

Weekly Fish and Water Operations Outlook 4/12/2022 – 4/18/2022

Valley rain and mountain snow return on Monday, with breezy winds and much cooler temperatures. Additional rain and snow for the second half of the week. Wet weather continues into Saturday as another system moves through. Drier weather and warming temperatures are forecast for Sunday into Monday as high pressure rebuilds.

Tributary/ Division	Anticipated Weekly Ranges	Related Environmental and Fish Conditions*
Clear Creek	 Current Release: 200 cfs Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 200 cfs 	 Juvenile spring-run, fall-run, and late fall-run Chinook Salmon and O. mykiss/steelhead are rearing in Clear Creek. Adult spring-run Chinook salmon are migrating into Clear Creek. Late-fall run Chinook Salmon and O. mykiss/steelhead eggs are incubating and hatching. (Updated 4/1/22)
Sacramento River	 Shasta Storage: 1.741 MAF Current Release: 3,250 cfs Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 3,250 cfs 	 Natural origin winter-run Chinook Salmon juveniles (BY 2021) functionally all downstream of RBDD. Hatchery releases of juvenile winter-run Chinook salmon from Livingston Stone Hatchery are complete: fish were released on 2/9/2022 and 3/2/2022 at boat ramp in Redding area. Hatchery releases of winter-run Chinook salmon from Coleman NFH are complete: fish were released in Battle Creek on 3/16/2022 and 3/17/2022. Winter-run Chinook salmon adults present in increasing numbers and are holding from RBDD to Keswick Dam. Spring-run Chinook Salmon fry present and migrating downstream. Spring-run juvenile passage has slowed, fall-run Chinook salmon are the dominant run passing at RBDD currently. Fall-run Chinook Salmon have all emerged from gravel, outmigration passage at RBDD is ongoing daily (catch composed of primarily fall run, mostly hatchery origin). Hatchery origin fall-run juveniles were released into Battle Creek from Coleman National Fish Hatchery. Late fall-run Chinook Salmon spawning occurring, eggs and alevins in the gravel and fry are emerging. Juveniles beginning to emerge and caught in low numbers at RBDD. Green Sturgeon adults and juveniles present in lower river with Delta entry likely. Green Sturgeon larvae expected to begin passing RBDD soon. Adult steelhead present; juveniles beginning to emerge and present in low numbers from upper river catch caught in low numbers at RBDD. (Updated 4/4/22)



Tributary/ Division	Anticipated Weekly Ranges	Related Environmental and Fish Conditions*
Feather River	 Oroville Storage: 1.698 MAF Current Release: 1,100 cfs Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 1,000 to 2,000 cfs Daily temperature maximum: 55°F at Fish Hatchery 	 Fall-run Chinook Salmon fry have emerged and are emigrating Adult steelhead are present and spawning. Fry are emerging and emigrating. Spring-run Chinook Salmon fry are present and emigrating. Adult springrun are present and migrating up. Adult green sturgeon present. (Updated 4/11/22)
American River	 Folsom Storage: 616 TAF Current Release: 1,000 cfs Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases: 1,000 to 1,200 cfs 	 Fall-run Chinook Salmon juveniles are present. Juvenile and adult O. mykiss are present. Spawning is likely coming to an end for the year and eggs are in gravel. (Updated 4/4/22)
Stanislaus River	 New Melones Storage: 928 TAF Current Release: 200 cfs Anticipated Range of Weekly Releases: 200 to 500 cfs 	 Juvenile and adult O. mykiss are present. Spawning is likely coming to an end for the year and eggs are in gravel. Fall-run Chinook Salmon juveniles are present. (Updated 4/4/22)
Delta	 Freeport: 6,000 to 7,000 cfs Vernalis: 700 to 750 cfs Delta Outflow index: 3,700 to 5,200 cfs Combined Exports: 1,100 to 1,500 cfs JPP: 800 cfs to 950 cfs CCF: 300 cfs to 600 cfs Expected Daily OMR Index Values: -1,200 to -1,550 cfs DCC Gates: Closed as of 11/30/2021 	 Juvenile winter-run Chinook Salmon 1-3% yet to enter Delta, 47-69% in Delta, 30-50% exited Delta past Chipps Island YOY spring-run Chinook Salmon: 5-10% yet to enter Delta, 70-85% in Delta, 10-20% exited past Chipps Island Juvenile Steelhead: 5-10% yet to enter Delta, 45-60% in Delta, 30-50% exited Delta past Chipps Island Adult fall-run Chinook Salmon entering Delta and migrating upstream towards spawning grounds Adult steelhead present Adult and juvenile Green Sturgeon present Adult Delta Smelt are present in the Sacramento Deep Water Ship Channel (SDWSC), lower Sacramento River, Suisun Marsh, South Delta, and lower San Joaquin River. Delta Smelt are currently spawning. Larval Delta Smelt have been detected in the Lower San Joaquin River and in the north Delta. Longfin Smelt sub-adults and adults are present at Chipps and Suisun Bay/Marsh. Longfin Smelt larvae are present in the central and south Delta, lower Sacramento River, confluence and downstream. (Updated 4/12/22)

