

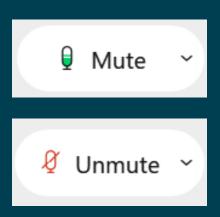
# Klamath Project Temporary Operating Procedures

**February 24, 2023** 

### Webex Guidelines

#### **Mute function**

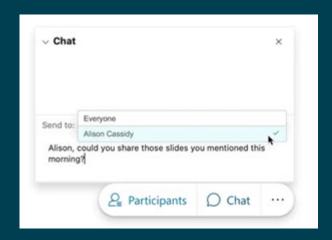
# Desktop App Click button



# Phone Dial \* 6



## **Browser**Chat us with issues





#### Webex Guidelines

#### **Raise Hand Function**

Desktop App
Click button

Phone
Dial \* 3



OFF

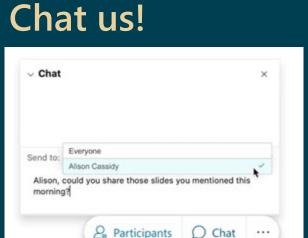


+

3

**(**) O

ON



**Browser** 





## Meeting Guidelines

- Listen first
- Share the airtime
- Allow speakers to finish
- Respect agenda topics and times

This meeting is <u>not</u> being recorded.



#### **Outline**

- TOP Operations Changes, Feb 14
- Concepts for improving ESA compliance
- Monitoring Information
- Current Forecasts and Reclamation Interpretation
- Temporary Operating Procedures
- Schedule for Input and Action
- Supplemental Information



## **TOP Operations Changes, Feb 14**

- February 13 NMFS, FWS and Reclamation finalized a coordination plan for Winter/Spring 2023 Klamath Project Operations. (See https://www.usbr.gov/mp/kbao/)
- Balance of risks based on real time hydrologic conditions, minimizing some of the short-term impacts based on conditions of redds and as hydrology requires it.
- Initial reduction in NMFS BiOp-required minimum flows by 11% started on February 14, additional adjustments possible based on monitoring and hydrology
- Conserved water in UKL will only be used for ESA purposes.
- Continued adaptive management with weekly technical input, continued monitoring of changes from the initial trim, future increase or decrease depending on impacts to redds and forecasts.
- Longer term work with agency experts and stakeholders to better understand forecasting tools



#### **Concepts for Improving ESA Compliance**

#### **Diversion reduction strategies**

- Halt out-of-basin diversions to the Rogue River basin IN PROGRESS - Data posted to KBAO website, Workshop being scheduled for technical questions
- 2. Halt diversions from the Keno Impoundment COMPLETED Action taken per TOP to halt diversions at Ady Canal for refuges, gate closed on (02/16/2023@1300)

#### **Supply augmentation strategies**

- 3. Initiate out-of-basin diversions into Klamath River from Lost River COMPLETED Not available as a discretionary action to Reclamation
- 4. Consider planning for a lower volume pulse/flushing flow from Upper Klamath Lake COMPLETED Plans for pulse flow will be limited to supply available
- 5. Consider use of Klamath Drainage District drainage supplies COMPLETED Reclamation and USFWS are working with KDD to understand plans for said supplies

#### Operation modification strategies

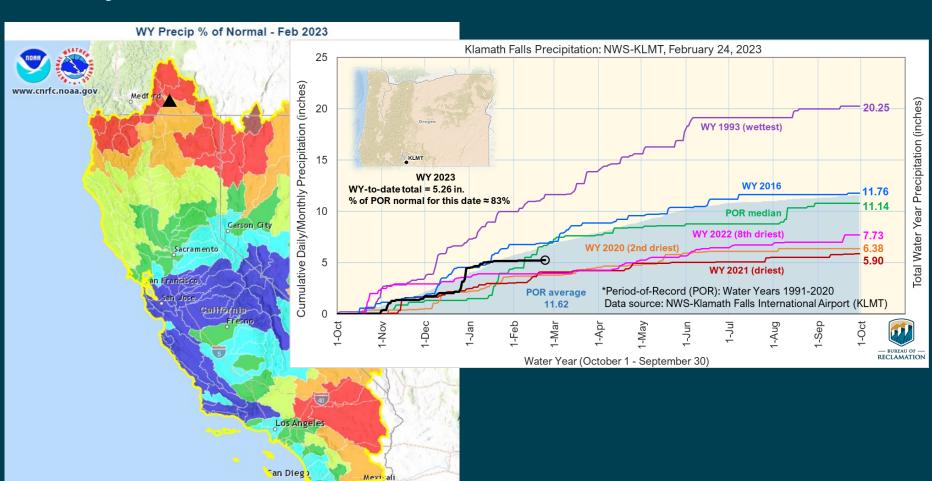
- Borrow or exchange water with KRRC (former PacifiCorp reservoirs)
   COMPLETED KRRC and States have told Reclamation that supply flexibility is not available this year
- 7. Reduce Link River Dam outflows to make better use of storm events COMPLETED Reclamation has made all preparations to maximize inflow from any future storms
- 8. Establish higher end-of-season elevation requirements for Upper Klamath Lake IN PROGRESS Reclamation is evaluating the effect of ESA requirements on 2023 Project supplies



