

ARVIN-EDISON WATER STORAGE DISTRICT

August 6, 2014

Via Electronic Mail (<u>blawrence@usbr.gov</u>) Via Facsimile (559) 487-5397

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Ben Lawrence U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation 1243 N. Street Fresno CA, 93721

Re: Tule River Water Warren Act Agreement Draft FONSI and EA Comments

Dear Mr. Lawrence:

STAFF
Steven C. Collup
Engineer-Manager
David A. Nixon
Assistant Manager
Jeevan S. Muhar

Staff Engineer Christ P. Krauter General Superintendent Thank you for providing Arvin-Edison Water Storage District (AEWSD) the opportunity to comment on the Tule River Water Warren Act Agreement draft Environmental Assessment and Findings of No Significant Impact (EA/FONSI-14-039) regarding the proposed Warren Act Contract involving Non-Project Tule River water supplies (Project) for up to 5,000 acre-feet (AF) through September 2014.

AEWSD is generally supportive of water management programs such as described in the EA/FONSI. We do however request clarification and/or additions to the final EA/FONSI on the following points, both with respect to Guidelines for Accepting Non-Project Water in Friant Division Facilities (Guidelines).

FONSI Findings in Water Resources Section (page 2) states the following:

Non-CVP water introduced into the FKC must meet Reclamation's then-current Guidelines for Accepting Non-Project Water in Friant Division Facilities prior to approval for conveyance. If testing shows that the water does not meet then-current standards, Terra Bella would not be allowed to discharge into the FKC until water quality concerns are addressed. This testing program is anticipated to adequately protect the quality of water and limit degradation of other users' supplies.

Reference to then-current Guidelines

It shall be noted the "then-current" Guidelines were not included in the EA/FONSI, it is not apparent which Guidelines are "current" and therefore the requirements set forth are unknown. Tule River water quality information was NOT included in the EA/FONSI and subsequently a comparison of water qualities between Friant-Kern Canal (FKC) and Tule River water is silent.

AEWSD-1

Ben Lawrence August 6, 2014 Page 2

Limits of Degradation

No detailed information about protection of constituent's and associated degradation of existing water supplies or to what extent degradation is allowed was described in the EA/FONSI.

Perhaps the USBR is not aware of ominous water quality regulations currently being pursued by the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Board including but not limited to Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program (ILRP) and CVSALTS Program. AEWSD also introduces water into the State Water Project California Aqueduct and administers a pump-in program that is highly regulated to limit degradation of certain constituents of concern (i.e. arsenic, chloride, chromium, nitrate, uranium, etc).

AEWSD has preliminarily been classified as a "high vulnerability" area in the ILRP, which program deals with nitrate (NO₃) loading on agricultural irrigated land. The CVSALTS Program is envisioned to limit the salt (TDS and/or EC) loading on agricultural irrigated land. As you are aware, the FKC quality is a large part of fresh snowmelt off of the Sierra Nevada's and has been described by USBR as being a "pristine" source. AEWSD relies heavily on receiving its contracted supply from Millerton Lake and the Guidelines currently do not adequately protect this pristine supply.

Thank you, and again we appreciate the opportunity to provide input into your Project. If you have questions or comments, please contact me.

Sincerely.

Steve Collup

Engineer-Manager

cc: Jeevan Muhar, Staff Engineer

Michael Jackson, USBR Chris Eacock, USBR Scott Taylor, USBR

SCC:JSM:sj\AEWSD\USBR\Enviro.Docs\Lawerence.Ben.Tule River Draft.FONSI.EA.comments.08.14.doc

Response to Comments

From Arvin-Edison Water Storage District (AEWSD)

AEWSD-1

The current rules for accepting non-CVP water in the FKC consist of the 2008 guidelines with which Arvin-Edison Water Storage District is familiar, with water standards based on Title 22 California Domestic Water Standards. These have been added to the final document as Appendix D. If water quality standards change in the future, all discharges to the FKC would be subject to standards in effect at the time of discharge.

AEWSD-2

Measures to monitor degradation of water quality in the FKC were included in proposed 2014 updates to the *Policy for Accepting Non-Project Water into the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals*. The Friant Water Authority opposed the Policy update.

Regarding potential changes in water quality standards, any change in standards would result in changes to Reclamation's required testing protocol, in order to protect water quality for all users of the FKC.

CULTURAL RESOURCE COMPLIANCE Mid-Pacific Region Division of Environmental Affairs Cultural Resources Branch

MP-153 Tracking Number: 14-SCAO-213

Project Name: Terra Bella Irrigation District Warren Act Agreement

NEPA Document: EA 14-039

MP 153 Cultural Resources Reviewer: Scott Williams

Date: June 11, 2014

The proposed undertaking by Reclamation is to issue Warren Act Agreement with the Terra Bella Irrigation District Warren. This is the type of undertaking that does not have the potential to cause effects to historic properties, should such properties be present, pursuant to the NHPA Section 106 regulations codified at 36 CFR § 800.3(a)(1). Reclamation has no further obligations under NHPA Section 106, pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.3(a)(1).

