## Weekly Fish and Water Operations Outlook 6/1/2021 - 6/7/2021

Generally dry conditions continue. Cooling down from Memorial Day temperatures on Tuesday and Wednesday. For rest of week, temperatures still remain well above average with further cooling likely this weekend. Mountain thundershowers still possible on Wednesday and Thursday.

Tributary/ Division	Anticipated Weekly Ranges	Related Environmental and Fish Conditions
Clear Creek	<ul> <li>Current Release: 125 cfs</li> <li>Anticipated weekly range: 125 - 600 cfs</li> <li>Anticipated to reduce flows to 125 cfs through early June followed by pulse flow (in order to move spring-run that are downstream)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Majority of spring-run Chinook salmon juveniles are migrating downstream. Spring-run adults are present.</li> <li>Spring-run adults are holding within the Clear Creek system.</li> <li>All fall-run Chinook salmon are at juvenile stage. Nearly all juveniles are migrating downstream by late May.</li> <li>Steelhead juveniles are rearing and migrating downstream. Adult spawning is finished by late May/early June. Kelts moving back downstream (April/May).</li> </ul>
Sacramento River	Shasta Storage: 2.047 MAF     Current Release: 7,100 cfs     Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases to Sacramento: 8,800- 6,800 cfs	<ul> <li>Juvenile winter-run Chinook salmon passage at Red Bluff Diversion Dam (RBDD; BY20 total through 5/20/2021: 2,096,218 fish; average historic passage (2011 – 2019) as of 5/31 100.0%)</li> <li>Juvenile spring-run Chinook salmon passage at RBDD (BY20 total through 5/20/2021: 1,435,941 fish; average historic passage (2011 – 2019) as of 5/31 99.9%). Spring-run numbers reflect large hatchery releases of fall-run Chinook salmon from CNFH.</li> <li>All fall-run Chinook salmon are at juvenile stage. Nearly all juveniles are migrating downstream by late-May/ early June. Juvenile fall-run Chinook salmon passage (BY20) at RBDD ~10.8 million through 5/20/2021.</li> <li>Majority of adult winter-run adults have migrated to spawning areas (&gt;90%) based on historical timing. Spawning activity should be peaking by mid-June based on historical timing. Spawning activity should be peaking by mid-June based on historical information with eggs in the gravel.</li> <li>Adult spring-run Chinook salmon are entering the Sacramento River and moving upstream into tributaries and the upper mainstem of the Sacramento River. Peak of entry into the Sacramento River system is in May and June.</li> <li>Majority of late fall-run eggs have hatched by late-May/ early June based on historical timing and dry conditions. More than 90% of this year's brood have reached the fry life stage based on hydrology and historical timing.</li> <li>Steelhead juveniles are rearing and migrating downstream. Spawning is essentially finished by early June. Kelts are in the river and moving back downstream.</li> <li>Green sturgeon adults are migrating upstream and holding prior to spawning and juveniles present. Based on historical timing, the peak of spawning behavior occurs from mid-April to mid-June. Some post-spawn adults may be moving back downstream at this time.</li> </ul>