### **Monitoring Information**



## **Precipitation To-Date Compared with Normal** February 24, 2023



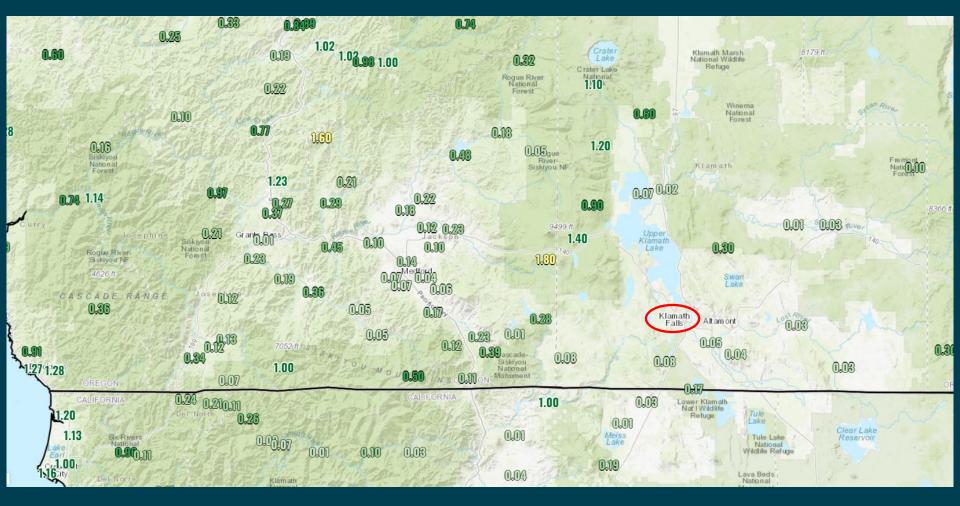


Map created: Wed February 22, 2023 6:12 AM PST

Valid: Tue Feb 21 2023 at 04:00 AM PST

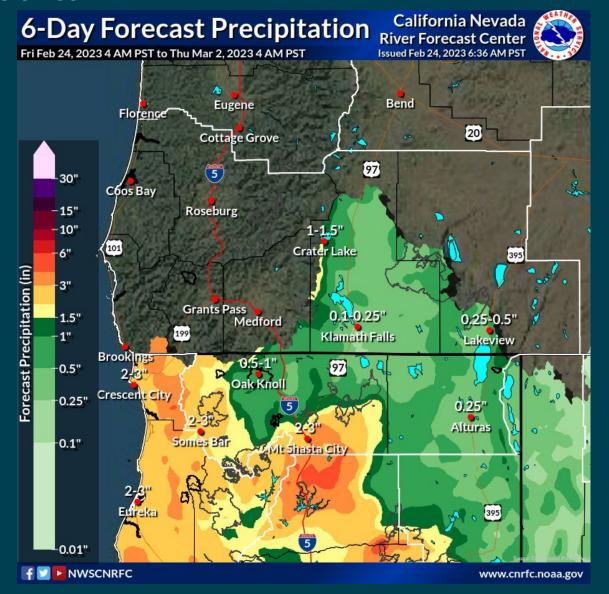
Percent of Normal

#### Precipitation - 2/18/2023 12:00am to 2/23/2023 10:00am



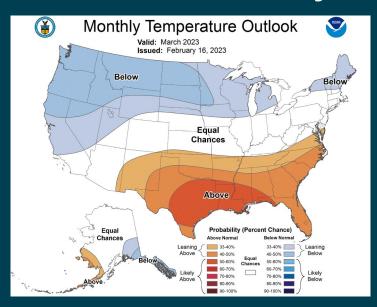


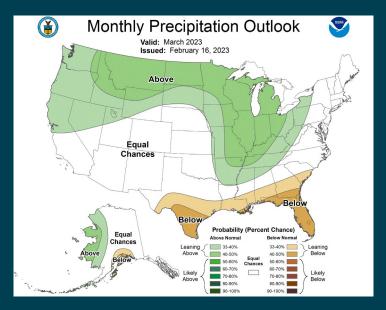
## 6-Day Precipitation Forecast – California Nevada River Forecast Center

