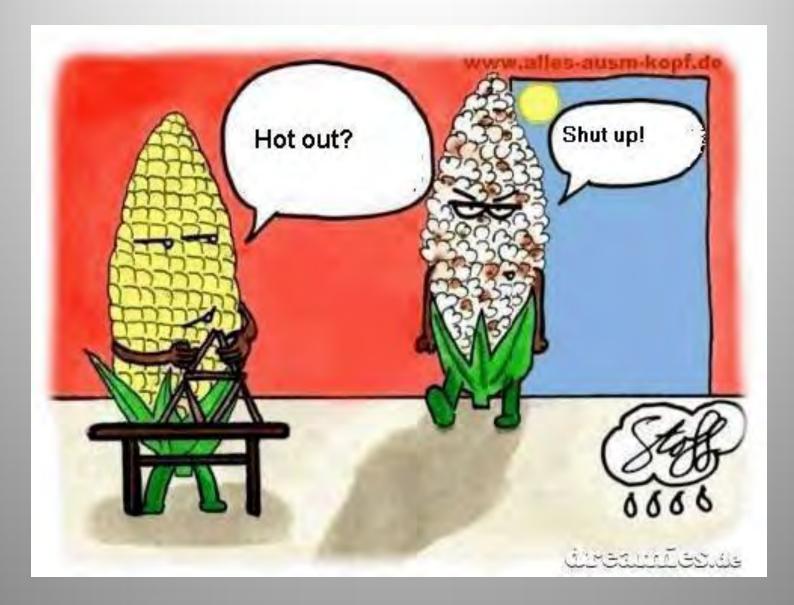


Climate Change at DWR

What We're Doing to Mitigate and Adapt

Lauma M. Jurkevics

Climate Change Specialist Southern Region Office, Glendale Feb, 2012 – SAWPA Climate Change Workshop



DWR Climate Program

Guides

Outreach

Data

Team of managers, scientists, engineers, administrators, and interns from headquarters and the regional offices.

- Develop guidance on addressing CC & GHGs
- Provide outreach & technical assistance

www.water.ca.gov/climatechange

GOV DEPARTMENT OF

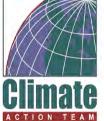
Home Newsroom Flood & Safety Planning State Water Project Funding Environment Supply & Use Data

Climate Change and California's Water Delta Initiatives | Enviromental Services | IEP | Drought | FESSRO | All Environment Topics.

Climate Change

- ** Climate Change 101
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Department of Water Resources

1416 Ninth Street Sacramento, CA 95814

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Climate change is having a profound impact on California water resources, as evidenced by changes in snowpack, sea level, and river flows. These changes are expected to continue in the future and more of our precipitation will likely fall as rain instead of snow. This potential change in weather patterns will exacerbate flood risks and add additional challenges for water supply reliability.

The Sierra snowpack provides as much as 65 percent of California's water supply by accumulating snow during our wet winters and releasing it slowly when we need it during our dry springs and summers. Warmer temperatures will cause what snow we do get to melt faster and earlier, making it more difficult to store and use. By 2050, scientists project a loss of at least 25 percent of the Sierra snowpack. This loss of snowpack means less water will be available for Californians to use.

Climate change is also expected to result in more variable weather patterns throughout California. More variability can lead to longer and more severe droughts. In addition, the sea level will continue to rise threatening the sustainability of the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta, the heart of the California water supply system and the source of water for 25 million Californians and millions of acres of prime farmland.

The Department of Water Resources (DWR) is addressing these impacts through mitigation and adaptation measures to ensure that Californians have an adequate water supply, reliable flood control, and healthy ecosystems now and in the future. Below are some of DWR's climate change activities.

- ->> DWR adopted its own Sustainability Policy to promote a departmental change in the way DWR does business (2009), and established clear and measurable Goals for sustainability implementation (2010).