Reclamation issuing a Warren Act Agreement constitutes an undertaking pursuant to Section 301(7) of the NHPA (16 U.S.C. 470) as amended which requires compliance with Section 106 of the NHPA.

The Terra Bella Irrigation District has acquired non-Central Valley Project water from Porterville Irrigation District and Lower Tule River Irrigation District, and they would like to convey it to their turnout on the Friant-Kern Canal. The water would be released from Success Reservoir into the Tule River channel, then diverted 5 miles downstream at the Poplar Ditch head gate in Porterville. It would travel 5.5 miles down Poplar Ditch to a point near FKC milepost 97.36, where it would be stored to pump. A temporary pumping station would be placed on the paved area between Poplar Ditch and the FKC, and would transfer the Tule River water to the canal at up to 50 cfs. Terra Bella ID would take the water from the canal at their MP 103.64 turnout. Up to 5,000 AF would be discharged into the canal between June and September 2014.

This compliance document is intended to convey the completion of the NHPA Section 106 process for this undertaking. Please retain a copy in the administrative record for this action. Should changes be made to this project, additional NHPA Section 106 review, possibly including consultation with the State Historic Preservation Officer, may be necessary. Thank you for providing the opportunity to comment.





Lawrence, Benjamin

 blawrence@usbr.gov>

Resource Determination Request, SCCAO EA 14-039, Terra Bella ID Warren Act Agreement

RIVERA, PATRICIA <privera@usbr.gov>

Tue, Jun 10, 2014 at 3:07 PM

To: "Lawrence, Benjamin" <blaverence@usbr.gov>

Cc: Kristi Seabrook <kseabrook@usbr.gov>, "Mary (Diane) Williams" <marywilliams@usbr.gov>

Ben.

I reviewed the proposed action described below:

The Terra Bella Irrigation District has acquired non-Central Valley Project water from Porterville Irrigation District and Lower Tule River Irrigation District, and they would like to convey it to their turnout on the Friant-Kern Canal. The water would be released from Success Reservoir into the Tule River channel, then diverted 5 miles downstream at the Poplar Ditch head gate in Porterville. It would travel 5.5 miles down Poplar Ditch to a point near FKC milepost 97.36, where it would be stored to pump. A temporary pumping station would be placed on the paved area between Poplar Ditch and the FKC, and would transfer the Tule River water to the canal at up to 50 cfs. Terra Bella ID would take the water from the canal at their MP 103.64 turnout. Up to 5,000 AF would be discharged to the canal between June and September 2014.

The proposed action does not have a potential to impact Indian Trust Assets.

Patricia Rivera
Native American Affairs Program Manager
US Bureau of Reclamation
Mid-Pacific Region
2800 Sacramento, California 95825
(916) 978-5194

Kristi please log in - no further action required. Thanks



RECLAMATION

Managing Water in the West

Policy for Accepting Non-Project Water into the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals Water Quality Monitoring Requirements



Friant-Kern Canal in Tulare County (Credit: Ted Holzem, Mintier & Associates)



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation Mid-Pacific Region

United States Bureau of Reclamation South-Central California Area Office and Friant Water Authority

Policy for Accepting Non-Project Water into the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals Water Quality Monitoring Requirements

This Policy describes the approval process, implementation procedures, and responsibilities of a Contractor requesting permission from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) to introduce non-project water into the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals, features of the Friant Division of the Central Valley Project (CVP). The monitoring requirements contained herein are intended to ensure that water quality is protected and that domestic and agricultural water users are not adversely impacted by the introduction of non-project water. The discharge of non-project water shall not in any way limit the ability of either Reclamation or the Friant Water Authority (Authority) to operate and maintain the Canals for their intended purposes nor shall it adversely impact existing contracts or any other agreements. The discharge of non-project water into the Canals will be permissible only when there is excess capacity in the system as determined by the Authority and or Reclamation.

The Contractor shall be responsible for securing other requisite Federal, State or local permits.

Reclamation, in cooperation with the Authority, will consider all proposals to convey non-project water based upon this Policy's water quality criteria and implementation procedures established in this document. Table 1 provides a summary of the Policy's water quality monitoring requirements.

This policy is subject to review and modification by Reclamation and the Authority. Reclamation and the Authority reserve the right to change the water quality monitoring requirements for any non-project water to be conveyed in the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals.

A. Types of Non-Project Water

This policy recognizes three types of non-project water with distinct requirements for water quality monitoring.

1. "Type A" Non-Project Water

Water for which analytical testing demonstrates complete compliance with California drinking water standards (Title 22)¹, plus other constituents of concern recommended by the California Department of Health Services. Type A water must be tested every year for the full list of

^{1.} Title 22. The Domestic Water Quality and Monitoring Regulations specified by the State of California Health and Safety Code (Sections 4010-4037), and Administrative Code (Sections 64401 et seq.), as amended.

constituents listed in Table 2. No in-prism (within the Canal) monitoring is required to convey Type A water.

