3.11 Comments from Public Hearings and Responses

This chapter contains transcripts of the Draft PEIS/R public hearings held in May 2011 (as described in Chapter 1.0, "Introduction," of the Final PEIS/R), as listed in Table 3.11-1. Individuals provided independent comments during the hearings or as representatives of elected officials or local agencies. As noted previously, each comment was assigned an abbreviation for the individual or the elected official or agency they represented (example: CCID), followed by an acronym identifying the city in which the hearing was held, including FR (Fresno hearing), LB (Los Banos hearing), SA (Sacramento hearing), or VI (Visalia hearing) (example: CCID-LB). The comments were then assigned a number, in sequential order (note that some individuals may have provided more than one comment). The numbers were then combined with the abbreviations for the individual and hearing (example: CCID-LB-3). For some comments, letters were added alphabetically to further identify related comments (example: CCID-LB-3a).

Responses to the comments follow the transcripts, and are also numbered, corresponding to the numbering assigned in the transcripts. The transcripts and associated responses are presented alphabetically by city, and responses are presented in the same order in which the comment was provided.

Abbreviation	Name	Comments Provided on Behalf of		
	Fresno, California Public Hearing – May 24, 2011			
CAM-FR	Cameron, John	Self		
Los Banos, California Public Hearing – May 25, 2011				
DADA-LB	D'Adamo, Dee Dee	Congressman Dennis Cardoza		
SCHR- LB	Schroeder, Ken	Self		
MICH- LB	Michael, Cannon	Self		
SLCC2- LB	Hurley, Chase	San Luis Canal Company		
EC2- LB	Chedester, Steve	San Joaquin River Exchange Contractors and the San Joaquin River Resource Management Coalition		
CCID- LB	White, Chris	Central California Irrigation District		
LSJLD3- LB	Hill, Reggie	Lower San Joaquin Levee District		
Sacramento, California Public Hearing – May 26, 2011				
EBMUD2-SA	Miyamoto, Joe	East Bay Municipal Utility District		
Visalia, California Public Hearing – May 24, 2011				
JACO-VI	Jacobsma, Ron	Friant Water Authority		
TULA-VI	Ishida, Allen	Tulare Board of Supervisors		

Table 3.11-1.Individuals Providing Comments onDraft Program Environmental Impact Statement/ReportDuring Public Hearings

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3.11.1 Transcript of Fresno, California Public Hearing – May 24, 2011

110524 - 1	San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt SAN JOAQUIN RIVER RESTORATION PROGRAM
2	Draft Program ENVIRONMENTAL
3	IMPACT STATEMENT/REPORT
4	PUBLIC HEARING
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8	MAY 24, 2011
9	FRESNO, CALIFORNIA
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21	Reported by: Andrea G. Banks, CSR No. 13479
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2	TOPIC	PAGE
3	Presentation by Alicia Forsythe	4
4	Presentation by Kevin Faulkenberry	13
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 1
 2011 SAN JOAQUIN RIVER RESTORATION PROGRAM

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 FRESNO, CA

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 SPEAKER RANSDELL: Good evening, everybody.

Page 2

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 5 We would like to begin our public hearing. If folks 5 wouldn't mind taking a seat that would be wonderful. 6 7 Good evening. Thank you. We're getting ready to kick off the second of four hearings. 8 My name is Patty Ransdell and I'll be helping 9 10 to facilitate for tonight's meeting. I wanted to give 11 you a quick run down on what the meeting format is going to be like tonight so you know what to expect. 12 13 We're going to have a brief presentation that's going to provide you with an overview of the 14 Draft Program Environmental Impact Statement and Draft 15 Program Environmental Report as well as provide some 16 17 information on the history of the San Joaquin. 18 The presenters for tonight are going to be Allie Forsythe with Reclamation and Kevin Faulkenberry 19 with the Department of Water Resources. We're going to 20 ask that comments are held and questions are held 21 22 during the presentation, because as soon as we're done with the presentation we're going to open up into an 23 open house around the back of the room. Subject matter 24 experts are available to answer your specific questions 25

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- 1 about the environmental document. And then after the
- 2 open house we're going to transition back into our
- 3 formal hearing process.

And if you are interested in leaving oral
comments and haven't had a chance to fill out a speaker

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 6 card yet, please do so. They're available -- I think 7 there's a few over at the comment station at the front where you registered, you can drop them in the basket. 8 9 And there's also written comment cards available if you 10 would prefer to just leave written comments, and you can do that at any time. Those comments -- the comment 11 boxes are over there in the corner. And with that I'm 12 13 going to turn this over to Allie and Kevin. SPEAKER FORSYTHE: All right. Thanks Patty. 14 I'm Allie Forsythe. I'm the program manager for the 15 Bureau of Reclamation in the San Joaquin River 16 Restoration Program. Tonight we're going to go over a 17 presentation. It's going to take around half an hour, 18 19 maybe a little less. 20 Quick overview of the presentation, we're going to talk about the restoration program, the 21 22 settlement itself, which is the foundation of the restoration program, give you a little history on the 23 settlement, talk about the goals along with some major 24 25 milestones in the settlement, then we're going to talk

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1 about the environmental review process and the analysis 2 that we've completed in the program document, which you 3 have with you or can get a copy of at the front table. 4 Kevin's going to talk about the alternatives 5 in the document along with next steps. And then from 6 there we're going to talk about the public comment

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 7 process and the reason why we're out here tonight 7 8 talking to you all. All right. Overview of the settlement, a 9 little bit of history here, 1942 Reclamation completed 10 11 the construction of Friant Dam, which is just outside 12 of town here, in the foothills. In 1988 we were -- lawsuit was filed 13 challenging Reclamation's renewal of our long-term 14 contracts with our water users in the Friant Division, 15 so those folks that get water from Kern and Madera 16 canals. That lawsuit went on for about 18 years. 17 There were a variety of rulings and judgments during 18 that time. The most significant of which happened in 19 2004 when the Federal Government ruled that Reclamation 20 had violated California Fish and Game Code. 21 In 2005 to avoid a remedy phase, in essence a 22 judge telling us how to restore the river, the settling 23 parties agreed to begin settlement negotiations. And 24 in 2006 we reached a settlement and began implementing 25

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it that year.
 In 2009 public law 111-11 was signed by the
 President. The law directs -- authorizes and directs
 the Secretary of Interior to implement the settlement.
 The settlement has two goals in it. The first is the
 restoration goal. And that really mimics that Fish and
 Game Code that the judge said we were in violation of.

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt And the restoration goal is to restore, maintain fish 8 9 populations in good condition in the San Joaquin River from the Merced up to Friant Dam, including naturally 10 11 reproducing and self-sustaining salmon and other fish. 12 The second goal is water management goal. 13 That's to reduce or avoid the water supply impacts to 14 the Friant Division long-term contractors that may be a result of implementing the settlement and increasing 15 flows down the San Joaquin River. 16 We have three key selling parties that all 17 18 sign the settlement. The first is approximately 14 19 organizations and environmental and fishing 20 organizations represented primarily by the National Resource's defense counsel. The second is the water 21 users. Some individual water districts signed the 22 settlement, but also the Friant Water Authority signed 23 the settlement representing the Friant districts and 24 then the Federal Government. And the Department of the 25

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1	Interior signed the settlement, along with the
2	Department of Commerce.
3	We have five agencies that are working to
4	implement the settlement. The Federal Government
5	through Reclamation and the Fish and Wildlife Service,
6	which are both in the Department of Interior, and then
7	National Fishery Service, which is the Department of
8	Commerce, along with the State of California as our

Page 6

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 9 partner through the Department of Water Resources and 9 the Department of Fish and Game. 10 The settlement also established a restoration 11 12 administrator, an outside individual who happens to be here this evening. Rod Meade is a current restoration 13 administrator outside individual that makes 14 15 recommendations to the Secretary on how we should 16 implement key components of the settlement. It's a major milestones in implementing the settlement. 17 In 2006 we began work on the planning design 18 19 environmental review. In 2009 we began increasing out 20 of Friant Dam and rewetting the San Joaquin River. Earlier this year, in April, we released the Draft 21 Program document, which we're here to talk with you 22 about tonight. And then, early next year we plan to 23 finalize that document, a record of decision and notice 24 25 of determination.

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1	Late 2012 the settlement directs that we're to
2	reintroduce salmon into the San Joaquin. 2013 we're to
з	complete our first phase of channel structural
4	improvements, our high priority projects. And then, in
5	2014 we're to initiate full restoration flows.
6	For many of you that have been following the
7	implementation of settlement, you know that we are
8	behind schedule on some of our channel structural
9	improvement projects. And those won't be done by 2013,

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt the vast majority of them. We're working right now 10 with the parties to the settlement to relook at the 11 schedule and determine, in light of where we are in the 12 13 schedule, determine a process for moving forward with 14 implementing the settlement. 15 The right of funding sources that we receive to implement the settlement, a few of those are from 16 water sales. The Friant surcharge, the recovered water 17 account and the CVPIA Restoration Fund are all water 18 19 sale sources. The legislation also directed Reclamation to 20 renegotiate the Friant contracts to what we call 21 "repayment contracts." So we received the capital 22 component of the Friant Division to implement the 23 24 settlement. The legislation authorized a 300 million 25 in federal appropriations and the State has also

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1 committed up to 200 million in State bond funding at the end of settlement. 2 So in the program document that we're here to 3 talk about tonight, we look at a wide study area 4 5 because the settlement does have potential to have some far reaching effects. We look from the San Joaquin 6 River, upstream of Friant Dam. So what's going to 7 8 happen in Millerton Reservoir and up stream there. We look from Friant Dam to the Merced River Complex as we 9 rewrite that channel, what's going to happen to the 10

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt			
11	river channel there. We look from Merced to the Delta,		
12	and in the Delta itself. As we increase flows down the		
13	San Joaquin River, that water will move down to the		
14	Delta. We're going to try to pick some of that up and		
15	bring that back to the Friant water users. So we		
16	analyze that area in our document.		
17	The also analyze the CVP and State water		
18	project contractor service areas. So we look at a good		
19	portion of California to make sure that we're covering		
20	all the impacts written within the restoration. So		
21	within the area from Merced down to the Friant		
22	compound, we've broken that down into five separate		
23	reaches, which you'll see in your document. We look at		
24	each Reach, the changes and the impacts within those		
25	reaches and then we also look at the flood control		

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1	system. The east side of Mariposa bypasses.
2	So the NEPA/CEQA review process, Reclamation
3	is the lead agency for the document under the National
4	Environmental Policy Act, so the federal law. The
5	Department of Water Resources is the lead agency under
6	the California Environmental Quality Act.
7	We began preparing the document in 2007
8	through public scoping at that time. And the purpose
9	of CEQA is to analyze and disclose the impacts of the
10	project, which in our case is implementing settlements
11	on the human and natural environment. We really want

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 12 to get information out there so that you as the public, and agencies who will need to give us authorizations 13 and permits to implement the settlement, understand 14 15 what they're -- what's going to happen as an open and 16 transparent process. They understand the process and what we're 17 18 looking at, along with the mitigation measures we've 19 committed to. It also provides a technically sound information to decision makers as we move forward in 20 implementing the settlement. So we all -- the idea is 21 that we all have a common basis and understanding of 22 23 the impacts and mitigation measures we're committing to as we implement the settlement. 24 So the Draft Program document looks at a 25

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1	variety of resource areas. We look at everything from
2	air quality to flood management, groundwater, socio
3	economics, cultural resources. There's a whole slew of
4	research areas that we look at in the document.
5	After we're done with the presentation and we
6	have the breakout session, there will be technical
7	experts that can talk to you about the analysis for
8	each of these resource areas if you have specific
9	questions on resource areas.
10	So in the document, we look at two levels of
11	analysis. We look at a program level analysis for the
12	future construction projects. These are the projects

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 13 that we don't know a lot of detail on. We know that 14 they will happen sometime in the future and we 15 anticipate they will happen sometimes in the future. 16 We just don't know exactly what is going to happen, where those levies are going to be. So we look at 17 those at our program level. It provides a broad 18 overview of the impacts and mitigation measures that 19 20 will be needed for those projects. We will be back out doing another public 21 review and public input process as we are going to 22 implement these future projects. But the program 23 document does provide the framework for these, so it 24 looks at measures that we would incorporate into these 25

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future documents. 1 We also have a project level analysis in the 2 3 document. We look primarily at our changes in operation at Friant Dam, our increase in flow down the 4 river at a project level analysis. So this will 5 6 be -- this is the detailed site specific analysis. It 7 will be the one and only document that looks at our 8 changes at Friant Dam and moving this water down the 9 San Joaquin River. 10 As your flipping through your executive summaries you probably notice that we have not 11 identified preferred alternatives alternative in the 12 document. We felt it would be best to identify that in 13

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt the final after we've gotten all the input and public 14 comments back on the document, to make sure we really 15 understand the impacts, we really understand the 16 17 mitigation measure and see where we're going within the 18 settlement. So we do anticipate to have a specific 19 alternative identified in the final based on your comments and review. 20 I think with that, I'm going to hand the mic 21 over to Kevin Faulkenberry from the Department of Water 22 Resources. He's going to give an overview of 23 24 alternatives and we will talk about the comment 25 process.

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1 SPEAKER FAUKENBERRY: Good evening, everyone. My name is Kevin Faulkenberry and I work with the 2 Department of Water Resources; I'm chief of the south 3 central regional office. I've worked in the program 4 5 for quite a few years and have -- until recently I was the program manager. Now that's been passed onto Paul 6 7 Romero, who's also with us here tonight. We're going to start, we're going to give you 8 an overview of six action alternatives and no action 9 alternative. But the information we're going to give 10 you right now is the overview alternatives. And then 11 12 we will start to go through and explain each in a little more detail, at least what the differences are

13 little more detail, at least what the differences are 14 between the two so you have a better understanding of

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt what each one of the alternatives offer. 15 All of the alternatives seek to implement 16 17 the -- to implement the settlement and be consistent with Public Law 111-11. All of the alternatives 18 include implementing improved channels, construction 19 20 flows and improve fish passage and habitat through the project area, and modify Friant Dam operations to 21 22 release interim and restoration flows. We also plan to reintroduce spring-run and fall-run Chinook salmon. As 23 well, as it covers recapture, reuse, exchange and 24 25 transfer of interim and restoration flows.

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1 The common project level actions are to, as we 2 said earlier, are modify Friant Dam operations to release interim restoration flows. We want to reduce 3 or avoid increase in flood risk as a result of 4 restoration releases, convey interim and restoration 5 flows down stream, make sure they are getting through 6 7 the project area, and implement the short-term physical monitoring and management plan actions related to the 8 9 program. 10 We also plan to recapture interim and restoration flows in the restoration area and at 11 Mendota pool and wildlife refuges, in the Delta at 12 13 existing CVP and State water project facilities, and 14 implement a recovered water account program. 15 The PEIS/R provides that the complete NEPA and

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 5 CEQA compliance for these actions, as well as it will 16 17 support Reclamation's request to the State Board to modify the water rights at Friant Dam. 18 19 The common level restoration actions that are 20 dealt with in the document are to reintroduce spring-run and fall-run Chinook salmon; recirculate 21 recaptured interim and restoration flows, recirculation 22 of improved channel and structures to provide fish 23 passage and habitat. 24 We plan on constructing Mendota Pool Bypass 25

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1	and modify Reach 2B to convey at least 4500 CFS, modify
2	4B1 to convey at least 475 CFS, and modify San Joaquin
3	River Headgate Structure to enable 4B1.
4	We also plan to modify Sand Slough Control
5	Structure to enable fish passage and screen Arroyo
6	Canal to prevent entrainment and provide fish passage
7	at Sack Dam. Modify structures and establish low-flow
8	channel in east side of Mariposa bypasses to provide
9	fish passage. Enable deployment of seasonal barriers
10	at mud and salt sloughs. It also covers modify
11	Chowchilla Bypass bifurcation structures to provide
12	fish passage and prevent entrainment. And we also want
13	to fill in our and/or isolate highest priority gravel
14	pits. Those will be identified later on in the
15	process.
16	Common Program-level Restoration Actions

Page 14

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 7 continued, we would have additional channel and 17 structural actions, enhanced spawning gravel. Prevent 18 19 potential -- potential for redd superimposition and/or hybridization. Supplement the salmon population. 20 Modify flood plain and side channel habitat. Enhance 21 22 in-channel habitat. Reduce potential for aquatic predation of juvenile salmonids and reduce potential 23 for fish entrainment. Enable fish passage at 24 additional locations. 25

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Other actions include implement long-term 1 management actions under the physical monitoring and 2 3 management plan. Now, the alternatives as I pointed out earlier 4 when we first started, they're basically one no action 5 alternative and six action alternatives. And this 6 slide will give you some key -- it helps to define the 7 key differences between the six action alternatives. 8 9 Basically, the six action alternatives differ 10 in two basic ways. The first one is A1, B1 and C1. All are included in 475 CFS and Reach 4B1. A2 and C2 11 include at least 4500 CFS and Reach 4B1. And, then, 12 the additional difference is where the water is 13 14 captured, or recaptured after release. And in A1 and 15 A2 there is a Delta recapture. B1 and B2 is San 16 Joaquin capture. And then C1 and C2, we have the new 17 pumping plant recapture.

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt Okay. This is the alternative. Once again 18 with a little more detail, and you'll see a lot of 19 replication as we go through, but it's important for 20 you to understand the difference between these because 21 22 it's a key to understanding the document and what 23 alternatives we will select later on. The A1 alternative includes all common program 24 25 and project-level actions, which we discussed earlier.

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Conveyance of at least 475 CFS through Reach 4B1; 1 remaining interim and restoration flows are conveyed 2 through the east side and Mariposa bypasses. The 3 potential for recapture is in the restoration area and 4 5 the Delta using existing facilities. 6 Okay. An alternative A2 is the same, except 7 that it has a maximum flow of 4B1 or at least 4500 CFS for 4B1. 8 9 Okay. Alternative B1 and B2 is a -- it says 10 all common program -- again, all common program and 11 project level actions, conveyance of at least 475. 12 Remember, it's one of the -- it's one of the -- it's the first full one. It's B1, so it's a 475 to Reach 13 4B1. And the difference is that we have -- we had 14 15 added on another area where we can possibly put water out, which is additional to the restoration area and 16 17 Delta using existing facilities, but we also added 18 between the Merced River and the Delta using existing

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt19facilities. And again, B2 is the same as B1, except20that we could convey at least 4500 CFS through 4B1.21Okay. And so we're down to the last two22alternatives, which is C1 and C2. Again, all common23program and project level actions. We must convey at24least 475 to Reach 4B1. Potential recapture of interim25and restoration flows, again, in the restoration area,

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1 Delta using existing facilities, along the San Joaquin 2 River between the Merced River and the Delta using existing facilities, and additionally at a new pumping 3 4 plant on the San Joaquin River below the confluence of the Merced River. 5 And, then, the C2 is at -- everything is the 6 7 same as C1, except that in 4B1 you'll have at least 4500 CFS. 8 So that concludes the basic difference of the 9 alternatives. If you can keep that in mind, and 10 somehow keep that in track when you're reviewing the 11 document, it will help a lot with your reviewing. 12 So I guess we'll go back to Allie and she will 13 14 finish up. SPEAKER FORSYTHE: All right. Speaking of 15 reviewing the document, the whole purpose in releasing 16 the Draft Program document is to get your comments and 17 input on the document. Public participation is really 18 a potential. It's key to what we're doing here in 19

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt20preparing the document and working on this project.21Both NEPA and CEQA require that we evaluate22and provide written -- excuse me -- written responses23to comments on environmental issues. So if you submit24your comments either tonight or in writing, rest assure25that we will take all of those into consideration and

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1	provide responses in the final. It's very helpful for
2	us if your comments focus on the sufficiency of the
3	document and identifying possible impacts.
4	If there's alternatives that we missed or
5	different ways that we can implement the settlements
6	that we have not considered in the document, those
7	things are very helpful to us.
8	And also mitigation measures. Have we really
9	covered everything in terms of impact and mitigation in
10	the document? The more detailed and specific that you
11	can be in your comments, the easier it is for us to
12	make sure that we adequately address your comments. So
13	if comments are very vague in general, it's very
14	difficult for to us understand to understand what
15	you mean and to make sure that we can change the draft
16	as reflected in the final change. The mitigation
17	measures, do those adequately address those comments in
18	the final?
19	So I would encourage folks to be very detailed
20	and specific to the extent you can in your comments.