Tributary/ Division	Anticipated Weekly Ranges	Related Environmental and Fish Conditions
Feather River	<ul> <li>Oroville Storage: 1.384 MAF</li> <li>Current Release: 1850 cfs</li> <li>Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases to Feather: 1,500 – 2,500 cfs (to support Delta WQ as needed)</li> <li>Daily average temperature compliance targets: 55°F at Fish Hatchery gage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Spring-run Chinook juveniles are rearing in river. Majority of juveniles initiating downstream migration. Early adults may be entering the system and holding.</li> <li>All fall-run Chinook salmon are at juvenile stage. Nearly all juveniles are migrating downstream by late-May/ early June.</li> <li>Juvenile steelhead rearing and migrating downriver. Spawning essentially finished by late May/ early June. Kelts moving back downstream.</li> <li>Green sturgeon adults moving into the river and holding prior to spawning. Based on historical timing, mid-April to mid-June is the peak of green sturgeon spawning activity.</li> </ul>
American River	<ul> <li>Folsom Storage: 0.368 MAF</li> <li>Current Release: 1,000 cfs</li> <li>Anticipated Weekly Range of Releases to American: 700 – 1,800 cfs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Green sturgeon spawning may be occurring (none detected yet).</li> <li>Juvenile steelhead rearing. Spawning is essentially finished by late May/ early June. Kelts moving back downstream.</li> <li>All fall-run Chinook salmon are at juvenile stage. Nearly all juveniles are migrating downstream by late May/ early June.</li> </ul>
Stanislaus River	New Melones Storage: 1.387 MAF     Current Release to Stanislaus: 600 cfs     Anticipated Range of Weekly Releases to Stanislaus: 300 cfs to 1000 cfs	<ul> <li>Juvenile steelhead rearing. Spawning is essentially complete by early June. Kelts moving back downstream</li> <li>8 O. mykiss passed the weir this water year. 1 of those 8 fish was clipped. Weir was pulled mid-January.</li> <li>Numbers of returning adult fall-run Chinook salmon are lower than historically observed and similar to last year.</li> <li>All fall-run Chinook salmon are at juvenile stage. Nearly all juveniles are migrating downstream by late-May. Outmigration numbers appear to be lower than last year for juveniles migrating downstream.</li> <li>Rotary screw traps have not shown a strong young of year migration signal.</li> <li>Mossdale trawl fall-run sized Chinook salmon,numbers are decreasing</li> </ul>
Delta	<ul> <li>Freeport: 5,500 to 6,500 cfs</li> <li>Vernalis: 600 to 800 cfs</li> <li>Delta Outflow index: 2,500 to 4,500 cfs</li> <li>Combined Exports: 1,100 cfs</li> <li>JPP: 800 cfs</li> <li>CCF: 300 cfs</li> <li>Expected OMR Index Values: -1,300 to -1,800 cfs</li> <li>DCC Gates: Closed and anticipated to remain closed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>0-1% winter-run Chinook salmon juveniles yet to enter the Delta and 0-1% in Delta. 98-100% exited the Delta past Chipps Island.</li> <li>0-5% YOY spring-run Chinook salmon juveniles yet to enter the Delta and 5-15% in Delta. 80-95% exited the Delta past Chipps Island.</li> <li>0-5% steelhead juveniles yet to enter the Delta and 5-10% in Delta. 85-95% exited the Delta past Chipps Island.</li> <li>Warmer conditions may halt out-salmonid out-migrations</li> <li>Almost all adult winter-run Chinook salmon have moved through the Delta towards their spawning grounds.</li> <li>Adult spring-run Chinook salmon are entering the Delta and migrating upstream.</li> <li>Green sturgeon adults and juveniles present. Adult green sturgeon are still moving upriver to spawning grounds. Potential for early post-spawning adults to be moving back downstream into Delta.</li> </ul>

Tributary/ Division	Anticipated Weekly Ranges	Related Environmental and Fish Conditions
		<ul> <li>Based on our understanding of life history and limited distribution data, Delta Smelt adults are present in the Sacramento River and north Delta. Delta Smelt larvae have been detected in the Deep Water Ship Channel and Lower Sacramento River. No Delta Smelt larvae were detected at 716 for 20mm #5, so ITP condition 8.12 was not triggered.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Adult and age-1 Longfin Smelt have been detected downstream of the confluence and in the Sacramento River. Age-0 Longfin Smelt are being detected in the San Joaquin River, Sacramento River, Suisun Marsh, and Suisun Bay. Age-0 Longfin continue to be detected in salvage. ITP condition 8.4.2 was not triggered by 20mm #5.</li> </ul>

Table 2a-b: WY 2021 relevant Fish and Environmental Criteria and Status in 2019 Reclamation LTO Action Cumulative loss for the duration of 2019 Biological Opinion began upon signature of ROD, 2/19/2020.

