

This section contains oral comments received during the public meetings from the following:

- PC-1 Sierra Club, Southwest Water Committee
- PC-2 Living Rivers



Speaker Request Form	
Please write clearly so that we do not misspell any personal details. Go the completed card to a project representative prior to the meeting's comment session.	live
7/3/01 Date	
JIM WECHSCER	
Name*	
Address* Please check this box if you'd like your address withheld from publication	n
SALT Lake City, UT 84108	
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Organization	-
(801) 583-2090	
Telephone	

*Mandatory Information

MR. FULP: June actually. I can almost guarantee there will be discussion. Yes.
MS. HOUSTON: Janice Houston, University of Utah. 4 Just a quick question about water delivery. I see that on the slide. Was there any consideration taken into the modeling of water delivery with the potential 6 project that the State of Utah is kicking around about 8 building of the pipeline from Lake Powell to St. George? MR. FULP: There was not any assumption made with regard to that. Now, what we would point out that we 9 1.0 11 did take the, you know, essentially the depletion schedules that are in the model, and I think you're 12 probably familiar with that, that the Upper Colorado 13 14 River Commission has supplied. Those are constant 15 through the alternatives and no additional assumptions 16 were made. 17 Anyone else? (BEGINNING OF COMMENT PORTION) 18 19 MR. WECHSLER: I'm Jim Wechsler, I'm with the Sierra Club Southwest Waters Committee, which is a 20 21 Regional committee, and we were one of the environmental 22 groups that submitted the conservation before shortage proposal which was originally submitted as a conservation before shortage and then later adapted to 24

the basin states. And I haven't read the DEIS yet. I

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have been practicing with the Manhattan telephone book, but I haven't read it yet. And so these comments are all taken from somebody else who glanced at Volume I and this managed to arrive in my E-mail this morning and I think it needs some clarification.

It's about how the conservation before shortage is represented in this DEIS. One thing that he noticed.

It's about how the conservation before shortage is represented in this DEIS. One thing that he noticed, and other people have said, is that the term voluntary shortage is quite common. We actually think that -- we didn't think anybody needs practice, and so we think voluntary conservation would probably be a better way to say it. Or as it said in one place, voluntary compensated reductions in water use. As Terry pointed out, compensation is a major feature. And another comment is that the ICS intentionally created surplus under the conservation before shortage proposal, can be assigned to other entities, and they aren't specified. And the other entities that we would -- was in our mind and we thought in our proposal were U.S. agencies, non governmental organizations, Mexican agencies and water users. So for unassigned, read that.

And I'm not sure this is correct. But he said that the way he read it was that the federal funding for ICS appeared to be limited to flows that were bypassed to the wetlands of Mexico to the Senega to Santa Clara.

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If it gives that impression, it's wrong, and I think
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       everybody agrees that would be wrong.
             And finally, that the ICS has talked about,
       relative to evaluation before shortage, suggests that
       all of it is assigned to Mexico. One of the things that
       the conservation before shortage proposal does is it's
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       saying why not add Mexico to the mix, not just the basin
       states can create these, through extraordinary
       conservation events, a intentionally created surplus,
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       but Mexico could as well. The reason for doing that is
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       one, it adds flexibility and two, it does go directly to
       something we're interested in, which is the Delta area
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       New Mexico. And to give an example of how you could add Mexico into that mix is, for example, southern Nevada is
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       looking for more water. Southern Nevada could fund a
       project in Mexico that would conserve water. Some of
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       that water would presumably go to Mexico, and Mexico,
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       we've certainly had talks with them about the
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       possibility of using some of their, what amounts to
       additional water. I mean, this could be lots of things.
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       But for example, taking the most, perhaps most
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       significant asset would be for southern Nevada to say
       construct a desalinization plant for agricultural runoff
       in Mexico, give some portion of that water back to
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       Mexico.
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We would only be happy if we could convince Mexico
       in putting some of that to environmental uses in Mexico.
       The other portion would be stored in Lake Mead for
       southern Nevada's use. So, that that's a way for
                                                                       9
       southern Nevada to gain more water out of the total
       system. That's one concept there, and that's why we
       added or suggested adding Mexico to the mix.
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             And those are just things I wanted to point out
       when you're reading this. Thanks.
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             MS. YODER: Thanks Jim.
MR. KANZER: I noticed on the list of areas where
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      hard copies are available, none in western Colorado?
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                                                                       10
       I'm wondering whether the western area office could
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       receive a copy?
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             MR. FULP: Absolutely.
             MR. KANZER: Is this the full list, or what do you
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17
      have to do to -- or maybe --
             MR. FULP: We'll make sure they have it, we'll make
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19
       sure they get a hard copy right away, that's an
20
       oversight.
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              (End of questions and comment session.)
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	1	STATE OF UTAH)
	2	
	3	COUNTY OF SALT LAKE)
	4	
	5	
	6	I, Linda J. Smurthwaite, Certified Shorthand
	7	Reporter, Registered Professional Reporter, and notary
	8	public within and for the county of Salt Lake, State of
	9	Utah do hereby certify:
	10	That the foregoing proceedings were taken by me at
	11	the time and place set forth herein, and was taken down
	12	by me in shorthand and thereafter transcribed into
	13	typewriting under my direction and supervision.
	14	That the foregoing pages contain a true and
	15	correct transcription of my said shorthand notes so
	16	taken.
	17	In Witness Whereof, I have subscribed my name this
	18	7th day of April, 2007.
	19	
	20	
	21	LINDA J. SMURTHWAITE
		CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER
	22	
	23	
	24	
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Reponses to Comment Letter PC-1

PC-1-1

Your comment is noted. No change to the Final EIS was necessary.

