Operational Related Risks

Best Practices in Dam and Levee Risk Analysis Part H – Other Risks Chapter H-1

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

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US Army Corps of Engineers

Objectives

Understand

- The various ways improper or accidental operation can lead to failure
- · How to construct and event tree to represent operational risks
- How to feed this information into other failure modes





Key Concepts

- Operator error
- Inadvertent operation
- Gate misoperation or malfunction
- SCADA and remote operation
- Access
- Barge impact and towboat misadventures
- Water Control Plan
- Unique and require some creative thought
- Happen frequently
- Part of many risk assessments

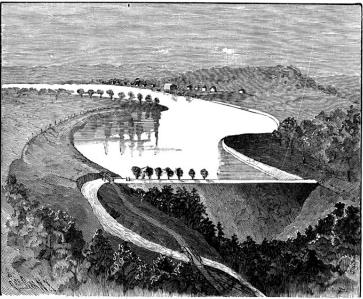




South Fork Dam Modifications

- Failed in 1862 collapse of stone outlet conduit, reconstructed but outlet filled in
- Spillway:
 - Ungated overflow
 - 99 feet wide
 - Bridge across spillway with supports at 6-1/2 foot spacing
 - Iron Screens were placed across the spillway to prevent fish from escaping reduced spillway capacity by 40%
- Dam crest lowered to widen roadway so that carriages could pass
- No camber, center portion of dam crest lower





OUTH FORK LAKE BEFORE THE DESTRUCTION OF THE DAM.



South Fork Dam

- Heavy rains in May of 1889
- Inflow greater than spillway capacity <u>and</u> fish screens became plugged with debris
- Dam overtopped and failed







Failure Consequences, Johnstown, PA



- 2,209 Deaths
- 99 entire families died, including 396 children
- The greatest loss of life due to failure of a man-made structure for a single event in the history of the United States until 9/11.





Taum Sauk



- Concrete-faced earthfill "ring-dike" structure
- Upper reservoir of pumped-storage project
- Water routinely stored on 10-foot high parapet





Taum Sauk

- Membrane liner installed in 2004
- Reservoir level instrumentation could not be reinstalled properly due to liner warranty issues
- Instruments were loose and not reading reservoir level properly
- Resetting of reservoir sensors did not account for settlement of embankment
- Alarms wired so high level and high-high level sensors both needed to trigger for alarm
- Over-pumping was not detected and dam overtopped and failed









Taum Sauk



 5 people in Ranger's house were miraculously thrown out of the way when the flood hit



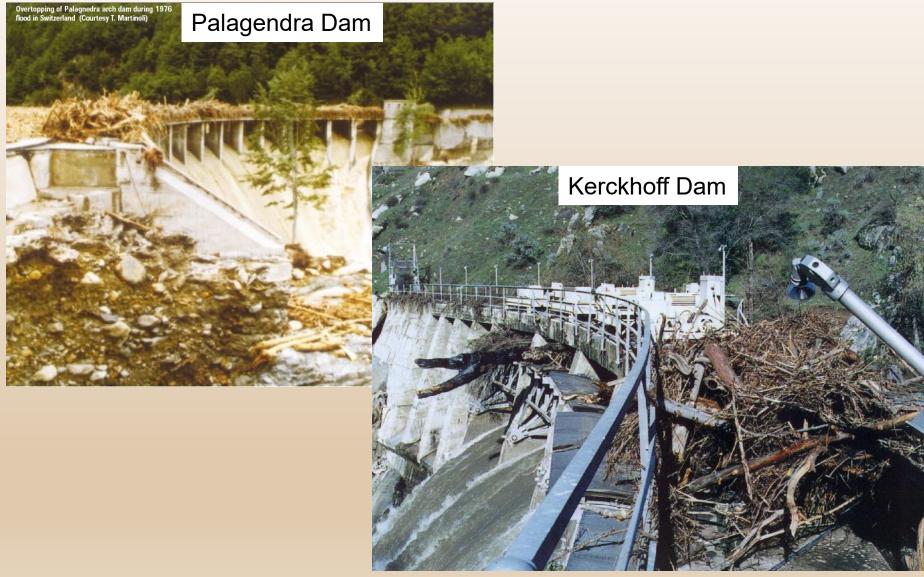
No one died



- Winter campground not occupied
- No one died



Dams with Debris







Rock Fall Damages Spillway Gates







Project Access







Limit Switch Failure







Spillway Operating Deck and Generator Floods

Emergency generator room same elevation as catwalk



Catwalk almost inundated during flood – gates must be operated from catwalk





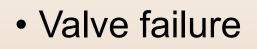
Switchyard Floods – Loss of Power Release Capacity