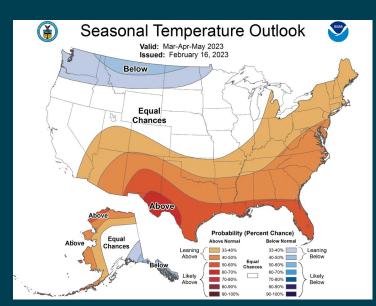


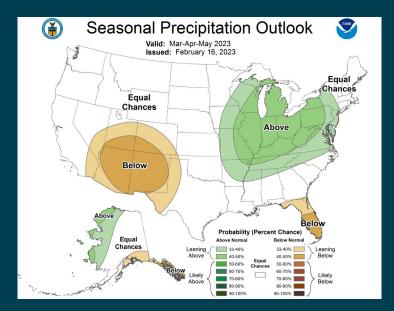


#### March/Seasonal Monthly Weather Outlook



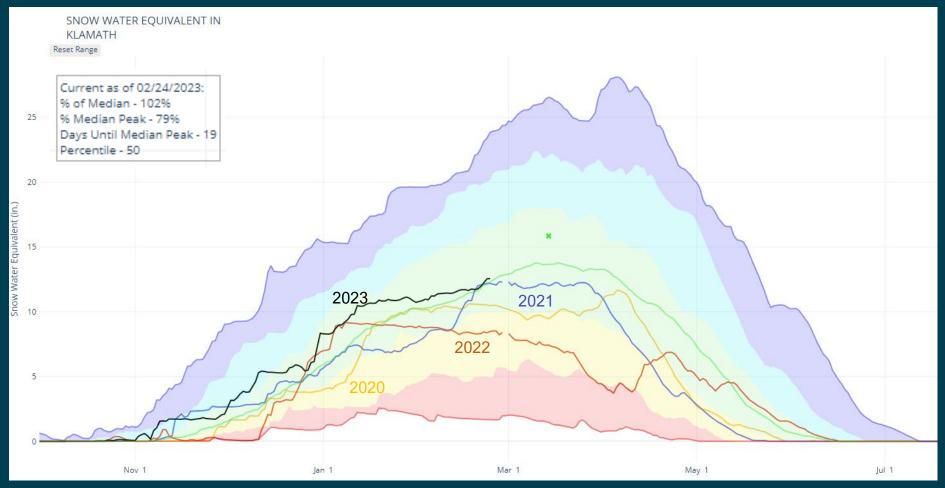








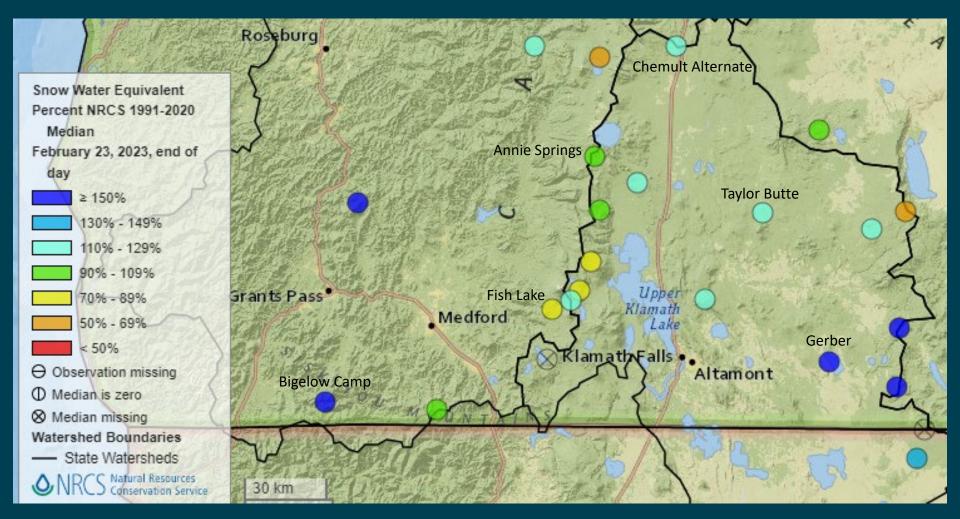
## NRCS Upper Klamath Basin Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Water Year 2023 & Last 3 Water Years



Statistical shading breaks at the 10<sup>th</sup>, 30<sup>th</sup>, 50<sup>th</sup>, 70<sup>th</sup>, and 90<sup>th</sup> percentiles

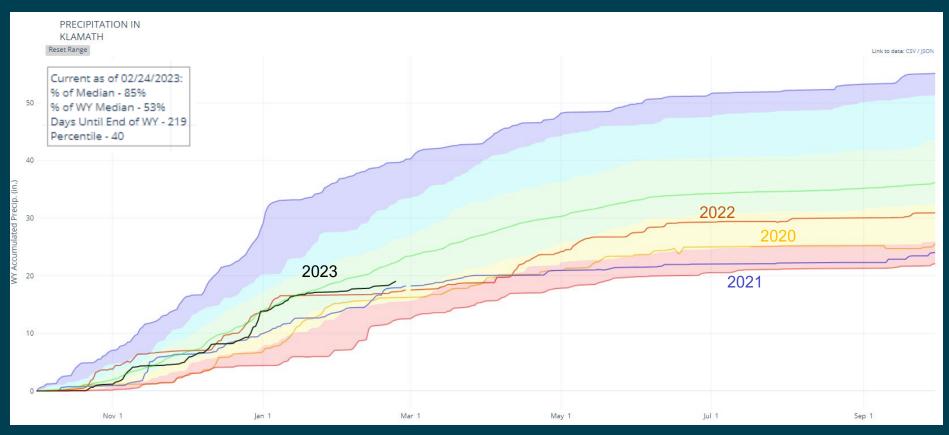


## NRCS Upper Klamath Basin Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) By Site





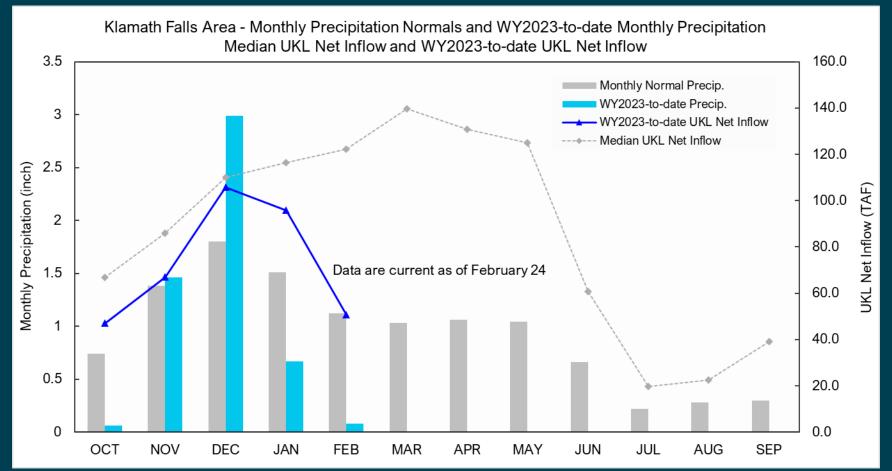
## NRCS Upper Klamath Basin Snow Water Equivalent (SWE) Water Year 2023 & Last 3 Water Years



Statistical shading breaks at the 10th, 30th, 50th, 70th, and 90th percentiles



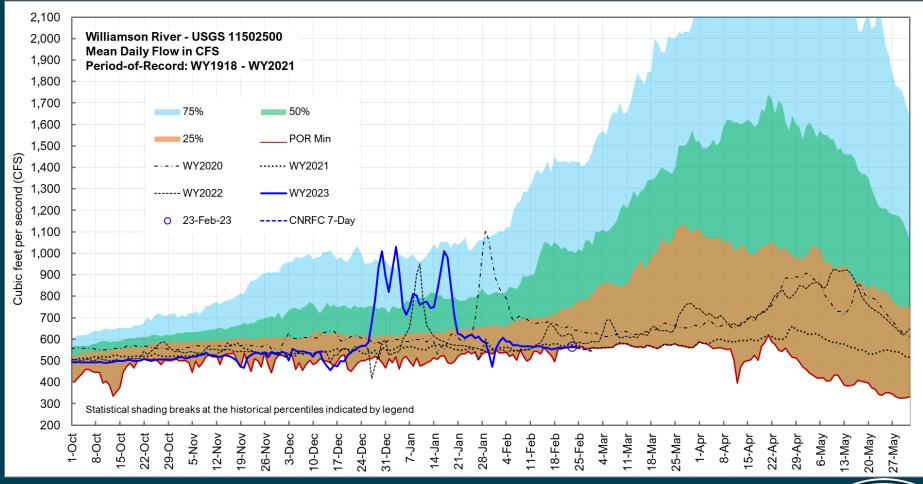
# Klamath Falls Area – Monthly Precipitation Normals and WY2023 Monthly Precipitation Median UKL Net Inflow and WY2023-to-date UKL Net Inflow