110 21	0524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt So the comment period, we did start out with a 60-day
22	comment period. We have extended that 30 days based on
23	a request and now comments are now due July 21st.
24	In the final document, we anticipate that to
25	come out in earlier 2012, it will include responses to

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all the comments that we receive on the draft. It will also include changes, if any are necessary, to the draft document along with identifying the preferred alternative. We anticipate signing a record of decision for the federal components and then a notice of determination for the State components shortly after release the final document in early 2012. So tonight you can provide verbal comments during our public hearing session of the meeting and also you can provide written comments. There is a station over on the side here where you can provide your written comments in boxes. If you would like to take some time to formulate your comment for the review of the document you can mail your comments or e-mail them to either Reclamation or DWR. You can send them to both of us or

18 one or the another. The -- just a reminder that your

19 comments are due on July 21st by 5:00 p.m.

20 So with that I'm going to turn it over to 21 Patty. She's going to talk about how we're going to

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt22move on with the rest of the meeting as well as the23public portion of the meeting.24SPEAKER RANSDELL: Okay. So with that we're25going to open up the open house. And we will have, as

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I mentioned before, the subject matter experts 1 available to answer your specific questions. We're 2 going to do that for about 50 minutes and then we're 3 going to reconvene and begin the actual official public 4 hearing where we will accept oral comments. 5 Pete Lucero will be our hearing officer and he 6 7 will guide us through the formal oral commenting process. So with that please feel free to start asking 8 questions of our experts. They're all ready to answer. 9 Thank you. 10 (Open House Break.) 11 SPEAKER RANSDELL: We're going to reconvene 12 into the public speaker process. Please, turn in is 13 all speaker cards now. 14 HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Good evening. My 15 name is Pete Lucero, I'm the Public Affairs Officer 16 17 from the Reclamation of Sacramento and I'll be the hearing officer today. 18 I have one card for one person to make a 19 comment. So if anybody is interested in making a 20 comment just bring it up to me or give it to someone 21 22 over there and we will get you on the microphone.

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt So I want to welcome you all to this public 23 24

hearing on the San Joaquin Restoration Draft Program,

Environmental Impact Statement and the Environmental 25

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Impact Report. This is one of four hearings being held 1 in accordance with the requirements of NEPA and CEQA. 2 As I said, my name is Pete Lucero. I'm the 3 regional officer for the Reclamation in the mid-Pacific 4 region and I'll be serving as the hearing officer. The 5 court reporter will be recording the proceedings today. 6 We're accepting verbal and written comments on 7 a draft PIS. You should have completed a speaker card. 8 If you have not completed a speaker card and you would 9 like to provide verbal comments, please obtain a card 10 at the registration table. If you filled out a card, 11 but didn't turn it in at the registration table, please 12 turn it in now. 13 You may also provide written comments today by 14 filling out a comment card, which is also available at 15 16 the registration table. And you can turn those in over 17 there on the boxes at that table. If you're speaking 18 and would like to submit them to us, please fill out 19 the top portion of the comment card, attach your comments and provide them before you leave. 20 Written comments can be submitted at this 21 hearing or to the address, fax or e-mail address 22 indicated on the comment card. Your comments must be 23

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt received by 5:00 p.m. on Thursday, July 21st, 2011.
Please be assured that written and verbal comments will

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receive equal consideration. 1 2 Now, I want to take a moment to explain what happens next with this process. All of the comments 3 4 will be reviewed and responses to comments will be prepared. A final PEIS/R will be prepared that will 5 include the responses to the comments. The final 6 PEIS/R will be available for a 30-day period after 7 which Reclamation and the Department of Water Resources 8 9 will make a decision on the project. Reclamation will prepare a record of decision to document that decision 10 11 and the Departments of Water Resources will prepare 12 findings and a notice of determination. Today we will proceed in this manner. I will 13 14 call all one speaker to the front in order for you to -- in the order that you turned in your cards. If I 15 call your name and you are not present, John, you'll be 16 17 moved to the end of the speaker list. And you have about 45 minutes to make your comments because this is 18 an hour long presentation. So when it's your 19 turn -- if anyone else want to speak just bring your 20 card and we will get you on the microphone. 21 So with that I'll invite John to come up and 22 speak. John if you wouldn't mind, please, state your 23 name and you can actually use the microphone over 24

110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt 25 there. If you'll state your name clearly for the court

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	1	reporter, please. Thank you.
	2	SPEAKER CAMERON: My name is John. Can
	3	everybody here me? Okay. I belong to the Fly
	4	Fisherman Conservation. And the comment I'm going to
	5	make are my comments because he we haven't come up with
	6	an official position. This thing is not too far from
CAM-FR-1	7	what I'm saying.
	8	I went to the meeting in Los Banos and I asked
	9	the question, has there been consideration of
	10	recreational angling? And the answer was "no." Came
	11	away from that meeting thinking well, what's going to
	12	happen if they're going to put salmon in the San
	13	Joaquin River? They're going to have to close that
	14	throughout at least during a portion of the year.
	15	And we have a very popular trout fishery up here just
	16	below the dam at Friant.
	17	And when that happens, then, the people who
	18	are used to going there are going to have to go
	19	somewhere else. They're going to go to the Kings
	20	River. Now, the Kings River I don't know if you're
	21	familiar with this area, the Kings River already has
	22	too many fish in it and not enough law enforcement.
	23	The other thing that's going to happen is the wardens
	24	that would be taking care of the Kings River are going
`	25	to have to go, or they're going to have to get someone

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110524 - San Joaquin River Restoration Program(Fresno).txt

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/	1	from somewhere else to take care of those salmon in the
	2	San Joaquin River or they're not going to make it back.
CAM-FR-1	3	I mean, that's just reality. And so what my
(contd.)	4	concern is, what's going to happen is they're going to
	5	take the law enforcement and put it on the San Joaquin
	6	River and not add anything. The other thing is that
	7	we're going to have a lot more fisherman over there.
	8	And sure enough, what did I read in the mitigation in
	9	the EIR was that in order to mitigate the loss of
	10	angling, recreation angling fishing, in the San Joaquin
	11	River they're going to move over to the Kings River.
	12	Imagine my lack of surprise at this.
	13	So what I'm saying is we need to think of
	14	number one, adding enforcement and not just shifting it
	15	from one place to another. Two, we need to look at
	16	other places to mitigate this lack of loss of local
	17	angling.
CAM-FR-2	18	One of those could be, there's a project I
	19	don't know if you're familiar from Fresno River
	20	West. River west is a project to open up a stretch of
	21	the San Joaquin River from, I think, Highway 41 down to
	22	the park I can't think of the name of the park right
	23	now. Anyway, there's a section of the river that's
	24	going to be open. Not only that, but part of that
	25	involves ponds that could be a warm water fishery that
		interies pones that could be a naminater risher, that

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contd.	1	are currently not being utilized because it's not legal
CAM-FR-2	2	to go in there right now, but it will be because this
	з	is public plan. So the River West project would be a
	4	mitigation.
CAM-FR-3	5	Another mitigation that could be would be
	6	the Avocado Lake Park. Avocado Lake Park is next to
	7	the Kings River. The trout are being planted there
	8	right now. Trout that are currently going into Friant
	9	can go, instead, to Avocado Lake Park to induce more
	10	angling there instead of Kings river.
CAM-FR-4	11	So basically that's what I'm saying. They
	12	need to the mitigation of shifting fisherman from
	13	one resource to another one that's already overused is
	14	not a mitigation. We need other things. We need to
	15	add enforcement and not just shift it from one place to
	16	another.
	17	Forty-five minutes I have? Nothing else.
	18	Next.
	19	HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Thank you, sir. Does
	20	anyone else want to make an oral statement? Okay.
	21	That being said we're required to have this public
	22	hearing open for one hour depending on whenever we
	23	started. So what we will do now is suspend the
	24	hearing, unless someone wants to speak. We will reopen
	25	the hearing for that period of time and then suspend it

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1	again until the hour has ended. So right now we will
2	be in suspension and we will readjourn reconvene
з	approximately 55 minutes from now. Thank you, very
4	much.
5	(Public Comment Portion Suspended.)
6	HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: So does anyone else
7	have a comment to make on the record? If not, then I
8	will then, I just thank you all for your
9	participation. Appreciate you coming out today to
10	provide your comments. And please remember that the
11	deadline is 5:00 p.m., on July 21st for your written
12	comments. I appreciate this and we are now adjourned.
13	Thank you.
14	(Whereupon, the meeting concluded at
15	approximately 08:24 p.m.)
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1	STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
2	COUNTY OF TULARE
3	
5	Page 26

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4	I, ANDREA G. BANKS, a Certified Shorthand Reporter
5	in and for the State of California, do hereby certify:
6	That the foregoing proceedings were taken at the
7	time and place herein set forth; that any witnesses in
8	the foregoing proceedings, prior to testifying, were
9	duly sworn; that a record of the proceedings was made
10	by me using machine shorthand which was thereafter
11	transcribed under my direction; that the foregoing
12	transcript is a true record of the testimony given.
13	Further, that if the foregoing pertains to the
14	original transcript of a deposition in a Federal Case,
15	before completion of the proceedings, review of the
16	transcript [] was [] was not requested.
17	I further certify that I am neither financially
18	interested in the action nor a relative or employee of
19	any attorney or party to this action.
20	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have this date subscribed my
21	name.
22	Dated:
23	ANDREA G. BANKS, CSR NO. 13479
24	
25	

Responses to Comments from John Cameron, Provided on Behalf of Self

CAM-FR-1: As described in Impact REC-4 on pages 21-33 through 21-35 of the Draft PEIS/R, DFG may elect to impose new restrictions or close portions of the San Joaquin River to reduce the likelihood of anglers inadvertently catching salmon or intentionally poaching salmon. Impact REC-4 is evaluated at a program level of detail in the PEIS/R. If DFG were to impose new restrictions or close portions of the San Joaquin River to prevent inadvertent catch or poaching of salmon, DFG would develop project-level environmental documents to comply with CEQA before implementing new regulations, including the potential for additional impacts to occur related to a need for increased enforcement capability. Additionally, as described in Chapter 21.0, "Recreation," of the Draft PEIS/R, to help protect public safety, Mitigation Measure REC-12 includes as key partners all emergency rescue, response, and enforcement agencies in all reaches of the San Joaquin River expected to experience expanded recreation activity, and Fresno County and DFG. Although this mitigation measure specifically targets the San Joaquin River, Fresno County operates the parks providing access to the Kings River, where some displaced San Joaquin River anglers may go to fish, and the Fresno County Sheriff's Department patrols the Kings River (as does the Kings County Sheriff's Department). DFG is responsible for enforcement of all provisions of the California Fish and Game Code, and enforces fishing regulations on the Kings River. Implementation of this mitigation measure would provide the opportunity to engage these and other agencies regarding the potential need for increased enforcement on the Kings River that may arise from a shift in angling activity from the San Joaquin River to the Kings River. See also MCR-9, "Recreation Impacts and Kings River," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R. Text has not been revised.

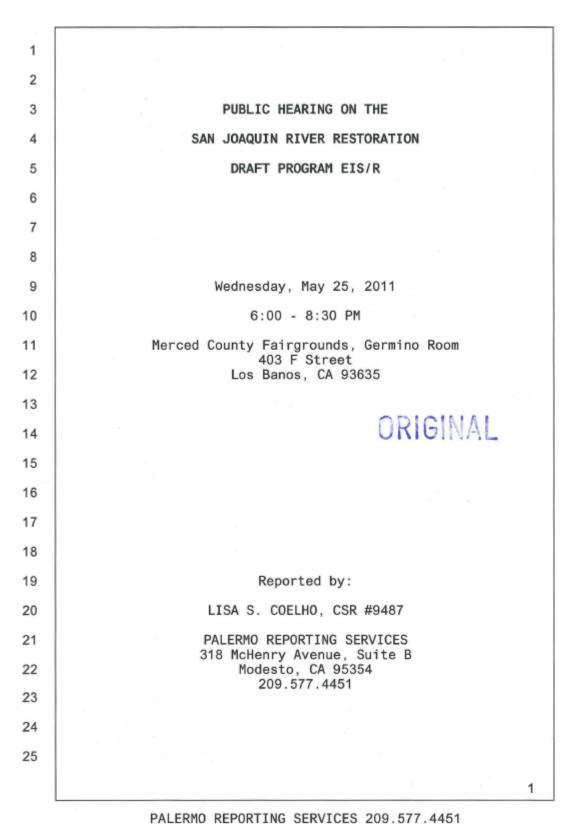
CAM-FR-2: The commenter is correct. Mitigation Measure REC-5 would enhance remaining warm-water fishing opportunities or create new opportunities in the Reach 1 vicinity. Specific actions to enhance warm-water fishing opportunities would be developed in cooperation with SJRC, SJRPCT, DFG, Fresno County, and other agencies participating in management of the San Joaquin River Parkway, as described in Chapter 21.0, "Recreation," of the Draft PEIS/R. Enhancement actions could include improvements to facilities such as Sycamore Island Park (owned by the SJRC and operated by a concessionaire) and Woodward Park (owned and operated by the City of Fresno) where warm-water fishing opportunities exist and will remain. Creation of new opportunities could occur at existing ponds, including enhancing and stocking of existing ponds, such as those within the River West - Fresno (Spano River Ranch) and River West - Madera (Proctor-Broadwell-Cobb property) San Joaquin River Parkway sites, where plans for restoration and recreational access are being developed (City of Fresno 2011, Madera County 2011), or through development of new ponds in the vicinity of the parkway but in locations that would not create potential conflicts with Settlement goals. In addition, DFG would conduct project-level analyses in compliance with CEQA and in accordance with CEQA Guidelines Section 777.8, et seq., which would evaluate and determine potential impacts and mitigation measures for recreational issues.

See also MCR-9, "Recreation Impacts and Kings River," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, for additional information relevant to this comment.

CAM-FR-3: The commenter is correct. In addition to on-stream trout angling opportunities at the Kings River, San Joaquin River anglers have the opportunity to fish for trout at 83-acre Avocado Lake (adjacent to the Kings River), as the lake is also stocked with trout by DFG. This could further reduce the additional fishing pressure on the Kings River from displaced San Joaquin River anglers. See also MCR-9, "Recreation Impacts and Kings River," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, for additional information relevant to this comment.

CAM-FR-4: This comment is substantially similar to CAM-FR-1. See response to comment CAM-FR-1.

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3.11.2 Transcript of Los Banos, California Public Hearing – May 25, 2011

Program Environmental Impact Statement/Report

1	SPEAKERS
2	
3	PATTI RANSDELL, SJRRP Project Team
4	ALICIA FORSYTHE, Bureau of Reclamation, Program Manager
5	KEVIN FAULKENBERRY, California Department of Water Resources, Program Manager
6	PETE LUCERO, Bureau of Reclamation, Public Affairs Officer
7	DEE DEE D'ADAMO, Senior Policy Advisor to Congressman
8	Dennis Cardoza
9	KEN SCHROEDER
10	CANNON MICHAEL
11	CHASE HURLEY
12	STEVE CHEDESTER
13	CHRIS WHITE
14	REGGIE HILL
15	
16	
17	
18	(State of California and Federally certified Spanish Language Interpreter Pedro Fuentes was present and
19	available for use during the hearing.)
20	
21	
22	
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	2
	PALERMO REPORTING SERVICES 200 577 4451

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1	MS. RANSDELL: Thank you. This is the third of
2	fourth identical meetings related to the Draft Program
3	Environmental Impact Statement and Environmental Impact
4	Report for the San Joaquin River Restoration program. So
5	all glad to see you all turned out tonight.
6	We're going to start out with a brief
7	presentation that's going to provide you with a little
8	background on the restoration program itself, and it's
9	going to provide you with an overview of the actual
10	environmental document. We ask that you hold on to your
11	questions because as soon as the presentation's over with,
12	we're going to open up into an open house. And we have
13	subject matter experts at the tables against the back wall
14	that can answer any of your specific questions about the
15	document.
16	Over here we have the resource areas that are
17	going to be studied or have been studied, excuse me,
18	alternatives are over here, an overview of the overall
19	program, and then we have a conference station set up over
20	here.
21	Tonight's presentation is given by Ali Forsythe
22	with Bureau of Reclamation and Kevin Faulkenberry with the
23	Department of Water Resources. So after the brief open
24	house, will be about 50 minutes or so, then we're going to
25	open up the formal public hearing process where we will
	3

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 receive oral comments. And if you would like to provide us with oral comments, there's speaker cards at the back table. Please fill one out and just drop it in that 	
3 table. Please fill one out and just drop it in that	
4 basket. Okay?	
5 And I think we're ready for Ali.	
6 MS. FORSYTHE: All right. Thanks, Patti.	
7 I'm Ali Forsythe. I'm the program manager for	
8 the San Joaquin River Restoration Program for the Bureau	
9 of Reclamation. Tonight we're going to do we're goir	g
10 to give you about a 20-minute presentation overview of t	he
11 program. We're going to talk about the goals of the	
12 program along with major milestones. We're going to tal	k
13 about the environmental review process and the analysis	
14 that you can see in the document, in the Draft Program	
15 Environmental Impact Statement Environmental Impact	
16 Report. Kevin Faulkenberry is going to talk about	
17 alternatives and next steps, and then I'll wrap up our	
18 presentation with public comment process and where we go	
19 from here.	
20 So quick overview of the settlement and a littl	е
21 bit of history here. Friant or, excuse me, Reclamati	on
22 built Friant Dam and completed the structure in 1942. I	n
23 1988 a lawsuit was filed challenging our renewal of the	
24 long-term contract with the Friant Division water users.	
25 We were in litigation on that lawsuit for about 18 years	
	4

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1There were a variety of rulings and judgments2during that time, the most significant of which happened3in 2004 when a federal judge ruled that Reclamation had4violated California Fish & Game Code.5In 2005 all the parties to the settlement began6negotiations to excuse me. All the parties to the7litigation began negotiations to try and come up with a8settlement, and in 2006 a settlement was reached and we9began implementing it late that year.10In 2009 Public Law 111-11 was signed into law by11the president, and that law actually authorizes and12directs the Secretary of the Interior to implement the13settlement.14Settlement has two goals. The first is the15restoration goal, and the restoration goal really mimics16that California Fish & Game Code that the judgment found17we were in violation of. The restoration goal is to18restore and maintain fish populations in good condition in19the main stem of the San Joaquin River from Friant to the20Merced River confluence, and that includes salmon and21other native fish.22The second goal is the water management goal, and23it's to reduce or avoid water supply impacts to all of the		
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 19 the main stem of the San Joaquin River from Friant to the 20 Merced River confluence, and that includes salmon and 21 other native fish. 22 The second goal is the water management goal, and 23 it's to reduce or avoid water supply impacts to all of the 	17	we were in violation of. The restoration goal is to
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 21 other native fish. 22 The second goal is the water management goal, and 23 it's to reduce or avoid water supply impacts to all of the 	19	the main stem of the San Joaquin River from Friant to the
The second goal is the water management goal, and it's to reduce or avoid water supply impacts to all of the	20	Merced River confluence, and that includes salmon and
23 it's to reduce or avoid water supply impacts to all of the	21	other native fish.
	22	The second goal is the water management goal, and
	23	it's to reduce or avoid water supply impacts to all of the
24 Friant Division long-term contractors that will result	24	Friant Division long-term contractors that will result
25 from us putting additional water into the river and	25	from us putting additional water into the river and
5		5