<u>Table 2a: WY 2021 Salmonid Current Loss and Delta Smelt abiotic conditions</u>. Relevant action(s): Additional Real-Time OMR Restrictions and Performance Objectives (4.10.5.10.2) and Onset of OMR Management (4.10.5.10.1).

Species/run	Threshold	<b>Current Status</b>	Weekly Trend	Updated
End of OMR Flow Management for Juvenile Salmonids	<ol> <li>7 days in June when daily average water temperature at Mossdale exceeds 71.6F OR</li> <li>&gt; 95% of salmonids have migrated past Chipps Island.</li> <li>Valid through June 30 for winter-run and spring-run Chinook salmon. Valid through June 15 for steelhead.</li> </ol>	Not Triggered: 0 complete June days to calculate temperature have occurred.     Triggered for winter-run Chinook salmon (percentage). Not triggered for steelhead. Not triggered for spring-run Chinook salmon.	Cannot assess     Increasing	6/1/2021
Green sturgeon	WY 2021 salvage = 74	WY 2021 salvage = 0 (0%)	No change expected	5/30/2021
Natural winter-run Chinook salmon	WY 2021 loss = 1,931 (50% of 3,862)	WY 2021 loss = 8.2 (0.43%)	No change expected	5/30/2021
Sacramento River Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon	WY 2021 loss = 59 (50% of 117)	WY 2021 loss = 0 (0%)	No change expected	5/30/2021
Battle Creek Hatchery winter- run Chinook salmon	WY 2021 loss = 298 (3-yr avg) & 372 (1-yr)	WY 2021 loss = 0 (0%)	No change expected	5/30/2021
Hatchery yearling spring-run Chinook salmon surrogates	> 0.5% of each release group: 1) 1/8/2021: 66,912 = 334.6 2) 1/22/2021: 57,357 = 286.8 3) 3) 1/29/2021: 64,807 = 324.0	1) 0 (0%) 2) 6.4 (2.2%) 3) 0 (0%)	No change expected	5/30/2021
Natural steelhead	Dec 1 – Mar 31 = 707 (50% of 1,414) Apr 1 – June 15 = 776 (50% of 1,552)	Dec 1 – Mar 31 = 41.2 (5.8%) Apr 1 –June 15 = 49.8 (6.4%)	Expected to increase	5/30/2021
Delta smelt	Daily Average turbidity at Old River at Bacon Island >12 NTU Consecutive days above daily avg. 77°	Turbidity = 4.48 FNU Days = 0	No change expected	5/302021

Table 2b: 10-Year Salmonid Cumulative Loss

Species/run	Threshold	Current Status	Updated
Natural winter-run Chinook salmon	Loss = 8,738	Cumulative loss = 191.2 (2.19%)	5/23/2021
Hatchery winter-run Chinook salmon	Loss = 5,356	Cumulative loss = 0 (0%)	5/23/2021
Natural steelhead	Loss = 6,038 (Dec 1 – Mar 31) Loss = 5,826 (Apr 1 – June 15)	Cumulative loss = 443.19 (7.3%, Dec 1 – Mar 31) 374.8 (6.4%, Apr 1 – June 15)	5/23/2021

Table 3a-c: Relevant Water Year 2021 Fish Criteria and Status for Listed Fish under the SWP Long-Term Incidental Take Permit.

## Table 3a: Chinook Salmon

Action OMR Mgmt. triggered (8.3.2)	Timeframe  Jan. 1 - Jun. 30  (when ≥ 5% of spring-run or winter-run in Delta)	Current Action Status In effect	Threshold(s)  - 5% of the Winter-run or Spring-run population in Delta	Current Relevant Data 0-1% of the Winter Juveniles are in the Delta	Weekly Trend no change expected; Threshold previously met	Last Updated 6/1/21	Comments  Based on Action Assessment from 5/25/21 SaMT call
Winter-run yearly loss (8.6.1)	Nov. 1 - Jun. 30	In effect (Based on JPE Value)	- cum. loss of unclipped (natural) Winter-run [1.17% of JPE] = <b>3,862</b> cum. loss of clipped (hatchery) Winter-run Sacramento release [0.12% of JPE] = <b>117</b> Winter run Battle Creek release [0.12% of JPE] = <b>45</b>	Current yearly loss = 8.2; 0 hatchery	There is potential for additional salvage to be observed this week	6/1/21	Based on 5/31/21 salvage data