2. "Type B" Non-Project Water

Water that generally complies with Title 22, but may exceed the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for certain inorganic constituents of concern to be determined by Reclamation and the Authority on a case-by-case basis. This water may be discharged into the Canal over short-intervals. Type B water shall be tested every year for the full list of constituents in Table 2, and more frequently for the identified constituents of concern. Flood Water and Ground Water are Type B non-project water.

Type B water may not be pumped into the Friant-Kern Canal within a half-mile upstream of a delivery point to a CVP Municipal and Industrial contractor. At this time, there are no M & I Contractors served from the Madera Canal.

The introduction of Type B water into the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals will require regular in-prism monitoring to confirm that the CVP water delivered to downstream customers is suitable in quality for their needs. The location, frequency, and parameters of in-prism monitoring will be determined by Reclamation and the Authority on a case-by-case basis.

3. "Type C" Non-Project Water

Type C Water is non-project water that originates in the same source as CVP water but that has not been appropriated by the United States. For example, non-project water from a tributary within the upper San Joaquin River watershed, such as the Soquel Diversion from Willow Creek above Bass Lake, is Type C water. Another example is State Water Project water pumped from the California Aqueduct and Cross Valley Canal into the lower Friant-Kern Canal. No water quality analyses are required to convey Type C water through the Friant-Kern or Madera Canals because it is physically the same as Project water.

B. Authorization

The Warren Act (Act of February 21, 1911, ch. 141, 36 Stat. 925), as supplemented by Section 305 of Public Law 102-250, authorizes Reclamation to contract for the carriage and storage of non-project water when excess capacity is available in Federal water facilities. The terms of this Policy are also based on the requirements of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.), the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (P.L. 93-205), the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA, 42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Reclamation Act of 1902 (June 17, 1902 as amended), and the Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-523, amended 1986) and Title XXIV of the Reclamation Projects Authorization and Adjustments Act of 1992 (P.L. 102-575, 106 Stat 4600).

C. General Requirements for Discharge of Non-Project Water

1. Contract Requirements

A Contractor wishing to discharge non-project water into the Friant-Kern or Madera Canals must first execute a contract with Reclamation. The contract may be negotiated with Reclamation's South Central California Area Office (SCCAO) in Fresno.

2. Facility Licensing

Each non-project water discharge facility must be licensed by Reclamation and the Authority. The license for erection and maintenance of structures may be negotiated with the SCCAO.

3. Prohibition When the Canal is Empty

Non-project shall not be conveyed in the Friant-Kern or Madera Canals during periods when the canal is de-watered for maintenance.

D. Non-Project Discharge, Water Quality, and Monitoring Program Requirements

1. General Discharge Approval Requirements

Each source of non-project water must be correctly sampled, completely analyzed, and be approved by Reclamation prior to introduction into the Friant-Kern or Madera Canals. The Contractor shall pay the cost of collection and analyses of the non-project water required under this policy².

2. Water Quality Sampling and Analyses

Each source of Type A and B non-project water must be tested every year for the complete list of constituents of concern and bacterial organisms listed in Table 2. The analytical laboratory must be approved by Reclamation (Table 3).

3. Water Quality Reporting Requirements

Water quality analytical results must be reported to the Contracting Officer for review.

4. Type B Water Quality Monitoring

Reclamation will provide a Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) that will describe the protocols and methods for sampling and analysis of Type B non-project water.

^{2.} Reclamation will pay for the collection and analyses of quarterly baseline samples collected at Friant Dam and Lake Woolomes.

The program may include sampling of canal water upstream and downstream of the Contractor's discharge point into the Friant-Kern or Madera Canal. The location of samples, and the duration and frequency of sampling, and the list of constituents to be analyzed, may be changed upon review of measured trends in concentration of those constituents of concern.

E. Control of Water Quality in the Friant Division

The quality of CVP water will be considered impaired if the conveyance of the Contractor's non-project water is causing the quality of CVP water to exceed a maximum contaminant level specified in Title 22 (Table 2).

Reclamation, in consultation with the Authority, will direct the Contractor to stop the discharge of non-project water from this source into the Friant-Kern or Madera Canal.

F. Baseline Water Quality Analysis

Every four months, Reclamation will collect samples of water from the Friant-Kern Canal near Friant Dam and near Lake Woolomes. These samples will be analyzed for Title 22 and many other constituents. The purpose of theses samples is to identify the baseline quality of water in the canal. No direct analysis within the Madera Canal will be conducted at this time.

The cost of this analysis will be borne by Reclamation under the CVP Baseline water quality monitoring program.

G. Water Quality Data Review and Management

All water quality data must be sent to Reclamation for review, verification, and approval. All water quality data will be entered into a database to be maintained by Reclamation. All field notes and laboratory water quality analytical reports will be kept by the Authority. All water quality data will be available upon request to the Contractor and other interested parties.

Definitions

CVP or Project water

Water that has been appropriated by the United States for the Friant Division of the CVP. The source of Project water in the Friant Division is the San Joaquin River watershed.

