MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION FOR 2015 TEHAMA-COLUSA CANAL AUTHORITY IN BASIN WATER TRANSFERS

LEAD AGENCY: Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority PO Box 1025 Willows, CA 95988

AVAILABILITY OF DOCUMENTS: The initial study for this proposed mitigated negative declaration is available for review at: Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority, 5513 State Highway 162, Willows, CA 95988 and online at http://www.usbr.gov/mp/nepa/nepa_projdetails.cfm?Project_ID=20761

Questions or comments regarding this proposed mitigated negative declaration and initial study may be addressed to:

Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority Attention: Mr. Jeff Sutton PO Box 1025 Willows, CA 95988 Fax (530) 934-2355 or e-mail: jsutton@tccanal.com

Project Description: The Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority (TCCA) and its Member Units will experience severe water shortages in 2015 and are soliciting willing sellers to transfer water. A number of entities have expressed interest in transferring water to the Member Units of the TCCA. The TCCA would negotiate with these sellers, on behalf of the Member Units, to identify potential transfers and the specifics of each transfer arrangement, which, collectively, constitute the "proposed project" addressed in the Initial Study. Transfers would be from willing sellers within the Sacramento Valley to buyers within the Sacramento Valley. This Mitigated Negative Declaration is based on the Environmental Assessment/Initial Study (EA/IS) that analyzes these water transfers. The water would be made available for transfer through a combination of cropland idling and groundwater substitution.

Project Location: The proposed transfers could originate in Colusa, Glenn, Sacramento, Shasta, Sutter, Tehama, or Yolo Counties from sellers shown on the map on the next page. The transfer buyers could be in Colusa, Glenn, Tehama, or Yolo Counties.

Findings: An initial study was prepared to assess the proposed transfers' potential effects on the environment and the significance of those impacts. Based on the initial study, the TCCA has determined that the proposed project will not have a significant impact on the environment. This conclusion is supported by the following findings:

- The project will not result in impacts to agriculture and forestry resources, cultural resources, hazards and hazardous materials, land use and planning, mineral resources, population and housing, public services, recreation, transportation/traffic, and utilities and service systems
- The project will result in less than significant impacts to aesthetics, air quality, biological resources, geology and soils, greenhouse gas emissions, hydrology and water quality, and noise.



Potential Selling Entities

Mitigation Measures: The initial study incorporated the following mitigation measures:

 AQ-1 – Selling agency would reduce pumping at diesel wells to reduce emissions to below the thresholds. If an agency is transferring water through cropland idling and groundwater substitution in the same year, the reduction in vehicle emissions can partially offset groundwater substitution pumping at a rate of 4.25 acre-feet (AF) of water produced by idling to one acre-foot of groundwater pumped. Agencies may also decide to replace old diesel wells to reduce emission below the thresholds.

If a selling agency, through the actions above, can reduce daily emissions below thresholds while operating wells 24 hours per day, then that agency must provide an analysis to Reclamation. This analysis should identify that all wells proposed for participation in a 2015 Water Transfer may be operated on a 24-hour per day basis without exceeding emission thresholds.

Alternately, if a selling agency with potentially significant emissions, as determined by this EA/IS, intends to operate wells less than 24 hours per day to reduce emissions below the thresholds, then that agency will be required to maintain daily recordkeeping logs that document the specific engine to be used for groundwater substitution transfers, the power rating (hp), and applicable emission factors. Emission calculations will be completed daily for comparison to the significance thresholds determined for each selling agency. The recordkeeping logs will be sent to Reclamation monthly for verification that emissions are within the allowable limits.

Reclamation will also work with the water agencies to inform individual growers of incentive funding available through the Natural Resources Conservation Service's Environmental Quality Incentives Program. Funded conservation practices include the replacement of internal combustion engines in irrigation pumps; therefore, the program may be used by growers to further reduce criteria pollutant emissions.

• GW-1: Monitoring Program and Mitigation Plan

The DRAFT Technical Information for Preparing Water Transfer Proposals (Reclamation and DWR 2014) provide guidance for the development of proposals for groundwater substitution water transfers. The objectives of the monitoring and reporting plan are: (1) minimize potential effects to other legal users of water; (2) provide a process for review and response to reported effects; (3) assure that a local mitigation strategy is in place prior to the groundwater transfer; (4) mitigate significant adverse environmental effects that occur. The seller will be responsible for mitigating any significant environmental impacts that occur.

Each entity participating in a groundwater substitution transfer will be required to confirm that the proposed groundwater pumping will be compatible with state and local regulations, existing Groundwater Management Plans (GMPs), and Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs) (if they exist). Reclamation's transfer approval process and groundwater mitigation measures set forth a framework that is designed to avoid and minimize adverse groundwater effects. Reclamation will verify that sellers adopt and implement these measures to minimize the potential for adverse effects related to groundwater extraction.