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1 restoring the San Joaquin River We have three key parties to the settlement that 2 3 were signatories. The first is about 14 environmental organizations primarily led by the Natural Resource 4 Defense Council. The second is the Friant Water Users, 5 and there were -- the Friant Water Users Authority was a 6 7 signatory along with some of the member districts. And the third is the Federal Government. Both the Department 8 9 of the Interior and the Department of Commerce were 10 signatories to the settlement. 11 We have five agencies, five state and federal 12 agencies, that are implementing the settlement. Within 13 the Department of Interior it was the Bureau of 14 Reclamation along with the Fish and Wildlife Service. And 15 within the Department of Commerce it's the National Marine Fishery Service. And then the State of California is also 16 17 one of our key partners through the Department of Water 18 Resources and the Department of Fish & Game. The settlement also established an outside 19 20 individual that makes recommendations on how we implement 21 key components of the settlement. He's called the 22 Restoration Administrator. 23 So major milestones as we work to implement the settlement. In 2006 we began the planning, the design, 24 25 and the environmental review. In 2007 we began our 6

1	interim flow releases. These were our initial releases
2	out of Friant Dam to rewet the San Joaquin River system.
3	In April of this year we released the Draft Program
4	document which is what we're here today to talk with you
5	all about.
6	We expect to complete a final document in 2012
7	along with a record of decision shortly thereafter. In
8	late 2012 the schedule of the settlement has us
9	reintroducing salmon into the river, and then in 2013 the
10	schedule of the settlement has us completing the first
11	phase of channeling habitat improvement projects. In 2014
12	we're to re excuse me. In 2014 we're to initiate our
13	full restoration flows which is our full releases down the
14	river.
15	Now for those of you that have been following the
16	settlement, you know that some of these channel and
17	structural improvement projects that are required in the
18	settlement to be completed in 2013 are behind schedule.
19	Some of those projects may be key to reintroducing salmon
20	into the river, and we're working right now with the
21	parties to the settlement to look at where we are in this,
22	in the implementation of the settlement, and find a
23	solution to figure out how we implement this and
24	reevaluate the schedule.
25	There are a few key funding sources to implement
	7

1	the settlement. One of those is water sales. We have
2	three sources of water sales: the Friant surcharge,
3	Recovered Water Account, and then the CVPIA Restoration
4	Fund. Those fundings actually come from the sale of water
5	from the Bureau of Reclamation.
6	There's Friant Capital Repayment. The
7	legislation authorized Reclamation to renegotiate the
8	Friant contracts and convert those into repayment
9	contracts. So they're repaying the capital component of
10	the project, and that money goes into the settlement.
11	There's also up to 300 million in new federal
12	appropriations, and the State has committed up to 200
13	million in State bond funding
14	We looked at a wide study area in the document to
15	make sure we captured the impacts of everybody in the
16	settlement. So we looked at the San Joaquin River
17	upstream from Friant Dam, primarily Millerton Reservoir as
18	we change elevations within the reservoir itself. We
19	looked at the river from Friant all the way down to the
20	Delta and the Delta itself.
21	As we increased flows down the river and run that
22	water all the way down to the Delta trying to pick some of
23	it back up, we will have some potential impacts all the
24	way through the whole system. And then we also looked at
25	the Central Valley Project and the State Water Project
	8

1 users and their water service areas. 2 You'll notice in the document within the 3 restoration area, which is within the area from Friant Dam to the Merced River confluence, we actually broke that 4 down into five distinct reaches. Its impacts are 5 potentially different in each reach. And then we also 6 7 looked at impacts within the Eastside and Mariposa bypass 8 system. 9 All right. So Reclamation is the lead agency 10 under NEPA, the National Environmental Policy Act, for 11 preparing the document. And the Department of Water 12 Resources is the lead agency under CEQA, the California 13 Environmental Quality Act, for the document. We began jointly preparing the document in 2007 with public scoping 14 15 which I believe at that time we were actually in this room here holding some of our scoping meetings. 16 17 The purpose of the document is to analyze and 18 disclose the environmental impacts of implementing the 19 settlement both on the human environment and the natural 20 environment. It provides the public and the agencies full 21 disclosure of impacts in an open and transparent manner, 22 and it also provides technically sound information to decision makers as we move forward in implementing the 23 settlement. 24 25 We looked at a wide variety of resource areas in 9

1	the document, everything from air quality to groundwater
2	hydrology, socioeconomic, visual resources. I'm not going
3	to go through each one of those. But if you have specific
4	questions on resource areas, we have technical experts
5	here tonight that can answer those questions.
6	In the document we look at two levels of
7	analysis. The first is the program level analysis, and we
8	look at our future construction projects at a program
9	level. These projects, we don't have a lot of detail on
10	them right now. We're not sure exactly what we're going
11	to do, so we give them kind of a broad overview of
12	analysis.
13	We look at potential impacts and mitigation
14	measures to the extent that we can anticipate and know
15	those now. Subsequent environmental compliance would be
16	necessary for these future construction projects. We'll
17	be back out with the public, with you guys, soliciting
18	your input and getting your comments on those future
19	construction projects when we have more detail on those.
20	But the program document does provide a framework for
21	these future projects, including identification of impacts
22	and potential mitigation measures that we'll use in those
23	projects.
24	We also include a project level analysis. This
25	is primarily for Reclamation and the reoperation of Friant
	10

1	Dam, so us revising the San Joaquin River with what we
2	call our interim and restoration flows and conveying those
3	flows down the river. So we look at this in a very site
4	specific, very detailed analysis, and the program document
5	will be the only document that covers our reoperation of
6	Friant Dam.
7	As you have probably flipped through your
8	executive summaries, you've probably been looking for the
9	preferred alternative and notice that there is no
10	preferred alternative in there. Right now we have not
11	identified a preferred alternative. We expect to do that
12	in the final document, and the purpose of that was we
13	wanted to get the public input and public comments on all
14	of the alternatives to help us in evaluating and
15	collecting a preferred alternative. So we do anticipate
16	that we will have a preferred alternative identified in
17	the final document.
18	And I think with that, Kevin is going to give you
19	an overview of alternatives, and then I'll follow up with
20	talking about the comment process.
21	MR. FAULKENBERRY: Thank you, Ali. My name is
22	Kevin Faulkenberry. I'm the chief of the south/central
23	region office with the Department of Water Resources. I
24	have been working on the San Joaquin River Restoration
25	Program for quite some time, but I guess my role changed a
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1 little bit now. I'm no longer program manager. That 2 position's been passed on to Paul Romero who's also here 3 in the building. And so today I'm going to talk to you a little 4 5 bit about the alternatives that are laid out in the 6 document, and we'll give you some of the bases for those 7 alternatives. And there are probably -- there are six action alternatives and one no-action alternative. All 8 9 the alternatives seek to implement the settlement and can 10 be consistent with Public Law 111-11. 11 Also, the alternatives are -- include 12 implementing channel improvements and structures necessary 13 to convey flows and provide fish passage and habitat. And 14 modify Friant Dam operations to release interim and 15 restoration flows and make sure that we're able to reintroduce spring-run and fall-run Chinook salmon. And 16 17 also recapture, recirculate, reuse, and exchange transfer 18 of -- and transfer interim flows, interim restoration flows. 19 20 The common project level actions that are 21 included in here are the modification of Friant Dam 22 operations to release interim and restoration flows, being careful not -- to reduce or avoid increases in flood risks 23 as a result of those releases. And we want to be able to 24 25 convey interim and restoration flows downstream through 12

1 the system. Also, implement the short-term and 2 physical -- the short-term physical monitoring and 3 management plan actions. 4 We also want to recapture interim and restoration flows in the restoration area at Mendota Pool and the 5 wildlife refuges. In the -- also in the Delta an existing 6 7 CVP and State Water Project facilities. We also want to 8 implement a recovered water account program. PSR provides the complete NEPA and CEQA compliance for these actions as 9 well as will support Reclamation's request to the State 10 Board to modify water rights for Friant Dam. 11 I can hear clicking. There we go. 12 13 Some of the common program level restoration 14 actions include the reintroduction of spring-run and 15 fall-run Chinook salmon, the recirculation and recapture 16 of interim and restoration flows, the improvement of 17 channels and structures to convey flows to provide fish passage and habitat. That includes constructing Mendota 18 Pool Bypass and modify Reach 2B to convey at least 4500 19 cfs and modify Reach 4B1 to convey at least 475 cfs. 20 We also want to be able to modify the San Joaquin 21 22 River headgate structure to enable flow routing into Reach 23 4B1. Additionally, modifying the sand slough control 24 structure to enable fish passage. Also screening the 25 Arroyo Canal to prevent entrainment and provide fish 13

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1	passage at Sack Dam. Also, additionally want to modify
2	and establish low-flow channel in the Eastside and
3	Mariposa bypasses to provide fish passage and enable
4	deployment of the seasonal barriers of both mud and salt
5	slough in the system. And modify Chowchilla Bypass
6	bifurcation structure to provide fish passage and prevent
7	entrainment. And, also, in the upper reaches to fill
8	and or isolate highest priority gravel pits.
9	So is it going to click this time? Oh, there.
10	Continuing on in the same line of the program
11	level restoration actions, the we would want to enhance
12	spawning gravel, prevent the potential for redd
13	superimposition and hybridization, supplement the salmon
14	population, modify the floodplain and side-channel habitat
15	in those areas, enhance in-channel habitat, and reduce
16	potential for aquatic predation of juvenile salmonids. We
17	also want to reduce the potential for fish entrainment and
18	enable fish passage at additional locations.
19	Other actions include implementing the long-term
20	management actions under the Physical Monitoring and
21	Management Plan. There we go.
22	Okay. So now we're back to some of the basics of
23	the alternatives evaluated. Now this is really important
24	when you're reviewing the document is understanding the
25	difference between the alternatives, and here are two
	14

1 basic ways to do it. There are six -- there is one 2 no-action alternative and six action alternatives, and they differ in this way. A1, B1, and C1 all include at 3 4 least 475 cfs through Reach 4B1. Alternatives A2, B2, and C2 have at least 4500 cfs to Reach 4B1. 5 6 Now, additionally, the other way the alternatives 7 are broken up is by where the water is recaptured. If the 8 additional recapture is a Delta recapture, then it's A1 9 and A2. If you additionally add San Joaquin River 10 recapture, it's B1 and B2, and if you have a new pumping 11 plant recapture, it's C1 and C2. So we're going to get a little more detail on each one of those 12 13 Alternatives A1 and A2 with Delta recapture, just 14 a little more detail on what we just explained to you, but 15 all common program and project level actions that we 16 mentioned before in conveyance of at least 475 cfs through 17 Reach 4B1, remaining interim and restoration flows 18 conveyed through the Eastside and Mariposa bypasses, the 19 potential of recapture of re -- of interim and restoration 20 flows in the restoration area and Delta using the existing 21 facilities. The A2 is the same as A1 except that 4B1 22 would have at least 4500 cfs with integrated floodplain 23 habitat included. 24 Okay. B1 and B2, similar to A1, all common 25 program and project level actions. And we have -- again, 15

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1	we'd be conveying at least 475 through Reach 4B1 with the
2	remaining going through the Eastside and Mariposa
3	bypasses. But when you come to the potential for
4	recapture on top of restoration area, Delta using existing
5	facilities, we add on along the San Joaquin River between
6	the Merced River and the Delta using existing facilities.
7	Again, the two or alternative B2 changes the flow and
8	Reach 4B1 from 475 cfs to at least 4500 cfs.
9	See, you're right.
10	Okay. Now, on C1, again, these include our
11	not again. All common actions and program level actions
12	are included here. Project and program level actions, I'm
13	sorry. The conveyance again is 475 cfs. The with the
14	remaining going through the Eastside/Mariposa bypasses and
15	the potential of a recapture of interim or restoration
16	flows.
17	It is the restor again, in the restoration
18	area, the Delta using the existing facilities along the
19	San Joaquin River between Merced River and the Delta using
20	existing facilities, and additionally at a new pumping
21	plant on the San Joaquin River below the confluence of the
22	Merced River. Now, again, the difference between C1 and
23	C2 is that C2 will have been set up 475 cfs, and Reach
24	4B1, it will be 4500 cfs.
25	So with that, that concludes again, these are
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1	important items you want to think about later on when
2	you're reviewing the document. It gives you it's the
3	basic outline and understanding of how the alternatives
4	are laid out. So you want to keep this in mind as much as
5	possible in reviewing the small little document you guys
6	got there to read. I'm sure you'll find an opportunity to
7	fall asleep many nights. And with that, I think we'll
8	turn it over to Ali.
9	MS. FORSYTHE: All right. So commenting on the
10	document. Public works participation is an essential part
11	of the NEPA and CEQA process, of the environmental review
12	process. NEPA and CEQA both actually require that we
13	evaluate and respond in writing to comments that are
14	submitted during the public comment period.
15	It's very helpful for us if your comments focus
16	really on the sufficiency of the document and identifying
17	and analyzing possible impacts, possibly identifying
18	alternatives that would be viable that we missed or
19	talking about the adequacy of the mitigation measures in
20	the document. For us the comments that are very specific
21	and detailed are really the most helpful. The more
22	information and the details that we can have from you in
23	your comments, the better we can address those in the
24	final. Whether it's changes to the document or adding
25	mitigation measures, the more detail helps us to really
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1	incorporate that additional detail into the final.
2	The general kind of vague comments are very
3	difficult for us to understand what your thought process
4	are was and how to change the document to address your
5	comments. So I'd encourage you to be as detailed as
6	possible.
7	In the comment period we started with a 60-day
8	comment period. We did get a request for an extension for
9	30 days. So we've granted that request, and our comment
10	period now ends July 21st. So gives you a little bit more
11	time to review the document. We anticipate completing a
12	final in 2012, early 2012 time frame, and the final will
13	include responses to comments on the draft document along
14	with changes, if any are necessary, to the draft document
15	and will also identify the preferred alternative in the
16	final document.
17	We anticipate signing the Record of Decision for
18	the final side of things and then the Notice of
19	Determination for the state component in early 2012 after
20	the circulation of the final document. The Record of
21	Decision and Notice of Determination are really the final
22	decision documents out of this process.
23	So just a quick reminder. You can provide verbal
24	comments this evening during the public hearing portion.
25	You can also provide your written comments in the boxes
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1	over here on your right. If you'd like to take some time
2	to look through the document some more and provide your
3	comments in writing at a later date, you can send those
4	into the addresses available on the screen. Either mail,
5	fax, or e-mail is fine. You can send them to Reclamation
6	or send them to both of us. If you send them to one,
7	we'll get them to both, so and a quick reminder that
8	your comments are due by 5:00 PM on July 21st.
9	So with that, I'm going to turn it over to Patti.
10	She's going to talk about the rest of the meeting for this
11	evening and our breakout sessions along with the hearing
12	session.
13	MS. RANSDELL: All right. Thank you. So we're
14	going to break up into the breakout sessions now. I want
15	to remind folks that if you would like to speak during the
16	oral hearing portion, please fill out a speaker card. It
17	looks like this, and you can put it in the basket at the
18	back of the table. And we will have subject matter
19	experts at each of the tables: the resource areas, the
20	alternatives, and then the program overview. They'll be
21	there to answer any of your specific questions. We're
22	going to have the open house for about 50 minutes, and
23	then we will reconvene. And Pete Lucero there in the back
24	will guide us through the public formal hearing process.
25	So please go ask some questions.

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1	(Recess for Open House Stations.)
2	MS. RANSDELL: Excuse me. We're going to go
3	ahead and convene the formal public hearing. If you would
4	like to make any oral comments, please fill out a speaker
5	card, and we'll take it right over to Pete. Thank you.
6	MR. LUCERO: Good evening, all. So if you could
7	take a seat or suspend your conversations, that would be
8	great. Thank you.
9	I want to welcome everybody to this hearing on
10	the San Joaquin River Restoration Program Draft Program
11	Environmental excuse me, Draft Program Environmental
12	Impact Statement and Environmental Impact Report. This is
13	one of four hearings being held in accordance with the
14	requirements of NEPA and CEQA.
15	My name is Pete Lucero. I'm the public affairs
16	officer for the Bureau of Reclamation mid Pacific region,
17	and I'll be serving as today's hearing officer. The court
18	reporter will be recording all of the proceedings as well.
19	Today we're accepting verbal and written comments
20	on the Draft PEIS. To provide verbal comments you should
21	have completed a speaker's card. And if you have not
22	completed one and would like to provide verbal comments,
23	please do it now and either give it to someone in the
24	back, bring it to me so we can get you in line to speak.
25	And I have one card. So if anybody else wants to talk,
	20

1	this will be a very brief hearing otherwise.
2	Chris, you want to talk?
3	MR. WHITE: Yes.
4	MR. LUCERO: We're going to need a card from you,
5	my friend. So that would be great if you can fill that
6	out, Chris. Thank you.
7	So written comments can be submitted at this
8	hearing or to the address or e-mail or fax that is on the
9	comment card. Your comments must be received by 5:00 PM
10	on Thursday, July 21st. Please be assured that written
11	and verbal comments will receive equal consideration.
12	So I want to take a moment to explain what
13	happens next with this process. All the comments will be
14	reviewed, and responses to comments will be prepared.
15	Assuming all major issues can be addressed, a final
16	PEIS/PEIR will be prepared that will include the responses
17	to the comments
18	The final PEIS will be available for a 30-day
19	period after which Reclamation and Department of Water
20	Resources will make a decision on the project.
21	Reclamation will prepare a Record of Decision to document
22	the decision, and Department of Water Resources will
23	prepare findings and a Notice of Determination.
24	So I'll call the speakers up one at a time, all
25	two of them, and we'll give you probably five minutes at
	21