Non-project water

Water that has not been appropriated by the United States for the Friant Division of the CVP. This includes groundwater, and surface water from other streams and rivers that cross the Friant-Kern and Madera Canals, such as Wutchumna Ditch.

Maximum Contaminant Level

Usually reported in milligrams per liter (parts per million) or micrograms per liter (parts per billion).

Non-project discharge system

The pipe and pumps from which non-project water enters the Friant Division.

Title 22

The Domestic Water Quality and Monitoring Regulations specified by the State of California Health and Safety Code (Sections 4010-4037), and Administrative Code (Sections 64401 et seq.), as amended.

Type A water

This is non-project water that meets California drinking water standards. This water must be tested every year for the full list of Title 22 constituents. No in-stream monitoring is required to convey Type A water in the Friant Division.

Type B water

This is non-project water that has constituents that may exceed the California drinking water standards. This water must be tested every year for the full list of Title 22 constituents, plus annually for constituents of concern. Field monitoring is required of each source and of water upstream and downstream of the discharge point.

Type C water

This is non-project water from the same watershed as Project water that has not been appropriated by the United States for the Central Valley Project. Water from Soquel Creek diversion or the State Water Project are Type C water. No water quality analyses are required to convey this water in the Friant-Kern Canal.

Table 1. Water Quality Monitoring Requirements in the Friant DivisionTable 2. Title 22 California Drinking Water StandardsTable 3. List of Labs Approved by Reclamation

Table 1. Water Quality Monitoring Requirements - Friant Division, Central Valley Project

Type of Water	Location	How often will a sample be collected?	What will be measured in the water?	Who will collect samples?
Project Water	Friant Lake Woolomes	January, April, June, October January, April, June, October	Title 22 and bacterial constituents (1) (2) Title 22 and bacterial constituents (1) (2)	Reclamation, MP-157 Reclamation, MP-157
Type A Non-Proje	ect Water	Every year	Title 22 and bacterial constituents (1) (2)	Contractor
Type B Non-Project Water		Every year Every month (5) Every week (5)	Title 22 and bacterial constituents (1) (2) Constituents of concern (5) EC, turbidity, etc.(3) (5)	Contractor Contractor Friant Water Authority
Type C Non-Proj	ect Water	None required		
Project water	Upstream of each Type B discharge (4) Downstream of each Type B discharge (4)	Every week (5) Every week (5)	EC, turbidity, etc.(3) (5) EC, turbidity, etc.(3) (5)	Friant Water Authority Friant Water Authority

Notes:

This water quality monitoring program is subject to change at any time by the Contracting Officer.

Revised: 08/16/2007 SCC-107

⁽¹⁾ California Department of Health Services, California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4, Chapter 15, Domestic Water Quality and Monitoring, http://www.dhs.ca.gov/ps/ddwem/publications/Regulations/regulations_index.htm.

⁽²⁾ Cryptosporidium, Giardia, total coliform bacteria

⁽³⁾ Field measurements.

⁽⁴⁾ Location to be determined by the Contracting Officer

⁽⁵⁾ To be determined by the Contracting Officer, if necessary.

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation
Friant Water Authority
Friant Division, California
Water Quality Monitoring Requirements

Table 2a. Water Quality Constituents

CONSTITUENT OR PARAMETER	Units	Recommended Method	California DHS Maximum Contaminant Level		CAS Registry Number
Primary Constituents (CCR § 64431)					
Aluminum	μg/L	EPA 200.7	1,000	1	7429-90-5
Antimony	μg/L	EPA 200.8	6	1	7440-36-0
Arsenic	μg/L	EPA 200.8	10	16	7440-38-2
Asbestos	MFL > 10µm	EPA 100.2	7	1	1332-21-4
Barium	μg/L	EPA 200.7	1,000	1	7440-39-3
Beryllium	μg/L	EPA 200.7	4	1	7440-41-7
Cadmium	μg/L	EPA 200.7	5	1	7440-43-9
Chromium	μg/L	EPA 200.7	50	1	7440-47-3
Cyanide	μg/L	EPA 335.4	150	1	57-12-5
Fluoride	mg/L	EPA 300.1	2	1	16984-48-8
Mercury (inorganic)	μg/L	EPA 245.1	2	1	7439-97-6
Nickel	μg/L	EPA 200.7	100	1	7440-02-0
Nitrate (as NO3)	mg/L	EPA 300.1	45	1	7727-37-9
Total Nitrate + Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	mg/L	EPA 353.2	10	1	
Nitrite (as Nitrogen)	mg/L	EPA 300.1	1	1	14797-65-0
Selenium	μg/L	EPA 200.8	50	1	7782-49-2
Thallium	μg/L	EPA 200.8	2	1	7440-28-0
Secondary Constituents (CCR § 64449)					
Aluminum	μg/L	EPA 200.7	200	6	7429-90-5
Chloride	mg/L	EPA 300.1	250/500/600	7	16887-00-6
Color	units	SM 2120 B	15	6	
Copper	μg/L	EPA 200.7	1,000	6	7440-50-8
Foaming agents (MBAS)	mg/L	SM 5540 C	0.5	6	
Iron	μg/L	EPA 200.7	300	6	7439-89-6
Manganese	μg/L	EPA 200.7	50	6	7439-96-5
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	6	1634-04-4
Odor - Threshold	threshold units	SM 2150 B	3	6	
Silver	μg/L	EPA 200.7	100	6	7440-22-4
Specific conductance (EC)	μS/cm	SM 2510 B	900/1600/2200	7	
Sulfate	mg/L	EPA 300.1	250/500/600	7	14808-79-8
Thiobencarb	μg/L	EPA 525.2	1	6	28249-77-6
Total dissolved solids (TDS)	mg/L	SM 2540 C	500/1000/1500	7	
Turbidity	NTU	EPA 180.1	5	6	
Zinc	mg/L	EPA 200.7	5	6	7440-66-6