Well Review Process

Potential sellers will be required to submit well data for Reclamation and, where appropriate, DWR review, as part of the transfer approval process. Required information will be detailed in the most current version of the DRAFT Technical Information for *Preparing Water Transfer Proposals*.

Monitoring Program

Potential sellers will be required to complete and implement a monitoring program subject to Reclamation's approval that must, at a minimum, include the following components:

- *Monitoring Well Network*. The monitoring program will incorporate a sufficient number of monitoring wells to accurately characterize groundwater levels and response in the area before, during, and after transfer pumping takes place.
- Groundwater Pumping Measurements. All wells pumping to replace surface water designated for transfer shall be configured with a permanent instantaneous and totalizing flow meter capable of accurately measuring well discharge rates and volumes. Flow meter readings will be recorded just prior to initiation of pumping and at designated times, but no less than monthly and as close as practical to the last day of the month, throughout the duration of the transfer.
- Groundwater Levels. Sellers will collect measurements of groundwater levels in both participating transfer wells and monitoring wells. Groundwater level monitoring will include measurements before, during and after transfer-related pumping. The water transfer proponent will measure groundwater levels as follows:
 - <u>Prior to transfer</u>: Groundwater levels will be measured monthly from March in the year of the proposed transfer until the start of the transfer (where possible).
 - <u>Start of transfer</u>: Groundwater levels will be measured on the same day that the transfer begins, prior to the pump being turned on.
 - <u>During transfer</u>: Groundwater levels will be measured throughout the transfer period at the frequency specified in most current DRAFT Technical Information for Preparing Water Transfer Proposals.
 - <u>Post-transfer</u>: Groundwater levels will be measured weekly for one month after the end of transfer pumping, after which groundwater levels will be measured monthly through March of the year following the transfer.
- Groundwater Quality. For municipal sellers, the comprehensive water quality testing requirements of Title 22 should be sufficient for the water transfer monitoring program. Agricultural sellers shall measure specific conductance in samples from each participating production well. Samples shall be collected when the seller first initiates pumping, monthly during the transfer period, and at the termination of transfer pumping.
- Land Subsidence. Subsidence monitoring will be required if groundwater levels could decline below historic low levels during the proposed water transfer. If the measured groundwater level falls below the historic low level, land surface elevation measurements in strategic locations within and/or near the transfer area will be required. Measurements may include (1) extensometer monitoring, (2) continuous GPS monitoring, or (3) extensive land-elevation benchmark surveys conducted by a licensed surveyor. This data could be collected by the seller or from other sources (such as public extensometer data). Measurements must be completed on a monthly basis during the transfer.

- Coordination Plan. The monitoring program will include a plan to coordinate the collection and organization of monitoring data, and communication with the well operators and other decision makers.
- Evaluation and Reporting. The proposed monitoring program will describe the method of reporting monitoring data. At a minimum, sellers will provide data summary tables to Reclamation, both during and after transfer-related groundwater pumping. Post-program reporting will continue through March of the year following the transfer. Water transfer proponents will provide a final summary report to Reclamation evaluating the effects of the water transfer. The final report will identify transfer-related impacts on groundwater and surface water (both during and after pumping), and the extent and significance, if any, of impacts on local groundwater users. It should include groundwater elevation contour maps for the area in which transfer operations are located, showing pretransfer groundwater elevations, groundwater elevations at the end of the transfer, and recovered groundwater elevations in March of the year following the transfer.

Mitigation Plan

Potential sellers will also be required to complete and implement a mitigation plan. If the seller's monitoring efforts indicate that the operation of wells for groundwater substitution pumping are causing substantial adverse impacts, the seller will be responsible for mitigating any significant environmental impacts that occur. Mitigation actions must be implemented to reduce impacts to a less than significant level and could include:

- o Curtailment of pumping until natural recharge corrects the issue.
- Lowering of pumping bowls in non-transferring wells affected by transfer pumping.
- Reimbursement for significant increases in pumping costs due to the additional groundwater pumping to support the transfer.
- Curtailment of pumping until water levels rise above historic lows if nonreversible subsidence is detected (based on local data to identify elastic versus inelastic subsidence).
- Reimbursement for modifications to infrastructure that may be affected by non-reversible subsidence.
- Other actions as appropriate.

To ensure that mitigation plans will be feasible, effective, and tailored to local conditions, the plan must include the following elements:

- A procedure for the seller to receive reports of purported environmental or effects to non-transferring parties;
- A procedure for investigating any reported effect;
- Development of mitigation options, in cooperation with the affected parties, for legitimate significant effects; and
- Assurances that adequate financial resources are available to cover reasonably anticipated mitigation needs.