Action Winter-run discrete daily loss (8.6.2)	<u>Timeframe</u> Nov. 1 - Dec. 31	Current Action Status  Not in effect	Threshold(s)  11/1-11/30: loss of 6/day unclipped older juv. Winter-run 12/1-12/31: loss of 26/day unclipped older juv. Winter-run	Current Relevant Data max single daily loss from previous week = 0.00 fish (no WR observed yet)	Weekly Trend NA	Last Updated NA	Comments Action 8.6.2 ended on 12/31/20 per ITP
Winter-run relative daily loss (8.6.3)	Jan. 1 - May 31	Not in effect	Loss Threshold: 5/1 -5/31: 0.0077%= 25.42	max single daily loss from previous week = 0 fish	There is potential for similar salvage to be observed this week	6/1/21	Based on 5/31/21 salvage data
Spring-run surrogate protection (8.6.4)	Feb. 1 - Jun. 30	In effect: Coleman springrun surrogate release = Group 1 of 322,538 CWT ad-clip fall-run on 3/10/2021; Group 2 of a total of 372,072 CWT ad-clip fallrun were released separately(185,395 on 3/24/21 and 186,677 on 3/26/21) Group 3 of a total of 1,347,465 on 4/8/21; Feather river hatchery spring run surrogate release = approximately Group 1 of 514,027 coded wire tagged ad clipped Springrun on 3/19/21 Group 2 of 500,312 coded wire tagged ad clipped Springrun on 4/1/2021	- Coleman Group 1 of 322,538 ad-clip x 0.25% = <b>806.35</b> fish - Coleman Group 2 of 372,072 ad-clip x 0.25% = <b>930.18</b> fish -Coleman Group 3 of 1,347,465 ad-clip x 0.25% = <b>3368.66</b> fish OR -Feather 514,027 ad-clip x 0.25 = <b>1285.07</b> fish -Feather 500,312 ad-clip x 0.25 % = <b>1250.78</b> fish	Cumulative loss Coleman fallrun = 0.00 fish Feather river spring –run = 0.00 fish	There is potential for the first Coleman fall-run surrogate salvage to be observed this week	6/1/21	Based on 5/31/21 salvage data

Table 3b: Delta Smelt

Action Integrated Early Winter Pulse Protection ('First Flush') (8.3.1)	<u>Timeframe</u> Dec. 1 - Jan. 31	Current Action Status Not in effect, off-ramped	Threshold(s)  - three-day Freeport daily flow running avg >= 25,000  AND	Current Relevant Data N/A	Weekly Trend N/A	Last Updated N/A	Comments N/A
			[three-day Freeport turbidity running avg >=50 FNU <u>OR</u> Smelt Monitoring Team recommendation]				
Turbidity Bridge Avoidance (8.5.1)	Dec. 15 - Apr. 1	Not in effect	Occurs after the Integrated Early Winter Pulse protection or February 1, whichever comes first - avg. OBI turbidity > 12 NTU	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Larval and/Juvenile Delta smelt Protection (8.5.2)	ongoing	In effect	- 5-day cum. salvage of juv. DS >= 1 [average 3-yr FMWT index + 1] <u>OR</u> , 3-day cum. Salvage of juv. DS > 11	current 5-day salvage = 0	No change from last week	6/1/21	Based on salvage data from 5/31/21

Table 3c: Longfin Smelt

<u>Action</u>	<u>Timeframe</u>	Current Action Status	Threshold(s)	Current Relevant Data	Weekly Trend	<u>Last</u> <u>Updated</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Early Adult Protection (8.3.3)	Dec. 1 - Feb. 28	Not in effect	- Cum. salvage > [most recent FMWT/10] = 3 fish OR - Smelt Monitoring Team determines high likelihood of LFS movement into high- risk areas	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