Table 2a. Water Quality Constituents

			California DHS	-	CAS
CONSTITUENT		Recommended	Maximum		Registry
OR PARAMETER	Units	Method	Contaminant Level		Number
Other required analyses (CCR § 64449 (I	o)(2); CCR § 64670)				
Bicarbonate	mg/L	SM 2320B		8	
Calcium	mg/L	SM3111B		8,12	7440-70-2
Carbonate	mg/L	SM 2320B		8	
Copper	mg/L	EPA 200.7	1.3	14	7440-50-8
Hardness	mg/L	SM 2340 B		8	
Hydroxide alkalinity	mg/L	SM 2320B		8,12	
Lead	mg/L	EPA 200.8	0.015	14	7439-92-1
Magnesium	mg/L	EPA 200.7		8	7439-95-4
Orthophosphate	mg/L	EPA 365.1		12	
рН	units	EPA 150.1		8,12	
Silica	mg/L	EPA 200.7		12	
Sodium	mg/L	EPA 200.7		8	7440-23-5
Temperature	degrees C	SM 2550		12	7 1 10 20 0
remperature	degrees C	3IVI 2330		12	
Radiochemistry (CCR § 64442)					
Radioactivity, Gross Alpha	pCi/L	SM 7110C	15	3	
/licrobiology					
Cryptosporidium	org/liter		No MCL, measure for p	oresence	e (surface water on
Fecal Coliform	MPN/100ml		No MCL, measure for		
Giardia	org/liter		No MCL, measure for		
Total Coliform bacteria	MPN/100ml		No MCL, measure for p		
Organic Constituents (CCR § 64444)					
EPA 504.1 method					
Dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	μg/L	EPA 504.1	0.2	4	96-12-8
Ethylene dibromide (EDB)	μg/L	EPA 504.1	0.05	4	206-93-4
PA 505					
Chlordane	μg/L	EPA 505	0.1	4	57-74-9
Endrin	μg/L	EPA 505	2	4	72-20-8
Heptachlor	μg/L	EPA 505	0.01	4	76-44-8
Heptachlor epoxide	μg/L	EPA 505	0.01	4	1024-57-3
Hexachlorobenzene	μg/L	EPA 505	1	4	118-74-1
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	μg/L	EPA 505	50	4	77-47-4
Lindane (gamma-BHC)	μg/L	EPA 505	0.2	4	58-89-9
Methoxychlor	μg/L	EPA 505	30	4	72-43-5
Polychlorinated biphenyls	μg/L	EPA 505	0.5	4	1336-36-3
Toxaphene		EPA 505	3	4	8001-35-2
EPA 508 Method	μg/L	LFA 303	J	7	0001-33-2
	/1	EDA 500 1	2	4	15072 60 9
Alachlor	μg/L	EPA 508.1	2	4	15972-60-8
Atrazine	μg/L	EPA 508.1	1	4	1912-24-9
Simazine	μg/L	EPA 508.1	4	4	122-34-9

