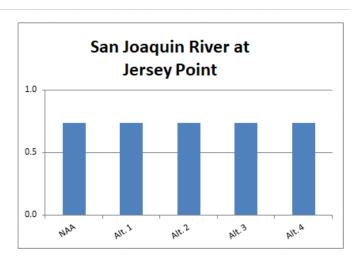
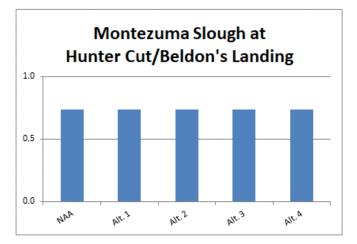
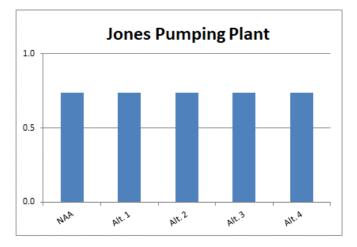
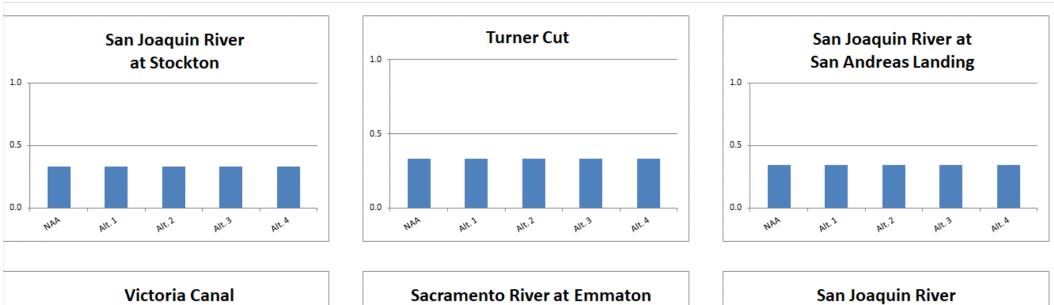


Figure G2.3-3. Level of Concern Exceedance Quotients for Selenium Concentrations in Bird Eggs (Fish Diet) for Drought Years

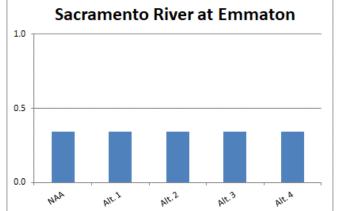


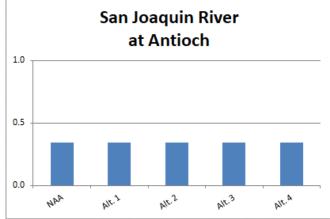


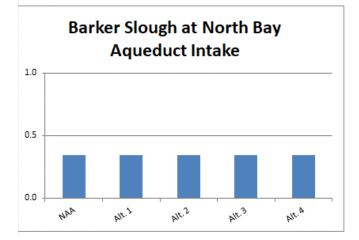


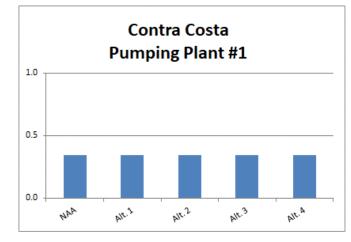












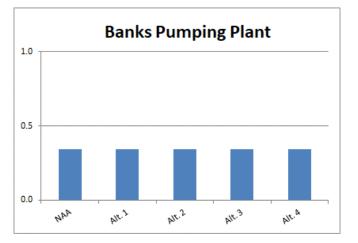
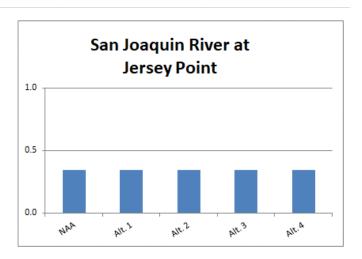
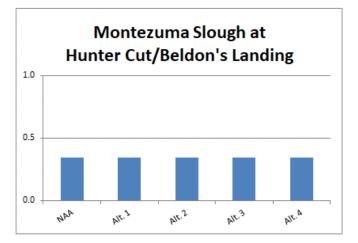
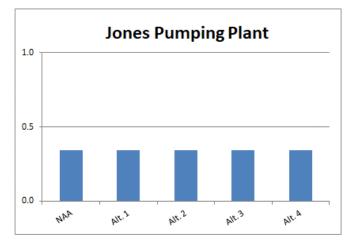
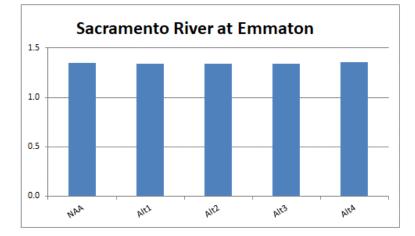


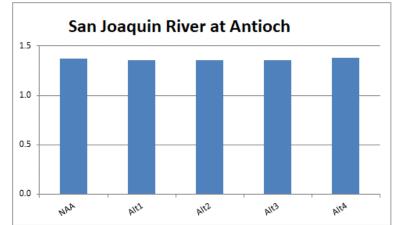
Figure G2.3-4. Level of Concern Exceedance Quotients for Selenium Concentrations in Fish Fillets (wet weight) for Drought Years











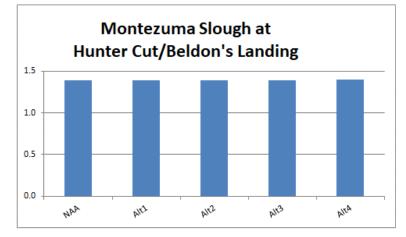


Figure G2.3-5. Low Toxicity Threshold Exceedance Quotients for Selenium Concentrations in Whole-body Sturgeon for Drought Years

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