** DWR is a member of the California Climate Action Registry and has made the list as a <u>Climate Action Leader</u> for three straight years by reporting its GHG emissions and having the data verified through a third party audit. (2007, 2008, 2009)

DWR adopted a <u>Climate Change Adaptation Strategy</u> (2008)

DWR announced plans to use lower carbon fuel sources for State Water Project energy supplies instead of a coal fired power plant, currently being used (2007)

Other Climate Change Activities

Adapting to the current and future effects of climate change is essential for DWR and California's water managers. DWR addresses climate change in its California Water Plan, which is updated every five years. The California Water Plan provides a framework for water managers, legislators, and the public to consider options and make decisions regarding California's water future. DWR continues to improve and expand the analysis of climate change in the California Water Plan. The 2009 California's water future. DWR continues to improve and expand the analysis of climate change in the California Water Plan. The 2009 California's water future. DWR continues to improve and expand the analysis of climate change in the California Water Plan. The 2009 California's water future.

Climate Change Technical Advisory Group

- DWR Proposal for Climate Change Technical Advisory Group (October, 2011)
- ** DWR Invites Statements of Qualifications for Climate Change Technical Advisory Group (November, 2011)

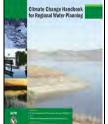


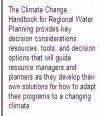
Featured Link

Climate Change Handbook for Regional Water Management









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Mitigation vs. Adaptation

Mitigation

Actions that reduce or eliminate impacts (reduce emissions of CO_2 from construction to reduce our contribution to global warming)

Adaptation

Actions that adjust to existing or anticipated conditions (respond to rising sea levels when building levees)



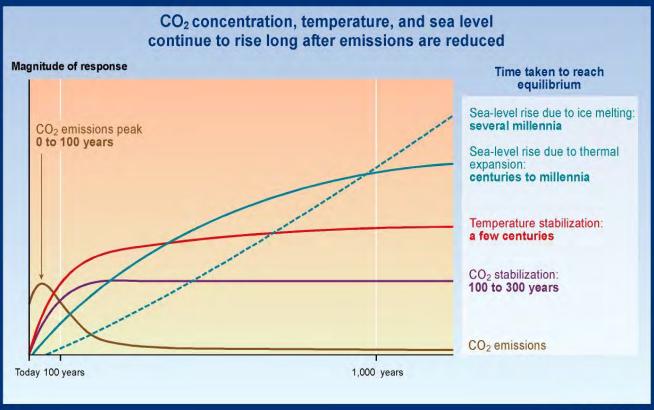
Water, Energy, and Climate Change





Manage water in a way that reduces emissions of greenhouse gases (mostly CO₂)

Adaptation is a Necessity



SYR - FIGURE 5-2

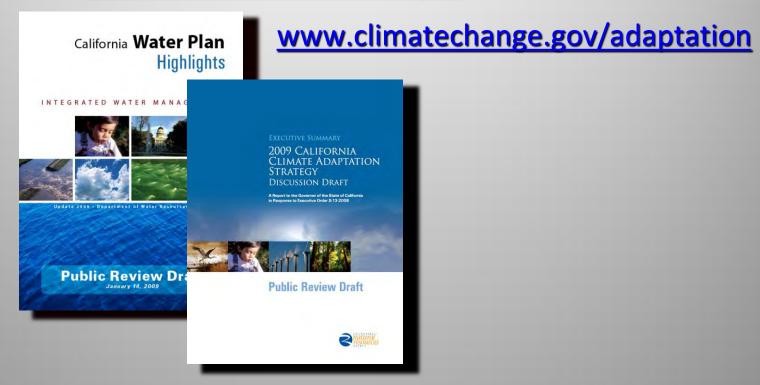


INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON CLIMATE CHANGE

IPCC

Planning for Adaptation

www.waterplan.water.ca.gov



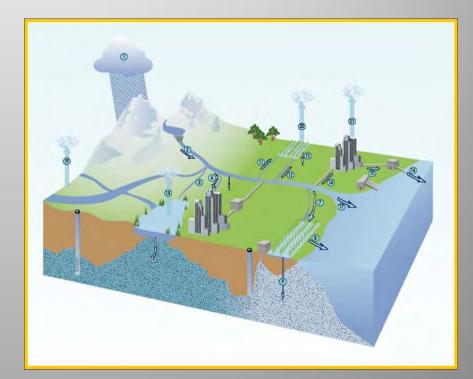
DWR White Paper on Climate Change Adaptation Strategies