Table 2a. Water Quality Constituents

CONSTITUENT		Docemen	California DHS		CAS
CONSTITUENT OR PARAMETER	Units	Recommended Method	Maximum Contaminant Level		Registry Number
ONTANAMETER	Office	Wethod	Contaminant Ecver		Number
EPA 515.3 Method					
Bentazon	μg/L	EPA 515	18	4	25057-89-0
2,4-D	μg/L	EPA 515.1-4	70	4	94-75-7
Dalapon	μg/L	EPA 515.1-4	200	4	75-99-0
Dinoseb	μg/L	EPA 515.1-4	7	4	88-85-7
Pentachlorophenol	μg/L	EPA 515.1-4	1	4	87-86-5
Picloram	μg/L	EPA 515.1-4	500	4	1918-02-1
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	μg/L	EPA 515.1-4	50	4	93-72-1
PA 524.2 Method (Volatile Organic Chem	icals)				
Benzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	1	4	71-43-2
Carbon tetrachloride	μg/L	EPA 524.2	0.5	4	56-23-5
1,2-Dibromomethane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	0.05		106-93-4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	600	4	95-50-1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	4	106-46-7
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	4	75-34-3
1.2-Dichloroethane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	0.5	4	107-06-2
1,1-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	6	4	75-35-4
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	6	4	156-59-2
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	10	4	156-60-5
Dichloromethane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	4	75-09-2
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	4	78-87-5
1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	0.5	4	542-75-6
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	300	4	100-41-4
Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MtBE)	μg/L	EPA 524.2	13	4	1634-04-4
Monochlorobenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	70	4	108-90-7
Styrene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	100	4	100-42-5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	· -	EPA 524.2	100	4	79-34-5
	μg/L		5	4	127-18-4
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) Toluene	μg/L	EPA 524.2		4	
	μg/L	EPA 524.2	150		108-88-3
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	4	120-82-1
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	200	4	71-55-6
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/L	EPA 524.2	5	4	79-00-5
Trichloroethylene (TCE)	μg/L 	EPA 524.2	5	4	79-01-6
Trichlorofluoromethane	μg/L 	EPA 524.2	150	4	75-69-4
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	μg/L 	EPA 524.2	1,200	4	76-13-1
Total Trihalomethanes	ug/L	EPA 524.2	80	10	
Vinyl chloride	μg/L	EPA 524.2	0.5	4	75-01-4
Xylene(s)	μg/L	EPA 524.2	1,750	4	1330-20-7
PA 525.2 Method					
Benzo(a)pyrene	μg/L	EPA 525.2	0.2	4	50-32-8
Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	μg/L	EPA 525.2	400	4	103-23-1
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	μg/L	EPA 525.2	4	4	117-81-7
Molinate	μg/L	EPA 525.2	20	4	2212-67-1
Thiobencarb	μg/L	EPA 525.2	70	4	28249-77-6
PA 531.1 Method					
Carbofuran	μg/L	EPA 531.1-2	18	4	1563-66-2
Oxamyl	μg/L	EPA 531.1-2	50	4	23135-22-0

Table 2a. Water Quality Constituents

CONSTITUENT OR PARAMETER	Units	Recommended Method	California DHS Maximum Contaminant Level		CAS Registry Number
EPA 547 Method					
Glyphosate	μg/L	EPA 547	700	4	1071-83-6
EPA 548.1 Method					
Endothal	μg/L	EPA 548.1	100	4	145-73-3
EPA 549.2 Method					
Diquat	μg/L	EPA 549.2	20	4	85-00-7
EPA 613 Method					
2,3,7,8-TCDD (Dioxin)	μg/L	EPA 1613	0.00003	4	1746-01-6

Source Data:

Adapted from Marshack, Jon B. August 2003. A Compilation of Water Quality Goals. Prepared for the California Environmental Protection Agency, Regional Water Quality Control Board.

U.S. Bureau of Reclamation Friant Water Authority Friant Division, California Water Quality Monitoring Requirements

Table 2b. Unregulated Chemicals (CCR § 64450)

			California Departn	nent of	Health Services	CAS
CONSTITUENT		Recommended				Registr
OR PARAMETER	Units	Method	Notification Level		Response Level	Number
Boron	mg/L	EPA 200.7	1	9, 17	10	7440-42-8
n-Butylbenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	260	17	2,600	104-51-8
sec-Butylbenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	260	17	2,600	135-98-8
tert-Butylbenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	260	17	2,600	98-06-6
Carbon disulfide	μg/L		160	17	1,600	
Chlorate	μg/L	EPA 300.1	0.8	17	8	
2-Chlorotoluene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	140	17	1,400	95-49-8
4-Chlorotoluene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	140	17	1,400	106-43-4
Dichlorofluoromethane (Freon 12)	μg/L	EPA 524.2	1,000	9,17	10,000	75-43-4
1,4-Dioxane	μg/L	SM 8270	3	17	300	123-91-1
Ethylene glycol	μg/L	SM 8015	1,400	17	14,000	107-21-1
Formaldehyde	μg/L	SM 6252	100	17	1,000	50-00-0
n-Propylbenzene	μg/L		260	17	2,600	
HMX	μg/L	SM 8330	350	17	3,500	2691-41-0
sopropylbenzene	μg/L		770	17	7,700	
Vanganese	mg/L		1	17	5	
Methyl isobutyl ketone	μg/L		120	17	1,200	
Napthalene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	17	17	170	91-20-3
n-nitrosodiethylamine (NDEA)	μg/L	1625	0.01	17	0.1	
n-nitrosodimethylamine (NDMA)	μg/L	1625	0.01	17	0.2	
n-nitroso-n-propylamine (NDPA)	μg/L	1625	0.01	17	0.5	
Perchlorate	μg/L	EPA 314	6	9, 17	60	13477-36-6
Propachlor	μg/L	EPA 507 or 525	90	17	900	1918-16-7
o-Isopropyltoluene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	770	17	7,700	99-87-6
RDX	μg/L	SM 8330	0.30	17	30	121-82-4
ert-Butyl alcohol (ethanol)	μg/L	EPA 524.2	12	9,17	1,200	75-65-0
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (TCP)	ug/L	EPA 524.2	0.005	9,17	0.5	96-18-4
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	330	17	3,300	95-63-6
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	μg/L	EPA 524.2	330	17	3,300	95-63-6
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene (TNT)	μg/L	SM 8330	1	17	100	
Vanadium	mg/L	EPA 286.1	0.05	9,17	0.5	7440-62-2