	1	the most to make your comment. If you need more time, I
	2	think we can fit you in in the hour, and we'll deal with
	3	that as it happens. So if you would, when you come up to
	4	the microphone and I call your name, just come up, state
	5	your name, and please make your comment. You can direct
	6	them up to the front of the room
	7	So Dee Dee D'Adamo who is a representative from
	8	Congressman Cardoza, you're up first. Thank you.
	9	MS. D'ADAMO: Good evening. Thank you for
	10	this is this on? Okay. Dee Dee D'Adamo, senior policy
	11	advisor to Congressman Dennis Cardoza. Thank you for
	12	being here this evening and thank you for the opportunity
	13	to provide comment.
DADA-LB-1	14	My boss, Congressman Cardoza, has recently
	15	provided two letters regarding this subject, the San
	16	Joaquin River Restoration Program: one on April 25th to
	17	Director Jack Lew of the Office of Management and Budget
	18	and then one on May 5th to Don Glaser, the regional
	19	administrator the regional director to the U.S. Bureau
	20	of Reclamation. Both letters are essentially the same,
	21	and I'd like to formally submit them to the record. There
	22	are copies in the back of the room.
	23	I'm here to I know many of you are already
	24	aware of these letters, but I'm here to formally submit
	25	them to the record and also to provide them to those that
		22

contd. / DADA-LB-1	\ 1	are in the audience this evening and to just speak to the
	2	general topic.
DADA-LB-2	3	First of all, the Congressman has met with Don
	4	Glaser several times regarding his concern that there
	5	appears to be a significant gap in funding. This is a
	6	massive program, and we do want to compliment the Bureau
	7	for listening to our concerns and spending a lot of time
	8	out here on the ground. We really do think that you're
	9	doing, with respect to the limited resources you have, a
	10	very good job and much better job communicating with our
	11	constituents, and we truly do appreciate that.
DADA-LB-3	12	Having said that, though, by the Bureau's own
	13	figures and on these letters we've attached a chart, a
	14	cash flow analysis. This is a chart that we received from
	15	the Bureau. It's somewhat outdated. It's back from
	16	October, but it does clearly illustrate that there is a
	17	funding gap between what the program seeks to accomplish
	18	and the available funding that the Bureau has at its
	19	disposal.
	20	And so the Congressman feels that it's really
	21	best to sit down and relook at the program and these
	22	deadlines, the schedules that are outlined in the
	23	documents and Reclamation documents and provide the public
	24	with an updated schedule, one that reflects the reality of
	25	the limited funding that's available. And not just with
		23

contd. DADA-LB-3	<u>↑</u> 1	respect to the restoration flows, the interim flows, but
DADA-1B-3	2	then also with respect to reintroduction of fish.
	3	So it's important to go back and take a look at
	4	the entire program, figure out what's more realistic, and
	5	make adjustments. We think that that is the best way to
	6	move forward and the most constructive way on this program
	7	and also in fairness to all those that are here and not
	8	here spending an awful lot of time working on this
	9	program.
	10	So I'll leave these letters with you, and thank
	11	you for the opportunity to provide comment.
	12	MR. LUCERO: Thank you very much.
	13	Next up is Ken Schroeder.
	14	MR. SCHROEDER: My name is Ken Schroeder. And
SCHR-LB-1	15	talking to a couple different people, they thought I
	16	should make a public comment on this, that you're talking
	17	about barriers on mud slough, salt slough and all that.
	18	Well, the salmon runs run the same time as the duck season
	19	down there, so if you do that without considering the
	20	people down there hunting, it will limit our access in
	21	that area.
	22	I appreciate you guys listening to me. Thank
	23	you.
	24	MR. LUCERO: Thank you, sir.
	25	Next up is Cannon Michael.
		24

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1	MR. MICHAEL: Good evening. My name is Cannon
2	Michael, and I'm with Bowles Farming Company. Sixth
3	generation of my family to be in California agriculture,
4	and we farm along Reach 4B. My comments tonight will be
5	brief, and I'll have some written comments as well.
MICH-LB-1 6	I think it's important when you make these
7	presentations such as this that when the funding stream is
8	displayed, that it's maybe made a little more clear as to
9	when that funding is actually available to do projects.
10	As it is right now, landowners are spending their own
11	funds to mitigate impacts to the program already and not
12	having a clear channel for reimbursement for those
13	projects they're having to implement and as a result of
14	the program being implemented in the way that it is.
15	The funding for the program needs to be the
16	schedule of the program needs to match the funding that is
17	available, and it's currently not that's not happening.
18	And we as landowners have been trying to be supportive.
19	Our water district is trying to work with the Bureau to
20	install a fish screen for our diversion off the San
21	Joaquin. And again, we have expended a considerable
22	amount of money also, again, with no clear evidence that
23	we're going to be reimbursed.
24	So in order to make this project work, it's going
√25	to take a significant amount of money, and this doesn't
	25

contd.	<u>↑</u> 1	seem clear to the people who watch a presentation like
MICH-LB-1	2	this and see a lot of large dollar numbers on the screen,
	3	without that being clear as to when that money's coming
	4	and if it is readily available. As you present to the
	5	people who are out here, it's actually kind of a little
	6	confusing and something that should be cleared up.
	7	But I'll have further comments that will be
	8	written that I'll submit. Thank you for the opportunity.
	9	MR. LUCERO: Thank you, Mr. Michael
	10	Next up is Chase Hurley.
	11	MR. HURLEY: Good evening. My name is Chase
	12	Hurley, the general manager for San Luis Canal Company
	13	and located in Reaches 4 and 4B of the San Joaquin River.
SLCC2-LB-1	14	Just a couple things. As we talked about the
	15	PEIS, the Bureau is it's been a lengthy process. It's
	16	a very technical document that the Bureau's been working
	17	on for a couple years. We as landowners and districts ask
	18	that the program allow the public the ample amount of time
	19	and the appropriate amount of time to review and comment.
	20	We don't know a lot of the technical issues. We
	21	have to go out and have someone do that for us at a cost.
	22	And so you potentially could be getting another suggested
	23	comment period, and we ask that you look into maybe giving
	24	us more than a 30-day extension just because of the amount
`	/25	of time it took you and the State to put that document
		26

contd. SLCC2-LB-1	个1	together.
SLCC2-LB-2	2	We've been very cooperative in allowing the
	3	Bureau to move forward on site specific projects such as
	4	the one Cannon talked about when we really truly believe
	5	that these building block projects shouldn't have even
	6	been started until this PEIS was done. It's hard to
	7	imagine these site specific projects being done before we
	8	even know what the overall goal is.
SLCC2-LB-3	9	You had one slide up here that talked about your
STCC5-TR-3	10	overview of alternatives, and it talked about four goals.
	11	Just want to talk about each one of those a little bit.
	12	The first one is modifying Friant operations to release
	13	interim flows. And you had another one on there that
	14	talked about recapture, exchange, transferring of interim
	15	flows.
	16	This local group right here has been working
	17	closely with all the affected parties to put those two in
	18	action, and we've actually made progress. And we've done
	19	that without even a lot of site specific agreements in
	20	place. So I think we've truly been working with you folks
	21	on those two.
SLCC2-LB-4	22	The third one is to improve channels and
10002 10 4	23	structures. We, as Cannon just said, the canal company
	24	along with all the other districts in the area and the
`	/25	landowners have actually been working really hard with you
		27

contd. 1	folks on there. All we ask is that we see some type of
SLCC2-LB-4 2	guaranteed stream of revenue to help implement those
3	phase-long projects. Because your fourth alternative up
4	there in terms of your goal was the reintroduction of
5	spring-run. We truly believe that you can't you
6	shouldn't and don't have the authority to release those
7	until those Phase 1 projects are complete.
SLCC2-LB-5 8	We remain very committed to the implementation of
9	the program. We're behind it 100 percent. There's got to
10	be a lot of things done as long as you focus on the
11	following: Construct the project in a fiscally sound
12	manner; you think about phasing this thing in a more
13	appropriate manner, and you get a real strong bond between
14	the State and Federal partnership. You don't put the
15	third party folks on the river at ESA risk. And you've
16	got to really remember the true importance of private
17	property rights and remember that these farmers out here,
18	they're not only farming but they're providing for and
19	paying for flood protection.
20	That's all I have. Thank you.
21	MR. LUCERO: Thank you, Mr. Hurley.
22	Next up is Steve Chedester.
23	MR. CHEDESTER: Good evening. I'm Steve
24	Chedester. I'm the executive director of the San Joaquin
25	River Exchange Contractors Water Authority. And I don't
	28

	1	know any of you guys, so first of all I'd like to thank
	2	you for the chance, the opportunity to provide these
	3	comments at first. We will be providing substantial
	4	comments to you in written in writing, in written form.
EC2-LB-1	5	One of the things we'd like to ask for is an
	6	extension of comment time period. I know mentioned
	7	earlier at least 60 days more. I mean it is an 8,000-page
	8	document, and I can guarantee there's no way we can get
	9	through it in the time period that's been allotted even
	10	with the extension. We appreciate that, but we're going
	11	to need more time. So we'll put that in writing also, but
	12	we do need that.
EC2-LB-2	13	Secondly, you're going to hear sort of a broken
	14	record, but I think that's part of the purpose for this,
	15	is that funding, schedule, fishery introduction are just
	16	key. You've got to get the fishery introduction in sync
	17	with how the schedule's going to be implemented in the
	18	Phase 1 project, and that requires appropriate funding.
	19	Until that gets worked out, I think I realize this
	20	document is trying to cover everything in a broad sense,
	21	but it's going to be difficult to move forward on the more
	22	site specific documents. Also, we need mitigation
	23	measures clearly identified and done prior to impacts
	24	being done.
	25	And with that, again, we have we will be
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providing a lot of comments, and we will look forward to 1 2 your responses. Thank you. MR. LUCERO: Thank you, Mr. Chedester. 3 4 Next up, Chris White. MR. WHITE: Hi there. Chris White, general 5 manager of Central California Irrigation District. Thanks 6 7 for the opportunity to talk on this issue and provide 8 comment. 9 One, I wanted to thank, first of all, the 10 Congressmen Cardoza and Costa for working on this issue and especially on the funding and the scheduling issues 11 that are -- we see as a real problem for this program 12 13 moving forward. 14 Our comments come to you from the perspective of a group of local district agencies and landowners who are 15 committed to making the program a success within the 16 17 confines of the settlement and the legislation that was originally adopted. 18 Then we come out with a set of Phase 1 projects 19 CCID-LB-1 20 that are estimated at a half a billion dollars that is so severely underfunded that we just -- we can't fathom a way 21 forward that builds these projects in a successful way in 22 23 time to meet the schedule deadlines and put fish back in 24 the river, reintroduce fish back in the river in 2012. We 25 just can't see how that happens. 30

CCID-LB-2	1	And Change Humley combine discussed the fact that
	· ·	And Chase Hurley earlier discussed the fact that
	2	the issue of transferring ESA risks onto the landowners.
	3	That's the ESA risks that we're seeing is we end up with
	4	protected fish in the river without sufficient flows,
	5	without sufficient infrastructure having been built. And
	6	that does transfer the risk onto the landowners, and
	7	that's an issue that would be unacceptable to us.
CCID-LB-3	8 8	I would also echo the request for additional time
	9	for response to comments. And hand in hand with that, I
	10	know that the program has been responsive in the past in
	11	making people available, but I it's we've got a few
	12	questions that we'd like to spend some time one on one in
	13	trying to make sure that we've got the issue right before
	14	we do comment. So if we could get some time along those
CCID-LB-3b	15	lines, it would be helpful.
	16	And this is a tough this is a tough project to
	17	move ahead from where we're at. We've been involved in
	18	about a year and a half of interim flows. We've been in
	19	flood flows for quite some time. We've already had a
	20	landowner impacted. We've had levee failure up in
	21	Reach up in Reach 2B. We've struggled in trying to
	22	help the program get enough monitoring wells in the
	23	ground.
	24	Those issues are coming along, but they're not
1	/ 25	coming along at the pace that's needed and envisioned in
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contd. CCID-LB-3b the settlement. And it's not because we're not all trying **1** ا 2 to get us there. It's just because we have a schedule 3 that is almost impossible to meet. And thank you very much for the time. We will be 4 5 providing written comments on this issue and written comments on the 55-pound document. Thank you. 6 7 MR. LUCERO: Thank you, Mr. White. 8 Next and last is Mr. Hill, Reggie Hill. And if anyone else wants to come up to speak, I would need a card 9 10 from you very shortly. Thank you. 11 MR. HILL: Good evening. I'm Reggie Hill with the Lower San Joaquin Levee District. 12 I'm not going to reiterate all the comments that 13 have already been made because this is a community. This 14 is how we're going to respond to this type of a document, 15 and we're going to be working holding hands because what 16 happens with one location affects everybody. 17 So we're going to -- what I wanted to address is 18 LSJLD3-LB-19 something I've discussed with the program representatives, 20 is the fact that even before we get to this point of 21 putting something on the ground, we're being financially impacted. Like what Chase Hurley had mentioned earlier 22 23 about committed and doing money up front and not getting 24 any pay back. The district, we receive no State or Federal /25 32

contd. 1	funding. We don't sell anything. We just our revenue
LSJLD3-LB-1 2	is based upon the assessments that we place upon these
3	landowners behind me. And basically what happens is we
4	have a certain amount of budget money that we use for the
5	O and M of the project to make sure that we maintain the
6	project and our obligation to a certain standard that's
7	accepted by the Army Corps and the Department of Water
8	Resources.
9	If we have to divert that money away from any of
10	that O and M, it affects our ability, it makes us
11	exposure to certain liability because we're not addressing
12	certain aspects of our O and M standard. And those are
13	the things that are real, and that's going to affect our
14	ability to acquire any type of operating insurance.
15	Because believe it or not, the insurance carriers do read
16	reports from federal agencies.
17	And so, therefore, we're being expected where
18	we have certain units that are not going to be accepted as
19	up to standard for Army Corps regulations, then we're
20	going to be in trouble as far as being able to acquire any
21	type of insurance to basically operate the O and M of this
22	project.
23	So as I said, I submitted written comments on the
24	table over there, but I appreciate the time and efforts
25	and thank you.
	33

1	MR. LUCERO: Thank you, Mr. Hill.
2	Is there anyone else who would like to make a
3	comment this evening? That being said, well, we are
4	required to be here for an hour for the public hearing
5	portion. What we'll do is we'll suspend the public
6	hearing portion as soon as I'm done here, and we will be
7	in recess until about 8:30 when we will close the hearing.
8	However, if anyone determines that they'd like to
9	make a statement on the record in the meantime, we'll go
10	back on the record, you can make your verbal comment, and
11	then we'll play it by ear from there. Okay? So with that
12	being said, we're in recess. Thank you.
13	(Recess.)
14	MR. LUCERO: With no one wanting to speak
15	anymore, we'll adjourn the meeting now. Thank you.
16	(Time noted: 8:30 PM.)
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	PALEDMO REPORTING SERVICES 200 577 4451

PALERMO REPORTING SERVICES 209.577.4451

STATE OF CALIFORNIA,)
)
COUNTY OF MERCED.)
I, LISA S. COELHO, a Certified Shorthand Reporter
in and for the County of Stanislaus, State of California,
do hereby certify:
That on May 25, 2011, thereof, I reported
verbatim in shorthand writing the foregoing proceedings;
That I thereafter caused my shorthand writing to
be reduced to typewriting, and that the foregoing
transcript constitutes a full, true, and correct
transcription of all proceedings had and given.
IN WITNESS HEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand
and affixed my Official Seal this 6th day of June 2011.
H & Q()
_MN D (OOL)
LISA S. COELHO, CSR #9487
Certified Shorthand Reporter
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PALERMO REPORTING SERVICES 209.577.4451

Responses to Comments from Dee Dee D'Adamo, Provided on Behalf of Congressman Dennis Cardoza

DADA-LB-1: Comment noted. The cited letters were received and are responded to in Section 3.4.1, "Congressman Dennis Cardoza," and Section 3.4.2, "Congressman Dennis Cardoza and Congressman Jim Costa," of this Final PEIS/R.

DADA-LB-2: Comment noted. Text has not been revised.

DADA-LB-3: The Settling Parties have recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP. The *Framework for Implementation* outlines the actions to be taken to implement the SJRRP and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* schedule was developed with input from water agencies/districts and landowners downstream from Friant Dam who may be affected by implementation of the Settlement, and is intended to be protective of these Third-Party interests while meeting the requirements of the Settlement for expeditious action. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of future funding needs and the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementation of the Settlement, it does not result in new significant environmental impacts, a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts.

Response to Comment from Ken Schroeder, Provided on Behalf of Self SCHR-LB-1: An unknown portion of the approximately 3,300 waterfowl hunters who visited the San Luis National Wildlife Refuge during the 2010–2011 season hunted in the Freitas unit, and accessed the unit via the San Joaquin River and Salt Slough, which bisects the unit. Approximately 1,300 waterfowl hunters visited the China Island unit during the 2010–2011 season, but the unit is accessible by road, and it is not known how many hunters accessed the area via the San Joaquin River and Mud Slough. The potential for the proposed seasonal barriers to conflict with hunting access and opportunities in these units depends on the several undetermined factors in how the barriers would be implemented.

Temporary or permanent barriers may be implemented at Mud and Salt sloughs, as described in Chapter 2.0, "Description of Alternatives," of the Draft PEIS/R. Temporary barriers could include acoustic bubble screens or rock barriers such as used at the Head of Old River. Bubble screen barriers would not pose a hindrance to boat passage. Rock barriers would need to be portaged, which may be feasible for trailer-launched and hand-launched boats (e.g., canoes and kayaks) at Mud Slough, where staffing of the barrier may be possible. (The project proponents would collaborate with USFWS and DFG to support staffing of portages for trailer-launched boats as needed.) Only portaging of hand-launched boats may be possible at Salt Slough, because staffing of a portage for trailer-launched boats would likely not be feasible at this remote site. Alternatively, hunters may launch boats at the Salt Slough boat access area in the South Freitas unit, about 8 miles downstream from the mouth of the slough, on the east side of Highway 165, and navigate into the North Freitas hunt zone west of Highway 165. Permanent barriers (e.g., bottom-hinged gates) would have a similar impact on boat access to the slough as a temporary rock barrier.

The timing of when the barriers would be operational is also an important factor in determining potential conflicts with boat passage for hunters. Barriers to prevent adult fall-run Chinook salmon from entering Salt and Mud sloughs would need to be operational during October and November, when fall-run fish typically migrate in the San Joaquin system. This would partially overlap with the waterfowl hunting season, which runs from late October through January. Barriers to prevent adult spring-run Chinook salmon from entering Salt and Mud sloughs would need to be operational during system. This would be expected to be operational during spring and summer, when spring-run fish would be expected to migrate in the San Joaquin system. This period of operation would not overlap with the waterfowl hunting season, and so the barriers would not create a conflict with boat access to the sloughs.

In summary, there are several factors that would reduce the potential conflict of the seasonal barriers with hunters' boat access to the sloughs: (1) some types of temporary barriers (e.g., bubble curtains) would not conflict with boat access, (2) other types of temporary barriers and permanent barriers could potentially be portaged by trailer-launched and/or hand-launched boats, (3) boat access is available to Salt Slough downstream from the proposed barrier at the mouth of the slough, and (4) only barriers operated to prevent migrating adult fall-run Chinook salmon from straying would conflict with boat access and for only a portion of the waterfowl hunting season. It should also be noted that ample opportunities for waterfowl hunting in other units of the San Luis

National Wildlife Refuge, and North Grasslands Wildlife Area would be unaffected. For these reasons, impacts to recreation would be less than significant. This additional analysis does not change any conclusions presented in the Draft PEIS/R. Text has not been revised.

Response to Comment from Cannon Michael, Provided on Behalf of Self

MICH-LB-1: The Implementing Agencies and Settling Parties recognize that appropriated funding needs for the SJRRP will remain a critical focus throughout the next several years. The Settling Parties have also recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP (SJRRP 2012b). The *Framework for Implementation* outlines actions to be taken to implement the Settlement, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementing the SJRRP, it does not result in any new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts identified in the PEIS/R. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net.

See also MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, Sources, and Cost Estimates," and MCR-3, "Order and Schedule of Implementing Settlement Actions," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, for additional information on funding and the revised schedule of activities.

Responses to Comments from Chase Hurley, Provided on Behalf of San Luis Canal Company

SLCC2-LB-1: The comment period was extended to September 21, 2011, in response to this and other comments.

SLCC2-LB-2: Comment noted. Section 1.1.1, "Stipulation of Settlement," of the Draft PEIS/R describes the two primary goals established by the Settlement, the Restoration Goal and the Water Management Goal. Section 1.4, "Purpose and Need for Action and Project Objectives," of the Draft PEIS/R states the purpose and need of the proposed action, which is to implement the Settlement, consistent with the Act. The Implementing Agencies identified several objectives, which are listed on page 1-14 of the Draft PEIS/R. As described in Section 1.1.3, "Scoping and Public Involvement Process," of the Draft PEIS/R, the Implementing Agencies have conducted extensive public and stakeholder outreach activities to engage and inform all interested parties of SJRRP activities, including development of this Draft PEIS/R.