Precipitation Feb 1 - Feb 23: 0.08"/0.92" normal = 9%

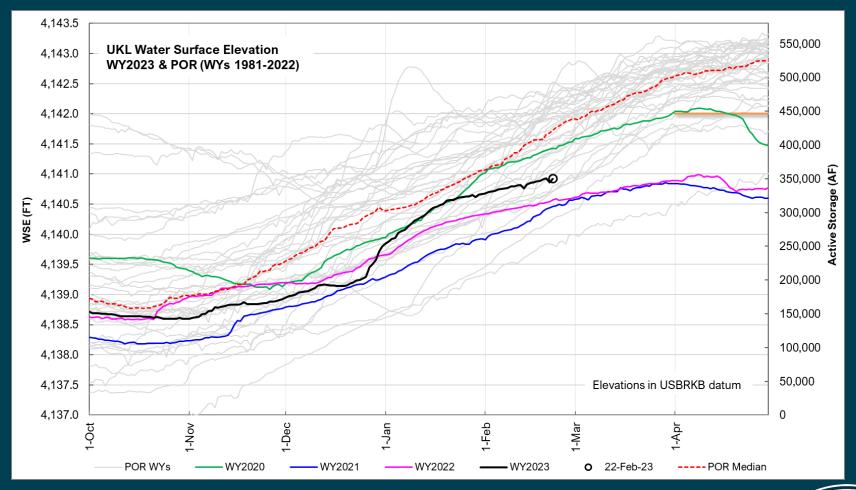


#### Williamson River is a Strong Indicator of Net Inflow at UKL





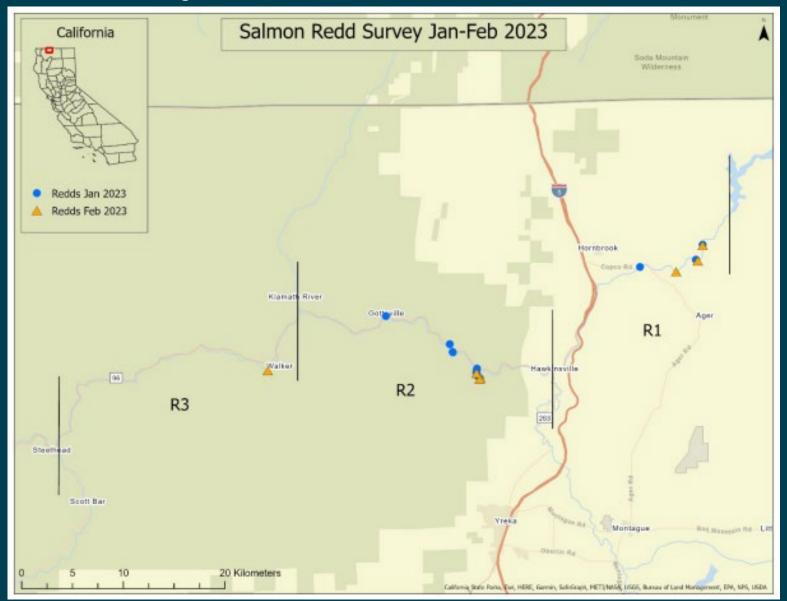
## UKL Water Surface Elevation Water Year 2023 & Period-of-Record-to-Date



WY2022/2023 UKL water surface elevation observational data are provisional

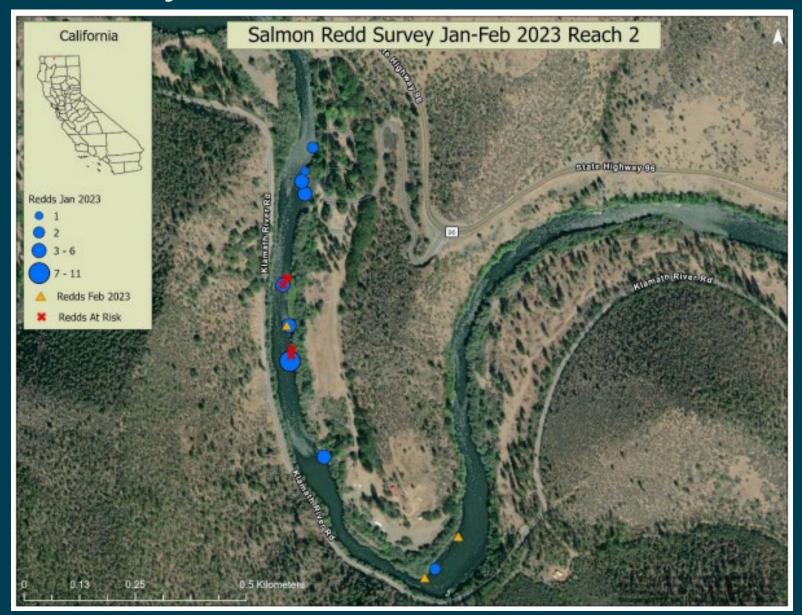


#### **Redd Survey Locations**





#### **Redd Survey Locations**

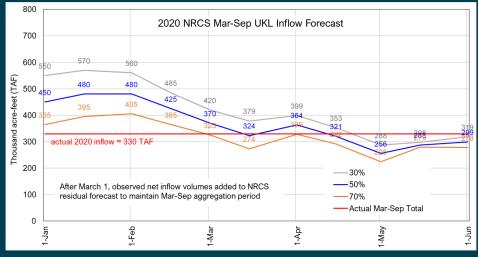


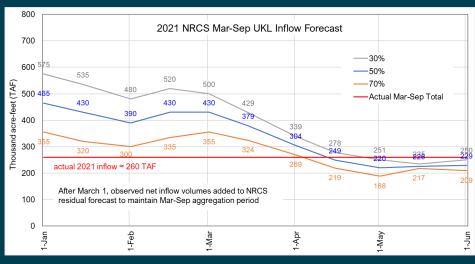


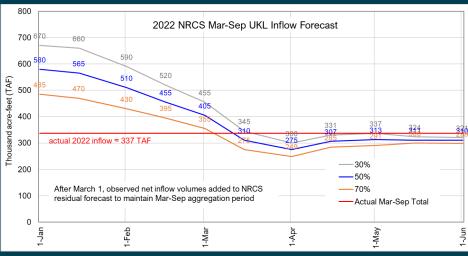
# Long-Term Upper Klamath Lake Inflow and Operations Forecasts