^{*} Environmental and fish conditions updated by respective watershed groups at varying intervals that may not coincide with the weekly range of Water Operations



There is an Interim Operations Plan (IOP) currently in effect resulting from a court order on 3/11/2022.

Table 2a-b: WY 2022 relevant Fish and Environmental Criteria and Status in 2019 Reclamation LTO Action Cumulative loss for the duration of 2019 Biological Opinion began upon signature of ROD, 2/19/2020.

Table 2a: WY 2022 Salmonid Current Loss and Delta Smelt Abiotic Conditions. Additional Real-Time OMR Restrictions and Performance Objectives (4.10.5.10.2) and Onset of OMR Management (4.10.5.10.1).

Species/run	Threshold	Current Status	Weekly Trend	Updated
Green sturgeon	WY 2022 salvage = 74	WY 2022 salvage = 0 (0%)	No change expected	4/10/2022
Natural winter-run Chinook Salmon	WY 2022 loss = 731.47 (50% of 1.17% of JPE)	WY 2022 loss = 37.95 (5.2%)	Possible additional salvage	4/10/2022
Natural Steelhead *	Dec 1 – Mar 31 = 707 (50% of 1,414) Apr 1 – June 15 = 776 (50% of 1,552)	Dec 1 – Mar 31 = 84.28 (11.9%) Apr 1 – June 15 = 59.01 (7.6%)	Likely additional salvage	4/10/2022
Sacramento River Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon	WY 2022 loss = 90.93 (50% of 0.12% of JPE)	WY 2022 loss = 6.71 (7.4%)	Possible salvage	4/10/2022
Battle Creek Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon	WY 2022 loss = 4.39 (50% of 0.12% of JPE)	WY 2022 loss = 0 (0%)	Possible salvage	4/10/2022
Proposed Action Hatchery yearling spring-run Chinook salmon surrogates	> 0.5% of each release group: 1) 12/15/2021: 84,343 = 421.7 2) 12/22/2021: 82,626 = 413.1 3) 1/6/2022: 77,325 = 386.6	1) 48.18 (11.4%) 2) 17.61 (4.3%) 3) 20.04 (5.2%)	Possible additional salvage	4/10/2022
Delta Smelt	Daily avg. Turbidity at OBI=>12 FNU	OBI daily Avg Turbidity = 5.22	No Change Expected	4/12/2022

^{*} Steelhead observed on 10/30/2021 and 11/19/2021 are included in the December 1 through March 31 period. Dec 1 – Mar 31 WY 2022 natural steelhead total loss was incorrectly reported last week as 87.00, this error has been corrected.



Table 2b. 10-Year Salmonid Cumulative Loss

Species/run	Threshold	Current Status	Updated
Natural winter-run Chinook salmon	Loss = 8,738	Cumulative loss = 242.84 (2.78%)	4/10/2022
Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon	Loss = 5,356	Cumulative loss = 6.71 (0.13%)	4/10/2022
Natural steelhead	Loss = 6,038 (Dec 1 – Mar 31) Loss = 5,826 (Apr 1 – June 15)	Cumulative loss = 527.48 (8.7%, Dec 1 – Mar 31) 433.81 (7.4%, Apr 1 – June 15)	4/10/2022

Table 3a-d: Relevant Water Year 2022 Fish Criteria and Status for Listed Fish under the SWP Long-Term Incidental Take Permit.