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<u>www.</u> water.ca.gov/ climatechange/

Using Regional and Statewide Integrated Approaches

- Creating flexible water operations
 IRWM
- Efficient water use
- Enhanced flood systems



Central Valley Flood Protection Plan

Evaluating the effects of climate change on projects protecting against floods & adapting to them

Involving a workgroup of top climate scientists and planners



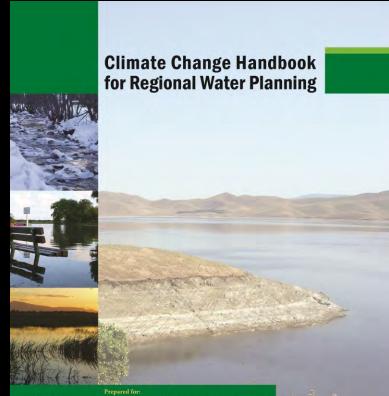
 Climate Change Guidance for IRWM
 Requiring those who want money for water projects to prepare for climate change

Providing online clearinghouse of documents on climate change planning, mitigation, adaptation, and research

Providing an on-line handbook to assist IRWM groups in adapting to climate change



Climate Change Handbook for Water Planning





Prepared for: US Environmental Protection Agency Region 9 and

California Department of Water Resources

US Army Corps of Engineers South Pacific Division Resources Legacy Fund US Environmental Protection Agency Office of Research and Developmen



Handbook's Purpose

- Outline the general process for accounting for climate change in water planning
- Synthesize available literature in a way that is useful for regional water planning
- Support IRWM planning in California

What the Handbook is NOT

- A cookbook
- A one-size-fits-all methodology or approach
- An extension of or an addition to the IRWM Guidelines
- A requirement

Climate Change Analysis

- Assess Vulnerability
- Measure Impacts
- Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory
- Evaluate Strategies (including adaptation and mitigation)
- Implement Under Uncertainty

Sustainability Policies to Mitigate and Adapt



 Foundation of DWR "greening" activities

 Env stewardship & business practices foundational policies

Pending guidelines for purchasing, water, and waste

Sustainability Targets

•Reduce water use by 20% per capita

 Incorporate wastewater reuse into facilities when technically feasible and cost effective

•Acquire 360 GWh/yr of renewable energy resources by 2020 and reduce grid-based retail energy demand 20% by 2015

Reduce carbon emissions to 50% below 1990 levels
 by 2020 and 80 percent below 1990 levels by 2050

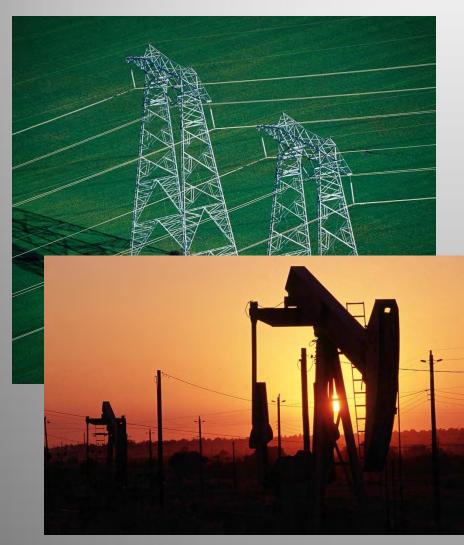
•Divert 50% of waste by 2020

Implementing 20 X 2020 Water Conservation Plan

Reduce urban water use
by 20% per capita by
2020
Report on water use
efficiency by agriculture
Monitor groundwater
levels