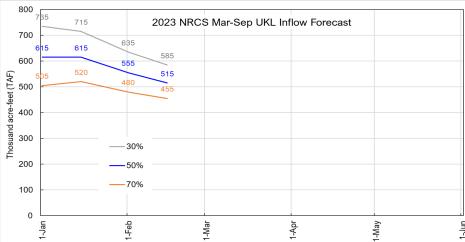


## NRCS Klamath River Basin Water Supply Forecast Last Three Water Years – March-September



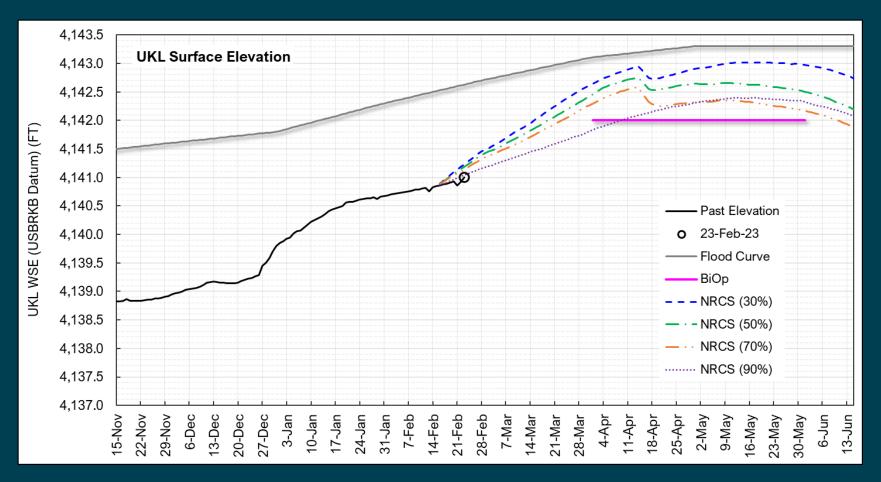








## UKL Water Surface Elevation – NRCS mid-February Klamath River Basin (KRB) Water Supply Forecast (WSF)

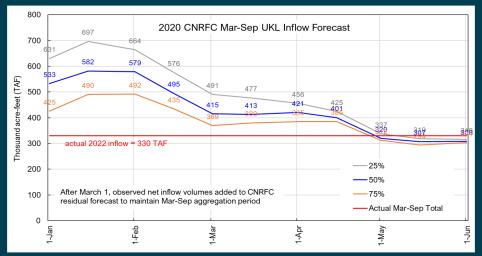


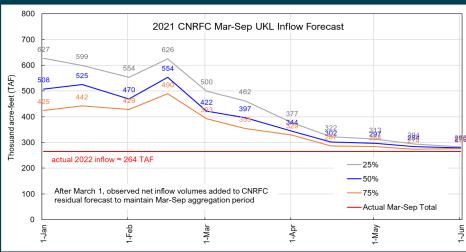
Projections, including WY2023 target elevations and surface elevation trajectories, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions

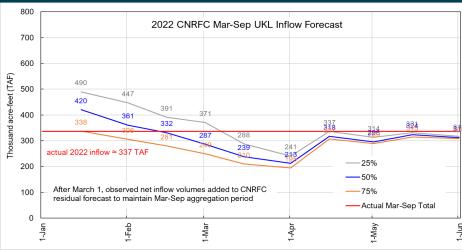
NRCS mid-February KRB WSF UKLNI forecast volumes at 30%, 50%, 70% and 90% probability of exceedance (POE) levels used in ensemble

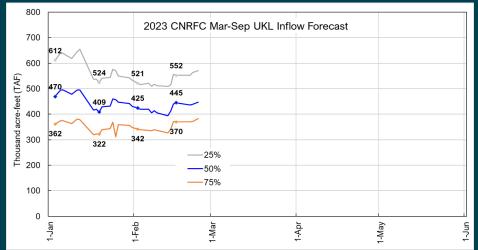


## **CNRFC Klamath River Basin Water Supply Forecast Last Three Water Years – March-September**



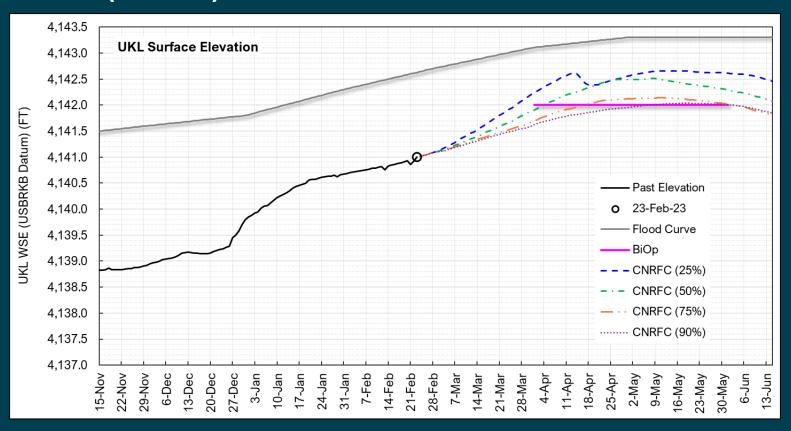








## UKL Water Surface Elevation – CNRFC Upper Klamath Lake Net Inflow (UKLNI) Forecast



Projections, including WY2023 target elevations and surface elevation trajectories, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions

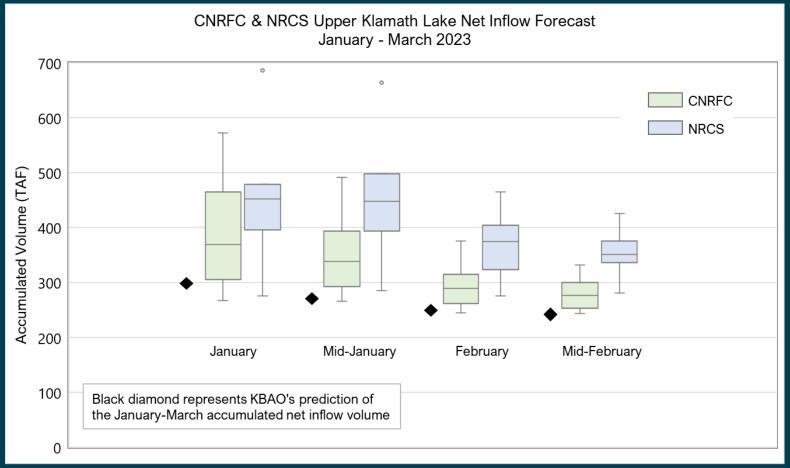
CNRFC UKL monthly probability net inflow forecast volumes at 25%, 50%, 75% and 90% probability of exceedance (POE) levels used in ensemble

Ag diversions switched off through May for 75% and 90% POE scenarios; LKNWR deliveries switched off through Feb for 75% and 90% POE scenarios



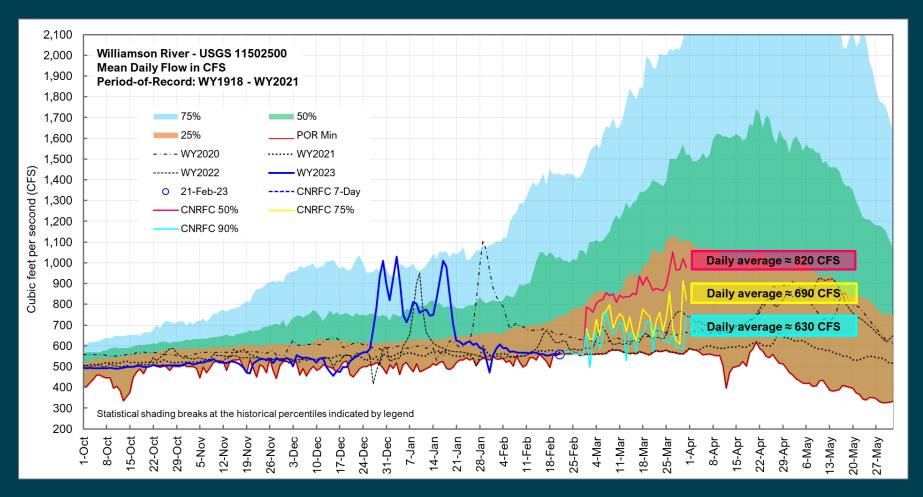


## January 2023 Accumulated Net Inflow Forecast CNRFC & NRCS





#### Williamson River - CNRFC



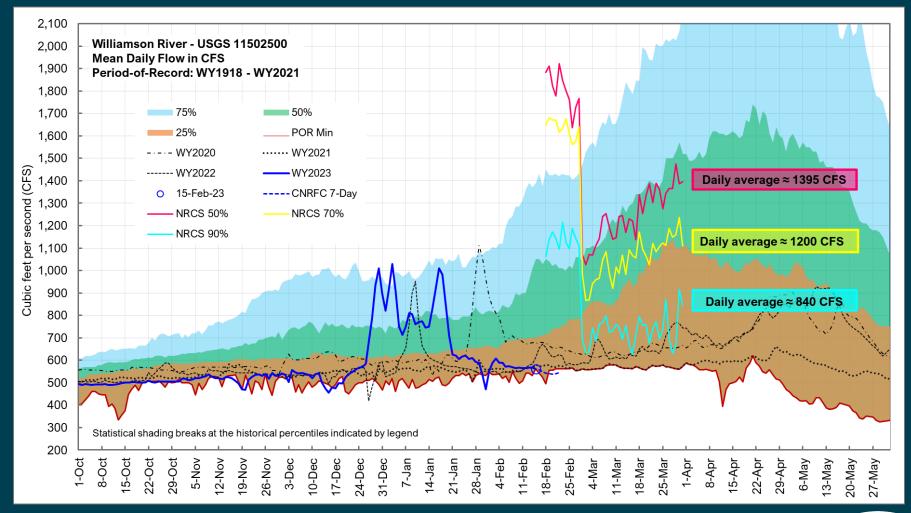
- Williamson River average percent contribution to total UKL net inflow for Jan-Mar (POR WYs: 1981-2022) ≈ 50% (ranges between 42% and 62%)
- Williamson River flow projections at the given CNRFC exceedance level UKL net inflow forecast start February 22 and end April 1



#### Williamson River - NRCS

NRCS 75% 6-wk avg – 33 TAF/wk

NRCS 90% 6-wk avg - 23 TAF/wk



- Williamson River average percent contribution to total UKL net inflow for Jan-Mar (POR WYs: 1981-2022) ≈ 50% (ranges between 42% and 62%)
  - Williamson River flow projections at the given NRCS exceedance level UKL net inflow forecast start February 16 and end April 1





#### Assumptions, Model Input, Basis of Planning

- January 1 March 31 UKL net inflow volume ≈ 250 TAF
  - Jan 1 Feb 21 ≈ 146.4 TAF

```
UKL Net Inflow
TAF WY2020 WY2021 WY2022
Jan-Mar 260.9 228.7 207.3
```

- January 1 April 31 UKL KIG accretion volume ≈ 100 TAF
- January 1 March 31 Lake Ewauna accretion volume ≈ 3 TAF
- LKNWR deliveries switched off from February 11 through February
- Project diversions switched off until May
- Analysis of analog year trends that includes but is not limited to the following WYs:
  - WYs 2022, 2021, 2020, 2018, 2010, 2009, 2005, 2004, 1991, 1981