The purpose of Mitigation Measure GW-1 is to monitor groundwater levels during transfers to avoid potential significant adverse effects. The mitigation plan will describe how to address those any significant adverse effects that may occur despite the monitoring efforts. The objectives of this process are to: (1) minimize potential effects to other legal users of water; (2) provide a process for review and response to reported effects; (3) assure that a local mitigation strategy is in place prior to the groundwater transfer; and (4) mitigate any significant adverse environmental effects that occur.

Each potential seller will be required to confirm that the proposed groundwater pumping will be compatible with state and local regulations and GMPs. Reclamation's transfer approval process and groundwater mitigation measures set forth a framework that is designed to avoid and minimize adverse groundwater effects. Reclamation will verify that sellers adopt and implement these measures to minimize the potential for adverse effects related to groundwater extraction.

MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

- No substantial evidence exists that the proposed project would have a negative or adverse effect on the environment.
- The project would not substantially degrade the quality of the environment, significantly
 reduce the habitat for fish and wildlife species, result in fish or wildlife populations below
 a self-sustaining level, reduce the number or restrict the range of a special-status
 species, or eliminate important examples of California history or prehistory.
- The project would not have environmental effects that would cause substantial direct or indirect adverse effects on humans.
- The project would not have environmental effects that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable.

In accordance with Section 21082.1 of the California Environmental Quality Act, the TCCA staff has independently reviewed and analyzed the initial study (attached) and proposed mitigated negative declaration for the proposed project and finds that the initial study and proposed mitigated negative declaration reflect the independent judgment of the TCCA staff.

Jeffrey P. Sutton, General Manager Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority

2-26-15

Date

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Appendix C

Notice of Completion & Environmental Do	ocument Transmittal							
Mail to: State Clearinghouse, P.O. Box 3044, Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 (916) 445-0613								
For Hand Delivery/Street Address: 1400 Tenth Street, Sacramento, CA 95814								
Project Title: 2015 Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority Water Transfers								
Lead Agency: Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority Contact Person: Jeff Sutton								
Mailing Address: PO Box 1025	Phone: (530) 9	34-2125						
City: Willows	Zip: <u>95988</u> County: <u>Glenn</u>							
Designate Lagrantiana Constructional and a second description								
Project Location: County: Multiple - see project description City/Nearest Community: Multiple - see project description								
Longitude/Latitude (degrees minutes and seconds): 39 °31	· 27 1 ″ N / 122 ● 13 · / 08 5 ″ N							
Assessor's Parcel No · N/A - interagency water transfer	Section: Twp :	Range: Base:						
Within 2 Miles: State Hwy #:	Waterways:	Kange Base						
Airports:	Railways:	Schools:						
Document Type:								
CEQA: NOP Draft EIR	NEPA: NOI Oth	her: X Joint Document						
Neg Dec (Prior SCH No.)	Draft EIS	Other:						
X Mit Neg Dec Other:	FONSI							
Local Action Type:								
General Plan Opdate Specific Plan	Rezone Prezone	Annexation Redevelopment						
General Plan Element Planned Unit Developme	nt 🗌 Use Permit	\Box Coastal Permit						
Community Plan Site Plan	Land Division (Subdivision	, etc.) X Other: Water transfer						
Residential: Units Acres								
Office: Sq.ft. Acres Employees	Transportation: Type							
Commercial:Sq.ft Acres Employees_	[] Mining: Mineral	N / W /						
Educational:	Power: 1ype Waste Treatment: Type	Mw MGD						
Recreational:	Hazardous Waste:Type	1100						
Water Facilities: Type MGD	X Other: Inter-agency water	transfer						
Project Issues Discussed in Document:								
Aesthetic/Visual	Recreation/Parks	X Vegetation						
Agricultural Land Flood Plain/Flooding	Schools/Universities	X Water Quality						
Air Quality Derest Land/Fire Hazard	Septic Systems	Water Supply/Groundwater						
Archeological/Historical Geologic/Seismic	Sewer Capacity	Wetland/Riparian						
Coastal Zone Noise	Solid Waste	\square Land Use						
Drainage/Absorption Population/Housing Balar	nce 🔲 Toxic/Hazardous	Cumulative Effects						
Economic/Jobs Dublic Services/Facilities	Traffic/Circulation	Other:						

Present Land Use/Zoning/General Plan Designation:

Seller actions will occur on agricultural property and water will be transferred to agricultural buyers.