PC-1-2

See response to Comment No. G-5-22.

PC-1-3

See responses to Comment Nos. G-5-21 through G-5-22.

PC-1-4 and PC-1-9

See response to Comment No. F-5-2 and F-5-5.

PC-1-10

The Draft EIS was electronically available at the Reclamation project website and CD's and hard copies were made available upon request. In addition, copies of the EIS were made available for public inspection at various libraries and Reclamation offices within the Upper and Lower Colorado Regions and in Southern California.

Public Meeting Comments		V	olume IV
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U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation

Speaker Request Form
Please write clearly so that we do not misspell any personal details. Give the completed card to a project representative prior to the meeting's comment session.
414/07 Date
JOHN WEISHEIT (WHY-SIGHT)
PO BOX 466 MOAB UT 84532
Address* Please check this box if you'd like your address withheld from publication
LIVING RIVERS
Organization
435-259-1063
Telephone

*Mandatory Information

PUBLIC HEARING - 4/4/07

1	Yes.
2	VAL DANOS: What's the nature of these meetings in
3	California? Are they hearings or
4	TERRY FULP: No, not at all. It's a request from
5	an agency for information, so and so we'll we'll do
6	that. We try to meet all the requests we get, so
7	They are not public hearings. They're just
8	requests for either additional information or some dialogue
9	in terms of explaining what the analysis is.
10	Okay. If that's the case, then we'll turn it back
11	over to you, and ask you if anyone would like to make a
12	public comment, please please do so.
13	NAN YODER: Okay. I have one.
14	Was anyone else going to be brave?
15	Okay. Well, then the spotlight is for
16	John Weisheit. And if you would like to get up and give us
17	your comment, we'd appreciate it.
18	JOHN WEISHEIT: My name is John Weisheit. I am
19	the conservation director of Living Rivers. Our base is in
20	Moab, Utah. I'm also a Colorado River Keeper, which has an
21	affiliation of an international organization called the
22	Water Keeper Alliance. As background, we submitted comments
23	as an organization during scoping called the One Dam
24	Solution, and it is a dam-decommissioning alternative to

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PC-2

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decommission Glen Canyon Dam.

PUBLIC HEARING - 4/4/07

The reason is to save water through the loss of
evaporation because of its existence, to also reduce
salinity in the Colorado River, and also to take care of the
environmental problems that are being that are occurring
in Grand Canyon National Park as the result of the
operations of Glen Canyon Dam.
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This alternative was not -- was rejected in this EIS. There is a -- a ban, congressional rider, against federal funds being used to study -- to decommissioning of Glen Canyon Dam, and that is why it was not considered as an alternative.

I did bring some copies of our document. It's outside the door on a chair on the right as you're leaving if you care to look at it. I have extra copies in my backpack, too, in case we run out.

These are my comments.

Models are only as valuable as the inputs they receive. While the sophistication and effort put into these projections are unprecedented and well-appreciated, the models' inputs, however, fail to provide the public the results necessary from which to make an informed decision as to merits of any of the proposed alternatives.

Garbage in, garbage out, as they say, but this garbage is so well masked that the people of the Colorado River Basin are being asked to put the rubber stamp on a

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PUBLIC HEARING - 4/4/07

Katrina in the making. Those levees in New Orleans did not hold, nor will the assumptions painted on what otherwise is probably a very valuable model.

Scientists have been in agreement for decades that the Colorado River flows through the past century were among the wettest in 1200 years. Scientists are also in agreement that the Colorado River Basin in modern times has warmed upwards to two degrees during this period, and the trend is expected to continue, compromising streamflows upwards of 20 percent in the next 50 years.

We're now in the longest drought in recorded history. Things are changing all over the Basin, but not at the Bureau of Reclamation.

The results produced by their inflated inputs are based on historical streamflows that, while useful, in and of themselves must not alone be used to gauge future runoff.

Failing to account for a more long-term historical view of streamflow coupled with the climate change we are already experiencing is tremendously misleading to the public when developing shortage strategies.