## **Temporary Operation Procedures**

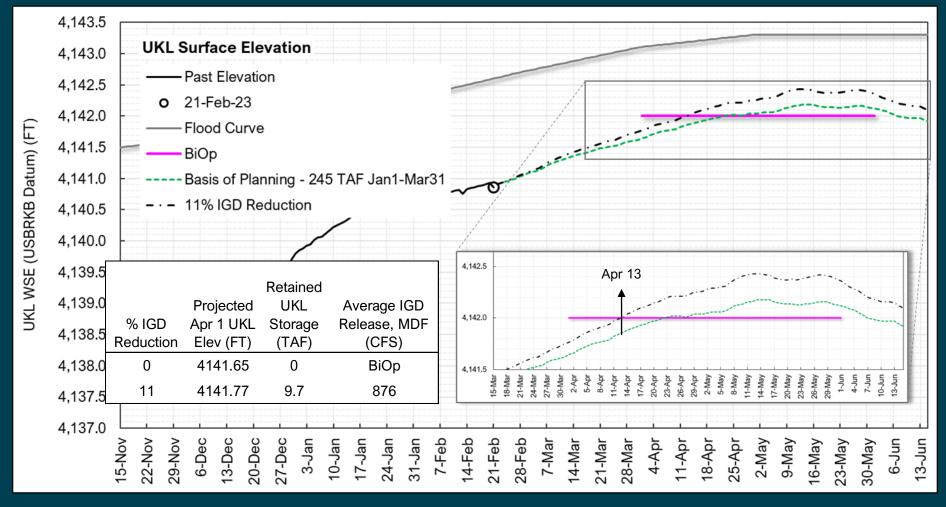


#### **Reclamation Assessment**

- Reclamation intends to balance risk between the ESA requirements by planning for a net inflow to UKL of approximately 250 TAF between Jan 1 and Apr 1.
- Consistent with the NMFS-USFWS-Reclamation agreement, Reclamation will take the following actions under the TOP
  - Beginning Tuesday 2/14, flows at Iron Gate Dam were reduced 11% below minimum flow rates in the NMFS Biological Opinion
  - Known redds that may have been dewatered by the 11% reduction were surveyed Feb 16-17 and data was received on 22 Feb.
  - Three or fewer of the known redds were dewatered, so an additional 5% reduction will be implemented (for a total reduction of 16%) on Saturday, 2/25
  - Reclamation will continue weekly adaptive management measures to adjust to information on hydrologic and biological conditions, as it becomes available



#### **UKL Water Surface Elevation – TOP**

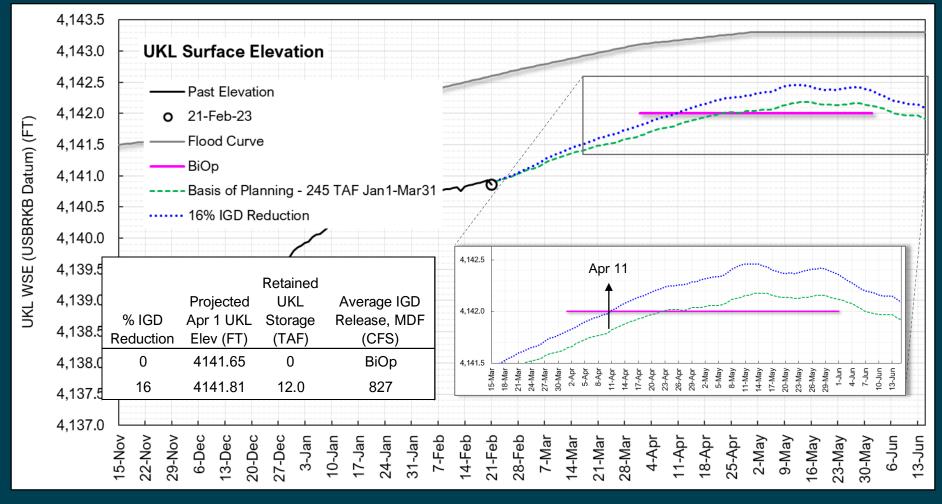


Projections, including WY2023 target elevations and surface elevation trajectories, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions

WY2023 observed UKL water surface elevation data are provisional



#### **UKL Water Surface Elevation – TOP**

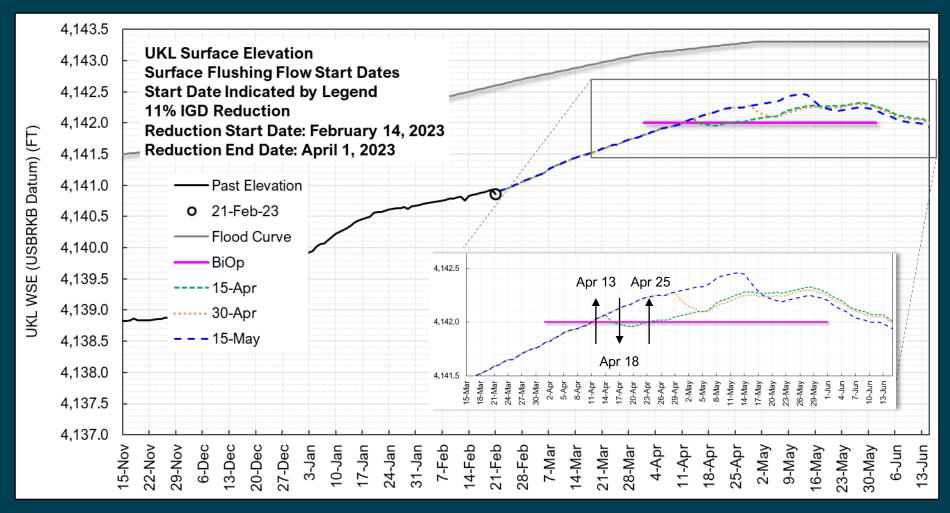


Projections, including WY2023 target elevations and surface elevation trajectories, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions

WY2023 observed UKL water surface elevation data are provisional



#### **UKL Water Surface Elevation – TOP (Surface Flushing Flow)**

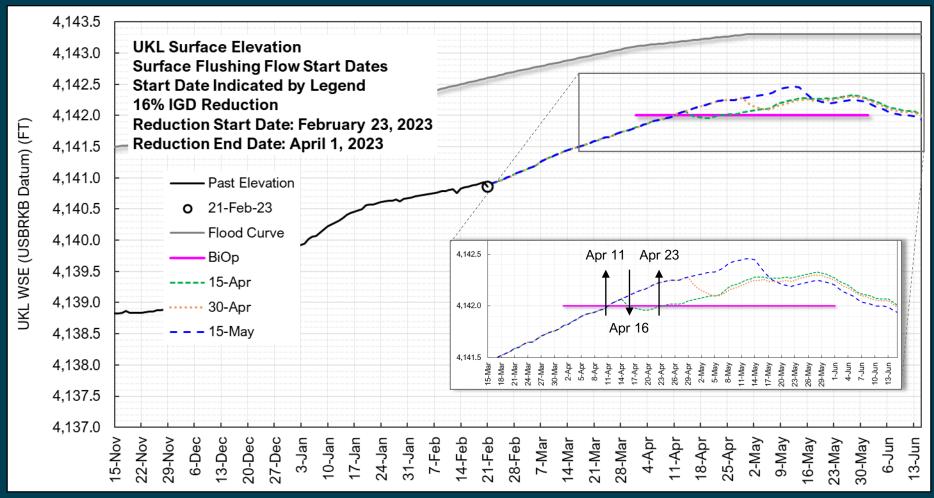


Black arrows displayed within inset plot indicate approximate dates when simulated UKL elevation rises above/falls below 4142.00' given the April 15 surface flushing flow scenario

Projections, including WY2023 target elevations and surface elevation trajectories, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions



#### **UKL Water Surface Elevation – TOP (Surface Flushing Flow)**

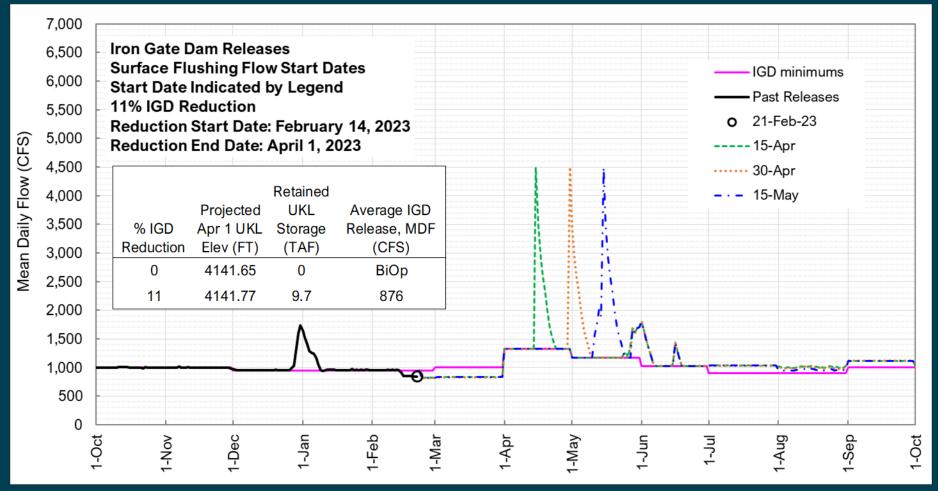


Black arrows displayed within inset plot indicate approximate dates when simulated UKL elevation rises above/falls below 4142.00' given the April 15 surface flushing flow scenario

Projections, including WY2023 target elevations and surface elevation trajectories, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions



#### Iron Gate Dam Releases – TOP (Surface Flushing Flow)

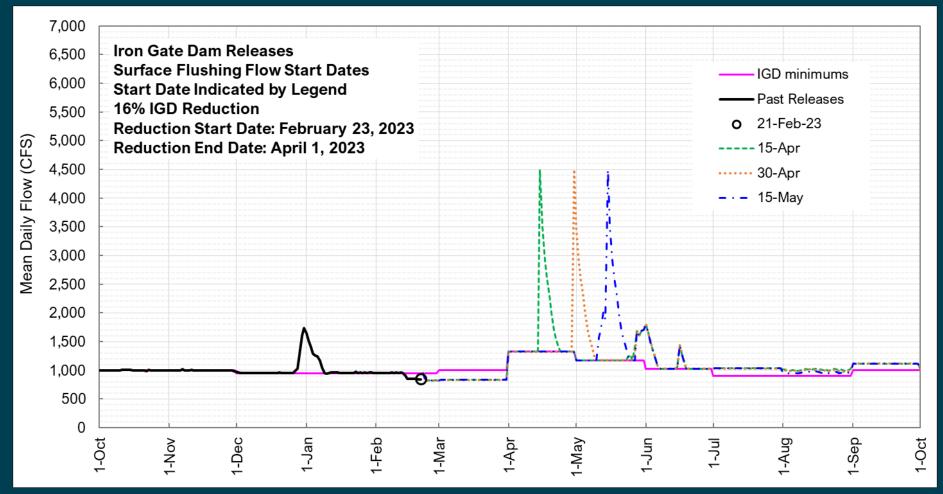


Surface flushing flow Day 1 flow rate = 4500 CFS for each start date; BiOp-required rampdown rates after Day 1

Projections, including IGD releases, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions



#### Iron Gate Dam Releases – TOP (Surface Flushing Flow)



Surface flushing flow Day 1 flow rate = 4500 CFS for each start date; BiOp-required rampdown rates after Day 1

Projections, including IGD releases, are provisional and subject to revision based on future water supply forecasts, hydrologic conditions, and operational decisions



#### **Proposed Schedule**

Jan 26 – Finalization of Temporary Operating Procedures

Feb 01 – Nation to Nation meeting convened

Feb 08 – Nation to Nation meeting with the Department of the Interior

Feb 15 – Flows reduced by 11% at IGD

Feb 25 – Flows reduced additional 5% for 16% total at IGD

Thru Apr 1 – continue monitoring redds, weekly FASTA to discuss and adjust the TOP, to achieve and remain above 4,142.00 ft. on UKL in April and May

#### **Technical Input Requests**

Reclamation is seeking input on the following technical topics:

- The stated objective of exceeding 4,142.00 feet in Upper Klamath Lake by April 1, as a means of balancing risks to all ESA species
- The assessment of what the likely conditions on April 1 will be, based on available information
- The timing and magnitude of reductions to minimum flows that would minimize risks to salmon, as it relates to attaining 4,142.00 in Upper Klamath Lake by April 1



#### **Technical Input**

 Please submit comments, to Courtney Mathews, cmathews@usbr.gov

 Updates and materials can be found at www.usbr.gov/mp/kbao