Project Description: (please use a separate page if necessary) This Mitigated Negative Declaration and IS/EA analyzes environmental impacts of proposed water transfers from willing sellers to buyers in the Sacramento Valley help address water shortages. This environmental document includes transfers of Central Valley Project (CVP) water from entities in northern California to participating members of the Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority. The water would be made available for transfer through a combination of cropland idling and groundwater substitution. The transfers could originate in Colusa, Glenn, Sacramento, Shasta, Sutter, Tehama, or Yolo counties. The transfer buyers could be in Colusa, Glenn, Tehama, or Yolo counties.

Note: The State Clearinghouse will assign identification numbers for all new projects. If a SCH number already exists for a project (e.g. Notice of Preparation or previous draft document) please fill in.

Reviewing Agencies Checklist

X Air Resources Board	Office of Historic Preservation		
Boating & Waterways, Department of	Office of Public School Construction		
California Emergency Management Agency	Parks & Recreation, Department of		
California Highway Patrol	Pesticide Regulation, Department of		
Caltrans District #	Public Utilities Commission		
Caltrans Division of Aeronautics	Regional WQCB #		
Caltrans Planning	Resources Agency		
Central Valley Flood Protection Board	Resources Recycling and Recovery, Department of		
Coachella Valley Mtns. Conservancy	S.F. Bay Conservation & Development Comm.		
Coastal Commission	San Gabriel & Lower L.A. Rivers & Mtns. Conservancy		
Colorado River Board	San Joaquin River Conservancy		
Conservation, Department of	Santa Monica Mtns. Conservancy		
Corrections, Department of	State Lands Commission		
Delta Protection Commission	SWRCB: Clean Water Grants		
Education, Department of	X SWRCB: Water Quality		
Energy Commission	X SWRCB: Water Rights		
Fish & Game Region #1,2	Tahoe Regional Planning Agency		
Food & Agriculture, Department of	Toxic Substances Control, Department of		
Forestry and Fire Protection, Department of	S Water Resources, Department of		
General Services, Department of			
Health Services, Department of	Other:		
Housing & Community Development	Other:		
Native American Heritage Commission			
tarting Date March 2, 2015	Ending Date March 23, 2015		
ead Agency (Complete if applicable):			
Consulting Firm: CDM Smith	Applicant:		
ddress: 1755 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200	Address:		
ity/State/Zip: Sacramento, CA 95833	City/State/Zip:		
ontact: Carrie Buckman	Phone:		
hone:			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Signature of Lead Agency Representative:	fron F. Jullo Date: 2/2.6/		
uthority cited: Section 21083, Public Resources Code.	Reference: Section 21161, Public Resources Code.		

Lead Agencies may recommend State Clearinghouse distribution by marking agencies below with and "X".

INITIAL STUDY FOR 2015 TEHAMA-COLUSA CANAL AUTHORITY WATER TRANSFERS

- 1. Project title: 2015 Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority Water Transfers
- 2. Lead agency name and address: Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority

PO Box 1025

Willows, CA 95988

- 3. Contact person and phone number: Mr. Jeff Sutton, (530) 934-2125
- 4. Project location: The proposed transfers could originate in Colusa, Glenn, Sacramento, Shasta, Sutter, Tehama, or Yolo counties. The transfer buyers could be in Colusa, Glenn, Tehama, or Yolo counties.
- 5. Project sponsor's name and address: Same as Lead Agency.
- 6. General plan designation: Not Applicable Interagency Agricultural Water Transfers
- 7. Zoning: All lands with potential to participate in the transfers are agricultural.
- 8. Description of project: (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation. Attach additional sheets if necessary.) Refer to Chapter 2 of the Initial Study.

- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting: Briefly describe the project's surroundings: Refer to Chapter 2 of the Initial Study.
- 10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.)

The Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority will coordinate with their Member Units and the sellers identified in this Initial Study. Transfer negotiations with occur between the Authority and interested sellers. Reclamation approval is required for transfer of water subject to Reclamation contract and use of Central Valley Project facilities. As a Federal agency, Reclamation does not complete CEQA compliance; however, Reclamation will verify that buyers and sellers have complied with CEQA in accordance with Central Valley Project Improvement Act requirements. Chapter 2 describes the involvement of State agencies, including the California Department of Water Resources and State Water Resources Control Board.

229

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

Aesthetics	Agriculture and Forestry Resources	Air Quality
Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Geology /Soils
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards & Hazardous Materials	Hydrology / Water Quality
Land Use / Planning	Mineral Resources	Noise
Population / Housing	Public Services	Recreation
Transportation/Traffic	Utilities / Service Systems	Mandatory Findings of Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.

I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.

I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Signature Signature

-26-15 Date

Date

240