Other Mechanical/Electrical Related Failure Examples





- Control valve left in open position leading to fully opened gate
 - Control valve not equipped with spring loaded lever
- Software error in SCADA syst. causes gate to open unexpectedly





Insufficient Pump Capacity Inundates Leveed Area





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Sugar Tree Bottom Levee System



Backflow Through Interior Drainage Culvert Due to Failure to Close Gate



Brookport Levee System





Marseilles L&D, IL Incident 18-19 April, 2013







Marseilles L&D, IL Tainter Gate Damage







Marseilles Damage Summary

- Main Dam
 - Six barges break free and three sink.
 - Gates 2 through 6 impacted by barges leaving Gates 2 and 3 inoperable
 - Pier 2 trunnion anchorage destroyed
 - Decreased spillway capacity led to erosion at dam around boiler house
- Earth Dike (Note: this structure is upstream of the main dam)
 - Erosion of earth section
 - Widespread residential flooding





Data on Spillway (Lack of) Release Incidents

- National Performance of Dams Database
 - 24 incidents related to debris plugging
 - 19 incidents related to structural failure
 - 25 incidents related to misoperation
- FERC Incident database
 - 6 incidents related to debris plugging

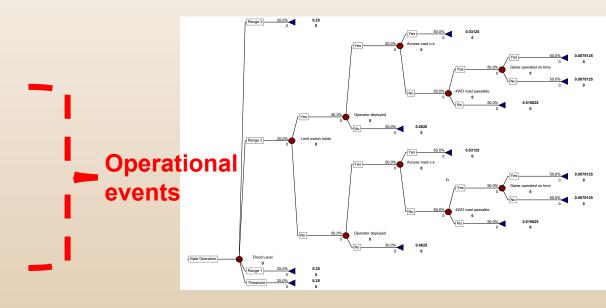




Typical Portion of Event Tree

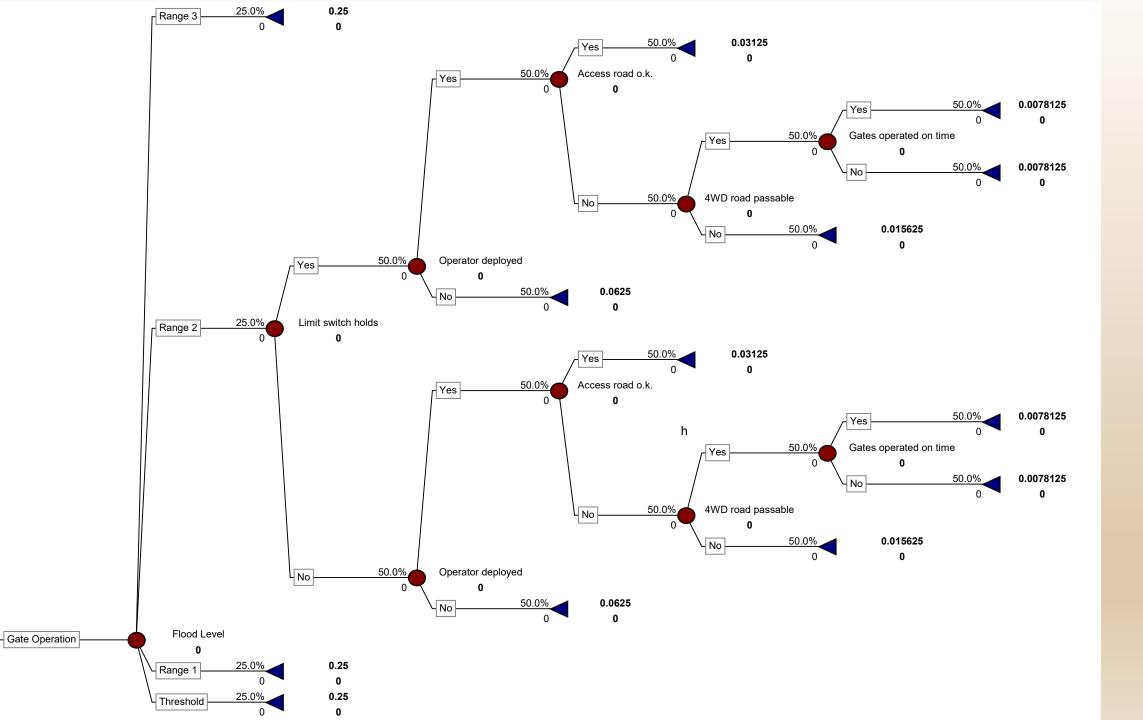
Reservoir loading (partition)
Initiation - Limit Switch Fails
Operator Deployed
Main Access Road Impassable
Secondary (4WD) Road Impassable
Gates Not Operated on Time
Embankment Dam overtops
Erosion Initiates
Crest breaches

Solution Dam breaches (uncontrolled release of reservoir)











Questions



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