Action OMR Mgt. for Adults (8.4.1)	<u>Timeframe</u> Dec. 1 -Feb. 28	Current Action Status Not in effect, off-ramped	Threshold(s)  - Smelt Monitoring Team recommendation	Current Relevant Data N.A.	Weekly Trend N.A.	<u>Last</u> <u>Updated</u> N.A.	Comments N.A.
Larval and Juvenile longfin smelt Entrainment Protection (8.4.2)	Jan 1 – Jun 30	In effect	-LFS larvae or juveniles in >=4 SLS or 20 mm stations in central and south Delta, OR -LFS catch/tow >5 larvae or juveniles in >=2 stations	- 20mm#5 detected one LFS at 809, but did not trigger 8.4.2. - No detections at 716. - YOY LFS salvage continued at facilities last week.	20mm#6 is in the field starting 6/1	6/1/21	-SLS triggered 8.4.2 on 1/26, 2/2, 2/23, 3/9, 3/16 -20mm triggered 8.4.2 on 3/30 -8.4.2 and 8.12 not currently triggered
High Flow OMR OffRamp for longfin smelt (8.4.3)	Based on the status of 8.3.3, 8.4.1, & 8.4.2	In effect	- Sac. R. at Rio Vista >55,000, <u>OR</u> SJR at Vernalis >8,000	Rio Vista = 1,500* to 4,000 cfs *low number if DCC opens otherwise 3,000 SJ = 600 to 800 cfs		6/1/21	

## Table 3d: OMR

Action	<u>Timeframe</u>	Current	Threshold(s)	Current	Weekly Trend	Last Updated	Comments
		<u>Action</u>		Relevant			
		<u>Status</u>		<u>Data</u>			

OMR Mgmt. Offramp (8.3.2)  In effect  ->95% of the Winter-run and Spring- run populations have migrated past Chipps Island AND  - Current daily average water temperature at Mossdale exceeds22.2°C for 7 nonconsecutive days in June AND  - Current daily average water temperature at Prisoners Point exceeds 22.2°C for 7 non-consecutive days in June.  - Current daily mean water temperature at CCF is greater than 25°C for three consecutive days	23.9 po th te	There is potential for the emperature o increase.	6/1/21	Data is from 5/31/21 ( will not count for one of the 7 days criteria)
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Table 4. Fish monitoring gear efficiency and disruptions: COVID-19 impacts.

Monitoring Survey	Status (as of 6/1/2021)
Delta	
SWP regular counts, CWT reading, and larval sampling	Ongoing (possible delay in processing CWT fish)
CVP regular counts, CWT reading, and larval sampling	Ongoing (possible delay in processing CWT fish)
Smelt Larval Survey	Ended 3/17/2021
20mm Survey	Ongoing
Spring Kodiak Trawl	Ends 4/29/2021
Summer Townet Survey	Begins 6/7/2021
Bay Study	Ongoing
DJFMP- Chipps and Sacramento Trawls	Ongoing
DJFMP- Seines	San Joaquin Suspended Due to boat issues.
EDSM	Ongoing
EMP	December-February discrete survey canceled. Began again in March.
Mossdale	Ongoing. CDFW is sampling three days/week (started 5/10)
USGS Flow monitoring	Continuous monitoring continues
Sacramento River	
Red Bluff Diversion Dam screw trap	Ongoing
Knights Landing screw trap	Ongoing through modified staffing CDFW is monitoring temperature for offramp
Tisdale screw trap	Traps raised due to temperatures. Anticipate restarting in September.
Redd dewatering and stranding surveys	Ongoing
Sacramento Carcass and Redd Surveys	Continuing
Feather River	
Feather River screw trap	Ongoing (started 3/10). Will be pulling the high-flow channel trap due to safety conditions.
San Joaquin River	
SJRRP CDFW Field Monitoring	Suspended indefinitely
SJRRP USFWS and USBR Field Monitoring	Ongoing since 8/31