Table 3a: Chinook Salmon

Action	Timeframe	Current Action Status	Threshold(s)	Current Relevant Data	Weekly Trend	Last Updated	Comments
OMR Mgmt. triggered (8.3.2)	Jan. 1 - Jun. 30 (when ≥ 5% of spring- run or winter- run in Delta)	In effect	- 5% of the Winter-run or Spring-run population in Delta	Winter-run = 65- 79% estimated in the Delta; Spring- run = 75-90% estimated in the Delta	Potential increase in presence of winter and spring- run	4/11/22	Based on 4/4/22 SaMT discussion
Winter-run yearly loss (8.6.1)	Nov. 1 - Jun. 30	In effect WY 2022 loss = 1462.94	731.47 (50% of 1.17% of JPE)	Current yearly WR loss (natural) = 37.95; Current yearly WR loss (hatchery) = 6.71	Possible additional salvage of natural Winter-run	4/11/22	Based on salvage data from 4/10/22



Action	Timeframe	Current Action Status	Threshold(s)	Current Relevant Data	Weekly Trend	Last Updated	Comments
Winter-run discrete daily loss (8.6.2)	Nov. 1 - Dec. 31	Not in effect	12/1-12/31: loss 26/day unclipped older juv. Winter-run	max single daily loss from previous week = 3.52 fish	N/A	1/3/22	N/A
Mid and late season Winter- run daily loss threshold (8.6.3)	Jan 1 – May 30	In effect	Apr 1-Apr 30 (0.000507% of JPE) = 6.34	max single daily loss of Winter- run from previous week = 0 fish	N/A	4/11/22	Based on salvage data from 4/10/22
Spring-run surrogate protection (8.6.4)	Feb. 1 - Jun. 30	In effect	-Coleman Group 1 of 719,838 ad- clip x 0.25% = 1799.60 fish - Coleman Group 2 of 749,368 ad- clip x 0.25% = 1873.42 fish *Coleman Group 3 of 1,058,439 ad- clip x 0.25% = 2646.10 fish *Coleman Group 4 of 339,094 ad- clip x 0.25% = 847.74 fish (was released on 4/5 & 4/7) -Feather Group 1	Cumulative loss Coleman fall-run = 0.00 fish Cumulative loss Feather spring- run = 0.00 fish	There is potential for the first Coleman fall-run surrogate salvage to be observed this week	4/11/22	Based on salvage data from 4/10/22
			3 of 1,058,439 ad- clip x 0.25% = 2646.10 fish *Coleman Group 4 of 339,094 ad- clip x 0.25% = 847.74 fish (was released on 4/5 & 4/7)				



*Will be used as substitute groups for Nimbus Fish Hatchery Fish due to worsening drought conditions. Nimbus Fish hatchery will be releasing any fall-run CHN salmon in-river.



Table 3b: Delta Smelt

Action	Timeframe	Current Action Status	Threshold(s)	Current Relevant Data	Weekly Trend	Last Updated	Comments
Integrated EarlyWinter Pulse Protection ('First Flush') (8.3.1)	Dec. 1 - Jan. 31	Not in effect, triggered on Dec 17, last day of action was 1/2/22	- three-day Freeport daily flow running avg >= 25,000 AND	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
			turbidity running avg >=50 NTU <u>OR</u> Smelt Monitoring Team recommendation]				
Turbidity Bridge Avoidance (8.5.1)	Dec. 15 - Apr. 1	Not in effect, offramped	Occurs after the Integrated Early Winter Pulse protection or February 1 (whichever until April 1) comes first	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
			- avg. OBI turbidity > 12 NTU				
Larval and/Juvenile Delta smelt Protection (8.5.2)	ongoing	In effect, not triggered	- 5-day cum. salvage of juv. DS >= 1 [average 3-yr FMWT index + 1] OR,	current 5-day salvage = 0	no change expected	4/4/22	Based on salvage data from 4/3/22
			3-day cum. salvage of juv. DS >11				