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U.S. Bureau of Reclamation
Friant Water Authority
Friant Division, California
Water Quality Monitoring Requirements

Notes for Tables 2a and 2b

Title 22. California Code of Regulations, California Safe Drinking Water Act and Related Laws and Regulations. February 2007. http://www.dhs.ca.gov/ps/ddwem/publications/lawbook/PDFs/dwregulations-02-06-07.pdf

- [1] Table 64431-A. Maximum Contaminant Levels, Inorganic Chemicals
- [2] Table 64432-A. Detection Limits for Purpose of Reporting (DLRs) for Regulated Inorganic Chemicals
- [3] Table 644442. Radionuclide Maximum contaminant Levels (MCLs) and Detection Levels for Reporting (DLRs)
- [4] Table 64444-A. Maximum Contaminant Levels Organic Chemicals
- [5] Table 64445.1-A. Detection Limits for Reporting (DLRs) for Regulated Organic Chemicals
- [6] Table 64449-A. Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels "Consumer Acceptance Levels"
- [7] Table 64449-B. Secondary Maximum Contaminant Levels "Consumer Acceptance Levels"
- [8] § 64449(b)(2)
- [9] Table 64450. Unregulated Chemicals
- [10] Appendix 64481-A. Typical Origins of Contaminants with Primary MCLs
- [11] Table 64533-A. Maximum Contaminant Levels and Detection Limits for Reporting Disinfection Byproducts
- [12] § 64670.(c)
- [13] Table 64678-A. DLRs for Lead and Copper
- [14] § 64678 (d)
- [15] § 64678 (e)
- [16] New Federal standard as of 1/23/2006
- [17] Dept Health Services Drinkig Water Notification Levels (June 2006)

RECLAMATION Managing Water in the West

Table 3. Approved Laboratory List for the Mid-Pacific Region Environmental Monitoring Branch (MP-157)

Basic Laboratory	Address	2218 Railroad Avenue Redding, CA 96001 USA
·	Contact	Nathan Hawley, Melissa Hawley, Ricky Jensen
	P/F	(530) 243-7234 / (530) 243-7494
	Email	nhawley@basiclab.com (QAO), mhawley@basiclab.com (PM), jcady@basiclab.com (quotes),
	Ellian	
	~~= ^	poilar@basiclab.com (sample custody), khawley@basiclab.com (sample custody)
	CC Info	nhawley@basiclab.com, jcady@basiclab.com (sample custody)
	Methods	Approved only for inorganic parameters (metals, general chemistry)
D: - X7: A 14: 1	A ddwaga	685 Stone Road Unit 6 Benicia, CA 94510 USA
BioVir Analytical	Address	
Laboratories	<u>Contact</u>	Rick Danielson, Lab Director
	P/F	(707) 747-5906 / (707) 747-1751
	<u>Email</u>	red@biovir.com, csj@biovir.com, lb@biovir.com, QAO Jim Truscott jrt@biovir.com
	Methods	Approved for all biological and pathogenic parameters
DI I	A ddwaga	2451 Estand Way Pleasant Hill, CA 94523 USA
Block	Address	
Environmental	Contact	David Block
Services	<u>P/F</u>	(925) 682-7200 / (925) 686-0399
SCI VICES	<u>Email</u>	dblock@blockenviron.com
	<u>Methods</u>	Approved for Toxicity Testing.
California	Address	3249 Fitzgerald Road Rancho Cordova, CA 95742
	Contact	Raymond Oslowski
Laboratory		
Services	<u>P/F</u>	(916) 638-7301 / (916) 638-4510
	<u>Email</u>	rayo@californialab.com
	<u>Methods</u>	Approved for Chromium VI
Caltest Analytical	Address	1885 North Kelly Road Napa, CA 94558
•	Contact	Bill Svoboda, Project Manager x29
Laboratory	P/F	(707) 258-4000 / (707) 226-1001
	Email	bsvoboda@caltestlab.com
	Methods	Approved for all inorganic parameters and bioligical parameters
	Memous	Approved for all morganic parameters and violigical parameters
Columbia	Address	4200 New Haven Road Columbia, MO 65201 USA
Environmental	Contact	Tom May, Research Chemist
	P/F	(573) 876-1858 / (573) 876-1896
Resource Center	Email	tmay@usgs.gov
	Methods	Approved for mercury in biological tissue
Data Chem	Address	960 West LeVoy Drive Salt Lake City, UT 84123-2547 USA
Laboratories	Contact	Bob DiRienzo, Kevin Griffiths-Project Manager, Rand Potter - Project Manager, asbestos
Laboratories	<u>P/F</u>	(801) 266-7700 / (801) 268-9992
	Email	griffiths@datachem.com, Potter@datachem.com Invoicing: (Justin) pate@datachem.com
	Methods	Approved for asbestos, metals, organochlorine pesticides and PCBs in solids
		2005 N' 1 P 1 P 1 C 1 CA 05/70 HGA
Dept. of Fish &	Address	2005 Nimbus Road Rancho Cordova, CA 95670 USA
Game - WPCL	Contact	David B. Crane
	<u>P/F</u>	(916) 358-2858 / (916) 985-4301
	Email	dcrane@ospr.dfg.ca.gov
	Methods	Approved only for metals analysis in tissue.
E4:	Address	414 Pontine North Scottle WA 08100 USA
Frontier	Address	414 Pontius North Seattle, WA 98109 USA
Geosciences	Contact D.T.	Shelly Fank - QA Officer, Matt Gomes-Project Manager
	<u>P/F</u>	(206) 622-6960 / (206) 622-6870
	<u>Email</u>	shellyf@frontiergeosciences.com, mattg@frontiergeosciences.com
	Methods	in low level metals analysis.