As described in more detail in MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, Sources, and Cost Estimates," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comments and Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, the Settling Parties have also recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP (SJRRP 2012b). The *Framework for Implementation* outlines actions to be taken to implement the Settlement, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementing the SJRRP, it does not result in any new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts identified in the PEIS/R. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net.

SLCC2-LB-3: Comment noted.

SLCC2-LB-4: The Settling Parties have also recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP (SJRRP 2012b). The *Framework for Implementation* outlines actions to be taken to implement the Settlement, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementing the SJRRP, it does not result in any new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts identified in the PEIS/R. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net.

The comment asserts that the lead agencies do not have authority to reintroduce springrun Chinook salmon prior to the completion of Phase 1 activities. Paragraph 11 specifies

channel and structural improvements (Phase 1 and Phase 2 improvements) described as "necessary to fully achieve the Restoration Goal." The Settlement milestone dates include spring- and fall-run Chinook salmon reintroduced by December 31, 2012; Paragraph 11(a) actions (Phase 1 improvements) completed by December 31, 2013; initiation of full Restoration Flows by January 1, 2014; and Paragraph 11(b) actions (Phase 2) improvements) completed by December 31, 2016. As described in MCR-3, "Order and Schedule of Implementing Settlement Actions," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, the dates for completing Phase 1 and potentially Phase 2 improvements may change pending completion of compliance, coordination, consultation, data collection, and related efforts, and in compliance with the provisions of the Settlement and the Act. However, neither the Settlement nor the Act links the progress in completing Phase1 and Phase 2 improvements to salmon reintroduction. Furthermore, The Settlement does not specify that the Phase 1 projects need to be completed prior to the reintroduction of Chinook salmon. Rather, the Settlement envisioned that both spring-run and fall-run Chinook would be reintroduced prior to the completion of the Phase 1 and Phase 2 projects, as presented in the Settlement's milestone dates.

See MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, and Sources, and of SJRRP Funding, and Cost Estimates," and MCR-3, "Order and Schedule of Implementing Settlement Actions," in Chapter 2.0 of this Final PEIS/R for additional information relevant to this comment.

SLCC2-LB-5: As discussed in response to comment SLCC2-LB-4, the Settling Parties have recently developed a Third-Party working draft Framework for Implementation (SJRRP 2012b) for the SJRRP. The Framework for Implementation outlines the actions to be taken to implement the SJRRP, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The Framework for Implementation schedule was developed with input from water agencies/districts and landowners downstream from Friant Dam who may be affected by implementation of the Settlement, and is intended to be protective of these Third-Party interests while meeting the requirements of the Settlement for expeditious action. The Framework for Implementation also provides an accounting of future funding needs and the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. The Framework for Implementation can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net. MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, Sources and Cost Estimates," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, provides more detail on funding for implementation of the Settlement, and MCR-3, "Order and Schedule of Implementing Settlement Actions," provides more detail on the schedule of implementation of the Settlement.

Regarding potential risk to landowners due to the presence of Federal and State specialstatus species, the Implementing Agencies are examining several potential protections for landowners and agencies who will continue to conduct routine agricultural and operations and maintenance activities in the Restoration Area after protected spring-run Chinook salmon are reintroduced to the San Joaquin River. Specifically, NMFS is developing a 4(d) rule under Section 4(d) of the ESA where NMFS may elect to allow take for the experimental population if the take is incidental to a lawful activity, such as agricultural activities, and is unintentional or not due to negligent conduct. Additionally, DFG may permit take of endangered, threatened, or candidate species, including spring-run Chinook salmon, if specific requirements are met, including that the take is incidental to otherwise lawful activities and the impacts of the take are compliant with Fish and Game Code Section 2081. Protections for landowners and agencies are further discussed in MCR-6, "Third-Party Concerns and Outreach," in Chapter 2.0 of this Final PEIS/R.

Regarding flood protection for landowners in the Restoration Area, all action alternatives, as described in Chapter 2.0, "Description of Alternatives," of the Draft PEIS/R, include measures to minimize increases in flood risk due to implementation of the Settlement. These measures include the establishment of a Channel Capacity Advisory Group to provide independent review of estimated then-existing channel capacities, monitoring results, and management actions to address vegetation and sediment transport within the Restoration Area; maintaining Interim and Restoration flows at or below estimates of then-existing channel capacities; and monitoring erosion and performing maintenance and/or reducing Interim and Restoration flows as necessary to avoid erosion-related impacts. These measures are described in more detail on pages 2-22 through 2-28 of the Draft PEIS/R, as well as in Appendix D, "Physical Monitoring and Management Plan," of the Draft PEIS/R.

Responses to Comments from Steve Chedester, Provided on Behalf of San Joaquin River Exchange Contractors and the San Joaquin River Resource Management Coalition

EC2-LB-1: The comment period was extended to September 21, 2011, in response to this and other comments.

EC2-LB-2: As described in MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, Sources, and Cost Estimates," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, the Settling Parties have also recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP (SJRRP 2012b). The *Framework for Implementation* outlines actions to be taken to implement the Settlement, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementing the SJRRP, it does not result in any new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts identified in the PEIS/R. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net.

Consistent with authorities, including NEPA, CEQA, and the Act, the Draft PEIS/R identifies feasible mitigation measures for all potentially significant impacts. Text has not been revised.

Responses to Comments from Chris White, Provided on Behalf of Central California Irrigation District

CCID-LB-1: As described in MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, Sources, and Cost Estimates," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, the Settling Parties have also recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP (SJRRP 2012b). The *Framework for Implementation* outlines actions to be taken to implement the Settlement, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementing the SJRRP, it does not result in any new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts identified in the PEIS/R. The *Framework* for *Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net.

CCID-LB-2: The Implementing Agencies are examining several potential protections for landowners and agencies who will continue to conduct routine agricultural and operations and maintenance activities in the Restoration Area after protected spring-run Chinook salmon are reintroduced to the San Joaquin River. These protections are specific to Federal and State laws pertaining to reintroducing populations of protected species. These protections may include development by NMFS of a rule under Section 4(d) of the ESA to allow take for the experimental population if the take is incidental to a lawful activity, such as agricultural activities, and is unintentional or not due to negligent conduct. Additionally, DFG may permit take of endangered, threatened, or candidate species, including spring-run Chinook salmon, if specific requirements are met, including that the take is incidental to otherwise lawful activities and the impacts of the take are compliant with Fish and Game Code Section 2081. See MCR-6, "Third-Party Concerns and Outreach," for further information related to this comment.

CCID-LB-3a: The comment period was extended to September 21, 2011, in response to this and other comments.

CCID-LB-3b: The Implementing Agencies recognize and appreciate the cooperation and involvement of CCID and other Third Parties. Flood releases in 2011 were made consistent with the *Report on Reservoir Regulation for Flood Control, Friant Dam and Millerton Lake, San Joaquin River, California* (USACE 1980), and would not change with the implementation of the SJRRP. The Implementing Agencies recognize the unprecedented nature of the SJRRP, and acknowledge that flexibility in implementing the Settlement is necessary to ultimately achieve the Restoration and Water Management goals. In consideration of this necessary and anticipated flexibility, the SJRRP management process involves a broad range of strategies to guide implementation of the Settlement consistent with the Act and incorporates a continuously growing set of data and scientific information. The Interim Flows program, initiated in 2009, will contribute substantially to the set of historical data by facilitating collection of information regarding flow; water temperature; fish behavior and needs; habitat response and other

biological effects; geomorphologic effects; seepage; and water recapture, recirculation, and reuse opportunities.

Implementation of all action alternatives would be supported by the formation and/or continuation of several technical work groups to facilitate, coordinate, and communicate the various technical activities required to implement the Settlement. As described in Chapter 2.0, "Description of Alternatives," of the Draft PEIS/R, all action alternatives would include establishing and administering a Channel Capacity Advisory Group to provide independent review of estimated then-existing channel capacities, monitoring results, and management actions identified by Reclamation to address vegetation and sediment transport within the system. Additionally, the SJRRP has established a Fisheries Management Work Group and Technical Feedback Group, Environmental Compliance and Permitting Work Group, Seepage and Conveyance Technical Feedback Group, Restoration Goal Technical Feedback Group, and Water Management Work Group and Technical Feedback Group. These work groups enable representatives of the Implementing Agencies to receive feedback from members of the public through topicspecific technical feedback meetings. The SJRRP also communicates with stakeholders through the SJRRP Web site (http://www.restoresjr.net) by producing annual reports, fact sheets, brochures, and program updates; conducting site-specific landowner meetings; distributing notifications through an e-mail distribution list; and monitoring feedback on potential seepage-related impacts through e-mail (InterimFlows@restoresjr.net) and the Seepage Hotline (916-978-4398). This ongoing involvement of technical work groups and stakeholder and public input is an important factor in achieving the Restoration and Water Management goals, and maintaining flexibility in meeting those goals, as described in MCR-1, "Analysis of Program Feasibility, Potential to Achieve Restoration and Water Management Goals," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R.

Text has not been revised.

Response to Comment from Reggie Hill, Provided on Behalf of Lower San Joaquin Levee District

LSJLD3-LB-1: The change in operations at Friant Dam and the routing of Interim and Restoration flows could increase operations and maintenance activities regardless of the alternative selected for implementation, including increased flap gate inspection and debris removal, operation of flow control structures, levee patrols, vegetation control, and sand excavation (these actions are as described in Appendix D, "Physical Monitoring and Management Plan," of the Draft PEIS/R). Additionally, flows would change the nature of operations and maintenance activities; those activities currently performed in a dry channel, would be performed in wet channel conditions. As described in MCR-8, "Operations and Maintenance Agreement Considerations," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, Reclamation is currently working with LSJLD to develop and implement an agreement to provide financial assistance for additional Settlement-related costs incurred by LSJLD. The agreement is intended to assist LSJLD in adapting to Settlement implementation, as needed, to potentially maintain an increased level of flood management under release of Interim and Restoration flows. Such an agreement would likely be similar to the agreement recently completed by Reclamation and LSJLD for Water Year 2011 Interim Flows.

3.11.3 Transcript of Sacramento, California Public Hearing – May 26, 2011

SAN JOAQUIN RESTORATION PRO	GRAM
PUBLIC HEARING	
ON	
SAN JOAQUIN RESTORATION PRO DRAFT PROGRAM EIS/EIR	GRAM
HOLIDAY INN CAPITOL PLAZ JOHN Q. BALLROOM SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA	A
THURSDAY, MAY 26, 2011	
REPORTED BY: ESTHER F CSR NO.	SCHWARTZ

CAPITOL REPORTERS (916) 923-5447

Program Environmental Impact Statement/Report

ATTENDEES BUREAU OF RECLAMATION: ALICIA FORSYTHE PETE LUCERO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES: KEVIN FAULKENBERRY CIRCLEPOINT: PATTI RANSDELL AUDIENCE PARTICIPANT: JOE MIYAMOTO ---000----

1	SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA
2	WEDNESDAY, MAY 26, 2011, 1:30 P.M.
3	000
4	MS. RANSDELL: I think we are going to get
5	started. Thank you for showing up today. This is
6	our final of four public hearings for the San
7	Joaquin River Restoration Program Draft Program
8	Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact
9	Statement.
10	A couple of really quick housekeeping items.
11	In the back you will see that we have a nice lady
12	from the Bureau of Reclamation with a camera, whose
13	name is Winetta. She will be taking photos. If you
14	don't want to be included in the photos, please let
15	us know or let her know. Please put your phones and
16	such on silent. The restrooms are out the door and
17	to the right, past the elevators.
18	I am going to give you a quick overview of
19	what we are going to be doing today. We are going
20	to start out with a brief presentation to give you
21	some information on the background of the
22	Restoration Program, a little bit of history. Then
23	we are going to jump into an overview of the
24	environmental document. The presentation is going
25	to be given to you by Aly Forsythe with the Bureau

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of Reclamation and Kevin Faulkenberry with the 1 Department of Water Resources. 2 3 After the presentation we are going to break 4 up into a small breakout, open-house-type session. 5 We have subject matter experts around the room. We have our boards set up. We've got the resources 6 7 areas that we studied over here, a comment station 8 over here, and alternatives over on this side; and 9 towards the back, just a general program overview. If you have questions related to any of these 10 11 items, during the open house is the time to talk to the subject matter experts. Get your questions 12 13 answered. And then after the open house, we are going to convene our formal public hearing where 14 15 folks will be given the opportunity to provide verbal comments. 16 17 I have a speaker card in my hand. If you would like to give us verbal comments, please fill 18 19 this out and drop it in the basket that is right 20 over on the comment station. And then, when we begin the formal hearing part, Pete Lucero will walk 21 22 you through the formal hearing and call your name to 23 speak. 24 So with that, I'm going to let Aly and Kevin 25 do the talking.

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1	MS. FORSYTHE: Thank you. I am Aly
2	Forsythe. I am the program manager for the San
3	Joaquin Restoration Program for the Bureau of
4	Reclamation. Kevin and I are going to give you an
5	overview of the settlement, history of the
6	settlement, the goals, major milestones in the
7	settlement. We're going to talk a little bit about
8	the environmental review process and the analysis
9	that we conducted in the draft program document in
10	front of you. We are going to talk about
11	alternatives and next steps, where we go from here,
12	and then also talk about the public comment and
13	review process.
14	So a little bit of history on the settlement,
15	itself. Reclamation constructed Friant Dam in 1942.
16	A lawsuit was filed in 1988 that challenged our
17	renewal of the Friant division long-term contracts.
18	That lawsuit went on for about 18 years, with a body
19	of rules and judgments during that time. One of the
20	more significant of which happened in 2004, when a
21	federal judge ruled that Reclamation has violated
22	California Fish and Game Code.
23	In 2006, we began negotiating with the parties
24	to the lawsuit to see if we can come up with a
25	settlement. Excuse me, that was in 2005 that we
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1	began negotiations to see if we could come up with a
2	settlement.
3	In 2006, we reached that settlement. We began
4	implementing the settlement in late 2006. And then
5	in 2009, the president signed into law Public Law
6	111-11, which authorizes and directs the Secretary
7	of the Interior to implement the settlement.
8	The settlement has two goals in it. The first
9	is the restoration goal that really mimics the Fish
10	and Game Code that the federal judge found us in
11	violation of. The Fish and Game the restoration
12	goal is to restore and maintain fish populations in
13	good condition in the main stem of the San Joaquin
14	River from Friant to the Merced River confluence;
15	and that includes salmon and other native fish.
16	The second goal is the water management goal.
17	The water management goal is to reduce or avoid
18	adverse water supply impacts to the Friant division
19	contractors that will result from implementing the
20	settlement. We rewet the San Joaquin River and put
21	some of the flows that would have otherwise gone to
22	the water users down the river. The water
23	management goal directs us to try and reduce or
24	avoid the impacts that could occur to the water
25	users.

1	There are three main parties to the settlement.
2	The first is about 14 environmental organizations,
3	primarily represented by the National Resource
4	Defense Council. The second is the water users,
5	primarily represented by the Friant Water Authority,
6	although some water users did actually sign as
7	individual districts on the settlement. The third
8	is the federal government. Both the Department of
9	Interior signed the settlement along with the
10	Department of Commerce.
11	There are five agencies that are working
12	together to implement the settlement: three federal
13	agencies within the Department of Interior, the
14	Bureau of Reclamation, the Fish & Wildlife Service.
15	Within the Department of Commerce, The National
16	Marine Fishery Service. And the State of California
17	is also a partner as we implement the settlement,
18	and they're working with we work primarily with
19	the Department of Water Resources and the Department
20	of Fish and Game from the State.
21	The settlement also established a goal for an
22	outside individual, called the Restoration
23	Administrator, to make recommendation on key
24	components to the Secretary in how we implement the
25	settlement.

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1	Major milestones as we work to implement the
2	settlement. In 2006, we began working on the
3	environmental planning, compliance, design
4	activities to implement to settlement. In 2009, we
5	began our interim flow releases from Friant Dam. So
6	these were our first releases out of Friant to rewet
7	the San Joaquin River system. Earlier this year,
8	April, we released our Draft Program Environmental
9	Impact Statement/Environmental Impact Report, the
10	document that we are here today to talk about. We
11	hope to wrap that up with a final in early 2012.
12	In late 2012, we are to begin introducing
13	salmon back into the San Joaquin system. And then,
14	in 2013, we are to complete our first phase of
15	channel and habitat improvement. And in 2014 we are
16	to initiate full restoration flows.
17	Now, for those of you who have been following
18	that implementation of the settlement, you recognize
19	that some of our channel and structural improvement
20	projects are behind schedule. Some of those
21	projects may be necessary for the successful
22	reintroduction of salmon into the river. We are
23	working with the parties to the settlement at this
24	time to evaluate where we are in the schedule and
25	where we go from here.