Table 3c: Longfin Smelt

Action	Timeframe	Current Action Status	Threshold(s)	Current Relevant Data	Weekly Trend	Last Updated	Comments
Early Adult Protection (8.3.3)	Dec. 1 - Feb. 28	Offramped	- Cum. salvage > [most recent FMWT/10] = 1 fish (SeptOct. Index) OR - Smelt Monitoring Team determines high likelihood of LFS movement into high- risk areas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
OMR Mgt. for Adults (8.4.1)	Dec. 1 -Feb. 28	Offramped	- Smelt Monitoring Team recommendation	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Larval and Juvenile Longfin Smelt Entrainment Protection (8.4.2)	Jan 1 – Jun 30	In effect, Triggered	- LFS larvae or juveniles in >=4 SLS or 20 mm stations in central and south Delta, OR - LFS catch/tow >5 larvae or juveniles in >=2 stations	SLS 6 detected larvae at 5 stations in the south and central delta	Hatching underway	4/4/22	SLS 6 sampled week of 3/21/22
High Flow OMR Off-Ramp for Longfin Smelt (8.4.3)	Based on the status of 8.3.3, 8.4.1, & 8.4.2	In effect, not triggered	- Sac. R. at Rio Vista >55,000, <u>OR</u> SJR at Vernalis >8,000	Rio Vista = 3,700 to 5,200 cfs SJ = 700 to 750 cfs	N/A	4/11/22	N/A



Table 3d: OMR

Action	Timeframe	Current Action Status	Threshold(s)	Current Relevant Data	Weekly Trend	Last Updated	Comments
OMR Mgmt. Offramp (8.3.2)	Jun. 1 – Jun. 30	Not in effect	> 95% of the Winter-run and Spring run populations have migrated past Chipps Island AND -Current daily average water temperature at Mossdale exceeds22.2°C for 7 nonconsecutive days in June AND -Current daily average water temperature at Prisoners Point exceeds 22.2°C for 7 nonconsecutive days in June. -Current daily mean water temperature at CCF is greater than 25°C for three consecutive days	N/A	N/A	10/4/21	N/A



Table 4. Fish monitoring gear efficiency and disruptions.

Monitoring Survey	Notes (as of 4/12/2022)	Status *
Delta	N/A	N/A
SWP regular counts, CWT reading, and larval sampling	Active	1
CVP regular counts, CWT reading, and larval sampling	Partial Interruption (Planned outages on 4/13 and 4/14)	2
Smelt Larval Survey	Not Active	4
LEPS	Active	1
20mm Survey	Active	1
Spring Kodiak Trawl	Active	1
Fall Mid-water Trawl	Not Active	4
Summer Townet Survey	Not Active	4
Bay Study	Active	1
DJFMP- Chipps and Sacramento Trawls	Active	1
DJFMP- Seines	Active (no sampling in South Delta from 4/3 -4/9)	2
EDSM	Active	1
EMP	Active	1
Mossdale	Not active	4
USGS Flow monitoring	Active	1
Sacramento River	N/A	N/A
Red Bluff Diversion Dam screw trap	Active	1
Knights Landing screw trap	Active	1
Tisdale screw trap	Active	1



Monitoring Survey	Notes (as of 4/12/2022)	Status *
GCID screw trap	Active	1
Redd dewatering and stranding surveys	Not Active	4
Sacramento Carcass and Redd Surveys	Active	1
Lower Sacramento Rotary Screw Trap	Active	1
Feather River	N/A	N/A
Feather River screw trap	Active (weekdays only)	1
San Joaquin River	N/A	N/A
SJRRP CDFW Field Monitoring	Active	1
SJRRP USFWS and USBR Field		
Monitoring	Active	1
Stanislaus Fish Weir	Active	1

^{*} Status: Weekly categories include:

- [1] Active (ongoing sampling)
- [2] Partial Interruption (some sampling interruptions)
- [3] Interrupted (sampling fully suspended)[4] Not Active (sampling not scheduled)