Funit Cuarrana	Address	853 Corporation Street Santa Paula, CA 93060 USA
Fruit Growers	Contact	David Terz, QA Director
Laboratory	P/F	(805) 392-2024 / (805) 525-4172
	Email	davidt@fglinc.com
	Methods	Approved for all inorganic and organic parameters in drinking water.
Montgomery	Address	750 Royal Oaks Drive Ste. 100 Monrovia, CA 91016 USA
	Contact	Allen Glover (project manager), Bradley Cahoon (quotes)
Watson/Harza	P/F	(916) 374-8030, 916-996-5929 (AG-cell) / (916) 374-8061
Laboratories	Email	Allen.Glover@us.mwhglobal.com, Bradley.Cahoon@us.mwhglobal.com
	CC Info	cc. Sam on all communications to Allen. Samer.Momani@us.mwhglobal.com
	Methods	Approved for all inorganic and organic parameters in drinking water
Olson	Address	SDSU: Box 2170, ACS Rm. 133 Brookings, SD 57007 USA
Biochemistry	Contact	Nancy Thiex, Laboratory Director
Laboratories	<u>P/F</u>	(605) 688-5466 / (605) 688-6295
Laboratories	<u>Email</u>	Nancy.Thiex@sdstate.edu
	CC Info	For re-analysis: contact Zelda McGinnis-Schlobohm and Nancy Anderson
		Zelda.Schobohm@SDSTATE.EDU, Nancy.Anderson@SDSTATE.EDU
	35.43.3	For analysis questions only: just CC. Nancy Anderson
	Methods	Approved only for low level selenium analysis.
Severn Trent	Address	880 Riverside Parkway West Sacramento, CA 95605 USA
Laboratories	Contact D/F	Jeremy Sadler
	P/F	(916) 374-4381 / (916) 372-1059 isadler@stl-inc.com
	Email Methods	Approved for all inorganic parameters and hazardous waste organics except for Ammonia as Nitrogen.
	Methous	Ag analysis in sediment, when known quantity is present, request 6010B
~ -		255 G
Sierra Foothill	Address	255 Scottsville Blvd, Jackson, CA 95642
Laboratory, Inc.	Contact P/F	Sandy Nurse (Owner) or Dale Gimble (QA Officer) (209) 223-2800 / (209) 223-2747
	<u>17F</u> Email	sandy@sierralab.com, CC: dale@sierralab.com
	Methods	Approved for all inorganic parameters, microbiological parameters, acute and chronic toxicity.
Twining	Address	2527 Fresno Street Fresno, CA 93721 USA
Laboratories, Inc.	Contact	Jim Brownfield (QA Officer), Sample Control (for Bottle Orders)
Laboratories, Inc.	P/F	(559) 268-7021 / (559) 268-0740
	Email	JimB@twining.com cc. to JosephU@twining.com
	Methods	Approved only for general chemistry and boron analysis.
U.S. Geological	Address	Denver Federal Center Building 20, MS 973 Denver, CO 80225 USA
Survey - Denver	Contact	Stephen A. Wilson
Survey Benver	P/F	(303) 236-2454 / (303) 236-3200
	<u>Email</u>	swilson@usgs.gov
	Methods	Approved only for inorganic parameters in soil .
USBR Technical	Address	Denver Federal Center Building 67, D-8750 Denver, CO 80225-0007 USA
Service Center	Contact	Juli Fahy or Stan Conway
Denver Soils	<u>P/F</u>	(303) 445-2188 / (303) 445-6351
Denver Bons	Email	jfahy@do.usbr.gov
	Methods	Approved only for general physical analysis in soils.
Western	Address	475 East Greg Street # 119 Sparks, NV 89431 USA
Environmental	Contact	Ginger Peppard (Customer Service Manager), Andy Smith (Lab Director), Michelle Kramer
Environnientai		
	<u>P/F</u>	(775) 355-0202 / (775) 355-0817
Testing Laboratories	P/F Email Methods	(775) 355-0202 / (775) 355-0817 ginger@WETLaboratory.com, andy@WETLaboratory.com, michelle@WETLaboratory.com Approved only for inorganic parameters (metals, general chemistry).

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