Sustainability Projects to Mitigate & Adapt



Buying renewable

energy

- Printing doublesided
 - Checking tire

pressures

Evaluating where we use water in our buildings, and reducing its use

Looking for Green Energy



 State Water Project, >50% of power from hydroelectricity (zero carbon)

 Replacing coal fired electricity with natural gas and renewable energy

Complying with Environmental Laws



Identifying, quantifying
 GHG emissions from
 DWR projects

Developing a plan to reduce emissions

Documenting progress

CEQA guidance

2010 DWR CEQA GHG Internal Guidance

For addressing GHGs in DWR
 CEQA documentation

 Quantifying GHG emissions & determining their significance to global climate change

Project-by-project analysis

Appendix B, pg 14

Mitigation measures that could be applied to DWR projects

- Energy efficiency
- Renewable energy
- Water conservation
- Solid waste measures
- Transportation
- Carbon offsets
- Blended cements

Climate Action Plan

Draft Phase 1: GHG Reduction Plan

 Addressing GHGs on a programmatic level for DWR
 CEQA documents

Complying with legislation

Including measures into the project design or plan

- Construction BMPs
- Equipment & Fuel Regulations

Draft Phase 2: Climate
Change Analysis for Planning
Developing measurable goals
to achieve objectives from CA's
Climate Adaptation Strategy

 Guiding DWR in choosing approaches and tools to address adaptation in planning documents Climate Action Plan Phase 1: GHG Reduction Plan

•Comprehensive analysis of DWR's GHG emissions past, present, and future

GHG emissions reduction goals

 10 GHG emissions reduction measures to meet the goals

DWR: Climate Action Leader

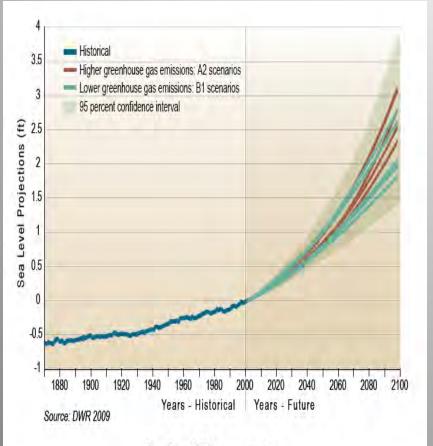
Verified & reported
"carbon footprint" to
CA Climate Action
Registry since 2007

Ahead of schedule in meeting state goals for reducing GHG emissions



GHG Emission Reduction Measures	2020 Annual Emission Reduction (mtCO ₂ e)
OP-1 Reid Gardner Power Substitution	920,000
OP-2 Energy Efficiency Improvements	48,500
OP-3 Renewable Energy Procurement Plan	101,500
OP-4 Distributed Renewable Generation	10
OP-5 Carbon Sequestration Actions	Unknown
CO-1 Construction Best Management Practices	1,950
CO-2 Statewide Equipment and Fuel Regulations	900
BP-1 SMUD Commercial Greenergy Program	1,020
BP-2 SMUD Carbon Offset Program	2,580
BP-3 Implement DWR Sustainability Initiatives	Not quantified
Total Annual Reductions	1,076,450

Collecting and Understanding Data to Better Adapt



- Sharing resources for monitoring and collecting data
- Working with Ocean
 Protection Council

 Focusing research on sea level rise and other topics to narrow uncertainty

Sea Level Rise projection

Sea Level Rise Study

- Partnering with others (CA, OR, WA, National Research Council)
- Evaluating the range in sea level rise and its impacts to California's coast
- Planning for future sea level rise



Moving Forward

- Nearly every part of DWR is involved in climate change in some way.
- DWR is moving towards a more sustainable future to adapt to changes that affect the way we live with water and each other.



Questions?

Comments?

Discussion?