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1	There are a variety of fundings to implement
2	the settlement. These include water sales, receipts
3	from water sales, the receipts from the Friant
4	surcharge, recovered water account, and, also, from
5	the Central Valley Project Improvement Act
6	restoration funds. The law, Public Law 111-11, also
7	allowed Reclamation to convert the Friant contracts
8	into what we call unit contracts. So as we pay the
9	capital component of the Friant division of the
10	Central Valley Project, that money becomes available
11	to us to implement the settlement. We also have up
12	to 300,000,000 in new federal appropriations. The
13	state has committed up to 200,000,000 in bond funds.
14	We looked at a wide study area in the program
15	document that you have before you to make sure that
16	we covered the impacts and potential mitigation
17	measures that will be necessary to implement as we
18	move forward with implementation of the settlement.
19	We looked at the San Joaquin River upstream from
20	Friant Dam, which is near Fresno, primarily out of
21	the Millerton Reservoir. Any changes in elevation
22	and how that would affect resources in that area.
23	We looked at the San Joaquin River from Friant
24	all the way down to the Delta. So as we add water
25	into the San Joaquin, add fish into the San Joaquin,

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1	make some channel and structural improvement
2	projects, what is that going to do to that whole
3	segment of the San Joaquin River. We also looked at
4	the Delta itself. We are going to be releasing
5	water out of Friant and trying to pick up some of
6	that water back in the Delta so that it won't be
7	increasing flows down into the Delta and looking to
8	recirculate some water down there. So looking at
9	the impacts of all that in the main Delta itself.
10	And then we looked at the Central Valley Project and
11	State Water Project service areas.
12	Within the restoration area, we actually looked
13	at the impacts in each segment of the river. We
14	break the river up into five reaches, Reach 1
15	through 5. We analyze the impacts of implementing
16	the settlement in each segment because there are
17	some larger construction projects that we have along
18	the river. Then we looked at the impacts within the
19	eastside of the Mariposa Bypasses, also.
20	So Reclamation is the lead agency under the
21	National Environmental Policy Act, NEPA, for the
22	draft document. Then the Department of Water
23	Resources is the state lead agency under the
24	California Environmental Quality Act, CEQA, for the
25	document. We began preparation of the document in
	10

1	2007 with public scoping meetings; one of which was
2	held here in Sacramento. And the purpose of the
3	document is to analyze and disclose impacts of
4	implementing the settlement on the human and natural
5	environment. It provides the public, yourself, and
6	agency staff as we move forward im implementing the
7	settlement full disclosure of impact and mitigation
8	measures in a very open and the transparent way.
9	It also provides technically sound information to
10	decision makers to consider as we all move forward
11	with implementing the settlement.
12	We looked at quite a few different resource
13	areas. I think there are about 22 or 23 up here;
14	everything from air quality, biological resources
15	and fisheries, flood management, groundwater
16	hydrology, visual resources. These are all covered
17	in the document. And if you have specific questions
18	on any of the resource areas, please head over to
19	the station over here on your left, and there will
20	be technical experts there to address your
21	questions.
22	So in the document we include two levels of
23	analysis. The first, the program level analysis.
24	We complete this primarily for large construction
25	projects, projects that we don't have a lot of

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1	detail on right now, but we know they will occur
2	some time in the future. We provide an overview of
3	impacts and mitigation measures to the extent that
4	we know those today or can anticipate those today.
5	Subsequent environmental compliance will be
6	necessary for these projects, for these large
7	construction projects covered in the project bundle.
8	So we back out doing additional NEPA/CEQA work,
9	doing additional field studies, and also back out to
10	the public to talk about these projects as we move
11	forward with those in the future.
12	The program document does provide a framework
13	for impacts and mitigations for these future
14	projects. It is something we will utilize the
15	program document as we look to implement the project
16	in the future.
17	The program document also includes a project
18	level analysis. That is primarily for Reclamation's
19	reoperation of Friant Dam and conveyance of that
20	water down the San Joaquin River and also picking
21	that water up at the Delta pumps. So this is a very
22	detailed, very site-specific analysis of our
23	reoperation of Friant Dam and conveying that water
24	down to the Delta and recirculation of that water.
25	There will be no additional NEPA or CEQA
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analysis. There will be no additional environmental 1 2 analysis for that particular action. This is the one chance that you really want to focus on that one 3 4 in this document. 5 You guys have probably flipped through your 6 executive summaries looking for the preferred 7 alternative. You may have noticed that there is not 8 one in there. We felt that it was important to get 9 public input and public feedback on the different 10 alternatives on the mitigation measures, on the impacts in the document before we selected a 11 12 preferred alternative. 13 If you anticipate using comments and the 14 information that we receive from the public during this public process, this public review process, to 15 help us select the preferred alternative. We do 16 anticipate to have a preferred alternative in the 17 18 final document. 19 With that, Kevin from the Department of Water 20Resources is going to give you an overview of the 21 alternatives, and I will follow up at the end 22 talking about the comment process. 23 MR. FAULKENBERRY: Good afternoon, 24 everybody. My name is Kevin Faulkenberry. I work 25 for the Department of Water Resources. I am the

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chief of the South Central Region office. 1 I've 2 spent some years working on the program. I used to 3 be the program manager, and now that duty has been 4 passed on to Paul Romero who is in the audience 5 today with you guys. 6 Primarily, I have been working on the program 7 for sometime, so I am familiar with a lot of the aspects of it. So today I get elected to give you 8 9 guys a presentation. I am going to go over an 10 overview of the alternatives. They are basically one no action alternative and six action 11 12alternatives; and I will give you the basics of 13 those. 14 This is really important. The document is 15 pretty complicated and understanding each of the alternatives and how they are broken up in the 16 17 document and what is the significance of each of the alternatives. Very important in understanding. 18 First of all, I'll start out explaining that 19 all of the alternatives seek to implement the 20 settlement and are consistent with Public Law 21 22 111-11; and all the alternatives include 23 implementing improvements to channel structures to 24 convey flows and provide fish passage and habitat 25 for the restoration area and modifications to Friant 14

1	Dam operations to release interim restoration flows
2	as well as the reintroduction of spring-run and
3	fall-run Chinook salmon, as well as recapture
4	recirculation, reuse, exchange and transfer interim
5	and restoration flows.
6	Some of the common project level actions
7	contained within the document include modifications
8	to Friant Dam operations to release interim and
9	restoration flows. Being careful to avoid or reduce
10	increases in flood risks as a result of restoration
11	releases, as well as being careful to make sure we
12	convey interim and restoration flows downstream
13	through the system, and also implementing short-term
14	and long-term physical monitoring and management
15	plans within the document.
16	We also are working on recapturing interim and
17	restoration flows in the restoration area at Mendota
18	Pool and wildlife refugees in the Delta and at
19	existing CVP and State Water Project facilities. We
20	are also at the same time implementing the recovered
21	water account for the program, the program for the
22	project. The PEIS/R provides a complete NEPA and
23	CEQA compliance for these actions, as well as
24	support for Reclamation's request to the State Board
25	to modify their water rights at Friant Dam.

Some of the program level actions, program 1 level restoration actions, within the document 2 include the restoration of spring-run and fall-run 3 Chinook salmon, as well as recirculating, recaptured 4 and interim restoration flows and improved channel 5 improvements, channel structural improvements, 6 7 convey flows and fish passage and habitat. Some of these include construction of Mendota Pool Bypass 8 9 and modifications of Reach B, 2B, to convey at least 10 4,500 cfs and the modifications to Reach 4B1 to 11 convey 475 cfs. Also including some modifications 12 to San Joaquin River headgate structure to enable 13 flow routing to Reach 4B1. 14 Additionally, some other ones include the 15 deployment of seasonal barriers at Mud and Salt 16 Sloughs, as well as filling an isolation of some of the highest gravel pits within the restoration area. 17 Continuing along those lines, there are some 18 additional structural actions, channel and 19 structural actions, probably focusing more on the 20 21 fish habitat, enhancement of spawning gravel and 22 prevent potential for redd and superimposition of 23 and/or hybridization within the spawning areas. Additionally, enhancement of in-channel habitat and 24 the reduction for aquatic predation with the 25

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juvenile salmonids, which has more to do with the
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2
   gravel pits and some of the other things in the
 3
    area.
          Other actions in there also include
 4
5
    implementation of long-term management actions under
 6
    the physical, monitoring and management plan.
7
         Here is the -- we are going to look at each of
   the alternatives and give you a little brief
8
   description so you can tell the difference between
9
10
   one alternative and the other. Basically, the other
    components I discussed are things that are
11
   overarching that include all the alternatives, but
12
13
    in this way we are talking about the first no-action
14
   alternative and then the six action alternatives, in
15
   B, broken up into two ways. How are the flows
16
   routed through Reach 4B1, for starters.
17
          A1, B1 and C1 all have at least 475 cfs in
18
   Reach 4B1. And then A2, B2 and C2 have at least
19
    4,500 cfs. In Reach 4B1, where the water recaptured
20
    in addition to the areas that were mentioned before
21
   would be for A1 and A2, would be a Delta recapture
22
   would be added on top of that. And then for B1 and
23
   B2 we would add on the San Joaquin River recapture.
24
   And for C1 and C2 we add on a new pumping plant for
25
   recapture.
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1	Now we're going to begin to go over each one of
2	the alternatives separately, giving them a little
3	more detail. At this point you've seen most of the
4	information that covers them, but now we're kind of
5	summarizing that for you.
6	In alternatives A1 and A2, this is going over
7	the basic bullets, all common program and project
8	level actions, which we've already reviewed.
9	Conveyance of at least 475 cfs at Reach 4B1 for
10	remaining interim and restoration flows going
11	through the eastside of Mariposa Bypasses.
12	Potential recapture of interim restoration flows in
13	the restoration area and the Delta, using existing
14	facilities.
15	Now A2 is the same as A1, except that we have
16	at least 4,500 cfs in Reach 4B1.
17	Now reaches or alternatives, sorry, 4B1 how
18	about B1 and B2 still have all the same common
19	actions as the other two, except that now in
20	addition to having 475 cfs in Reach 4B1, we have the
21	potential of recapture of interim and restoration
22	flows not only in the restoration area, the Delta
23	and along the additionally, along the San Joaquin
24	River between the Merced River and the Delta, using
25	existing facilities. So we added on one more place
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1 where we can pull water out. 2 Reach 4B2 is the same as 4B1 except that we have at least 4,500 cfs at Reach 4B1. 3 Now the final two alternatives are 4 5 included, C1 and C2. Again, C1 includes all of the program level actions and conveyance of at least 6 7 475, with the remaining flows through Eastside 8 Bypass and Mariposa Bypass. The difference here again is we are adding another area where we can --9 we have potential for recapture of interim and 10 11 restoration flows. Starting with the restoration area, Delta using existing facilities. Along the 12 13 San Joaquin River between the Merced River and the Delta using existing facilities, and now we've added 14 15 the potential for a new pumping plant on the San Joaquin River below the confluence of the Merced 16 17 River. And like in the other alternative, C2 is the same as C1 except that we have potential for 4,500 18 19 cfs in Reach 4B1. 20 That concludes the explanation of 21 alternatives. Again, when you're reviewing these, there are very important distinctions. The kind of 22 23 document is complicated. So having that basis of 24 understanding when you're reviewing them is 25 important when trying to separate alternatives.

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Now I'll go back to Aly and she can finish up. 1 MS. FORSYTHE: Commenting on the draft 2 document. Public participation is an essential 3 component of the environmental review process. It 4 5 is -- NEPA and CEQA require that we evaluate and 6 provide written response to comments received during 7 the public review of the draft document. Your comments would be very helpful if your comment 8 focuses on the sufficiency of the document. 9 10 Primarily, the alternatives in analyzing and identifying possible impacts and also the adequacy 11 12 of the mitigation measures. The more detailed and 13 specific your comments are, the better it is for us 14 in making sure we can address your comment in the 15 final document, both potentially adding or modifying 16 alternatives, modifying impacts or potentially adding or modifying mitigation measures. 17 Verv 18 detailed, specific comments are very helpful to make 19 sure we can understand where you are going and what 20 your thoughts are. We started with a 60-day public comment 21 22 process or public comment period. We extended that 23 30 days upon request. So comments are now due July 24 21st. We anticipate to release the final document 25 in early 2012. The final will include responses to

20

1	comments that we receive on the draft, along with
2	changes, if any are necessary to the draft document.
3	And then we will identify the preferred alternative
4	in the final document.
5	We will be looking to sign the Record of
6	Decision, the federal component to this process, in
7	early 2012, after release of the final. The state
8	will also be looking to sign the Notice of
9	Determination after release of the final. The
10	Record of Decision and Notice of Determination are
11	the final decision documents in identifying how we
12	look forward to implementation of the settlement.
13	So quick reminder. You can provide verbal
14	comments today at the hearing process which Patti
15	will describe in just a second. You can leave your
16	written comment with us today also, inputting them
17	in the comment boxes over here on your left. If you
18	would like to take some more time to look through
19	the document and provide more detail comments, you
20	can send these to either Michelle or Fran at the
21	addresses on the screen. Hard copy in the mail,
22	E-mail, fax. Anything is fine. You can send them
23	to Reclamation or DWR, or both of us. Either way it
24	will get to us.
25	And just a reminder. Your comments are due on
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1	July 21st of this year. So with that, I'm going to
2	turn you over to Patti. She's going to talk about
3	the rest of our meeting for this afternoon.
4	MS. RANSDELL: Thank you, Aly. It is 2:00
5	now by my watch. So we are going to break up into
6	the open house for 50 minutes. We will reconvene at
7	2:50 for the formal public hearing process, where
8	Pete Lucero will walk you through how to provide
9	written comments. If you didn't pick up a speaker
10	card when you came in and you would like to give us
11	verbal comments, please pick up a card. We have
12	some over here at the comment table. Fill it out
13	and drop it in the basket. We will make sure you
14	get a chance to provide us with your comments
15	So the open house begins now.
16	(Break taken for open house session.)
17	MS. RANSDELL: It is now time to reconvene
18	the group, and we are going to enter into the public
19	hearing phase where you can give your verbal
20	comments. We have one speaker card so far. If
21	there are other folks in here that want to speak,
22	please take your speaker card up to Pete Lucero up
23	here at the speaker table.
24	Thank you.
25	MR. LUCERO: Good afternoon. I would like
	22

1	to welcome everybody to the public hearing on the
2	San Joaquin Restoration Program Draft Program
3	Environmental Impact Statement and Environmental
4	Impact Report. This is one of four hearings, the
5	last of four hearings, to be held in accordance with
6	the National Environmental Policy Act and California
7	Environmental Quality Act. My name is Pete Lucero.
8	I am the public affairs officer for the Bureau of
9	Reclamation's Mid-Pacific Region, and I will be the
10	hearing officer today. A court reporter is here to
11	take, to record the proceedings.
12	As it stands right now, I have one card. We
13	have a one-hour public hearing. We are required to
14	be in session for one hour; actually, to be here for
15	one hour for the public meeting. If we only have
16	the one card and one speaker today, after I finish
17	with this speaker finishes his comments and we
18	have no other comments, we will suspend for the rest
19	of the time and then we will reconvene at the end of
20	an hour to basically go off the record and adjourn
21	the public hearing.
22	So if anyone still wants to have an opportunity
23	to give us a comment, please bring a card up to me.
24	Today he are accepting verbal and written comments
25	in the Draft PEIS/R. And to provide verbal
-	23

1	comments, you should have completed a speaker's
2	card. If you have not completed one, please do that
3	now and provide it to me. Otherwise you can also
4	provide written comments today, and you can use this
5	sheet here. And I believe they are located over
6	there on that table, and you can fill that out and
7	submit that into the comment box.
8	If you have comments, extended comments that
9	won't fit within the time frame we have for
10	discussion, please submit those separately along
11	with your comment card into the box and they will
12	get equal consideration.
13	I want to take a moment to just explain what
14	happens next in the process. All the comments will
15	be reviewed and responses to comments will be
16	prepared. Assuming all major issues can be
17	addressed, a final PEIS and PEIR will be prepared
18	and will include responses to the comments. The
19	final PEIS/PEIR will be available for a 30-day
20	period, after which Reclamation and Department of
21	Water Resources will make a decision on the project.
22	Reclamation will prepare a Record of Decision
23	to document that decision; and the Department of
24	Water Resources will prepare findings and a Notice
25	of Determination.

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So we will go ahead and begin with the public 1 2 comment period. I would like to find out first if there are any elected officials in the room so we 3 can give them first crack at the comments? 4 5 If not, then we will proceed. 6 Mr. Miyamoto, you are first up, and apparently 7 last up. 8 MR. MIYAMOTO: I just have some very brief comments. My name is Joe Miyamoto with East Bay EBMUD2-SA--19 Municipal Utility District. And I want to thank you 10 11 for the opportunity to provide public comments, and we will follow up with a comment letter before the 12 due date. 13 14 And my comments today are focused on the Delta recapture of restoration flows at the Banks and 15 Jones pumping plants and the effect of the flow 16 patterns and how they may affect fish that are 17 migrating through the Central Delta and might be 18 affected by increases in pumping rates for reverse 19 flows along the Middle River. 20 21 And so we have management of salmon and 22 steelhead in the Mokelumne River which uses the 23 Central Delta as a migratory pathway. So anytime there is increases in reverse flows in the south 24 25 part of the Delta, there is potential for increasing

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1	the entrainment.
contd. 2 EBMUD2-SA-1	The PEIS approach seems to look at the
3	increase in San Joaquin restoration flows coming
4	into the Delta and then concludes that those would
5	keep fish from entering the South Delta and becoming
6	entrained. But I think what we would want to know
7	and suggest that the PEIS conduct an analysis of the
8	entrainment risk for fish, not only from the San
9	Joaquin but from other parts of the Delta watershed,
10	such as the Mokelumne River, since they are relying
11	on migrating through the Delta and could be
12	potentially affected.
EBMUD2-SA-2 13	And so while the ratio is one thing to look
14	at, there may be more direct measures to assess
15	risk. I know that there is figures that show
16	increases in reverse flows in Old and Middle River
17	and, for example, March is a year where those
18	reverse flows increase. And so that is also an
19	important time period for steelhead outmigration.
20	And so we want the PEIS to address potential risk to
21	juvenile steelhead during that time.
EBMUD2-SA-3 22	And then for the routing of the San Joaquin
23	River flows, in addition we would like to see a
24	little more detail in terms of how those flows would
25	be routed so we can understand how fish could be
\downarrow	
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contd. 1 EBMUD2-SA-3	kept out of Old and Middle Rivers. Also, the source
2	of the water that would be exported at the pumps.
3	We know some San Joaquin River flows obviously will
4	be exported, and that is really the targeted flows,
5	but there will be other flows that would be pumped
6	out of the Delta. So we would like to see some
7	analysis to understand potential risk to salmon and
8	steelhead from other watersheds, besides the San
9	Joaquin, from increasing pumping or reverse flows.
10	And maybe some other approaches have been looked at,
11	to look at relationships between reverse flows in
12	Old and Middle River and projected fish south rates
13	or kinds of water exports and projected salvaging
14	rates. These seem to be more direct approaches
15	compared to a ratio of inflows to combined reverse
16	flows in Old and Middle Rivers.
EBMUD2-SA-4 17	And I guess the last thing would be when the
18	monitoring and evaluation program is developed and
19	implemented, I would hope that you would incorporate
20	some fish from other parts of the Delta watershed,
21	basically from the Mokelumne, and telemetry studies
22	so we can gain a better understanding of what the
23	project impacts are on those salmonids.
24	That concludes my comments. Again, we will
25	follow up with a comment letter before the deadline.
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1 Thank you. MR. LUCERO: Thank you, Mr. Miyamoto. 2 3 Is there anyone else who would like to make comments this afternoon? 4 5 Anyone? Anyone? 6 Okay. I tell you what we will do. We have 7 about 55 minutes left in our public hearing, and we 8 will go into recess right now. And at the end of 9 that 55 minutes, we will come back on the record to 10 adjourn. If anyone feels that they would like to 11 make a comment verbally between now and then, just 12 let me know and we will go back on the record and 13 allow you to make your comment and then recess again unless others are in line to make comment. 14 15 With that, we are in recess. 16 Thank you. 17 (Break taken.) 18 MR. LUCERO: Thank you for attending 19 today's public hearing. With no one desiring to 20 speak longer, we will adjourn. 21 Thank you. 22 (Public hearing concluded at 3:35 p.m.) 23 -----24 25

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1
                    REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
 2
 3
 4
   STATE OF CALIFORNIA
                                   j
                                        ss.
 5
   COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO
 6
 7
         I, ESTHER F. SCHWARTZ, certify that I was the
 8
 9
   official Court Reporter for the proceedings named
   herein, and that as such reporter, I reported in
10
   verbatim shorthand writing those proceedings;
11
         That I thereafter caused my shorthand writing
12
   to be reduced to printed format, and the pages
13
   numbered 3 through 28 herein constitute a complete,
14
   true and correct record of the proceedings.
15
16
17
         IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed this
   certificate at Sacramento, California, on this 27th
18
   day of May, 2011.
19
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23
                               ESTHER F. SCHWARTZ
24
                               CSR NO. 1564
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Responses to Comments from Joe Miyamoto, Provided on Behalf of East Bay Municipal Utility District

EBMUD2-SA-1: The operational modeling conducted in support of the Draft PEIS/R analyses was sufficient to support the qualitative evaluation of potential impacts to fish in the Delta, including salmonids, as described in Chapter 5.0, "Biological Resources – Fisheries," of the Draft PEIS/R. As described on page 5-63 of the Draft PEIS/R, the action alternatives are expected to affect distributions of Delta fish and, thus, the environmental conditions to which they are exposed. Within the Delta, fish distributions would be most directly affected by the program alternatives in the south Delta because changes in both San Joaquin River flow and diversions at Jones and Banks pumping plants would occur in the south Delta. Therefore, the qualitative analysis of potential impacts to fish in the Delta focuses on the south Delta.