Even under Reclamation's inflated scenario, this system is headed for an imbalance of water use, namely an oversupply of 400,000 acre-feet annually in the next 50 years. Corrected for a more accurate presentation -- representation of historical streamflow, this increases to

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PC-12

PUBLIC HEARING - 4/4/07

1	1.1 million-acre-feet.
2	But most importantly, we must begin to accept the
3	reality of climate change. Anyone can notice how the
4	reservoirs are dropping. A ten percent reduction on
5	long-term flow estimates show an annual deficit right now of
6	1.1 million acre-feet rising to 2.8 million acre-feet by
7	2060.
8	Adjust this to 20 percent, as an increasing number
9	of scientists are recommending, and we're looking at a
10	2.6 million million acre-feet deficit now, and nearly
11	4 million acre-feet in 50 years.
12	We're at ground zero tonight. Phoenix, Chandler,
13	Tucson are not going to be protected by token changes in
14	reservoir operations or even its ground-water banking
15	Arizona is first in line for cuts, and there is no plan or
16	how for how the state will survive if the rosy inputs put
17	into this model evaporate away as Lakes Powell and Mead drop
18	lower and lower.
19	The public is quite fortunate that the National
20	Research Council has completed its recent Colorado River
21	Report at this time. It reiterates the warnings that have
22	yet found their way into the assumptions used by this model.
23	We certainly hope these changes in the final EIS will

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And the public would also benefit from a more

present a more realistic view of what the future may hold.

PC-2

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PUBLIC HEARING - 4/4/07

comprehensive presentation of what the real benefits are to these minimal dam operational changes it is being asked to support.

Chart 4.3, dash, 26 and 27 illustrate that a significant amount of water savings, at least in terms of increased levels for Lake Mead, occur not because of new operating plans that are the focus of these documents, but the results of anticipated but as yet mostly undetermined water-conservation activities.

It's already clear in looking at the plotted data represented from the 50th percentile the net volume of stored water in Lake Powell and Mead is greater under the No Action Alternative than what the Basin States -- States hope to implement.

Reclamation must present a comparable analysis of strictly the reservoir-operation component of the Basin States Alternative, not volumes of studies and charts based on undefined activities that may be exaggerating these limited benefits.

There is no question that the objective of this DEIS is critical or that valuable work has not gone into developing the model, but the public is anxiously awaiting some assurances that the water managers they rely on will develop a real strategy to guide us through what looks to be a very parched future ahead.

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PC-14

PC-2

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1	Unfortunately, Reclamation is still hoping history
2	repeats itself and high flows will bail us out as demand
3	continues to grow and temperatures continue to rise. But
4	we're already at the end of what the river has historically
5	provided.
6	There's no water left, and climate change is
7	taking what their what's there back. It's time for
8	Reclamation to admit this and get on with the real task
9	ahead: Developing a solution for managing the system headed
10	for failure.
11	Thank you.
12	NAN YODER: John, thank you for your comment.
13	Is there anyone else? No?
14	Okay. All right. So we'll remind you one more
15	time that we're in our public-comment period. It closes
16	April 30 th . And we are more than welcome to hear from you
17	tonight or also from here forward to fax or e-mail. And
18	again, your input is valuable to our process. Thank you
19	very much.
20	(Whereupon the presentation was concluded at
21	7:30 p.m.)
22	(Whereupon the public-comment session at this
23	public meeting was concluded at 9:00 p.m.)
24	
25	

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PUBLIC HEARING - 4/4/07

(1	STATE OF ARIZONA)
	2	COUNTY OF MARICOPA)
	3	BE IT KNOWN that the foregoing Public Meeting was
	4	taken before me, RABIN' MONROE, RMR, CRR, a Certified
	5	Reporter, No. 50653, in and for the County of Maricopa,
	6	State of Arizona; that the proceedings were taken down by me
	7	in machine shorthand and thereafter transcribed by
	8	computer-aided transcription under my supervision and
	9	direction; that the foregoing pages, numbered from 1 to 24,
	10	inclusive, constitute a true and accurate excerpt of all the
	11	proceedings had upon the taking of said public meeting, all
	12	done to the best of my skill and ability.
{	13	I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am in no way related to
	14	any of the parties hereto, nor am I in any way interested in
	15	the outcome hereof.
	16	DATED in Phoenix, Arizona, this 20th day of April,
	17	2007.
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	23	Kolan' Wonto
	24	RABIN MONROE, RMR, CRR CR #50653
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Reponses to Comment Letter PC-2

PC-2-1 and PC-2-2

See response to Comment No. G-6-18.

PC-2-3 through PC-2-7

Your comment is addressed in the general response pertaining to climate changes and hydrologic variability in the introduction to Volume IV of the Final EIS. Section 4.2 of the Final EIS has been enhanced and two new appendices (Appendix T and Appendix U) have been added to provide additional information regarding the potential impacts of climate change and hydrologic variability.

PC-2-8 through PC-2-10

The information requested is provided in the Draft and the Final EIS in Section 4.4.5.1. A sensitivity analysis for each of the action alternatives for total water deliveries to each state is displayed with and without the storage and delivery mechanism.

PC-2-11 through PC-2-12

Your comment is addressed in the general response pertaining to climate changes and hydrologic variability in the introduction to Volume IV of the Final EIS. Section 4.2 of the Final EIS has been enhanced and two new appendices (Appendix T and Appendix U) have been added to provide additional information regarding the potential impacts of climate change and hydrologic variability.

Public Meeting Comments		Volume IV
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