As described on pages 5-101 through 5-104 of the Draft PEIS/R, increased reverse flows in upper Old and Middle rivers and higher levels of pumping to recapture the increased inflow would potentially increase entrainment and predation risks and delay migration for fish, including fish originating from the central Delta. These impacts are addressed through evaluation of the south Delta where fish impacts would be greatest. As described in FSH-35 (page 5-101) and FSH-39 (page 5-107), it is anticipated that the increased San Joaquin River inflow due to Interim and Restoration flows would offset the impact by reducing the number of fish that are likely to migrate through the south Delta, resulting in a less-than-significant impact. When impacts to special-status fish species from pumping threaten to exceed the limits set by the USFWS 2008 CVP/SWP Operations BO and the NMFS 2009 CVP/SWP Operations BO (2009a) or other regulations in effect at the time, Reclamation would implement actions to reduce pumping and/or inflow.

Accordingly, the qualitative analysis of potential impacts to fish in the Delta largely focuses on relative changes in exports, San Joaquin River inflows, and Old and Middle river reverse flows, similar to the discussions presented in the comment, as well as X2 position. This includes analysis of changes in:

- Water temperatures and dissolved oxygen concentrations (Impact FSH-31 beginning on page 5-98)
- Pollutant discharge and mobilization (Impact FSH-32 on page 5-100)
- Sediment discharge and turbidity (Impact FSH-33 beginning on page 5-100)
- Fish habitat conditions (Impact FSH-34 on page 5-101)
- Diversions and entrainment (Impact FSH-35 beginning on page 5-101)
- Predation levels (Impact FSH-36 beginning on page 5-104)
- Food web support (Impact FSH-37 beginning on page 5-106)
- Salinity (Impact FSH-37 on page 5-107)

• Inflow and flow patterns (Impact FSH-39 beginning on page 5-107)

While the simulated system operations serve as a sufficient representation of expected system response to allow evaluation of potential impacts in the Draft PEIS/R, the simulations do not represent interior Delta operations with sufficient detail and certainty to support a more detailed analysis of Delta flow or water sources, or particle tracking modeling. More importantly, more detailed Delta flow, water source, and/or particle tracking modeling is not necessary to support the evaluation of impacts of the alternatives on fish in the Delta, as discussed above.

Reclamation is in the process of developing a Recapture and Recirculation Plan, pursuant to Paragraph 16 of the Settlement, in consultation with the Settling Parties, Third Parties, and the State, and will conduct a subsequent site-specific evaluation of implementing the Recapture and Recirculation Plan, in compliance with NEPA and CEQA, as appropriate. The Draft PEIS/R provides a description and analysis of the recapture of Interim and Restoration flows at a project level of detail and recirculation of recaptured flows at a program level of detail. Consistent with the purpose of the PEIS/R, as described in Section 1.2, "Purpose and Uses of PEIS/R," in the Draft PEIS/R, all subsequent site-specific evaluations, including the evaluation of recapture and recirculation, will be developed based in part on the information presented in the PEIS/R.

Text has not been revised.

EBMUD2-SA-2: Impacts to steelhead with respect to Delta flows are defined in Impact FSH-35, on page 5-101 of the Draft PEIS/R. See also response to comment EBMUD2-SA-1 for additional detail regarding the analyses of increased risk of entrainment in the Delta, and the basis for and level of detail in modeling conducted in support of these analyses. Text has not been revised.

EBMUD2-SA-3: The analysis of potential impacts related to entrainment in the Delta is based on the best information available at the time the assessment was developed. As described in greater detail in response to comment EBMUD2-SA-1, the CalSim-II simulated system operations serve as a sufficient representation of expected system response to allow evaluation of potential impacts in the Draft PEIS/R. However, the simulations do not represent interior Delta operations with sufficient detail and certainty to support a more detailed analysis of Delta flow or water sources, or the application of particle tracking modeling. The CalSim-II modeling output did support the application of DSM2, a hydrodynamic model of the Delta that provides mean monthly flow and salinity values for locations within the Delta at a level of detail and certainty consistent with that of the CalSim-II output. See response to comment EBMUD2-SA-1 for additional information relevant to this comment. Text has not been revised.

EBMUD2-SA-4: The SJRRP management process involves a broad range of strategies to guide implementation of the Settlement consistent with the Act and incorporate a continuously growing set of historical data, specifically through the Interim Flows program, which facilitates collection of information, including water temperature. Data collected during the release and recapture of Interim Flows will be compiled annually

into the Annual Technical Report, which presents the results of analyses performed using those data, and identifies information needs. These data help to provide more specific information on the scope and magnitude of water temperature changes, and informs adaptive management of implementation that would include reducing adverse effects on aquatic habitats and species, if any. The Annual Technical Report is published each year at www.restoresjr.net. Text has not been revised.

3.11.4 Transcript of Visalia, California Public Hearing – May 24, 2011

This transcript was prepared for you by: Fresno Court Reporters & Legal Videography SAN JOAQUIN RIVER RESTORATION PROGRAM DRAFT PROGRAM ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT/REPORT PUBLIC HEARING -000-MAY 24, 2011 VISALIA, CALIFORNIA Reported by: Andrea G. Banks, CSR No. 13479

San Joaquin River Restoration Program - Fresno 559-224-9700

Program Environmental Impact Statement/Report

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San Joaquin River Restoration Program - Fresno 559-224-9700

1	SAN JOAQUIN RIVER RESTORATION PROGRAM
2	-000-
3	SPEAKER RANSDELL: We're going to get started
4	here. Thank you for coming out today. My name is
5	Patty Ransdell and I'll be helping facilitate this
6	public hearing today. This is the first of four
7	identical public hearings for the San Joaquin River
8	Restoration Programs Draft Environmental Impact
9	Statement and Environmental Impact Report.
10	I just want to go over the meeting format with
11	you. But first, quick housekeeping; the restroom
12	facilities are just outside the door on the right, if
13	you haven't already noticed them when you walked in and
14	signed in. If you didn't sign in and think you should,
15	please do before you leave. We would appreciate it.
16	We have speaker cards that you would have
17	picked up at the registration table. If you would like
18	to speak during the oral portion of this hearing,
19	please make sure you fill this out. And there's a
20	basket on the table, drop it in there and we will make
21	sure we get this going.
22	The meeting can everyone hear okay? Okay.
23	The meeting format, we're going to have a brief
24	presentation on providing you with a history of the
25	Restoration Program and an overview of the
	Page 3

This transcript was prepared for you by: Fresno Court Reporters & Legal Videography environmental document. The presentation is going to 1 be delivered by Alicia Forsythe with Reclamation and 2 Kevin Faulkenberry with the California Department of 3 Water Resources. 4 And we're going to break into a short open 5 house where we have subject matter experts that will be 6 around the room. You see, we have stations set up, and 7 they can answer your specific questions. We're going 8 9 to ask that you hold questions during the presentation. We want to make sure that the appropriate people are 10 11 available for you to ask your specific questions. After the brief open house, we're going to reconvene 12 into the formal public hearing. 13 We have a court reporter over here as you can 14 15 see and she will be taking an oral record of all oral 16 comments. We also have a comment station in the back. If you would like to provide us with written comments, 17 18 we have comment cards there you can fill out and drop in the box or ultimately take them home and mail them 19 20 back. They have an address on the back you can mail 21 them to. 22 And I think we're ready. Oh, also, we do have 23 copies of the executive summary over at this table, 24 here at station one, if you didn't get one and would 25 like one. And I think that I am ready to turn this Page 4

over to Alicia and Kevin. 1 SPEAKER FORSYTHE: All right. Thanks Patty. 2 I'm Allie Forsythe. I'm the program manager for the 3 4 San Joaquin River Restoration Program. A quick overview of our presentation here 5 today. We're going to talk about the settlement, the 6 history of the settlement, goals in the settlement 7 along with major milestones. We're going to talk about 8 the environmental review process that we're going 9 through right now. And then, from there we're going to 10 talk about alternatives that are in the draft document 11 you have before you. And then talk about the public 12 comment process and where we're going with public 13 comments. 14 So overview of the settlements. And a little 15 bit of history here, in 1942 Reclamation completed the 16 construction of Friant Dam on the San Joaquin River 17 near Fresno. In 1988 the Bureau of Reclamation was 18 sued on it's renewal of a long term contract from the 19 Friant Distribution. That lawsuit went on about 18 20 years. There were a series of judgments during that 21 time. The most significant of which happened in 2004 22 23 when the Federal Government ruled that Reclamation had 24 violated California Fish and Game Code. 25 2005 all the parties to the litigation began a Page 5

1	second round of negotiations on a settlement and a
2	settlement was reached in 2006. And then, in 2009
3	Congress passed a Public Law 111-11 and the
4	secretary or excuse me the President signed it
5	into law. And the it requires the secretary or
6	it directs the Secretary to implement the settlement.
7	So the settlement has two goals. The first is
8	the restoration goal that really mimics that Fish and
9	Game Code. So it's to restore, maintain fish
10	populations in good condition in the main stem of the
11	San Joaquin River and for naturally reproducing and
12	self-sustaining salmon and other fish.
13	The second goal is the water management goal,
14	which is to reduce or avoid adverse water supply impact
15	to the Friant water users or the Friant division
16	long-term contractors that may result from the
17	settlement.
18	Those goals are I call them the first and
19	second, but there is no priority between those two
20	goals. There's the settling parties include about
21	14 environmental organizations primarily led by the
22	National Resource Defense Counsel, the Friant Water
23	Authority, and the member districts, along with some of
24	the separate Friant contractors and also the Federal
25	Government, the Department of the Interior throughout
	Page 6

1	the Bureau Reclamation, and the Fish and Wildlife
2	Service and the Department of Commerce through National
3	Fishery Services.
4	The agencies that are actually implementing
5	the settlement are those three federal agencies,
6	Reclamation Fish and Wildlife Service, along with the
7	State of California Department of Water Resources and
8	Department of Fish and Game.
9	The settlement also set up a unique a
10	unique role for what we call restoration administer.
11	It is an outside individual that provides
12	recommendations to the Secretary of the Interior on
13	certain key points of how to implement a settlement.
14	So major milestones for implementing the
15	settlement, in 2006 we began working on planning
16	environmental design to implement the settlement. In
17	2009 we began our first interim close, down the river
18	to our initial release and San Joaquin.
19	Earlier this year in April we released that
20	draft program document that we're here today taking
21	about. We hope to have our final draft done in early
22	'12, 2012, along with the record of decision and those
23	of determinations shortly thereafter.
24	In late 2012 the settlement directs us to
25	introduce salmon into the river settlement. And then
	Page 7

in 2013 we are to begin our -- we are to 1 2 complete -- excuse me -- our channel, our first face of 3 channel structural improvement project. And in 2014 we are to begin initiating restoration flows. 4 5 Now, some of you guys have been tracking the settlement and know there are a few projects, a few of 6 the key channel structural improvement projects, that 7 are behind schedule. Some of the those projects may be 8 necessary. Some of those projects may be necessary for 9 the reintroduction of fish into the San Joaquin River 10 Channel. So we are working with the parties to the 11 settlement at this time to reevaluate the schedule in 12 terms of where we are today and what the future may 13 look like for implementing the settlement. 14 There are a few key funding resources that's 15 were outlined in the settlement and the public law to 16 fund implementation to the settlement. Those include 17 18 water sales, so sales of water through the Friant surcharge through the recovered water accounts, and 19 also through the CVPIA restoration funds. 20 Friant is also -- we also worked to -- to 21 22 reform some of the Friant contracts into what we call 23 repayment contracts, which allows Friant to repay the 24 capital of the project and that money goes towards implementing the settlement also. We have up to 300 25 Page 8

1	million in federal appropriations along with up to 200
2	million that the State had committed in bond funds.
3	So we look at a wide study area in the program
4	document. The settlement has the potential to have
5	some far reaching effects when we implement both
6	restoration and the water management goal.
7	So we looked up the San Joaquin River upstream
8	to Friant Dam and how the reservoir helps within the
9	reservoirs. From Friant to the Merced River Compost
10	where we anticipate most our construction projects and
11	river channel. We've looked from the Merced River down
12	to the Delta where we can be changing flows in those
13	lower regions. We've also looked within the Delta
14	itself.
15	So in the program document that we're here to
16	talk about tonight, we look at a wide study area
17	because the settlement does have potential to have some
18	far reaching effects. We look from the San Joaquin
19	River, upstream of Friant Dam. So what's going to
20	happen in Millerton Reservoir and up stream there. We
21	look from Friant Dam to the Merced River Complex as we
22	rewrite that channel, what's going to happen to the
23	river channel there. We look from Merced to the Delta,
24	and in the Delta itself. As we increase flows down the
25	San Joaquin River, that water will move down to the
	Page 9

1	Delta. We're going to try to pick some of that up and
2	bring that back to the Friant water users. So we
3	analyze that area in our document.
4	The also analyze the CVP and State water
5	project contractor service areas. So we look at a good
6	portion of California to make sure that we're covering
7	all the impacts written within the restoration. So
8	within the area from Merced down to the Friant
9	compound, we've broken that down into five separate
10	reaches, which you'll see in your document. We look at
11	each Reach, the changes and the impacts within those
12	reaches and then we also look at the flood control
13	system. The east side of Mariposa bypasses.
14	So the NEPA/CEQA review process, Reclamation
15	is the lead agency for the document under the National
16	Environmental Policy Act, so the federal law. The
17	Department of Water Resources is the lead agency under
18	the California Environmental Quality Act.
19	We began preparing the document in 2007
20	through public scoping at that time. And the purpose
21	of CEQA is to analyze and disclose the impacts of the
22	project, which in our case is implementing settlements
23	on the human and natural environment. We really want
24	to get information out there so that you as the public,
25	and agencies who will need to give us authorizations
	Page 10

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1	and permits to implement the settlement, understand
2	what they're what's going to happen as an open and
3	transparent process.
4	They understand the process and what we're
5	looking at, along with the mitigation measures we've
6	committed to. It also provides a technically sound
7	information to decision makers as we move forward in
8	implementing the settlement. So we all the idea is
9	that we all have a common basis and understanding of
10	the impacts and mitigation measures we're committing to
11	as we implement the settlement.
12	So the Draft Program document looks at a
13	variety of resource areas. We look at everything from
14	air quality to flood management, groundwater, socio
15	economics, cultural resources. There's a whole slew of
16	research areas that we look at in the document.
17	After we're done with the presentation and we
18	have the breakout session, there will be technical
19	experts that can talk to you about the analysis for
20	each of these resource areas if you have specific
21	questions on resource areas.
22	So in the document, we look at two levels of
23	analysis. We look at a program level analysis for the
24	future construction projects. These are the projects
25	that we don't know a lot of detail on. We know that
	Page 11

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    they will happen sometime in the future and we
 1
 2
    anticipate they will happen sometimes in the future.
    We just don't know exactly what is going to happen,
 3
 4
    where those levies are going to be. So we look at
    those at our program level. It provides a broad
 5
    overview of the impacts and mitigation measures that
 6
    will be needed for those projects.
 7
             We will be back out doing another public
 8
    review and public input process as we are going to
 9
    implement these future projects. But the program
10
    document does provide the framework for these, so it
11
    looks at measures that we would incorporate into these
12
13
     future documents.
             We also have a project level analysis in the
14
   document. We look primarily at our changes in
15
    operation at Friant Dam, our increase in flow down the
16
    river at a project level analysis. So this will
17
    be -- this is the detailed site specific analysis. It
18
    will be the one and only document that looks at our
19
    changes at Friant Dam and moving this water down the
20
    San Joaquin River.
21
22
             As your flipping through your executive
23 summaries you probably notice that we have an
24
   identified preferred alternatives alternative in the
25
    document. We felt it would be best to identify that in
                                                          Page 12
```

1	the final after we've gotten all the input and public
2	comments back on the document, to make sure we really
3	understand the impacts, we really understand the
4	mitigation measure and see where we're going within the
5	settlement. So we do anticipate to have a specific
6	alternative identified in the final based on your
7	comments and review.
8	And with that, I'm going to hand the mic over
9	to Kevin Faulkenberry from the Department of Water
10	Resources. He's going to give an overview of
11	alternatives and we will talk about the comment
12	process.
13	SPEAKER FAULKENBERRY: Thank you. My name is
14	Kevin Faulkenberry. I work for the Department of Water
15	Resources. I am the chief of the south central
16	regional office, I help run the program. And
17	previously I was a program manager, but that's changed
18	since I changed roles. But I still work in the
19	program.
20	We're going to start we're going to give
21	you an overview of six action alternatives and no
22	action alternative. But the information we're going to
23	give you right now is the overview alternatives. And
24	then we will start to go through and explain each in a
25	little more detail, at least what the differences are
	Page 13

between the two so you have a better understanding of 1 what each one of the alternatives offer. 2 All of the alternatives seek to implement 3 4 the -- to implement the settlement and be consistent with Public Law 111-11. All of the alternatives 5 include implementing improved channels, construction 6 flows and improve fish passage and habitat through the 7 project area, and modify Friant Dam operations to 8 release interim and restoration flows. We also plan to 9 reintroduce spring-run and fall-run Chinook salmon. As 10 well, as it covers recapture, reuse, exchange and 11 transfer of interim and restoration flows. 12 13 The common project level actions are to, as we said earlier, are modify Friant Dam operations to 14 release interim restoration flows. We want to reduce 15 or avoid increase in flood risk as a result of 16 restoration releases, convey interim and restoration 17 flows down stream, make sure they are getting through 18 the project area, and implement the short-term physical 19 monitoring and management plan actions related to the 20 program. 21 22 We also plan to recapture interim and restoration flows in the restoration area and at 23 24 Mendota pool and wildlife refuges, in the Delta at existing CVP and State water project facilities, and 25 Page 14

1	implement a recovered water account program.
2	The PEIS/R provides that the complete NEPA and
3	CEQA compliance for these actions, as well as it will
4	support Reclamation's request to the State Board to
5	modify the water rights at Friant Dam.
6	The common level restoration actions that are
7	dealt with in the document are to reintroduce
8	spring-run and fall-run Chinook salmon; recirculate
9	recaptured interim and restoration flows, recirculation
10	of improved channel and structures to provide fish
11	passage and habitat.
12	We plan on constructing Mendota Pool Bypass
13	and modify Reach 2B to convey at least 4500 CFS, modify
14	4Bl to convey at least 475 CFS, and modify San Joaquin
15	River Headgate Structure to enable 4B1.
16	We also plan to modify Sand Slough Control
17	Structure to enable fish passage and screen Arroyo
18	Canal to prevent entrainment and provide fish passage
19	at Sack Dam. Modify structures and establish low-flow
20	channel in east side of Mariposa bypasses to provide
21	fish passage. Enable deployment of seasonal barriers
22	at mud and salt sloughs. It also covers modify
23	Chowchilla Bypass bifurcation structures to provide
24	fish passage and prevent entrainment. And we also want
25	to fill in our and/or isolate highest priority gravel
	Page 15

pits. Those will be identified later on in the 1 2 process. Common Program-level Restoration Actions 3 4 continued, we would have additional channel and structural actions, enhanced spawning gravel. Prevent 5 potential -- potential for redd superimposition and/or 6 hybridization. Supplement the salmon population. 7 Modify flood plain and side channel habitat. Enhance 8 in-channel habitat. Reduce potential for aquatic 9 10 predation of juvenile salmonids and reduce potential for fish entrainment. Enable fish passage at 11 12 additional locations. 13 Other actions include implement long-term 14 management actions under the physical monitoring and management plan. 15 Now, the alternatives as I pointed out earlier 16 when we first started, they're basically one no action 17 18 alternative and six action alternatives. And this slide will give you some key -- it helps to define the 19 key differences between the six action alternatives. 20 Basically, the six action alternatives differ 21 22 in two basic ways. The first one is Al, Bl and Cl. 23 All are included in 475 CFS and Reach 4B1. A2 and C2 24 include at least 4500 CFS and Reach 4B1. And, then, 25 the additional difference is where the water is Page 16

1	captured, or recaptured after release. And in Al and
2	A2 there is a Delta recapture. B1 and B2 is San
3	Joaquin capture. And then Cl and C2, we have the new
4	pumping plant recapture.
5	Okay. This is the alternative. Once again
6	with a little more detail, and you'll see a lot of
7	replication as we go through, but it's important for
8	you to understand the difference between these because
9	it's a key to understanding the document and what
10	alternatives we will select later on.
11	The Al alternative includes all common program
12	and project-level actions, which we discussed earlier.
13	Conveyance of at least 475 CFS through Reach 4B1;
14	remaining interim and restoration flows are conveyed
15	through the east side and Mariposa bypasses. The
16	potential for recapture is in the restoration area and
17	the Delta using existing facilities.
18	Okay. An alternative A2 is the same, except
19	that it has a maximum flow of 4B1 or at least 4500 CFS
20	for 4B1.
21	Okay. Alternative Bl and B2 is a it says
22	all common program again, all common program and
23	project level actions, conveyance of at least 475.
24	Remember, it's one of the it's one of the it's
25	the first full one. It's Bl, so it's a 475 to Reach
	Page 17

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1	4Bl. And the difference is that we have we had
2	added on another area where we can possibly put water
3	out, which is additional to the restoration area and
4	Delta using existing facilities, but we also added
5	between the Merced River and the Delta using existing
6	facilities. And again, B2 is the same as B1, except
7	that we could convey at least 4500 CFS through 4B1.
8	Okay. And so we're down to the last two
9	alternatives, which is Cl and C2. Again, all common
10	program and project level actions. We must convey at
11	least 475 to Reach 4B1. Potential recapture of interim
12	and restoration flows, again, in the restoration area,
13	Delta using existing facilities, along the San Joaquin
14	River between the Merced River and the Delta using
15	existing facilities, and additionally at a new pumping
16	plant on the San Joaquin River below the confluence of
17	the Merced River.
18	And, then, the C2 is at everything is the
19	same as Cl, except that in 4Bl you'll have at least
20	4500 CFS.
21	So that concludes the basic difference of the
22	alternatives.
23	SPEAKER FORSYTHE: All right. So those are
24	the alternatives we consider in the program document.
25	The program document is really out there for you to
	Page 18

1	provide comments on and you to provide your
2	recommendation to DWR on the program itself and how we
3	should implement the program. The public participation
4	is an essential process, essential component of the
5	NEPA/CEQA process. It requires that we actually
6	respond in writing to all the comments we receive on
7	the document.
8	Comments it would be very helpful for us if
9	your comments focus on sufficiency of the document and
10	identifying possible impacts along with the adequacy of
11	the mitigation measures. Have we covered everything in
12	the document, have we looked at all the possible
13	impacts, possible mitigation measures, does it make
14	sense, are there things we're missing. Those are the
15	types of comments that are very helpful to us, if your
16	comments can be very specific and very detailed. If we
17	get very general comments it's sometimes very difficult
18	for us to determine how we make changes to the
19	document. But if you're comments are very specific and
20	detailed it becomes much easier and much more clear how
21	we should make changes, what we should incorporate into
22	the document, and tell me how we should address those
23	comments.
24	So the comment period, we started with the
25	60-day public comment period. We have extended that
	Page 19

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upon request for the additional 30 days, so your 1 2 comments are now due July 21st. In moving forward we do anticipate, as I 3 4 mentioned earlier, releasing the final program document in early 2012. That final will include responses to 5 all of the comments that we received on the draft. It 6 will include changes, if any are necessary, to the 7 draft. 8 If for some reason we add an alternative or 9 make mitigation measures or impacts, it will include 10 all of that in the final. It will also include 11 preferred alternative. So your comments will be very 12 helpful in helping us identify and select a preferred 13 alternative that will be included in the final. We do 14 anticipate signing a record of decision for Reclamation 15 and releasing a notice of determination for the State 16 component shortly after release of the final in early 17 18 2012. So just a reminder, we are taking verbal 19 20 comments today for the record during the public hearing portion of this. You can also provide your written 21 comments to us today at the meeting. If you would like 22 to take some time to develop your comments and send 23 those in, you can. Send them to Reclamation or WDR, 24 25 the address provided on the screen here, provided on Page 20

```
your handout. Just don't forget they're due by 5:00
 1
    p.m. on July 21st.
 2
             And with that I'm going to turn it over to
 3
 4
    Patty who's going to describe where we go from here in
    our hearing today.
 5
             SPEAKER RANSDELL: Okay. Thank you Kevin and
 6
    Allie.
 7
             Now, we're going to open up the open house.
 8
    It's going to be a brief open house. So we're going to
9
    have subject matter experts, as I mentioned, around
10
    each of the different stations: the resource area
11
    study, the alternatives and -- excuse me -- the
12
13
   overview.
             After the open house portion we're going to
14
15 reconvene and begin the public hearing -- the official
  public hearing process. We have Pete Lucero over there
16
    with Reclamation. We also have a court reporter that
17
18 will be recording the oral comments. So, please, if
    you would like to speak just fill out the speaker card
19
    and drop it off in the -- at the table in the basket.
20
    And with that, let's open up the open house. Thank
21
22
    you.
23
                 (Break for Open House.)
             SPEAKER RANSDELL: Good morning. Can you all
24
25 take a seat, please. We're going to start
                                                          Page 21
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This transcript was prepared for you by: Fresno Court Reporters & Legal Videography the -- thank you. Good morning, again. We are now 1 going to the first speaker of our meeting. The court 2 3 reporter has requested that speakers just state their first and last name and we will get the proper spelling 4 of your name from the comment speaker card, please. At 5 this point if you haven't turned your speaker card in, 6 7 could you please provide it to Pete here, our formal hearing officer. And I think we're ready to go. 8 HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Okay. Can you hear 9 me okay? 10 11 THE AUDIENCE: Yes. HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Welcome to the public 12 hearing on the San Joaquin River Restoration Programs, 13 Draft Program Environmental Impact Statement and 14 Environmental Report. This is one of the four hearings 15 being held in the requirement -- of the requirements of 16 the National Environmental Policy Act and the 17 18 California Environmental Policy Quality Act -- excuse 19 me. 20 My name is Pete Lucero; I'm the public affairs 21 officer for the Region of Reclamation in Sacramento, the region. I will be serving as the hearing officer 22 23 and the court reporter, of course, will be recording 24 the proceedings. 25 Today we're accepting verbal and written Page 22

1	
1	comments to the draft. To provide verbal comments you
2	should have completed a speaker card, which looks like
3	this, and given it to someone in the front or you can
4	bring it up to me right now. If you have not completed
5	the speaker card and would like to provide comments,
6	please, grab one from the registration table. And if
7	you have already completed one, but you haven't turned
8	it in, please, turn it in now.
9	You may also provide written comments today
10	and the comment cards are over here, fill that out.
11	They're also available at the registration table. And
12	if you're speaking from your written comment card and
13	would like to submit them to us, please, fill out the
14	top portion of the comment card, attach your comments
15	and provide them before you leave. Written comments
16	can be submitted to this hearing or be addressed, faxed
17	or e-mail addressed. Your comments must be received by
18	5:00 p.m. on Thursday, July 21st, 2011. Please be
19	assured that written and verbal comments receive equal
20	consideration.
21	So I want to take a moment to explain what
22	happens next with the process. All of the comments
23	will be reviewed and responses to comments will be
24	prepared. Assuming all major issues can be addressed a
25	final PBIS will be prepared that will include responses
	Page 23

to comments. The final PBIS will be available for a 1 2 30-day review, after which Reclamation and Department of Water Resources will make a decision on the project. 3 4 Reclamation will prepare a record of decision to document that decision. The Department of Water 5 Resources will prepare findings and a notice of 6 determination. 7 Today we will proceed in this matter. I will 8 call speakers to the front in the order in which you 9 turned in your cards. If I call your name and you're 10 not present, you'll be moved to the end of the speaker 11 12 list. Since we have about one person and about one 13 hour to speak, Ron, you have 45 minutes to say what you want to say and then I'm cutting you off. 14 SPEAKER JACOBSMA: Perfect. 15 HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: If you have extensive 16 comments they should also be submitted in writing. 17 When it's your turn, please, approach the microphone, 18 clearly state your name and affiliation. And, please, 19 remember this is a formal hearing and the court 20 21 reporter is recording your comments. Speak clearly so 22 your comments can be captured accurately. 23 I'll be the timekeeper and will indicate when 24 your time is up. Today we have with us Mr. Allen Ishida 25 Page 24

	1	representing District I, the Vice Chair of the Tulare
	2	County Board of Supervisors. And, Mr. Ishida, if
	3	you're interested in speaking first you may come up
	4	now. Welcome.
	5	So we will just proceed in the order in which
	6	we received the cards. Again, if you want to provide
	7	comments, but have not submitted a speaker card, please
	8	go to the registration table now. And now we're ready
	9	to start. So, Ron, please.
	10	SPEAKER JACOBSMA: Can you all hear me okay?
	11	Really I have some questions we're going to be
	12	submitting, probably extensive comments by the July
	13	21st timeframe.
JACO-VI-1	14	But going to the alternatives, it somewhat
	15	strikes me that given all of the challenges we have in
	16	the Delta and recirculating our water, why we would not
	17	keep as many opportunities open as we can as evidence
	18	in Alternative C. So just wanted to make that comment
	19	where we can. Alternative C provides much greater
	20	opportunities.
JACO-VI-2	21	The other question that I have is on the
	22	alternatives funding and other other activities may
	23	delay implementation of the program. And it would seem
	24	like when we move from the 1-series to the 2-series,
\checkmark	25	having to do with registration of the 4B area, is an
		Page 25

San Joaquin River Restoration Program - Fresno 559-224-9700

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This transcript was prepared for you by: Fresno Court Reporters & Legal Videography alternative to transition from one alternative to the 1 JACO-VI-2 cont'd 2 other until those -- those improvements can be made. 3 So in other words, if you do want the two alternatives where you're going to restore the 4B 4 section, but it's ten years down the road because of 5 funding issues, how do you deal with that if that's the 6 preferred alternative? I suspect you're not going to want to shut the river off. 8 So I guess one of the questions I have, is 9 there a transitional period to move from one preferred 10 11 alternative to another? I guess the other comment I would have 12 JACO-VI+3 13 relative to recirculation is: Is this document going 14 to address all the other factors that are make taking place in the Delta? 15 We have obviously lawsuits, biological 16 opinions, we have the State Water Resource Control 17 Board looking at the San Joaquin River Basin Plan, an 18 extention of that with licensing along on the river. 19 20 How are those all going to be incorporated in future contemplations in the Delta? 21 Again, in hopes to get additional flexibility 22 and recirculation, I think those are the primary 23 24 comments I have at this time. 25 HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Thank you. Page 26

	1	Mr. Ishida.
	2	SPEAKER ISHIDA: I changed my mind.
	3	HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Can you please
	4	identify yourself, sir.
TULA-VI-1	5	SPEAKER ISHIDA: My name is Allen Ishida,
	6	Tulare County Board of Supervisors. When the
	7	settlement went through, the eight counties responded
	8	with a comment about the restoration and the
	9	settlement. And I imagine that several of the counties
	10	will respond from the Board of Supervisors level and we
	11	will be I will be meeting with Ron and my different
	12	district manager's and formulate a response. So and
	13	I'm sure that some of the other counties will also.
	14	Thank you.
	15	HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Thank you, sir. I
	16	have no more cards in front of me. So does anyone else
	17	want to stand up and make a presentation or comment?
	18	Okay. With that, what we will do right now is
	19	we will suspend the public hearing until one hour or
	20	about 45 minutes from now. We will reconvene and if
	21	anyone decides they want to speak, let me know, we will
	22	open up the record again. We'll go back on record, you
	23	can make your comment and then we will shut down again
	24	until someone else decides. We remain in the suspended
	25	public hearing for one hour. With that with that
		Page 27

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1	we'll shut down right now and suspend at this moment.
2	(Whereupon, the public hearing was
3	suspended.)
4	HEARING OFFICER LUCERO: Back on record. Is
5	there anybody who still wants to make a comment today?
6	Okay. Then, on behalf of the Bureau of
7	Department of Water Resources, I would like to thank
8	you for taking the time to attend this hearing. Please
9	provide your comments. And remember, if you plan to
10	provide written comments they must be received by 5:00
11	p.m., Thursday, July 21st.
12	This closes the hearing on the San Joaquin
13	River Restoration Program Draft PEIS. Thank you.
14	(Whereupon, the meeting concluded at
15	approximately 12:03 p.m.)
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA )
 1
                             33
    COUNTY OF TULARE
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                         )
 3
          I, ANDREA G. BANKS, a Certified Shorthand Reporter
 4
 5
     in and for the State of California, do hereby certify:
          That the foregoing proceedings were taken at the
 6
 7
     time and place herein set forth; that any witnesses in
    the foregoing proceedings, prior to testifying, were
 8
    duly sworn; that a record of the proceedings was made
 9
    by me using machine shorthand which was thereafter
10
    transcribed under my direction; that the foregoing
11
     transcript is a true record of the testimony given.
12
          Further, that if the foregoing pertains to the
13
   original transcript of a deposition in a Federal Case,
14
    before completion of the proceedings, review of the
15
    transcript [ ] was [ ] was not requested.
16
          I further certify that I am neither financially
17
   interested in the action nor a relative or employee of
18
    any attorney or party to this action.
19
         IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have this date subscribed my
20
21
    name.
22
    Dated:
23
                   ANDREA G. BANKS, CSR NO. 13479
24
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Responses to Comments from Ron Jacobsma, Provided on Behalf of Friant Water Authority

JACO-VI-1: Comment noted. As described in Section 1.5, "Preferred Alternative," of this Final PEIS/R, Reclamation has identified Alternative C1 as the preferred alternative. Text has not been revised.

JACO-VI-2: As described in MCR-2, "SJRRP Funding Availability, Sources, and Cost Estimates," in Chapter 2.0, "Master Comment Responses," of this Final PEIS/R, the Settling Parties have also recently developed a Third-Party working draft *Framework for Implementation* for the SJRRP (SJRRP 2012b). The *Framework for Implementation* outlines actions to be taken to implement the Settlement, and presents a schedule and budget for these actions. The *Framework for Implementation* also provides an accounting of the remaining funds available to implement the SJRRP. While the *Framework for Implementation* presents a revised schedule for implementing the SJRRP, it does not result in any new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, or create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts identified in the PEIS/R. The *Framework for Implementation* can be found on the SJRRP Web site at www.restoresjr.net. See also MCR-3, "Order and Schedule of Implementing Settlement Actions," in Chapter 2.0 of this Final PEIS/R, for additional information relevant to this comment. Text has not been revised.

JACO-VI-3: As described on page 2-32 of the Draft PEIS/R, Interim and Restoration flows reaching the Delta would be recaptured at existing facilities within the Delta consistent with applicable laws, regulations, BOs, and court orders in place at the time the water is recaptured. The analyses and impact assessment presented in the Draft PEIS/R were completed using the best available modeling tools and information. The modeling tools used in the Draft PEIS/R analyses were selected because they are publicly available, have a knowledgeable user community, and are widely accepted for use in similar systemwide analysis of resources in the California Central Valley. The modeling assumptions, modeling analyses and results, and baseline conditions used to support the environmental analysis in the Draft PEIS/R were based on the best available information and modeling tools at the time the Draft PEIS/R were completed using the same set of tools and information, as modified only to reflect an interim representation of the RPAs set forth in the 2008 USFWS CVP/SWP Operations BO and 2009 NMFS CVP/SWP Operations BO (2009a).

The analyses presented in the Draft PEIS/R were based, in part, on a water supply operations modeling tool, CalSim-II. The CalSim-II model is widely accepted as the standard for simulating the long-term effects of operational changes to CVP and SWP facilities. At the time evaluations were completed in support of the Draft PEIS/R, there was no representation of the full set of RPAs set forth in the 2008 USFWS CVP/SWP Operations BO and 2009 NMFS CVP/SWP Operations BO (2009a) available for use in the CalSim-II model. Therefore, the baseline for analyses presented in the Draft PEIS/R was developed using the best available information, remains the most defensible baseline, and is not revised in the Final PEIS/R. At the time the sensitivity analyses were

completed in support of the Final PEIS/R, Reclamation and NMFS continued to discuss and work toward the representation of the 2008 and 2009 RPAs into a singular CalSim-II baseline. However, a representation that sufficiently captures the range of potential RPA implementation scenarios was available at the time the sensitivity analyses were developed, allowing for an evaluation of the potential for the 2008 and 2009 RPAs to change the anticipated effects of the program alternatives from those presented in the Draft PEIS/R.

The sensitivity analyses presented in Appendix C of this Final PEIS/R were performed to represent a comprehensive range of RPA implementation scenarios and evaluate the potential for the 2008 and 2009 RPAs to change the anticipated effects of the program alternatives from those presented in the Draft PEIS/R, which are based on the conditions evaluated in the 2005 USFWS and 2004 NMFS BOs. The CalSim-II simulations for the sensitivity analyses presented in Appendix C to the Final PEIS/R were developed to identify the range of potential operation changes that could occur under any RPA implementation scenario. CalSim-II output from these simulations was then used in analyzing the potential for the RPAs to change the anticipated effects to related resources using the same set of tools and information used in the Draft PEIS/R, including Delta hydrodynamics (using DSM2), groundwater (using the Schmidt Tool and mass balance method), agricultural economics (using CVPM), regional economics (using IMPLAN), and long-term power system power generation to reflect the updated surface water model. The sensitivity analyses results demonstrate that the overall impact mechanisms and significance determinations presented in the Draft PEIS/R would not change under a baseline that includes the RPAs set forth in the 2008 USFWS CVP/SWP Operations BO and 2009 NMFS CVP/SWP Operations BO (2009a).

In comparison to the results presented in the Draft PEIS/R, the results of the sensitivity analyses presented in Appendix C to the Final PEIS/R do not identify new significant environmental impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of an environmental impact, and do not create a feasible project alternative or mitigation measure that would clearly lessen environmental impacts of the action alternatives (including the proposed project). Therefore, inclusion of the sensitivity analyses in the Final PEIS/R does not trigger a need to recirculate a revised Draft PEIS/R under either NEPA or CEQA. Rather, the sensitivity analyses demonstrate that the overall impact mechanisms and significance determinations presented in the Draft PEIS/R would not change under a baseline that includes the RPAs set forth in the 2008 USFWS CVP/SWP Operations BO and 2009 NMFS CVP/SWP Operations BO (2009a), confirming that the analyses and conclusions presented in the Draft PEIS/R are thorough, accurate, and unlikely to change in light of the RPAs. For the reasons set forth above, Reclamation and DWR believe that the PEIS/R provides a thorough, appropriate analysis of all relevant impacts of the action alternatives (including the proposed project) and the alternatives as required by NEPA and CEQA.

As described in Chapter 1.0, "Introduction," of the Draft PEIS/R, Interim and Restoration flows would contribute a relatively small amount of water to the Delta compared to contributions of the San Joaquin and Sacramento rivers and other tributaries. Therefore, effects of the SJRRP would be negligible downstream from the Delta (in Suisun, San

Pablo, or San Francisco bays, or in the Pacific Ocean). For this reason, the Delta was identified as the downstream extent of the study area, and no modeling was performed to evaluate impacts downstream from the Delta. Chapter 26.0, "Cumulative Impacts," of the Draft PEIS/R provides an analysis of overall cumulative effects of the action alternatives taken together with other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable probable future projects (or actions), as required by NEPA implementing regulations and State CEQA Guidelines.

Text has not been revised.

Response to Comment from Allen Ishida, Provided on Behalf of Tulare Board of Supervisors

TULA-VI-1: Comment noted. Text has not been revised.

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